



Single-Supply, Low-Power, 2-Channel, Serial 8-Bit ADCs

General Description

The MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119 low-power, 8-bit, dual-channel, analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) feature an internal track/hold (T/H) voltage reference (MAX1117/MAX1119), clock, and serial interface. The MAX1118 is specified from +2.7V to +5.5V and consumes only 135 μ A at 100ksps. The MAX1117 is specified from +2.7V to +3.6V, and the MAX1119 is specified from +4.5V to +5.5V, each consumes only 175 μ A at 100ksps.

The full-scale analog input range is determined by the internal reference of +2.048V (MAX1117) or +4.096V (MAX1119), or by an externally applied reference ranging from +1V to V_{DD} (MAX1118). All devices feature an automatic shutdown mode that reduces supply current to <1 μ A when the device is not in use. The 3-wire serial interface directly connects to SPI™, QSPI™, and MICROWIRE™ devices without external logic. Conversions up to 100ksps are performed using an internal clock.

The MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119 are available in an 8-pin SOT23 package with a footprint that is only 11% of an 8-pin plastic DIP.

Applications

Low-Power, Handheld Portable Devices
System Diagnostics
Battery-Powered Test Equipment
Solar-Powered Remote Systems
Receive Signal Strength Indicators
4mA to 20mA Powered Remote Data Acquisition Systems

SPI/QSPI are trademarks of Motorola, Inc.

MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor, Corp.

Functional Diagram appears at end of data sheet.

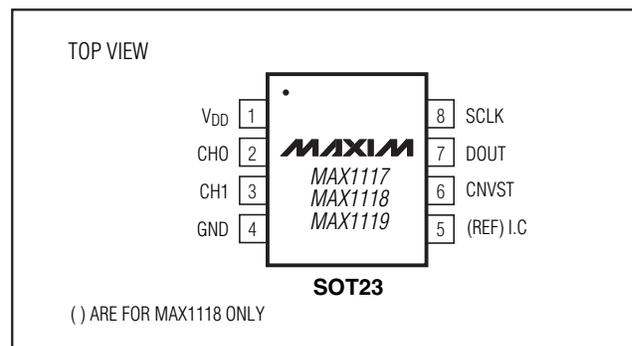
Features

- ◆ Single Supply
 - +2.7V to +3.6V (MAX1117)
 - +2.7V to +5.5V (MAX1118)
 - +4.5V to +5.5V (MAX1119)
- ◆ Internal Track/Hold: 100kHz Sampling Rate
- ◆ Internal Reference
 - +2.048V (MAX1117)
 - +4.096V (MAX1119)
- ◆ Reference Input Range: 0 to V_{DD} (MAX1118)
- ◆ SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-Compatible Serial Interface
- ◆ Small 8-Pin SOT23 Package
- ◆ Automatic Power-Down
- ◆ Analog Input Range: 0 to V_{REF}
- ◆ Low Power
 - 175 μ A at 100ksps (typ) (MAX1117/MAX1119)
 - 135 μ A at 100ksps (typ) (MAX1118)
 - 18 μ A at 10ksps (typ)
 - 1 μ A (typ) in Power-Down Mode

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX1117EKA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23	AADW
MAX1118EKA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23	AADX
MAX1119EKA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23	AADY

Pin Configuration



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{DD} to GND	-0.3V to +6.0V
CH0, CH1, REF to GND	-0.3V to (V _{DD} + 0.3V)
Digital Output to GND	-0.3V to (V _{DD} + 0.3V)
Digital Input to GND	-0.3V to +6.0V
Maximum Current into Any Pin	±50mA
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C) 8-Pin SOT23 (derate 8.9mW/°C above +70°C)	714mW

Operating Temperature Range	
MAX1117EKA	-40°C to +85°C
MAX1118EKA	-40°C to +85°C
MAX1119EKA	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-60°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD} = +2.7V to +3.6V (MAX1117), V_{DD} = +4.5V to +5.5V (MAX1119), V_{DD} = REF = +2.7V to +5.5V (MAX1118), T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC ACCURACY						
Resolution			8			Bits
Relative Accuracy (Note 1)	INL				±1	LSB
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL				±1	LSB
Offset Error					±0.5	LSB
Gain Error		MAX1118, REF = V _{DD}			±1	LSB
		MAX1117/MAX1119			±5	%FSR
Gain Temperature Coefficient		MAX1118			±5	ppm/°C
		MAX1117/MAX1119			±90	
Total Unadjusted Error	TUE	MAX1118			±0.5 ±1	LSB
Channel-to-Channel Offset Matching					±0.1	LSB
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (25kHz sinewave input, V _{IN} = V _{REF(pp)} , f _{SCLK} = 5MHz, f _{sample} = 100ksps, R _{IN} = 100Ω)						
Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion	SINAD				48	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion (Up to the 5th Harmonic)	THD				-69	dB
Spurious-Free Dynamic Range	SFDR				66	dB
Small Signal Bandwidth	f _{-3dB}				4	MHz
ANALOG INPUT						
Input Voltage Range			0		V _{REF}	V
Input Leakage Current		V _{CHL} = 0 or V _{DD}			±0.7 ±10	μA
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}				18	pF
INTERNAL REFERENCE						
Voltage	V _{REF}	MAX1117			2.048	V
		MAX1119			4.096	

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MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{DD} = +2.7V to +3.6V (MAX1117), V_{DD} = +4.5V to +5.5V (MAX1119), V_{DD} = REF = +2.7V to +5.5V (MAX1118), T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
EXTERNAL REFERENCE (MAX1118 ONLY)						
Input Voltage Range			1.0		V _{DD}	V
Input Current		Ave, V _{DD} = REF = +5.5V at 100ksps		10	20	μA
POWER REQUIREMENTS						
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	MAX1118	2.7		5.5	V
		MAX1117	2.7		5.5	
		MAX1119	4.5		5.5	
Supply Current (Note 2)	I _{DD}	MAX1119, f _{SAMPLE} = 100ksps, zero-scale input		182	230	μA
		MAX1117/MAX1118, f _{SAMPLE} = 100ksps, zero-scale input		135	190	
		MAX1119, f _{SAMPLE} = 10ksps, zero-scale input		19	25	
		MAX1117/MAX1118, f _{SAMPLE} = 10ksps, zero-scale input		14	21	
		Shutdown		0.8	10	
Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	Full-scale or 0 input		±0.5	±1	LSB/V
DIGITAL INPUTS (CNVST AND SCLK)						
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}		2			V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}				0.8	V
Input Hysteresis	V _{HYST}			0.2		V
Input Current High	I _{IH}				±10	μA
Input Current Low	I _{IL}				±10	μA
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}			2		pF
DIGITAL OUTPUT (DOUT)						
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{SOURCE} = 2mA	V _{DD} - 0.5			V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{SINK} = 2mA			0.4	V
		I _{SINK} = 4mA			0.8	V
Three-State Leakage Current	I _L			±0.01	±10	μA
Three-State Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}			4		pF
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (Figures 6a–6d)						
CNVST High Time	t _{csh}		100			ns
CNVST Low Time	t _{csi}		100			ns
Conversion Time	t _{conv}				7.5	μs
Serial Clock High Time	t _{ch}		75			ns
Serial Clock Low Time	t _{cl}		75			ns
Serial Clock Period	t _{cp}		200			ns
Falling of CNVST to DOUT Active	t _{csd}	C _{LOAD} = 100pF, Figure 1			100	ns

