

# **AK4555**

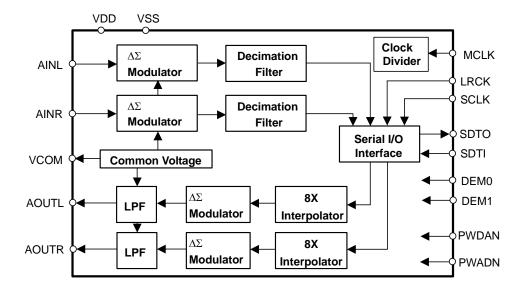
# Low Power & Small Package 20bit $\Delta\Sigma$ CODEC

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The AK4555 is a low voltage 20bit A/D & D/A converter for portable digital audio system. In the AK4555, the loss of accuracy form clock jitter is also improved by using SCF techniques for on-chip post filter. Analog signal input/output of the AK4555 are single-ended, therefore, any external filters are not required. The AK4555 is suitable for portable digital audio system, as the AK4555 is low power dissipation and a small package.

#### **FEATURES**

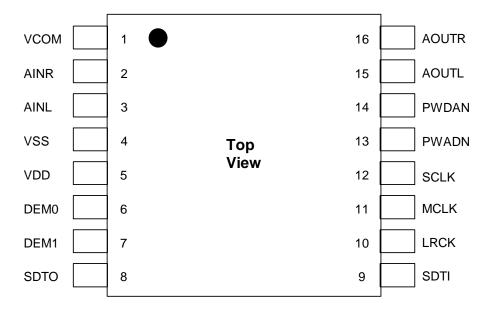
- ☐ HPF for DC-offset cancel (fc=3.4Hz)
- ☐ Single-ended ADC
  - S/(N+D): 80dB@VDD=2.5V
  - Dynamic Range, S/N: 89dB@VDD=2.5V
- ☐ Single-ended DAC
  - Digital de-emphasis for 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz sampling
  - S/(N+D): 85dB@VDD=2.5V
  - Dynamic Range, S/N: 92dB@VDD=2.5V
- ☐ Audio I/F format: MSB First, 2's Compliment
  - ADC, DAC: I<sup>2</sup>S
- ☐ Input/Output Voltage: 0.6 x VDD (=1.5Vpp@VDD=2.5V)
- ☐ High Jitter Tolerance
- ☐ Sampling Rate: 8kHz to 50kHz
- ☐ Master Clock: 256fs/384fs/512fs/768fs (fs=8kHz to 50kHz)
  - 1024fs (fs=8kHz to 25kHz)
- ☐ Power Supply: 1.6 to 3.6V
- ☐ Low Power Supply Current: 8.6mA
- ☐ Ta = -40 to 85℃
- ☐ Very Small Package: 16pin TSSOP



## ■ Ordering Guide

AK4555VT  $-40 \sim +85^{\circ}$ C 16pin TSSOP (0.65mm pitch) AKD4555 Evaluation Board for AK4555

## ■ Pin Layout



## ■ Comparison with AK4550 and AK4554

| Item                       | AK4550  | AK4554   | AK4555           |
|----------------------------|---|--|------------------|
| Power Supply Voltage       | 2.3 ~ 3.6V  | 1.6 ~ 3.6V   | <b>←</b>         |
| Audio I/F Format           | ADC: 16bit MSB justified DAC: 16bit LSB justified | ADC: 16bit MSB justified DAC: 16bit LSB justified              | I <sup>2</sup> S |
| VCOM pin                   | 0.45 x VDD  | 0.5 x VDD  | <del></del>      |
| ADC $S/(N+D)$ (typ)        | 82dB  | 80dB   | <b>←</b>         |
| ADC Input Resistance (typ) | 100kΩ   | 70kΩ   | <b>←</b>         |
| Power Supply Current (typ) |   |  |                  |
| AD+DA                      | 10mA  | 8mA  | <b>←</b>         |
| AD                         | 5.6mA   | 4mA  | <b>←</b>         |
| DA                         | 5.6mA   | 4.4mA  | <b>←</b>         |
| DAC Digital Filter         |   |  |                  |
| Stopband Attenuation (min) | 43dB  | 54dB   | <b>←</b>         |
| Passband Ripple (max)      | ±0.06dB   | ±0.02dB  | ←                |
| Group Delay                | 14.8/fs   | 19.0/fs  | <b>←</b>         |
| MCLK                       | 256fs/384fs/512fs                                 | 256fs/384fs/512fs/768fs<br>(fs=8~50kHz)<br>1024fs (fs=8~25kHz) | +                |
| External Circuit           |   |  |                  |
| VCOM pin                   | $4.7\mu F + 0.1\mu F$                             | 0.1μF  | <del></del>      |
| AINL, AINR pins            | RC filter is needed.                              | RC filter is on-chip.  | <b>←</b>         |

