

TS881

Rail-to-rail 1.1 V nanopower comparator

Datasheet -production data

Features

- Ultra low current consumption: 210 nA typ.
- Propagation delay: 2 µs typ.
- Rail-to-rail inputs
- Push-pull output
- Supply operation from 1.1 V to 5.5 V
- Wide temperature range: -40 to +125 °C
- ESD tolerance: 4 kV HBM / 300 V MM
- SMD package

Applications

- Portable systems
- Signal conditioning
- Medical

Description

The TS881 device is a single comparator featuring ultra low supply current (210 nA typical with output high, $V_{CC} = 1.2$ V, no load) with rail-torail input and output capability. The performance of this comparator allows it to be used in a wide range of portable applications. The TS881 device minimizes battery supply leakage and therefore enhances battery lifetime.

Operating from 1.1 to 5.5 V supply voltage, this comparator can be used over a wide temperature range (-40 to +125 °C) keeping the current consumption at an ultra low level.

The TS881 device is available in the SC70-5 package, allowing great space saving on the PCB.

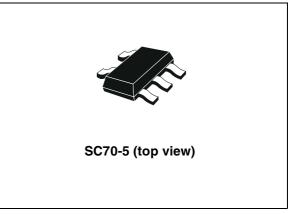
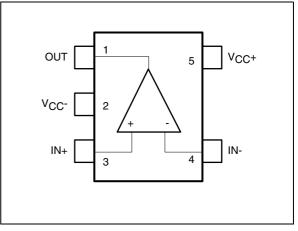


Figure 1. Pin connections (top view)



Doc ID 023340 Rev 1

This is information on a product in full production.

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1 Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit			
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽¹⁾	6	V			
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽²⁾	±6	V			
V _{IN}	Input voltage range	$(V_{CC}-) - 0.3$ to $(V_{CC}+) + 0.3$	V			
R _{THJA}	Thermal resistance junction-to- ambient ⁽³⁾ SC70-5	205	°C/W			
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65 to +150	°C			
ТJ	Junction temperature	150	°C			
T _{LEAD}	Lead temperature (soldering 10 seconds)	260	°C			
	Human body model (HBM) ⁽⁴⁾	4	kV			
ESD	Machine model (MM) ⁽⁵⁾	300	v			
	Charged device model (CDM) ⁽⁶⁾	1300	v			
	Latch-up immunity	200	mA			

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are referenced to V_{CC} -. V_{CC} is defined as the difference between V_{CC} + and V_{CC} -.

2. The magnitude of input and output voltages must never exceed the supply rail ± 0.3 V.

3. Short-circuits can cause excessive heating. These values are typical.

4. According to JEDEC standard JESD22-A114F.

5. According to JEDEC standard JESD22-A115A.

6. According to ANSI/ESD STM5.3.1.

Table 2. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
T _{oper}	Operating temperature range	-40 to +125	°C
V _{CC}	Supply voltage -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	1.1 to 5.5	V
V _{ICM}	Common mode input voltage range -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	V _{CC-} - 0.2 to V _{CC+} + 0.2 V _{CC-} to V _{CC+} + 0.2	V



2 Electrical characteristics

Table 3. $V_{CC} = +1.2 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = +25 \text{ °C}, V_{ICM} = V_{CC}/2$ (unless otherwise specified
--

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage ⁽²⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	-6	1	6	mV
ΔV_{IO}	Input offset voltage drift	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		3		µV/°C
V _{HYST}	Input hysteresis voltage ⁽³⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	1.6	2.4	4.2	mV
I _{IO}	Input offset current ⁽⁴⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C			10 100	pА
I _{IB}	Input bias current ⁽⁴⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		1	10 100	pА
ICC	Supply current per operator	No load, output low, $V_{ID} = -0.1 V$ -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C No load, output high, $V_{ID} = +0.1 V$ -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		300 210	450 500 1050 350 400 950	nA
I _{SC}	Short-circuit current	Source Sink		1.4 1.0		mA
V _{OH}	Output voltage high	I _{source} = 0.2 mA -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	1.13 1.10 1.00	1.15		v
V _{OL}	Output voltage low	I _{sink} = 0.2 mA -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		40	50 60 70	mV
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V _{ICM} < V _{CC} -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	50	68		dB
T _{PLH}	Propagation delay (low to high)	f = 1 kHz, C _L = 30 pF, R _L = 1 MΩ Overdrive = 10 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		6	11 13	μs
		Overdrive = 100 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		2.2	3.1 3.4	
T _{PHL}	Propagation delay (high to low)	f = 1 kHz, C _L = 30 pF, R _L = 1 MΩ Overdrive = 10 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		5.1	8 10	μs
		Overdrive = 100 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		2.0	2.6 3.1	
Τ _R	Rise time (10% to 90%)	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$		100		ns



V_{CC} = +1.2 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, V_{ICM} = $V_{CC}/2$ (unless otherwise specified)⁽¹⁾ (continued) Table 3.