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{DD} = +2.7V$ to $+3.6V$ (MAX1117), $V_{DD} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$ (MAX1119), $V_{DD} = V_{REF} = +2.7V$ to $+5.5V$ (MAX1118), $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

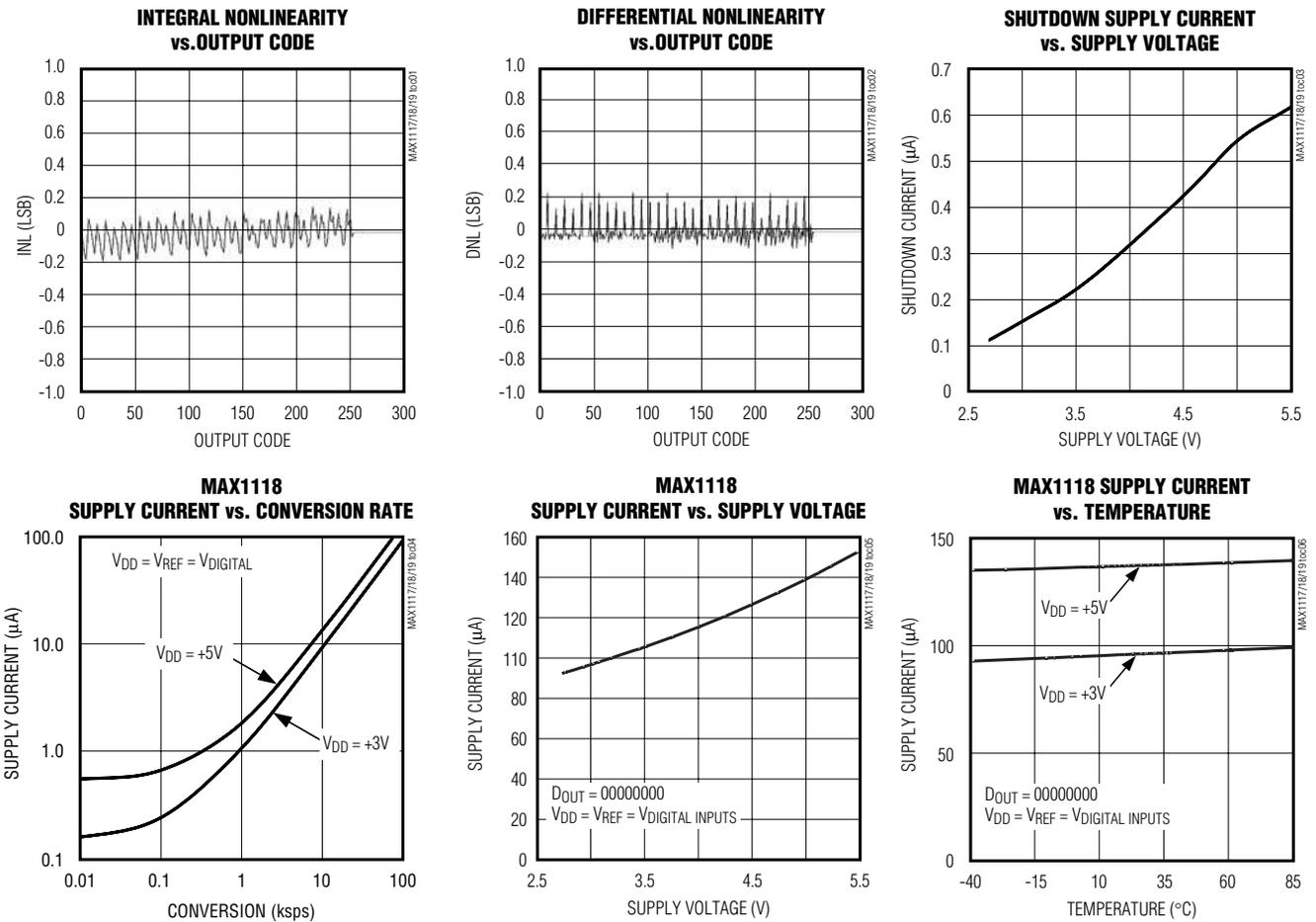
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Serial Clock Falling Edge to DOUT	t_{cd}	$C_{LOAD} = 100pF$	10		100	ns
Serial Clock Rising Edge to DOUT High-Z	t_{chz}	$C_{LOAD} = 100pF$, Figure 2	100		500	ns
Last Serial Clock to Next CNVST (Successive Conversions on CH0)	t_{ccs}		50			ns

Note 1: Relative accuracy is the deviation of the analog value at any code from its theoretical value after the full-scale range and off-set have been calibrated.

Note 2: Input = 0, with logic input levels of 0 and V_{DD} .

Typical Operating Characteristics

($V_{DD} = +3V$ (MAX1117), $V_{DD} = +5V$ (MAX1119), $V_{DD} = V_{REF} = +3V$ (MAX1118), $f_{SCLK} = 5MHz$, $f_{SAMPLE} = 100kps$, $C_{LOAD} = 100pF$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