## PIN/FUNCTION

| No. | Pin Name | I/O                      | Function   |  |
|-----|----------|--------------------------|--|--|
| 1   | VCOM     | 0                        | Common Voltage Output Pin, 0.5 x VDD                       |  |
| 2   | AINR     | I                        | Rch Analog Input Pin                                       |  |
| 3   | AINL     | I                        | Lch Analog Input Pin                                       |  |
| 4   | VSS      | -                        | Ground Pin   |  |
| 5   | VDD      | -                        | Power Supply Pin   |  |
| 6   | DEM0     | I                        | De-emphasis Control Pin                                    |  |
| 7   | DEM1     | I                        | De-emphasis Control Pin                                    |  |
| 8   | SDTO     | O                        | Audio Serial Data Output Pin                               |  |
| 9   | SDTI     | I                        | Audio Serial Data Input Pin                                |  |
| 10  | LRCK     | I                        | Input/Output Channel Clock Pin                             |  |
| 11  | MCLK     | I Master Clock Input Pin |  |  |
| 12  | SCLK     | I                        | Audio Serial Data Clock Pin                                |  |
| 13  | PWADN    | T                        | ADC Power-Down & Reset Mode Pin                            |  |
| 13  | TWADIN   | 1                        | "L": Power down. ADC should always be reset upon power-up. |  |
| 14  | PWDAN    | T                        | DAC Power-Down & Reset Mode Pin                            |  |
|     |          | •                        | "L": Power down. DAC should always be reset upon power-up. |  |
| 15  | AOUTL    | 0                        | Lch Analog Output Pin                                      |  |
| 16  | AOUTR    | 0                        | Rch Analog Output Pin                                      |  |

Note: All input pins except analog input pins (AINR and AINL) should not be left floating.

## ■ Handling of Unused Pin

The unused I/O pins should be processed appropriately as below.

| Classification | Pin Name                 | Setting                              |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Analog         | AINR, AINL, AOUTL, AOUTR | These pins should be open.           |
| Digital        | SDTO                     | This pin should be open.             |
| Digital        | SDTI                     | This pin should be connected to VSS. |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(VSS=0V; Note 1)

| Parameter                                    | Symbol | min  | max     | Units |
|--|--------|------|---------|-------|
| Power Supply                                 | VDD    | -0.3 | 4.6     | V     |
| Input Current (any pins except for supplies) | IIN    | -    | ±10     | mA    |
| Input Voltage                                | VIN    | -0.3 | VDD+0.3 | V     |
| Ambient Temperature (power applied)          | Ta     | -40  | 85      | °C    |
| Storage Temperature                          | Tstg   | -65  | 150     | °C    |

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

WARNING: Operation at or beyond these limits may results in permanent damage to the device. Normal operation is not guaranteed at these extremes.

| RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS |        |     |     |     |       |  |
|----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|--|
| (VSS=0V; Note 1)                 |        |     |     |     |       |  |
| Parameter                        | Symbol | min | typ | max | Units |  |
| Power Supply                     | VDD    | 1.6 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 17    |  |

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

<sup>\*</sup>AKM assumes no responsibility for the usage beyond the conditions in this datasheet.