All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed at the temperature range limits. 1.

The offset is defined as the average value of positive and negative trip points (input voltage differences requested to change the output state in each direction). 2.

3. The hysteresis is a built-in feature of the TS881 device. It is defined as the voltage difference between the trip points.

4. Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage ⁽²⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	-6	1	6	mV
ΔV_{IO}	Input offset voltage drift	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		3		µV/°C
V _{HYST}	Input hysteresis voltage ⁽³⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	1.6	2.7	4.2	mV
I _{IO}	Input offset current ⁽⁴⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C			10 100	pА
I _{IB}	Input bias current ⁽⁴⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		1	10 100	pА
I _{CC}	Supply current per operator	No load, output low, V _{ID} = -0.1 V -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		310	450 500 1150	nA
00		No load, output high, V _{ID} = +0.1 V -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		220	350 400 1050	
I _{SC}	Short-circuit current	Source Sink		12 10		mA
V _{OH}	Output voltage high	I _{source} = 2 mA -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	2.48 2.40 2.10	2.51		v
V _{OL}	Output voltage low	I _{sink} = 2 mA -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		140	210 230 310	mV
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V _{ICM} < V _{CC} -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	55	74		dB
T _{PLH}	Propagation delay (low to high)	f = 1 kHz, C _L = 30 pF, R _L = 1 MΩ Overdrive = 10 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		6.3	12 13	μs
	(Overdrive = 100 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		2.4	3.0 3.7	

 V_{CC} = +2.7 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, V_{ICM} = $V_{CC}/2$ (unless otherwise specified)⁽¹⁾ Table 4.



Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions N		Тур.	Max.	Unit
T _{PHL}	Propagation delay (high to low)	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}, C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ Overdrive = 10 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C Overdrive = 100 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		6.4 2.3	12 14 3.0 3.7	μs
T _R	Rise time (10% to 90%)	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$		120		ns
Τ _F	Fall time (90% to 10%)	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$		130		ns
T _{ON}	Power-up time			0.9	1.5	ms

Table 4. $V_{CC} = +2.7 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = +25 \text{ °C}, V_{ICM} = V_{CC}/2 \text{ (unless otherwise specified)}^{(1)} \text{ (continued)}$

1. All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed at the temperature range limits.

2. The offset is defined as the average value of positive and negative trip points (input voltage differences requested to change the output state in each direction).

3. The hysteresis is a built-in feature of the TS881. It is defined as the voltage difference between the trip points.

4. Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.

Symbol	ol Parameter Test conditions		Parameter Test conditions Min		Min. Typ.		Max.	Unit	
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage ⁽²⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	-6	1	6	mV			
ΔV_{IO}	Input offset voltage drift	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		3		µV/°C			
V _{HYST}	Input hysteresis voltage ⁽³⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	1.6	3.1	4.2	mV			
I _{IO}	Input offset current ⁽⁴⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C			10 100	pА			
Ι _{ΙΒ}	Input bias current ⁽⁴⁾	-40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		1	10 100	pА			
I _{CC}	Supply current per operator	No load, output low, $V_{ID} = -0.1 V$ -40 °C < $T_{amb} < +85 °C$ -40 °C < $T_{amb} < +125 °C$ No load, output high, $V_{ID} = +0.1 V$ -40 °C < $T_{amb} < +85 °C$ -40 °C < $T_{amb} < +125 °C$		350 250	500 750 1350 400 650 1250	nA			
I _{SC}	Short-circuit current	Source Sink		32 36		mA			
V _{OH}	Output voltage high	I _{source} = 2 mA -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	4.86 4.75 4.60	4.90		v			
V _{OL}	Output voltage low	w -40 °C < T _{amb} < +85 °C -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		95	130 170 280	mV			

Table 5. $V_{CC} = +5 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{amb} = +25 \text{ °C}, \text{ V}_{ICM} = \text{ V}_{CC}/2 \text{ (unless otherwise specified)}$



