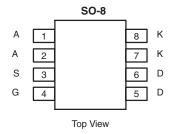




P-Channel 20 V (D-S) MOSFET with Schottky Diode

PRODUCT SUMMARY							
V _{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I _D (A) ^d	Q _g (Typ.)				
- 20	$0.108 \text{ at V}_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	- 4.1	4 nC				
- 20	$0.175 \text{ at V}_{GS} = -2.5 \text{ V}$	- 3.3	4110				

SCHOTTKY PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V _{KA} (V)	V _f (V) Diode Forward Voltage	I _F (A) ^a			
30	0.5 at 1 A	2			



Ordering Information: Si4823DY-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)

Si4823DY-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

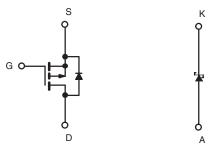
FEATURES

- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Definition
- LITTLE FOOT® Plus Schottky
- 100 % R_g Tested
 Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC



APPLICATIONS

- · Portable Devices
 - Ideal for Boost Circuits
 - Ideal for Book Circuits



P-Channel MOSFET

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage (MOSFET)	V _{DS}	- 20		
Reverse Voltage (Schottky)		V _{KA}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage (MOSFET)		V_{GS}	± 12	
	T _C = 25 °C		- 4.1	
Continuous Proin Current /T 150 °C\ (MOSEET\	T _C = 70 °C] ,	- 3.3	
Continuous Drain Current (T _J = 150 °C) (MOSFET)	T _A = 25 °C	l _D	- 3.3 ^{b, c}	
	T _A = 70 °C		- 2.6 ^{b, c}	
Pulsed Drain Current (MOSFET)		I _{DM}	- 15	A
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T _C = 25 °C	I _S	- 2.3	
(MOSFET Diode Conduction)	T _A = 25 °C		- 1.4 ^{b, c}	
Average Forward Current (Schottky)		Ι _F	- 2 ^b	
Pulsed Forward Current (MOSFET)		I _{FM}	- 3	
	T _C = 25 °C		2.8	
Maximum Power Dissipation (MOSFET)	T _C = 70 °C		1.8	
Maximum Tower Dissipation (MOSI ET)	T _A = 25 °C	1	1.7 ^{b, c}	
	T _A = 70 °C	P _D	1.1 ^{b, c}	w
	T _C = 25 °C	' D	2.7	•
Maximum Power Dissipation (Schottky)	T _C = 70 °C		1.7	
maximum i ower Dissipation (Schottky)	T _A = 25 °C		1.6 ^{b, c}	
	T _A = 70 °C		1.0 ^{b, c}	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	- 55 to 150	°C	

Si4823DY

Vishay Siliconix



THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient (MOSFET) ^{b, e}	R _{thJA}	60	71.5			
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain) (MOSFET)	R _{thJF}	35	45	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient (Schottky) ^{b, †}	R _{thJA}	63	78	- *C/VV		
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain) (Schottky)	R _{thJF}	39	47			

Notes:

- a. Package limited.b. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.

- c. t = 10 s.
 d. Based on T_C = 25 °C.
 e. Maximum under steady state conditions is 110 °C/W.
 f. Maximum under steady state conditions is 115 °C/W.