## **ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS**

(Ta=25°C; VDD=2.5V; fs=44.1kHz; Signal Frequency=1kHz; SCLK=64fs; Measurement frequency=20Hz ~ 20kHz; unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                                  |  | min  | typ  | max  | Units |  |  |
|--|--|------|------|------|-------|--|--|
| ADC Analog Input Characteristics: (Note 2) |  |      |      |      |       |  |  |
| Resolution                                 |  | -    | -    | 20   | Bits  |  |  |
| S/(N+D) (-0.5d                             | B Input)   | 70   | 80   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| D-Range (-60dl                             | B Input, A-weighted)                             | 82   | 89   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| S/N (A-we                                  | ighted)  | 82   | 89   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| Interchannel Isolation                     |  | 80   | 95   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| Interchannel Gain Mismatc                  | h  | -    | 0.2  | 0.5  | dB    |  |  |
| Input Voltage                              | (Note 3)   | 1.35 | 1.50 | 1.65 | Vpp   |  |  |
| Input Resistance                           |  | 40   | 70   | -    | kΩ    |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection                     | (Note 4)   | -    | 45   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| DAC Analog Output Char                     | racteristics:                                    |      |      |      |       |  |  |
| Resolution                                 |  | -    | ı    | 20   | Bits  |  |  |
| S/(N+D)                                    |  | 75   | 85   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| D-Range (-60dl                             | B Output, A-weighted)                            | 86   | 92   | -    | dB    |  |  |
|  | ighted)  | 86   | 92   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| Interchannel Isolation                     |  | 80   | 95   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| Interchannel Gain Mismatc                  | h  | -    | 0.2  | 0.5  | dB    |  |  |
| Output Voltage                             | (Note 3)   | 1.35 | 1.5  | 1.65 | Vpp   |  |  |
| Load Resistance                            |  | 10   | -    | -    | kΩ    |  |  |
| Load Capacitance                           |  | -    | -    | 30   | pF    |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection                     | (Note 4)   | -    | 50   | -    | dB    |  |  |
| Power Supplies                             |  |      |      |      |       |  |  |
| Power Supply Current                       |  |      |      |      |       |  |  |
| AD+DA                                      | PWADN= "H", PWDAN= "H"                           | -    | 8    | 13   | mA    |  |  |
| AD   | PWADN= "H", PWDAN= "L"                           | -    | 4    | -    | mA    |  |  |
| DA   | PWADN= "L", PWDAN= "H"<br>PWADN= "L", PWDAN= "L" | -    | 4.4  | -    | mA    |  |  |
| Power down (Note 5)                        | -  | 10   | 50   | μA   |       |  |  |
| Power Consumption                          |  |      |      |      |       |  |  |
| AD+DA                                      | PWADN= "H", PWDAN= "H"                           | -    | 20   | 32.5 | mW    |  |  |
| AD   | PWADN= "H", PWDAN= "L"                           | -    | 10   | -    | mW    |  |  |
| DA   | PWADN= "L", PWDAN= "H"                           | -    | 11   | -    | mW    |  |  |
| Power down (Note 5)                        | PWADN= "L", PWDAN= "L"                           | -    | 25   | 125  | μW    |  |  |

Note 2. The offset of ADC is removed by internal HPF.

Note 3. Input/Output of ADC and DAC scales with VDD voltage. 0.6 x VDD(typ).

Note 4. PSR is applied to VDD with 1kHz, 50mV. No signal is input to AINL/R pins and "0" data is input to SDTI pin.

Note 5. In case of power-down mode, all digital input including clocks pins (MCLK, SCLK and LRCK) are held to VDD or VSS. PWADN and PWDAN pins are held to VSS.