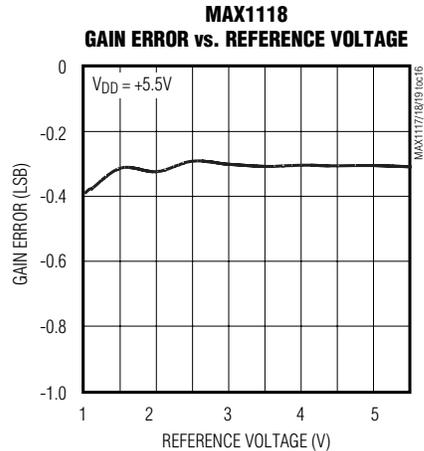
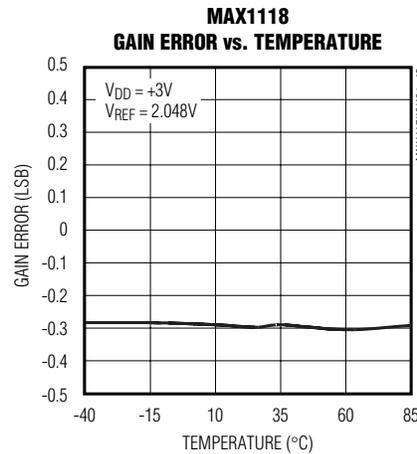
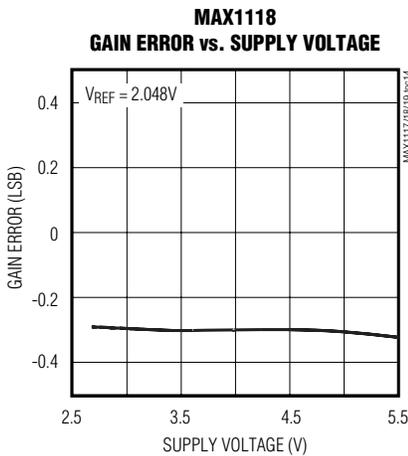
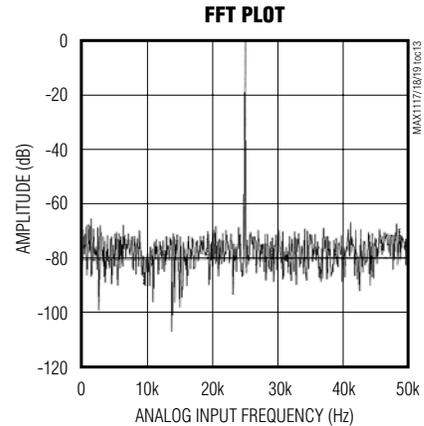
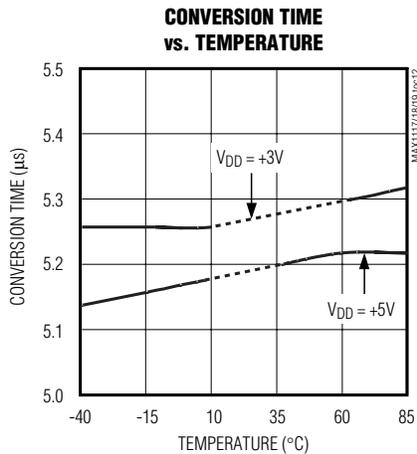
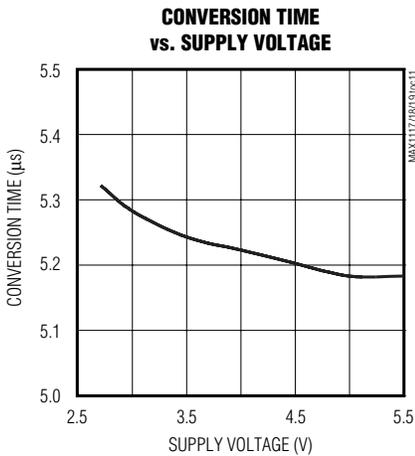
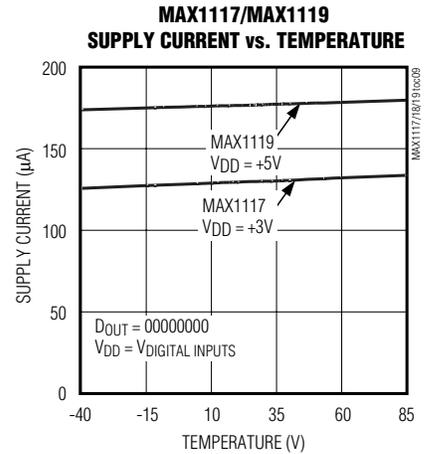
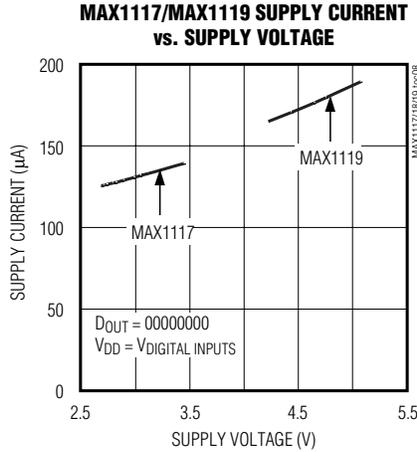
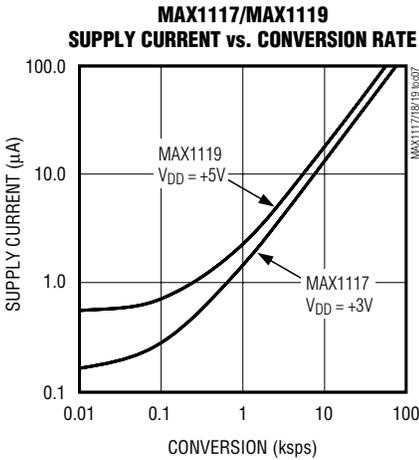


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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{DD} = +3V$ (MAX1117), $V_{DD} = +5V$ (MAX1119), $V_{DD} = V_{REF} = +3V$ (MAX1118), $f_{SCLK} = 5MHz$, $f_{SAMPLE} = 100kps$, $C_{LOAD} = 100pF$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