SPECIFICATIONS $T_J = 25 ^{\circ}C$, Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static		1333 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-71-	1 11111111		
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{DS}	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _D = - 250 μA	- 20			V	
V _{DS} Temperature Coefficient	ΔV _{DS} /T _J			- 20			
V _{GS(th)} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$	I _D = - 250 μA		3		mV/°C	
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = - 250 μA	- 0.6		- 1.5	V	
Gate-Source Leakage	I _{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 12 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
<u> </u>		V _{DS} = - 20 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			- 1	117	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	$V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 55 \text{ °C}$			- 10	μΑ	
On-State Drain Current ^a	I _{D(on)}	$V_{DS} \le 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	- 15			Α	
		V _{GS} = - 4.5 V, I _D = - 3.3 A		0.090	0.108		
Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^a	R _{DS(on)}	V _{GS} = - 2.5 V, I _D = - 2.6 A		0.140	0.175	Ω	
Forward Transconductance ^a	9 _{fs}	V _{DS} = - 10 V, I _D = - 3.3 A		6		S	
Dynamic ^b		, === =		L	L		
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}			330	660		
Output Capacitance	C _{oss}	V _{DS} = -10 V, V _{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		80	160	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}]		57	114		
Total Gate Charge		$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -3.3 \text{ A}$		8	12		
			4 6	6	-0		
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -3.3 \text{ A}$		0.8		- nC	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q _{gd}]		1.4			
Gate Resistance	R_{g}	f = 1 MHz	1.2	6	12	Ω	
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(on)}			3	6		
Rise Time	t _r	$V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V}, R_1 = 3.8 \Omega$		10	20		
Turn-Off DelayTime	t _{d(off)}	$I_D \cong$ - 2.6 A, V_{GEN} = - 10 V, R_g = 1 Ω		16	24		
Fall Time	t _f	7		8	15		
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(on)}			18	27	ns	
Rise Time	t _r	$V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V}, R_1 = 3.8 \Omega$		40	60		
Turn-Off DelayTime	t _{d(off)}	$I_D \cong -2.6 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -4.5 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		18	27		
Fall Time	t _f	7		10	15		
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristic	cs						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I _S	T _C = 25 °C			- 6.2	Α	
Pulse Diode Forward Current	I _{SM}				- 15	_ ^	
Body Diode Voltage	V _{SD}	I _S = - 2.6 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		- 0.8	- 1.2	V	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}			23	35	ns	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q _{rr}] _ 2 6 A dl/dt = 100 A/::2 T		14	21	nC	
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t _a	$I_F = -2.6 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		11		n-	
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t _b			12		ns	

Notes:

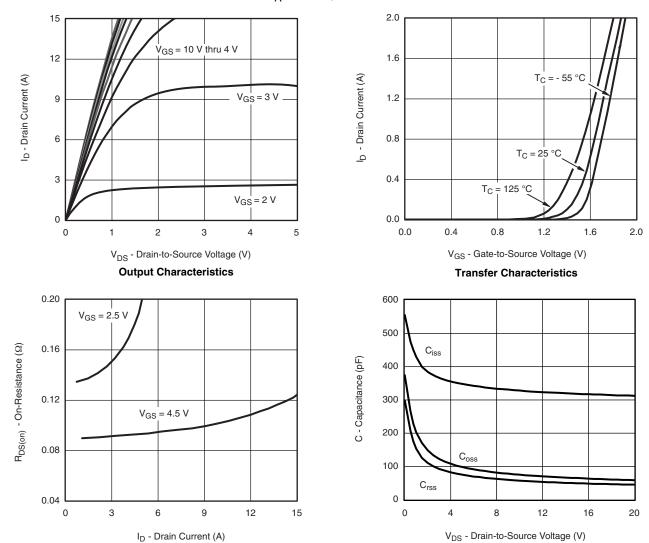
- a. Pulse test; pulse width \leq 300 μ s, duty cycle \leq 2 %.
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.



SCHOTTKY SPECIFICATIONS $T_J = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted							
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Forward Voltage Drop	V	I _F = 1 A		0.46	0.50	V	
r orward voltage Drop	V _F	I _F = 1 A, T _J = 125 °C		0.41	0.50		
	I _{rm}	V _R = 30 V		0.025	0.1		
Maximum Reverse Leakage Current		V _R = 30 V, T _J = 85 °C		0.6	6	mA	
		V _R = 30 V, T _J = 125 °C		5	25		
Junction Capacitance	C _T	V _R = 15 V		35		pF	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