## **FILTER CHARACTERISTICS**

(Ta=25°C; VDD=1.6 ~ 3.6V; fs=44.1kHz; DEM1 pin = "L", DEM0 pin = "H")

| Parameter                    |            |         | Symbol      | min  | typ   | max   | Units |
|------------------------------|------------|---------|-------------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| ADC Digital Filter (I        | Decimation | LPF):   |             |      |       |       |       |
| Passband                     | (Note 6)   | ±0.1dB  | PB          | 0    | -     | 17.4  | kHz   |
|                              |            | -1.0dB  |             | -    | 20.0  | -     | kHz   |
|                              |            | -3.0dB  |             | -    | 21.1  | -     | kHz   |
| Stopband                     |            |         | SB          | 25.7 | -     | -     | kHz   |
| Passband Ripple              |            |         | PR          | -    | -     | ±0.1  | dB    |
| Stopband Attenuation         |            |         | SA          | 65   | -     | -     | dB    |
| Group Delay                  | (Note 7)   |         | GD          | -    | 17.0  | -     | 1/fs  |
| Group Delay Distortion       | n          |         | $\Delta GD$ | -    | 0     | -     | μs    |
| <b>ADC Digital Filter (I</b> | HPF):      |         |             |      |       |       |       |
| Frequency Response           | (Note 6)   | -3dB    | FR          | -    | 3.4   | -     | Hz    |
|                              |            | -0.5dB  |             | -    | 10    | -     | Hz    |
|                              |            | -0.1dB  |             | -    | 22    | -     | Hz    |
| DAC Digital Filter:          |            |         |             |      |       |       |       |
| Passband                     | (Note 6)   | ±0.05dB | PB          | 0    | -     | 20.0  | kHz   |
|                              |            | -6.0dB  |             | -    | 22.05 | -     | kHz   |
| Stopband                     |            |         | SB          | 24.1 | -     | -     | kHz   |
| Passband Ripple              |            |         | PR          | -    | -     | ±0.02 | dB    |
| Stopband Attenuation         |            |         | SA          | 54   | -     | -     | dB    |
| Group Delay                  | (Note 7)   |         | GD          | -    | 19.0  | -     | 1/fs  |
| DAC Digital Filter +         | Analog Fil | ter:    |             |      |       |       |       |
| Frequency Response           | 0 ~        | 20.0kHz | FR          | -    | ±0.5  | -     | dB    |

Note 6. The passband and stopband frequencies scale with fs (sampling frequency). For examples, PB=20.0kHz(@ADC: -1.0dB, DAC: -0.1dB) are 0.454 x fs.

Note 7. This is the calculated delay time caused by digital filtering. This time is measured from the input of analog signal to setting the 20 bit data of both channels on input register to the output register of ADC. This time also includes group delay of HPF. For DAC, this time is from setting the 20 bit data of both channels on input register to the output of analog signal.

## **DC CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C; VDD=1.6 \sim 3.6V)$ 

| Paramet                   | Symbol              | min | typ     | max | Units  |    |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----|---------|-----|--------|----|
| High-Level Input Voltage  | 2.2V≤VDD≤3.6V       | VIH | 70%VDD  | -   | -      | V  |
|                           | 1.6V≤VDD<2.2V       | VIH | 80%VDD  | -   | -      | V  |
| Low-Level Input Voltage   | 2.2V≤VDD≤3.6V       | VIL | -       | -   | 30%VDD | V  |
|                           | 1.6V≤VDD<2.2V       | VIL | -       | -   | 20%VDD | V  |
| High-Level Output Voltage | $(Iout = -20\mu A)$ | VOH | VDD-0.1 | -   | -      | V  |
| Low-Level Output Voltage  | (Iout= $20\mu$ A)   | VOL | -       | -   | 0.1    | V  |
| Input Leakage Current     |                     | Iin | ı       | -   | ±10    | μΑ |