Table 5.	VCC - +5 V, 1 amb - +25	$C, V_{ICM} = V_{CC/2}$ (unless otherw	ise she	cineu)		eu)
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V _{ICM} < V _{CC} -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	55	78		dB
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$\Delta V_{CC} = 1.2 V \text{ to } 5 V$ -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C	65	80		dB
T _{PLH}	Propagation delay (low to high)	f = 1 kHz, C _L = 30 pF, R _L = 1 MΩ Overdrive = 10 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		7.8	13 22	μs
		Overdrive = 100 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		2.6	3.4 4.1	
T _{PHL}	Propagation delay (high to low)	f = 1 kHz, C_L = 30 pF, R_L = 1 M Ω Overdrive = 10 mV -40 °C < T_{amb} < +125 °C		8.9	16 19	μs
		Overdrive = 100 mV -40 °C < T _{amb} < +125 °C		2.7	3.5 4.2	
T _R	Rise time (10% to 90%)	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$		160		ns
T _F	Fall time (90% to 10%)	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$		150		ns
T _{ON}	Power-up time			1.1	1.5	ms

Table 5.	$V_{CC} = +5 V, T_{amb} =$	+25 °C, V _{ICM} = V	V _{CC} /2 (unless otherwise specified) ⁽¹⁾ (continued)	
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1. All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed at the temperature range limits.

2. The offset is defined as the average value of positive and negative trip points (input voltage differences requested to change the output state in each direction).

3. The hysteresis is a built-in feature of the TS881 device. It is defined as the voltage difference between the trip points.

4. Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.



Figure 2. Current consumption vs. supply voltage - output low

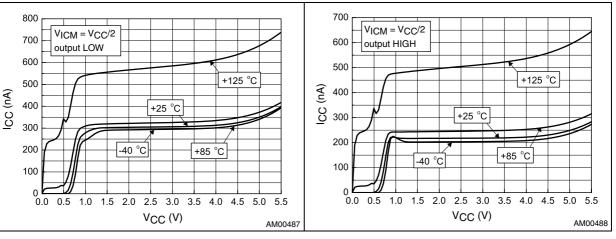
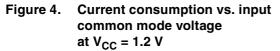
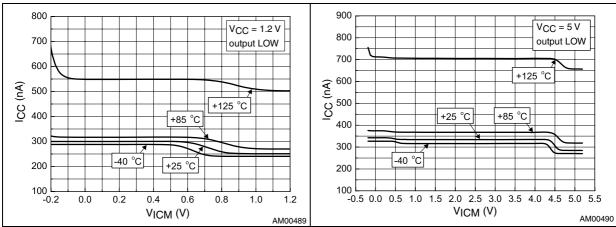
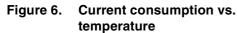
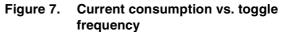


Figure 5.









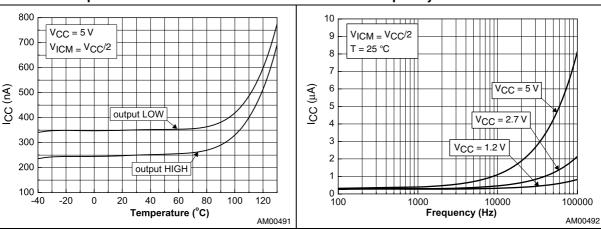


Figure 3. Current consumption vs. supply voltage - output high

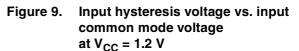
Current consumption vs. input

common mode voltage at V_{CC} = 5 V

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Figure 8. Input offset voltage vs. input common mode voltage at $V_{CC} = 1.2 V$



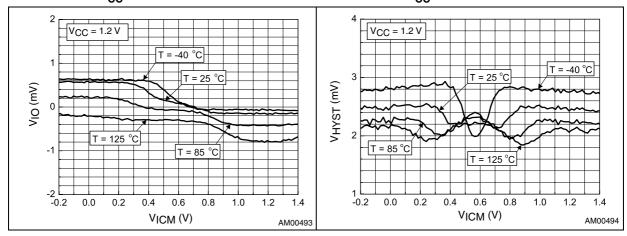


Figure 10. Input offset voltage vs. input common mode voltage at V_{CC} = 5 V

Figure 11. Input hysteresis voltage vs. input common mode voltage at V_{CC} = 5 V

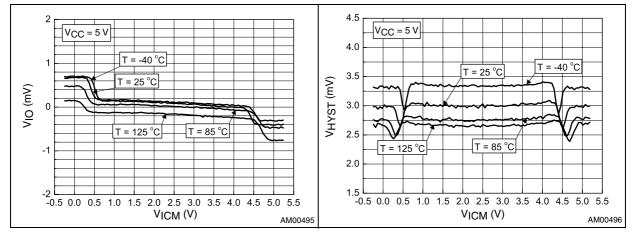
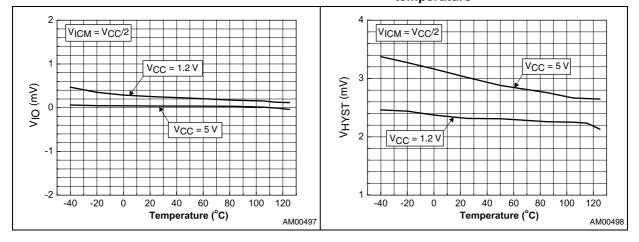