MOSFET TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted

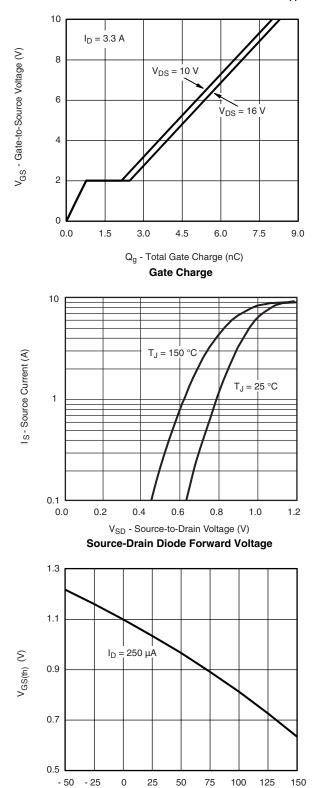


On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

Capacitance

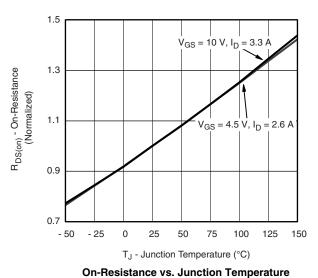
VISHAY

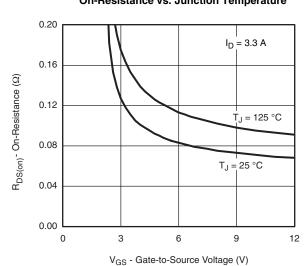
MOSFET TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25~^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted



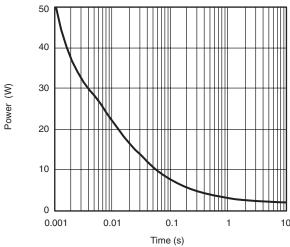
T_J - Temperature (°C)

Threshold Voltage





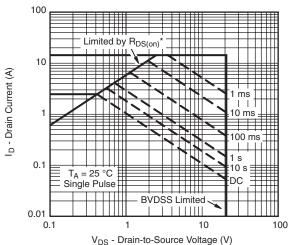
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

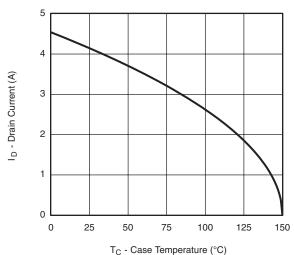


MOSFET TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted

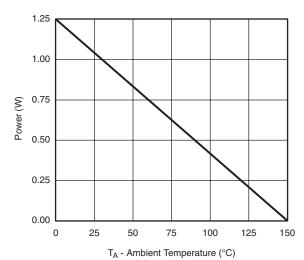


* V_{GS} > minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified

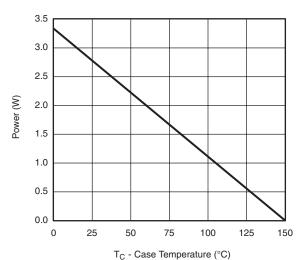
Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient







Power Derating, Junction-to-Ambient

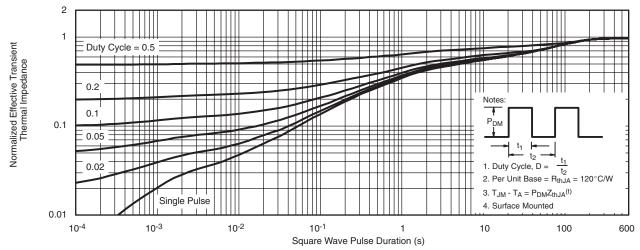


Power Derating, Junction-to-Case

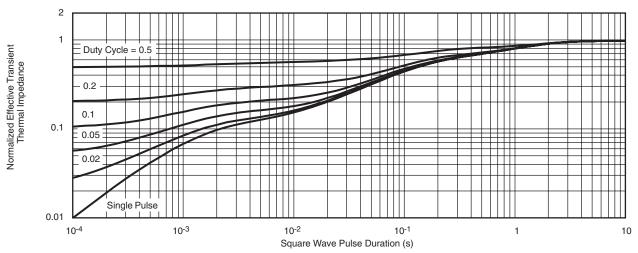
 $^{^{\}star}$ The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(max)}=150~^{\circ}\text{C},$ using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.