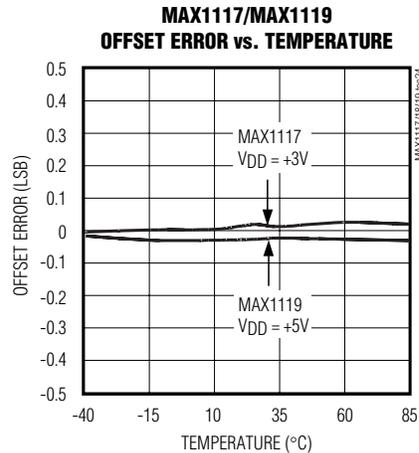
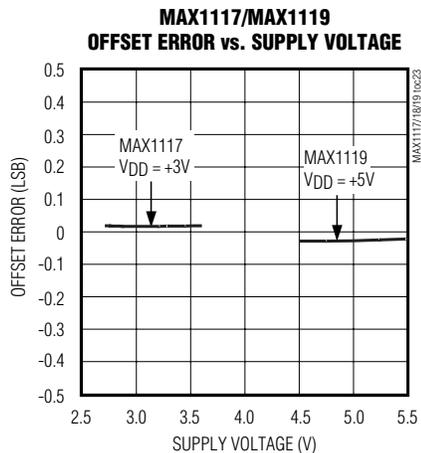
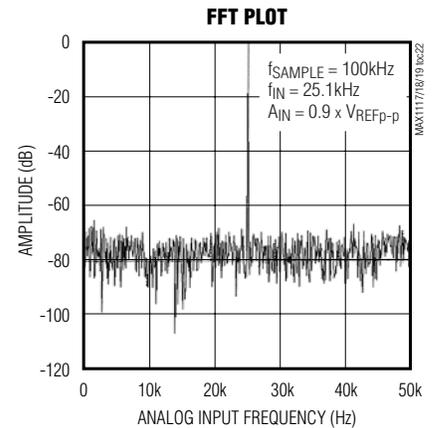
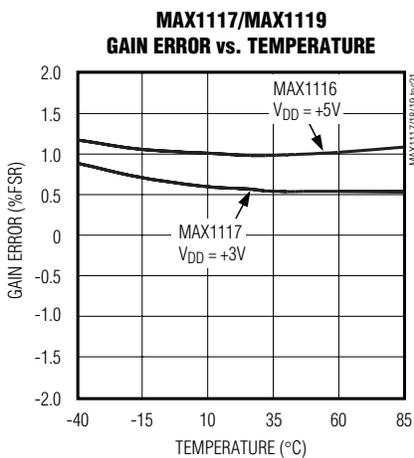
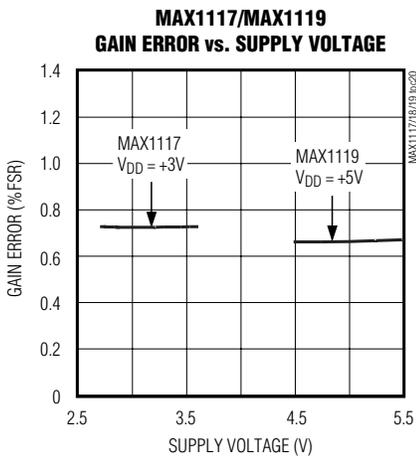
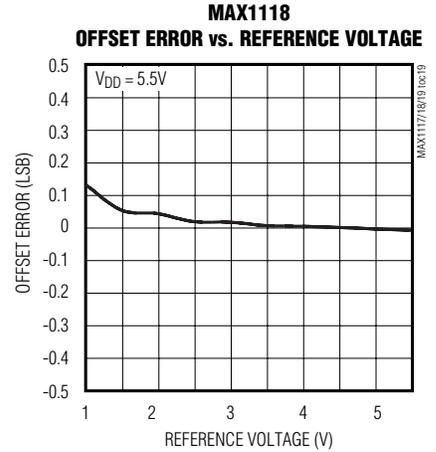
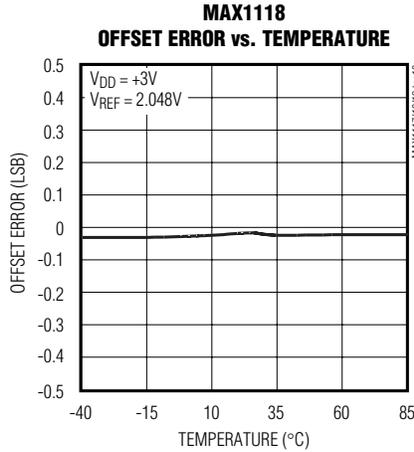
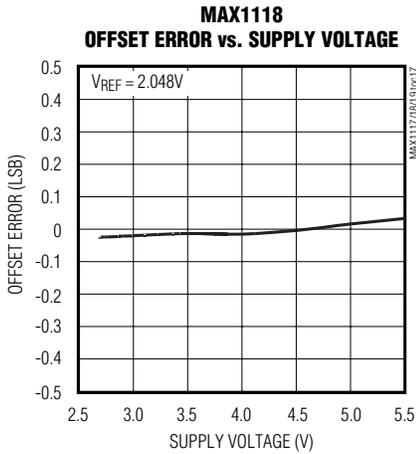
MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119



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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

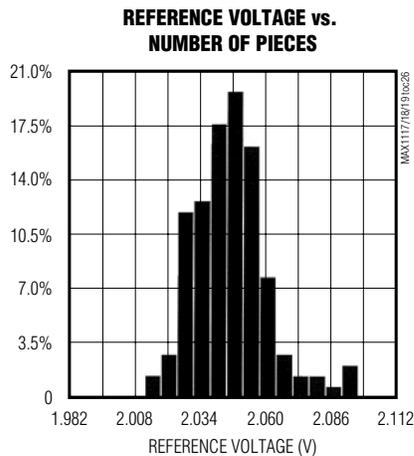
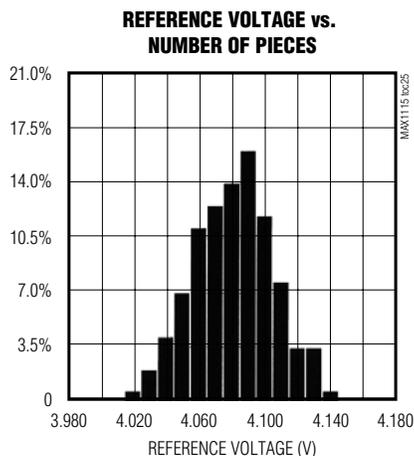
(V_{DD} = +3V (MAX1117), V_{DD} = +5V (MAX1119), V_{DD} = V_{REF} = +3V (MAX1118), f_{SCLK} = 5MHz, f_{SAMPLE} = 100ksps, C_{LOAD} = 100pF, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{DD} = +3V (MAX1117), V_{DD} = +5V (MAX1119), V_{DD} = V_{REF} = +3V (MAX1118), f_{SCLK} = 5MHz, f_{SAMPLE} = 100ksps, C_{LOAD} = 100pF, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	VDD	Positive Supply Voltage
2	CH0	CH0 Analog Voltage Input
3	CH1	CH1 Analog Voltage Input
4	GND	Ground
5	I.C.(REF)	Internally Connected. Connect to ground. (Reference Input, MAX1118 only.)
6	CNVST	Convert/Start Input. CNVST initiates a power-up and starts a conversion on its falling edge.
7	DOUT	Serial Data Output. Data is clocked out on the falling edge of SCLK. DOUT goes low at the start of a conversion and presents the MSB at the completion of a conversion. DOUT goes high impedance once data has been fully clocked out.
8	SCLK	Serial Clock. Used for clocking out data on DOUT.

MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119

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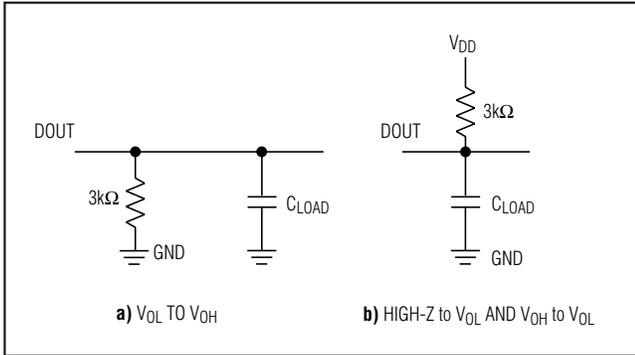