## **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C; VDD=1.6 \sim 3.6V; C_L=20pF)$ 

| Pa                   | Symbol                    | min   | typ      | max  | Units |      |
|----------------------|---------------------------|-------|----------|------|-------|------|
| Master Clock Timi    | Master Clock Timing       |       |          |      |       |      |
| Frequency            | 256fs/384fs/512fs/768fs   | fCLK  | 2.048    | -    | 38.4  | MHz  |
|                      | 1024fs                    | fCLK  | 2.048    | -    | 25.6  | MHz  |
| Duty Cycle           |                           | dCLK  | 40       | -    | 60    | %    |
| LRCK Timing          |                           |       |          |      |       |      |
| Frequency            |                           | fs    | 8        | 44.1 | 50    | kHz  |
| Duty Cycle           |                           | Duty  | 45       | -    | 55    | %    |
| Serial Interface Tin | ning                      |       |          |      |       |      |
| SCLK Period          | $(8kHz \le fs \le 33kHz)$ | tSCK  | 1/(96fs) | -    | -     | ns   |
|                      | $(33kHz < fs \le 50kHz)$  | tSCK  | 312.5    | -    | -     | ns   |
| SCLK Pulse Wi        | idth Low                  | tSCKL | 130      | -    | -     | ns   |
| Pulse Wie            | dth High                  | tSCKH | 130      | -    | -     | ns   |
| LRCK Edge to         |                           | tLRS  | 50       | -    | -     | ns   |
| SCLK "↑" to L        | RCK Edge (Note 8)         | tSLR  | 50       | -    | -     | ns   |
| SCLK "↓" to Sl       | DTO                       | tDSS  | _        | -    | 80    | ns   |
| SDTI Hold Tim        | ie                        | tSDH  | 50       | -    | -     | ns   |
| SDTI Setup Tin       | ne                        | tSDS  | 50       | -    | -     | ns   |
| Reset Timing         |                           |       |          |      |       |      |
| PWADN or PW          | DAN Pulse Width           | tPW   | 150      | -    | -     | ns   |
| PWADN "↑" to         | SDTO Valid (Note 9)       | tPWV  | -        | 2081 | -     | 1/fs |

Note 8. SCLK rising edge must not occur at the same time as LRCK edge. Note 9. These cycles are the number of LRCK rising from PWADN rising.

## **■ Timing Diagram**

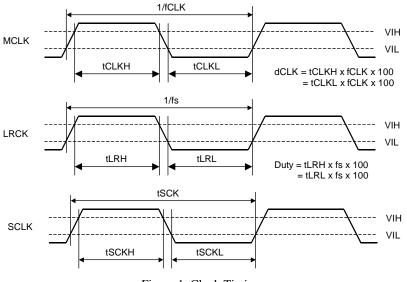


Figure 1. Clock Timing

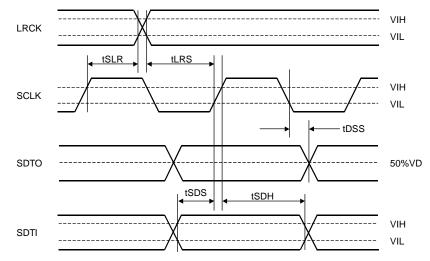


Figure 2. Serial Interface Timing

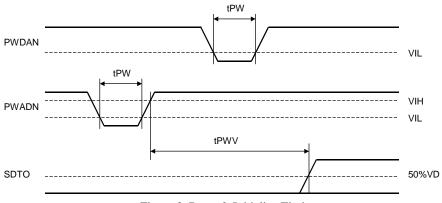


Figure 3. Reset & Initialize Timing

#### **OPERATION OVERVIEW**

#### ■ System Clock Input

The AK4555 can be input MCLK=256fs, 384fs, 512fs, 768fs or 1024fs (fs is equal to or lower than 25kHz when MCLK is 1024fs). The input clock applied to the MCLK pin as internal master clock is divided into 256fs automatically. When MCLK is 1024fs, oversampling rate of D/A converter is automatically changed from 128fs to 256fs. The relationship between the external clock applied to the MCLK input and the desired sample rate is defined in Table 1. The LRCK clock input should be synchronized with MCLK. The phase between these clocks does not matter. \*fs is sampling frequency.

When the synchronization is out of phase by changing the clock frequencies during normal operation, the AK4555 may occur click noise. In case of DAC, click noise is avoided by setting the inputs to "0".