MOSFET TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25~^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted



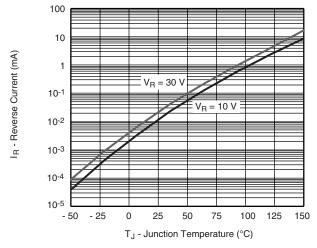
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

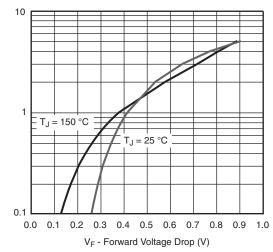


Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot



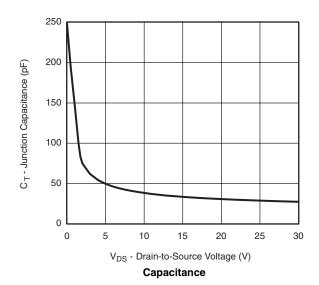
SCHOTTKY TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25\ ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted}$





Reverse Current vs. Junction Temperature

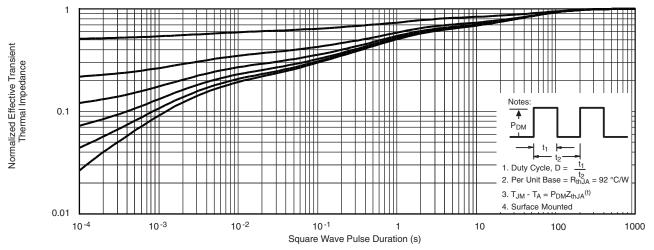
Forward Voltage Drop



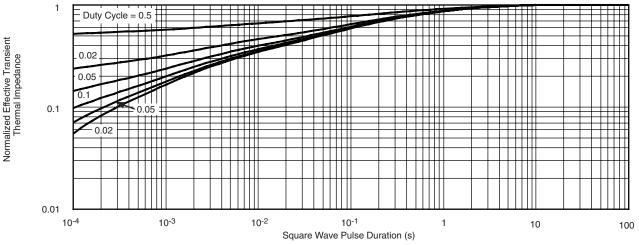
I_F - Forward Current (A)



SCHOTTKY TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25~^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

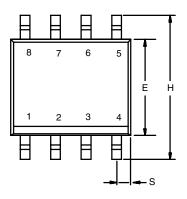


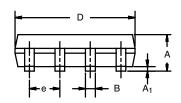
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

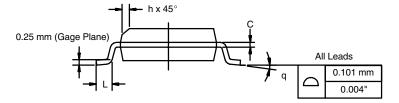
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SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD JEDEC Part Number: MS-012







	MILLIM	LLIMETERS INCHES				
DIM	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069		
A ₁	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008		
В	0.35	0.51	0.014	0.020		
С	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.010		
D	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196		
E	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157		
е	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC			
Н	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244		
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020		
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037		
q	0°	8°	0°	8°		
S	0.44	0.64	0.018	0.026		
ECN: C-06527-Rev. I. 11-Sep-06						

DWG: 5498

Document Number: 71192 www.vishay.com 11-Sep-06

Mounting LITTLE FOOT®, SO-8 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs, (http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SO-8 power MOSFET. In converting this recommended minimum pad to the pad set for a power MOSFET, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

In the case of the SO-8 package, the thermal connections are very simple. Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 are the drain of the MOSFET for a single MOSFET package and are connected together. In a dual package, pins 5 and 6 are one drain, and pins 7 and 8 are the other drain. For a small-signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

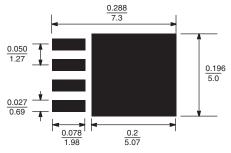


Figure 1. Single MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

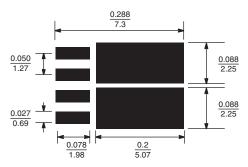


Figure 2. Dual MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

The minimum recommended pad patterns for the single-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 1) and dual-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 2) show the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat-spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pins. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. These patterns use all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

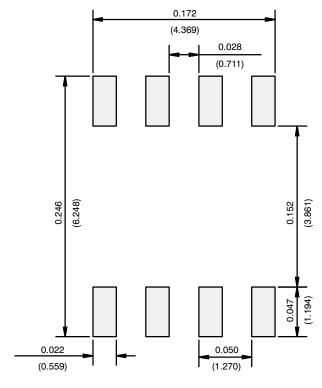
Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

APPLICATION NOTE

Document Number: 70740 Revision: 18-Jun-07 www.vishay.com

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

Return to Index



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Vishay

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