Figure 1. Load Circuits for Enable Time

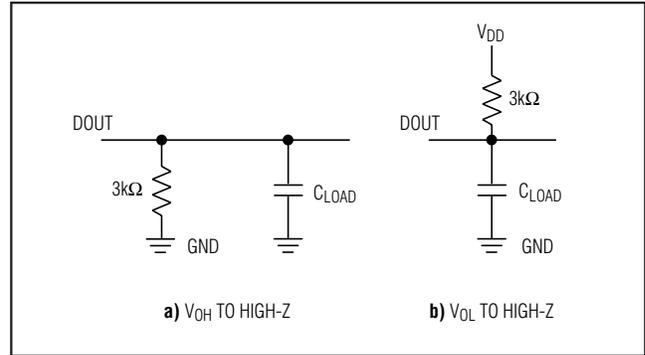


Figure 2. Load Circuits for Disable Time

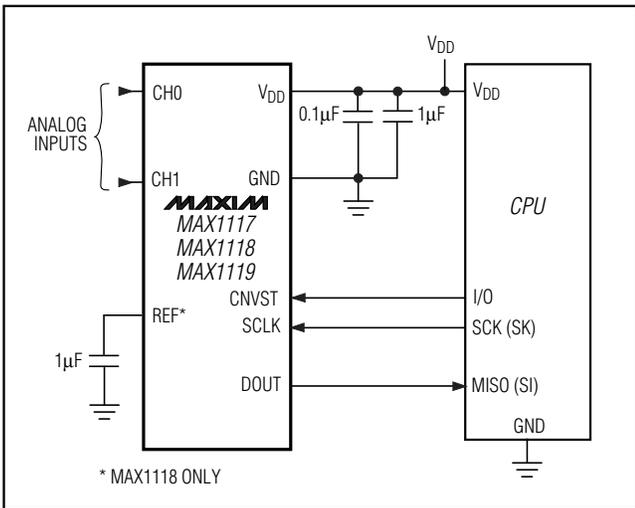


Figure 3. Typical Operating Circuit

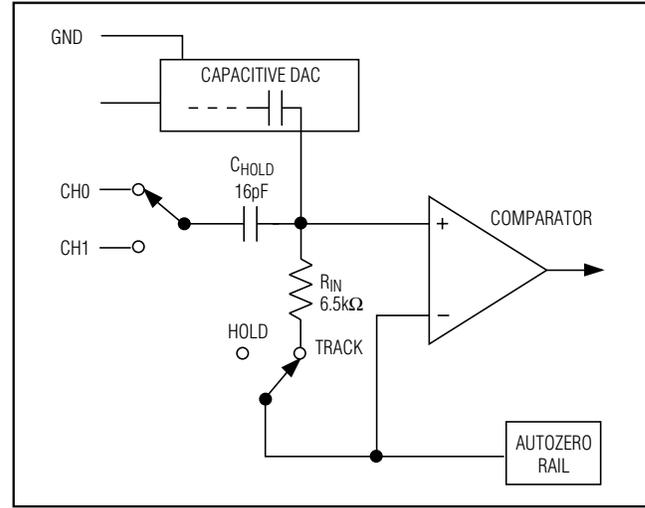


Figure 4. Equivalent Input Circuit

Detailed Description

The MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119 ADCs use a successive-approximation conversion technique and input T/H circuitry to convert an analog signal to an 8-bit digital output. The SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE compatible interface directly connects to microprocessors (μ Ps) without additional circuitry (Figure 3).

Track/Hold

The input architecture of the ADC is illustrated in Figure 4's equivalent-input circuit and is composed of the T/H, the input multiplexer, the input comparator, the switched capacitor DAC, and the auto-zero rail.

The acquisition interval begins with the falling edge of CNVST. During the acquisition interval, the analog

inputs (CH0, CH1) are connected to the holding capacitor (CHOLD). Once the acquisition has completed, the T/H switch opens and CHOLD is connected to GND, retaining the charge on CHOLD as a sample of the signal at the analog input.

Sufficiently low source impedance is required to ensure an accurate sample. A source impedance $<1.5k\Omega$ is recommended for accurate sample settling. A 100pF capacitor at the ADC inputs will also improve the accuracy of an input sample.

Conversion Process

The MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119 conversion process is internally timed. The total acquisition and conversion process takes $<7.5\mu s$. Once an input sample has been acquired, the comparator's negative input is then con-

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MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119

nected to an autozero supply. Since the device requires only a single supply, the negative input of the comparator is set to equal $V_{DD}/2$. The capacitive DAC restores the positive input to $V_{DD}/2$ within the limits of 8-bit resolution. This action is equivalent to transferring a charge $Q_{IN} = 16\text{pF} \times V_{IN}$ from CH_{OLD} to the binary-weighted capacitive DAC, which in turn forms a digital representation of the analog-input signal.

Input Voltage Range

Internal protection diodes that clamp the analog input to V_{DD} and GND allow the input pins (CH_0 , CH_1) to swing from $(\text{GND} - 0.3\text{V})$ to $(V_{DD} + 0.3\text{V})$ without damage. However, for accurate conversions, the inputs must not exceed $(V_{DD} + 50\text{mV})$ or be less than $(\text{GND} - 50\text{mV})$.

Input Bandwidth

The ADC's input tracking circuitry has a 4MHz small-signal bandwidth, so it is possible to digitize high-speed transient events and measure periodic signals with bandwidths exceeding the ADC's sampling rate by using undersampling techniques. To avoid high-frequency signals being aliased into the frequency band of interest, anti-alias filtering is recommended.

Serial Interface

The MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119 have a 3-wire serial interface. The CNVST and SCLK inputs are used to control the device, while the three-state DOUT pin is used to access the conversion results.

The serial interface provides connection to microcontrollers (μCs) with SPI, QSPI, and MICROWIRE serial interfaces at clock rates up to 5MHz. The interface supports either an idle high or low SCLK format. For SPI and QSPI, set $\text{CPOL} = \text{CPHA} = 0$ or $\text{CPOL} = \text{CPHA} = 1$ in the SPI control registers of the μC . Figure 5 shows the MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119 common serial-interface connections. See Figures 6a–6d for details on the serial interface timing and protocol.

Digital Inputs and Outputs

The MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119 perform conversions using an internal clock. This frees the μP from the burden of running the SAR conversion clock and allows the conversion results to be read back at the μP 's convenience at any clock rate up to 5MHz.

The acquisition interval begins with the falling edge of CNVST. CNVST can idle between conversions in either a high or low state. If idled in a low state, CNVST must

be brought high for at least 50ns, then brought low to initiate a conversion. To select CH_1 for conversion, the CNVST pin must be brought high and low for a second time (Figures 6c and 6d).

After CNVST is brought low, allow $7.5\mu\text{s}$ for the conversion to be completed. While the internal conversion is in progress, DOUT is low. The MSB is present at the DOUT pin immediately after conversion is completed. The conversion result is clocked out at the DOUT pin and is coded in straight binary (Figure 7). Data is clocked out at SCLK's falling edge in MSB-first format at rates up to 5MHz. Once all data bits are clocked out, DOUT goes high impedance (100ns to 500ns after the rising edge) of the eighth SCLK pulse.