Figure 12. Input offset voltage vs. temperature Figure 13. Input hysteresis voltage vs. temperature





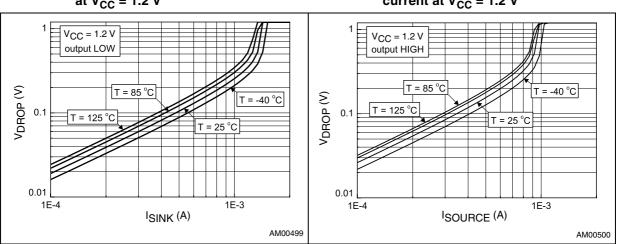


Figure 14. Output voltage drop vs. sink current Figure 15. Output voltage drop vs. source at $V_{CC} = 1.2 V$ current at $V_{CC} = 1.2 V$

Figure 16. Output voltage drop vs. sink current Figure 17. Output voltage drop vs. source at $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ current at $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$

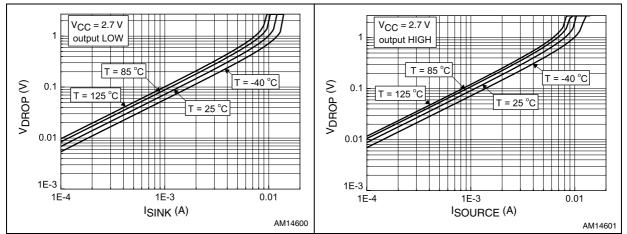
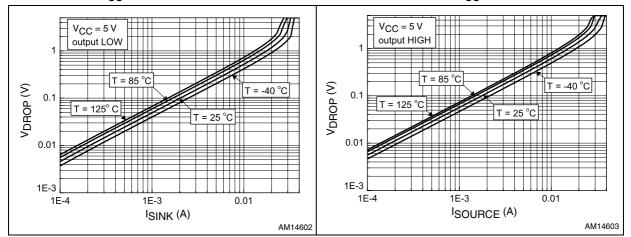
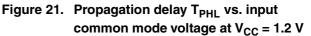


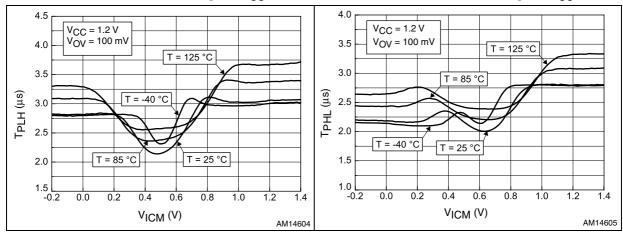
Figure 18. Output voltage drop vs. sink current Figure 19. Output voltage drop vs. source at $V_{CC} = 5 V$ current at $V_{CC} = 5 V$

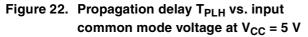


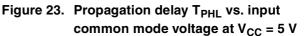
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Figure 20. Propagation delay T_{PLH} vs. input common mode voltage at V_{CC} = 1.2 V









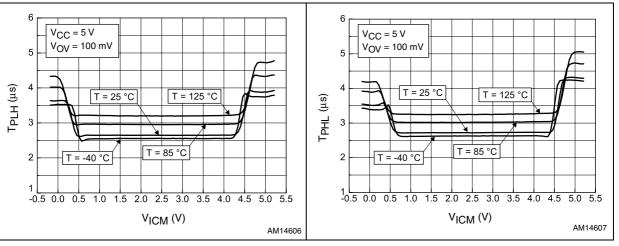
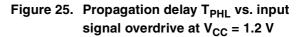


Figure 24. Propagation delay T_{PLH} vs. input signal overdrive at V_{CC} = 1.2 V



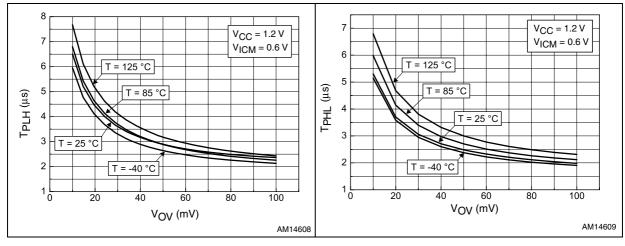




Figure 26. Propagation delay T_{PLH} vs. input signal overdrive at $V_{CC} = 5 V$