All external clocks(MCLK, SCLK and LRCK) must be present unless PWADN=PWDAN= "L". If these clocks are not provided, the AK4555 may draw excess current and may not possibly operate properly because the device utilizes dynamic refreshed logic internally.

| fs      |            |            | SC         | LK         |            |           |          |
|---------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|
|         | 256fs      | 384fs      | 512fs      | 768fs      | 1024fs     | 32fs      | 64fs     |
| 8.0kHz  | 2.0480MHz  | 3.0720MHz  | 4.0960MHz  | 6.1440MHz  | 8.1920MHz  | 0.2560MHz | 0.512MHz |
| 16.0kHz | 4.0960MHz  | 6.1440MHz  | 8.1920MHz  | 12.2880MHz | 16.3840MHz | 0.5120MHz | 1.024MHz |
| 32.0kHz | 8.1920MHz  | 12.2880MHz | 16.3840MHz | 24.5760MHz | N/A        | 1.0240MHz | 2.048MHz |
| 44.1kHz | 11.2896MHz | 16.9344MHz | 22.5792MHz | 33.8688MHz | N/A        | 1.4112MHz | 2.822MHz |
| 48.0kHz | 12.2880MHz | 18.4320MHz | 24.5760MHz | 36.8640MHz | N/A        | 1.5360MHz | 3.072MHz |

Table 1. System Clock Example

For low sampling rates, outband noise causes S/N of DAC to degrade. S/N is improved by setting MCLK to 1024fs. Table 2 shows S/N of DAC output.

| fs           | MCLK                    | S/N(fs=8kHz, A-weighted) |
|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 8kHz ~ 50kHz | 256fs/384fs/512fs/768fs | 84dB                     |
| 8kHz ~ 25kHz | 1024fs                  | 90dB                     |

Table 2. Relationship among fs, MCLK frequency and S/N of DAC

#### ■ Audio Serial Interface Format

Data is shifted in/out the SDTI/SDTO pins using SCLK and LRCK inputs. The data is MSB first, 2's compliment. The following formats are also valid when SCLK is 64fs: 16-bit data followed by four zeros and 18-bit data followed by two zeros.

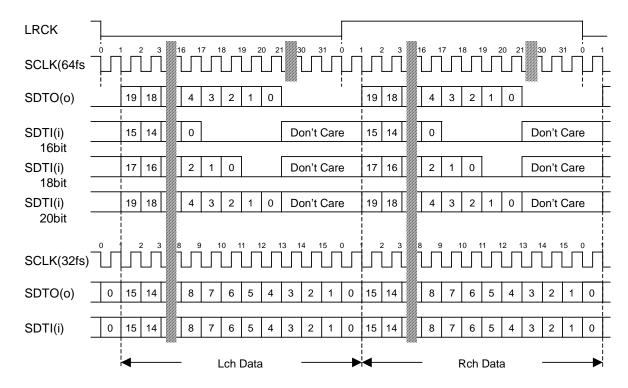


Figure 4. Audio Interface Timing

#### ■ De-emphasis filter

The DAC of AK4555 includes the digital de-emphasis filter ( $tc=50/15\mu s$ ) by IIR filter. This filter corresponds to three frequencies (32kHz, 44.1kHz and 48kHz). The de-emphasis filter selected by DEM0 and DEM1 pins is enabled for input audio data. The de-emphasis is also disabled at DEM1 pin = "L" and DEM0 pin = "H".

| DEM1 pin | DEM0 pin | Mode    |
|----------|----------|---------|
| L        | L        | 44.1kHz |
| L        | Н        | OFF     |
| Н        | L        | 48kHz   |
| Н        | Н        | 32kHz   |

Table 3. De-emphasis filter control

### ■ Digital High Pass Filter

The AK4555 has a Digital High Pass Filter (HPF) for DC-offset cancel. The cut-off frequency of the HPF is 3.4Hz at fs=44.1kHz and the frequency response at 20Hz is -0.12dB. It also scales with the sampling frequency (fs).