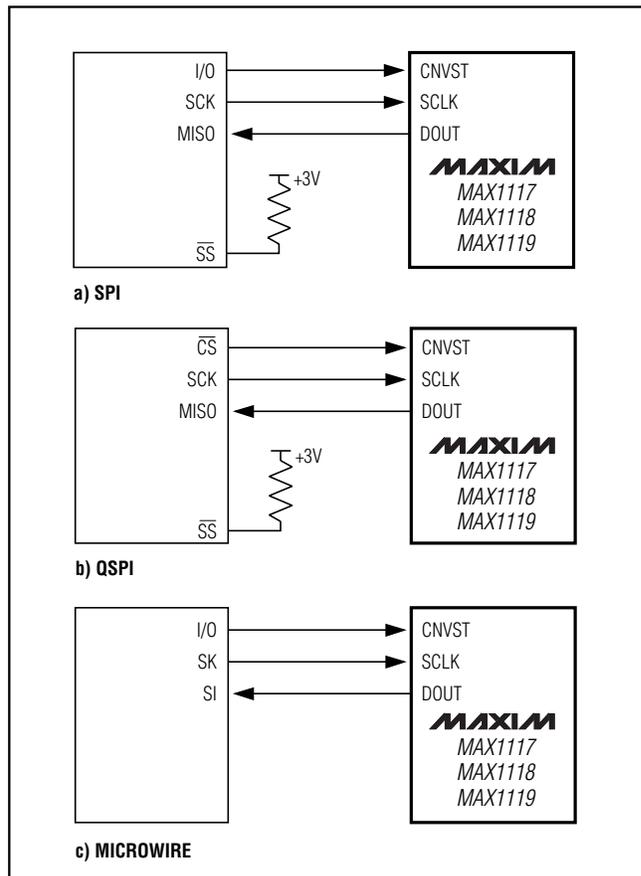


Figure 5. Common Serial-Interface Connections

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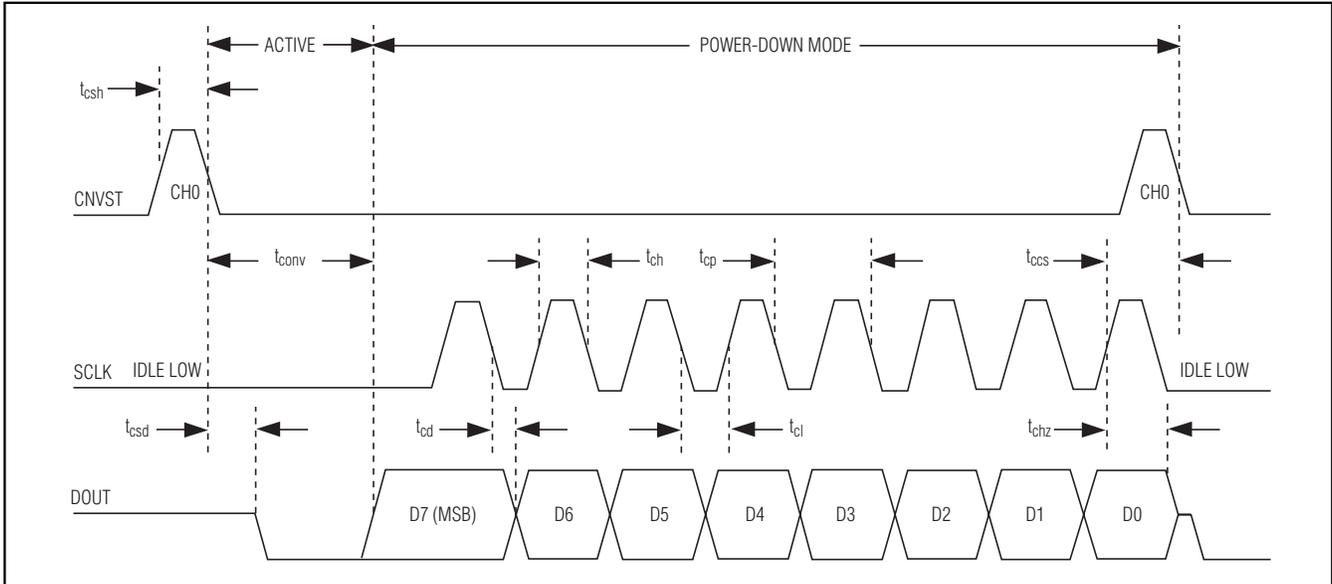


Figure 6a. Conversion and Interface Timing, Conversion on CH0 with SCLK Idle Low

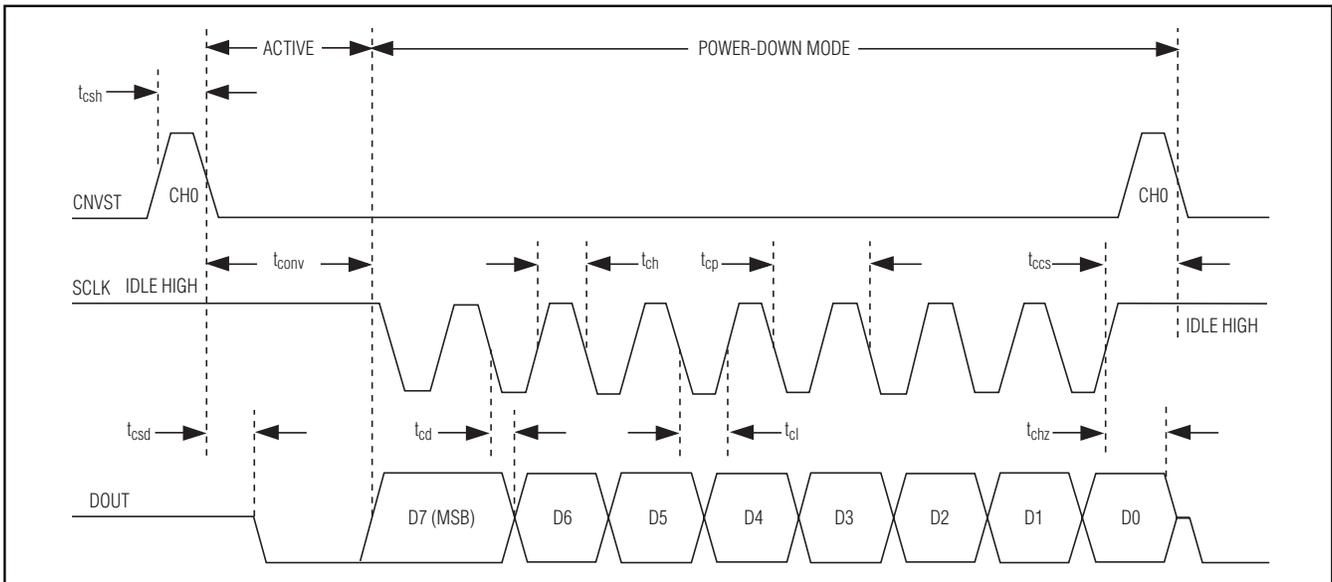


Figure 6b. Conversion and Interface Timing, Conversion on CH0 with SCLK Idle High

During the conversion process, SCLK is ignored. Only after a conversion is complete will SCLK cause serial data to be output. Falling edges on CNVST, during an active conversion process, interrupt the current conversion and cause the input multiplexer to switch to CH1. To reinitiate a conversion on CH0, it is necessary to

allow for a conversion to be complete and all of the data to be read out. Once a conversion has been completed, the MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119 will go into AutoShutdown™ mode (<1µA typ) until the next conversion is initiated.