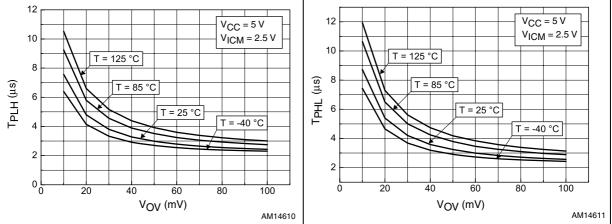


Figure 28. Propagation delay T_{PLH} vs. supply voltage for signal overdrive 10 mV

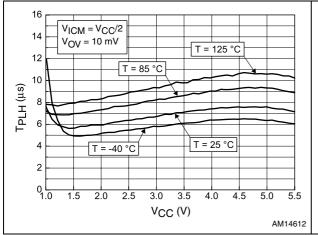
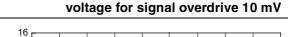
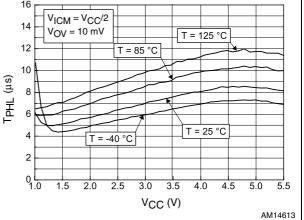
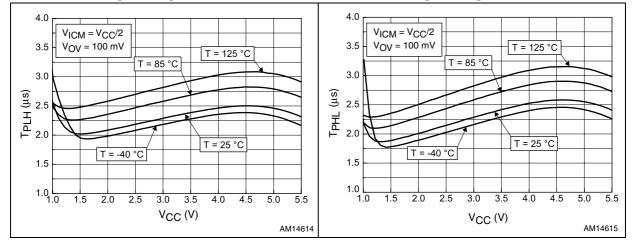


Figure 30. Propagation delay T_{PLH} vs. supply voltage for signal overdrive 100 mV





oply Figure 31. Propagation delay T_{PHL} vs. supply) mV voltage for signal overdrive 100 mV



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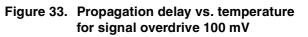


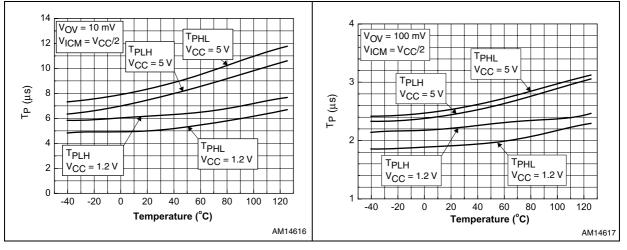
V_{OV} (mV) AM14611 Figure 29. Propagation delay T_{PHL} vs. supply

Figure 27. Propagation delay T_{PHL} vs. input

signal overdrive at V_{CC} = 5 V

Figure 32. Propagation delay vs. temperature for signal overdrive 10 mV





TS881



3 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: *www.st.com*. ECOPACK is an ST trademark.



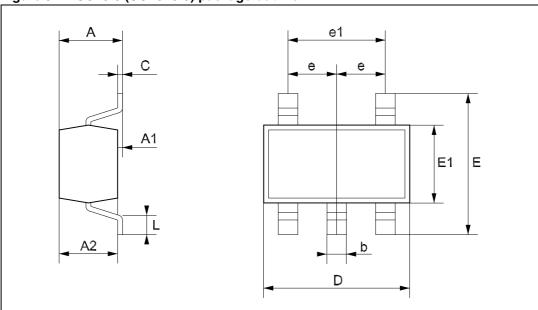


Figure 34. SC70-5 (SOT323-5) package outline

Table 6.	SC70-5 (SOT323-5) package mechanical data
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	Dimensions							
Symbol	Millimeters			Mils				
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Α	0.80		1.10	31.5		43.3		
A1	0.00		0.10	0.0		3.9		
A2	0.80	0.9	1.00	31.5	35.4	39.4		
b	0.15		0.30	5.9		11.8		
С	0.10		0.22	3.9		8.7		
D	1.80		2.20	70.9		86.6		
Е	1.80		2.40	70.9		94.5		
E1	1.15	1.25	1.35	45.3	49.2	53.1		
е		0.65			25.6			
e1		1.3			51.2			
L	0.26	0.36	0.46	10.2	14.2	18.1		



4 Ordering information

Table 7. Order codes

Order code	Temperature range	Package	Packaging	Marking
TS881ICT -40 to +125 °C		SC70-5	Tape and reel	K56

5 Revision history

Table 8.Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
18-Jul-2012	1	Initial release.



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