#### ■ Power-down & Reset

The ADC and DAC of AK4555 are placed in the power-down mode by bringing each power down pin, PWADN, PWDAN = "L" independently and each digital filter is also reset at the same time. These resets should always be done after power-up. In case of the ADC, an anlog initialization cycle starts after exiting the power-down mode. Therefore, the output data, SDTO becomes available after 2081 cycles of LRCK clock. This initialization cycle does not affect the DAC operation. Figure 5 shows the power-up sequence when the ADC is powered up before the DAC power-up.

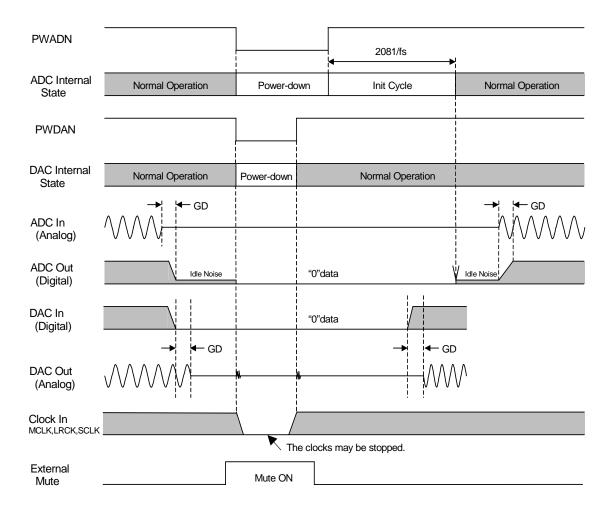


Figure 5. Power-up Sequence

## SYSTEM DESIGN

Figure 6 shows the system connection diagram. An evaluation board[AKD4555] is available which demonstrates application circuit, optimum layout, power supply arrangements and measurement results.

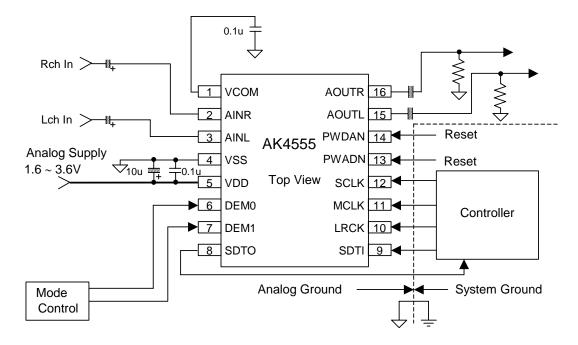


Figure 6. System Connection Diagram Example

#### Notes:

- When AOUT drives some capacitive load, some resistor should be added in series between AOUT and capacitive load.

#### 1. Grounding and Power Supply Decoupling

VDD and VSS are supplied from analog supply and should be separated from system digital supply. Decoupling capacitors should be as near to the AK4555 as possible, with the small value ceramic capacitor being nearest.

#### 2. Voltage Reference

The input to VDD voltage sets the analog input/output range. A  $0.1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor is connected to VDD and VSS pins, normally. VCOM is a signal ground of this chip. A  $0.1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor attached to VCOM pin eliminates the effects of high frequency noise. No load current may be drawn from VCOM pin. All signals, especially clock, should be kept away from the VDD and VCOM pins in order to avoid unwanted coupling into the AK4555.

#### 3. Analog Inputs

ADC inputs are single-ended and internally biased to VCOM. The input signal range scales with the supply voltage and nominally 0.6xVDD Vpp(typ). The ADC output data format is 2's compliment.

The AK4555 samples the analog inputs at 64fs. The digital filter rejects noise above the stop band except for multiples of 64fs. The AK4555 includes an anti-aliasing filter (RC filter) to attenuate a noise around 64fs.

#### 4. Analog Outputs

The analog outputs are also single-ended and centered around the VCOM voltage. The output signal range scales with the supply voltage and nominally  $0.6xVDD\ Vpp(typ)$ . The DAC input data format is 2's compliment. The output voltage is a positive full scale for 7FFFFH(@20bit) and a negative full scale for 80000H(@20bit). The ideal output is VCOM voltage for 00000H(@20bit). If the noise generated by the delta-sigma modulator beyond the audio band would be the problem, the attenuation by external filter is required.