AutoShutdown is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.

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MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119

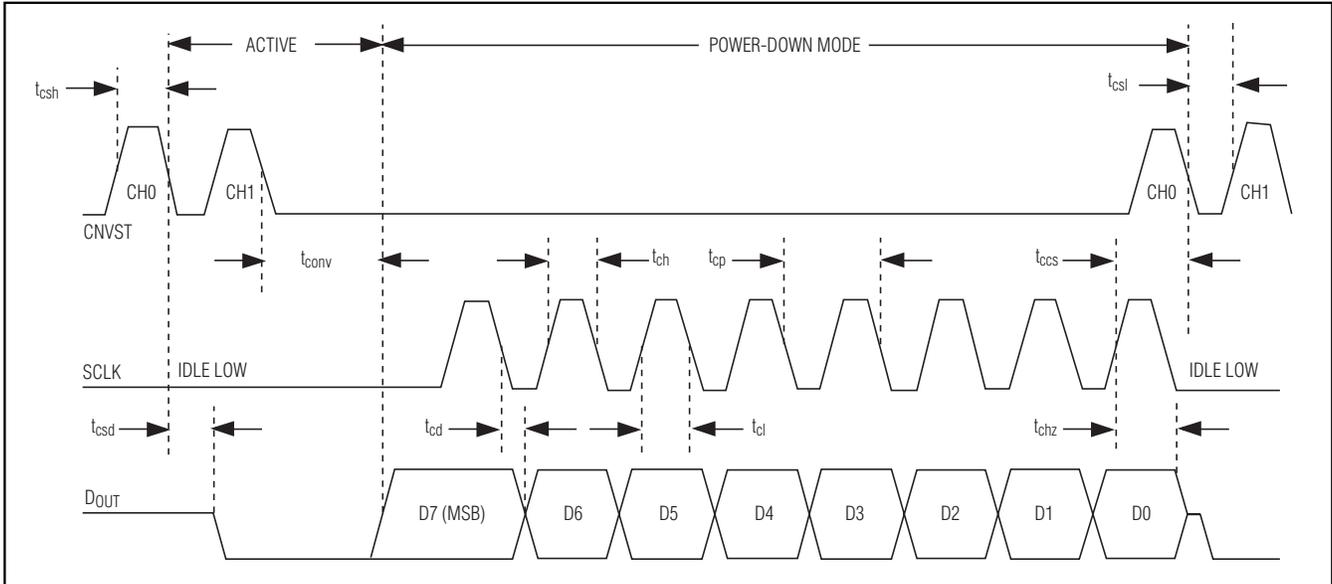


Figure 6c. Conversion and Interface Timing, Conversion on CH1 with SCLK Idle Low

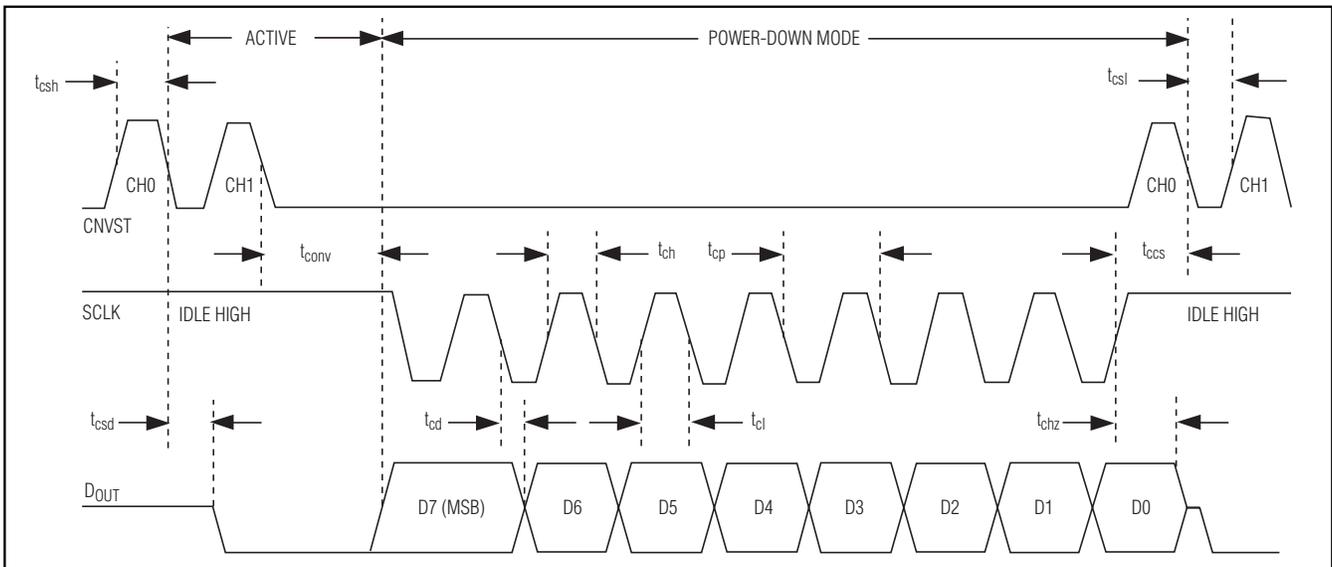
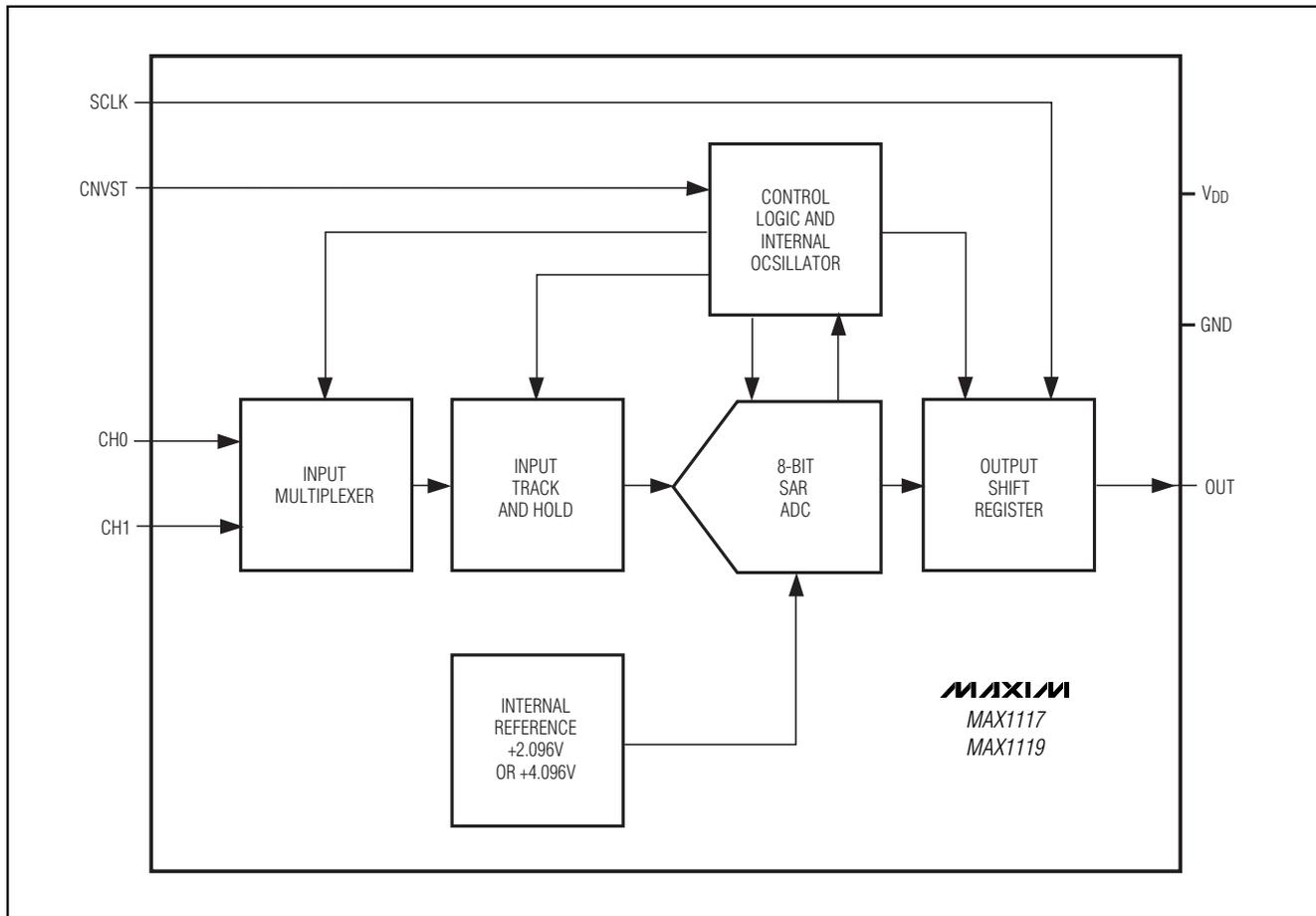


Figure 6d. Conversion and Interface Timing, Conversion on CH1 with SCLK Idle High

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Functional Diagrams



MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119

should be low impedance and as short as possible for noise-free operation.

High-frequency noise in the V_{DD} power supply may affect the comparator in the ADC. Bypass the supply to the star ground with a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ capacitor close to the V_{DD} pin of the MAX1117/MAX1118/MAX1119. Minimize capacitor lead lengths for best supply-noise rejection. If the power supply is noisy, a $1\mu\text{F}$ capacitor in conjunction with a 10Ω series resistor can be connected to form a lowpass filter.

Chip Information

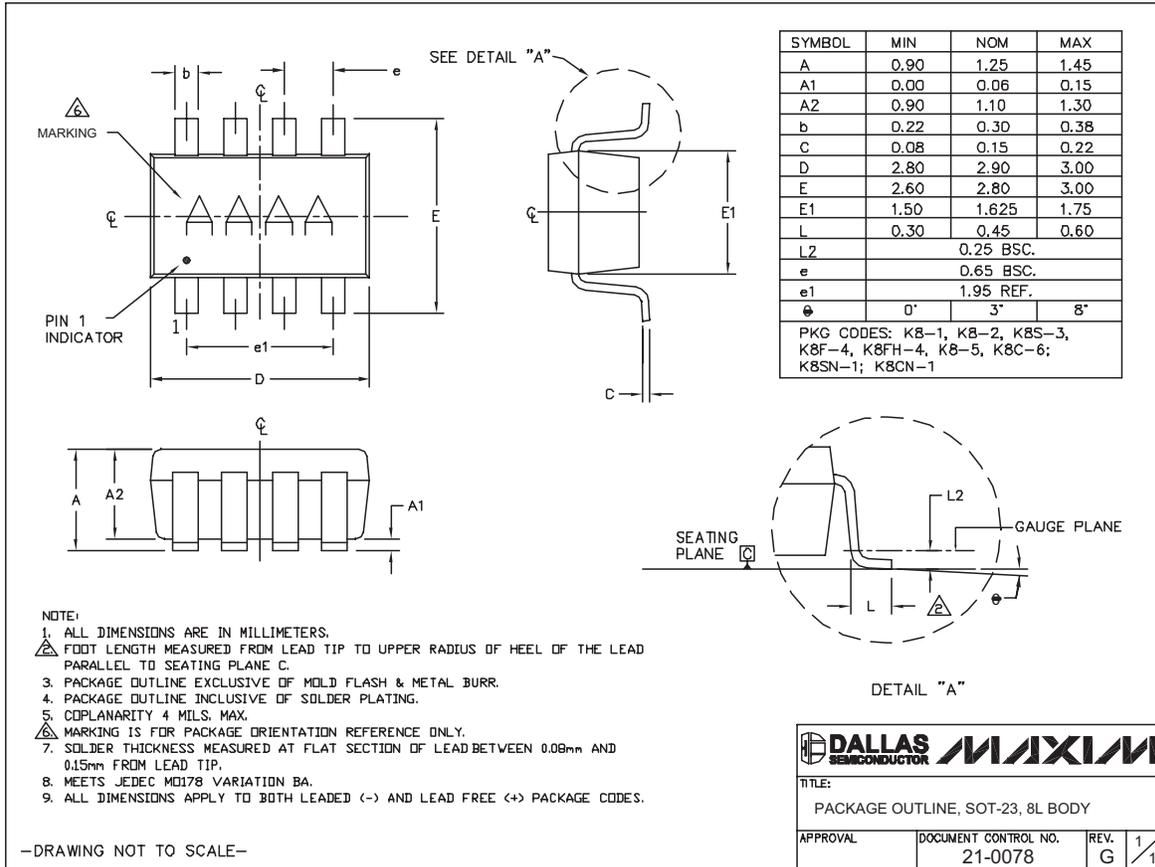
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 2000

PROCESS: BiCMOS

Single-Supply, Low-Power, 2-Channel, Serial 8-Bit ADCs

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



SOT23, 8LEPS

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

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