DC offsets on analog outputs are eliminated by AC coupling since DAC outputs have DC offsets of a few mV.

#### ■ Layout Pattern Example

AK4555 requires careful attention to power supply and grounding arrangements to optimize performance. (Please refer to AKD4555 Evaluation Board layout pattern.)

- 1. VDD pin should be supplied from analog power supply on system, and VSS pin should be connected to analog ground on system. The AK4555 is placed on the analog ground plane, and near the analog ground and digital ground split. And analog and digital ground planes should be only connected at one point. The connection point should be near to the AK4555.
- 2. VDD pin should be distributed from the point with low impedance of regulator etc.
- 3. The series resistors are prevent on the clock lines to reduce overshoot and undershoot. To avoid digital noise coupling to analog circuit in the AK4555, a 10pF ceramic capacitor on MCLK pin is connected with digital ground.
- 4. 0.1μF ceramic capacitors of VDD-VSS pins and VCOM-VSS pins should be located as close to the AK4555 as possible. And these lines should be the shortest connection to pins.

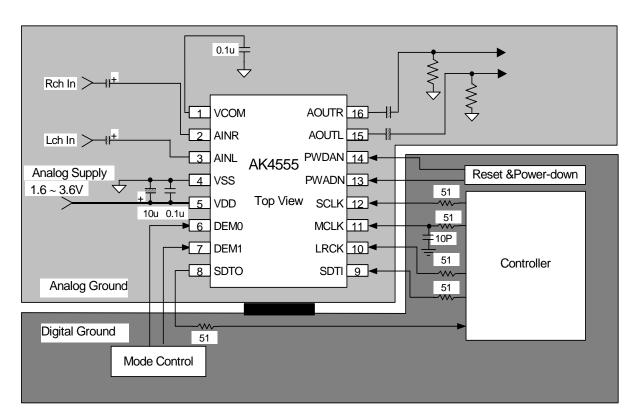
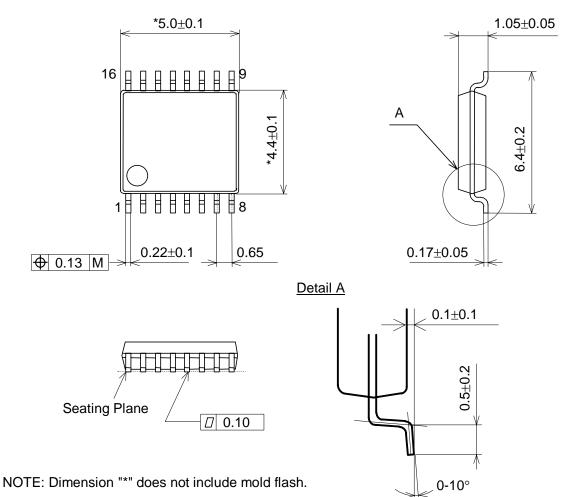


Figure 7. Layout Pattern Example

## **PACKAGE**

# 16pin TSSOP (Unit: mm)

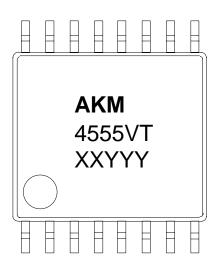


## ■ Package & Lead frame material

Package molding compound: Epoxy Lead frame material: Cu

Lead frame surface treatment: Solder (Pb free) plate

## **MARKING**



1) Pin #1 indication

2) Date Code: XXYYY (5 digits)

XX: Lot#
YYY: Date Code
3) Marketing Code: 4555VT
4) Asahi Kasei Logo

## **Revision History**

| Date (YY/MM/DD) | Revision | Reason        | Page | Contents  |
|-----------------|----------|---------------|------|---|
| 04/11/24        | 00       | First Edition |      |   |
| 05/08/08        | 01       | Spec Change   | 7    | Switching Characteristics                                     |
|                 |          |               |      | $tSCK(min): 312.5ns \rightarrow 1/(96fs) \text{ or } 312.5ns$ |

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