

**RADIATION HARDENED  
POWER MOSFET  
THRU-HOLE (T0-204AA/AE)**

**IRH7250  
200V, N-CHANNEL  
RAD Hard™ HEXFET® TECHNOLOGY**

**Product Summary**

Part Number	Radiation Level	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub>
IRH7250	100K Rads (Si)	0.11Ω	26A
IRH3250	300K Rads (Si)	0.11Ω	26A
IRH4250	600K Rads (Si)	0.11Ω	26A
IRH8250	1000K Rads (Si)	0.11Ω	26A



International Rectifier's RADHard HEXFET® technology provides high performance power MOSFETs for space applications. This technology has over a decade of proven performance and reliability in satellite applications. These devices have been characterized for both Total Dose and Single Event Effects (SEE). The combination of low R<sub>ds(on)</sub> and low gate charge reduces the power losses in switching applications such as DC to DC converters and motor control. These devices retain all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of electrical parameters.

**Features:**

- Single Event Effect (SEE) Hardened
- Low R<sub>DS(on)</sub>
- Low Total Gate Charge
- Proton Tolerant
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed
- Ceramic Package
- Light Weight

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

**Pre-Irradiation**

	Parameter		Units
I <sub>D</sub> @ V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	26	A
I <sub>D</sub> @ V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	16	
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current ①	104	
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	150	W
	Linear Derating Factor	1.2	W/°C
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
E <sub>AS</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500	mJ
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current ①	26	A
E <sub>AR</sub>	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	15	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	5.0	V/ns
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction	-55 to 150	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		
	Lead Temperature	300 ( 0.063 in.(1.6mm) from case for 10s)	
	Weight	11.5 (Typical )	g

For footnotes refer to the last page

**Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)**

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	200	—	—	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
ΔBV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.27	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.10	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> = 16A ④
		—	—	0.11		V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> = 26A
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
g <sub>fs</sub>	Forward Transconductance	8.0	—	—	S (℧)	V <sub>DS</sub> > 15V, I <sub>DS</sub> = 16A ④
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	25	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = 160V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
		—	—	250		V <sub>DS</sub> = 160V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = 20V
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		V <sub>GS</sub> = -20V
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	—	—	170	nC	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> = 26A
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	30		V <sub>DS</sub> = 100V
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	70		
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	33	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 100V, I <sub>D</sub> = 26A
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	—	—	140		V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, R <sub>G</sub> = 2.35Ω
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	140		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	—	—	140		
L <sub>S</sub> + L <sub>D</sub>	Total Inductance	—	10	—	nH	Measured from Drain lead (6mm /0.25in. from package) to Source lead (6mm /0.25in. from package) with Source wires internally bonded from Source Pin to Drain Pad
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	4700	—	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	850	—		f = 1.0MHz
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	210	—		

**Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics**

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I <sub>S</sub>	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	26	A	
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	104		
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.4	V	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>S</sub> = 26A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V ④
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	820	nS	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 26A, di/dt ≤ 100A/μs
Q <sub>RR</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	12	μC	V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 50V ④
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L <sub>S</sub> + L <sub>D</sub> .				

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R <sub>thJC</sub>	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.83	°C/W	
R <sub>thJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	30		
R <sub>thCS</sub>	Case-to-Sink	—	0.12	—		Typical socket mount

**Note:** Corresponding Spice and Saber models are available on the G&S Website.

For footnotes refer to the last page

## Radiation Characteristics

IRH7250

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened MOSFETs are tested to verify their radiation hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier is comprised of two radiation environments. Every manufacturing lot is tested for total ionizing dose (per notes 5 and 6) using the TO-3 package. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

**Table 1. Electrical Characteristics @ Tj = 25°C, Post Total Dose Irradiation ⑤⑥**

	Parameter	100 K Rads (Si) <sup>1</sup>		300 - 1000K Rads (Si) <sup>2</sup>		Units	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	200	—	200	—	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	4.0	1.25	4.5		V <sub>GS</sub> = V <sub>DS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0mA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	100	—	100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = 20V
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	-100	—	-100		V <sub>GS</sub> = -20 V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	25	—	50	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> =160V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source ④ On-State Resistance (TO-3)	—	0.100	—	0.155	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> =16A
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source ④ On-State Resistance (TO-204AE)	—	0.100	—	0.155	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V, I <sub>D</sub> =16A
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage ④	—	1.4	—	1.4	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>S</sub> = 26A

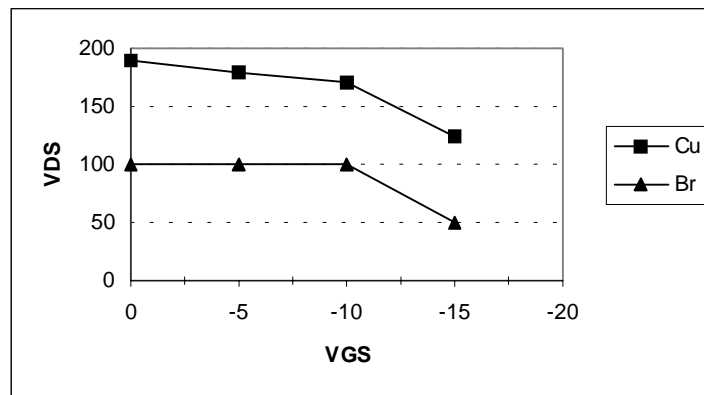
1. Part numbers IRH7250

2. Part number IRH3250, IRH4250 and IRH8250

International Rectifier radiation hardened MOSFETs have been characterized in heavy ion environment for Single Event Effects (SEE). Single Event Effects characterization is illustrated in Fig. a and Table 2.

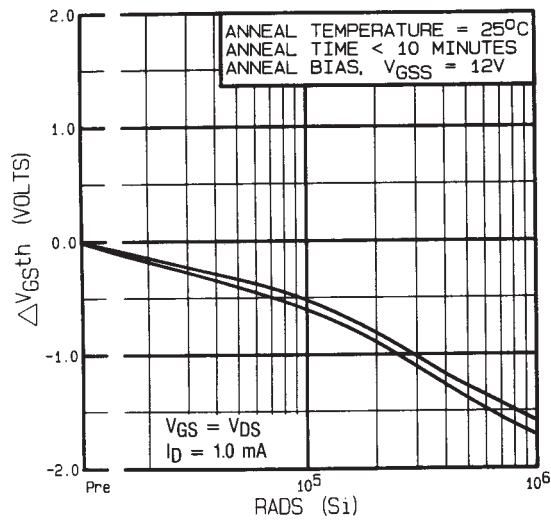
**Table 2. Single Event Effect Safe Operating Area**

Ion	LET MeV/(mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Energy (MeV)	Range (μm)	V <sub>DS</sub> (V)				
				@V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	@V <sub>GS</sub> =-5V	@V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V	@V <sub>GS</sub> =-15V	@V <sub>GS</sub> =-20V
Cu	28	285	43	190	180	170	125	—
Br	36.8	305	39	100	100	100	50	—

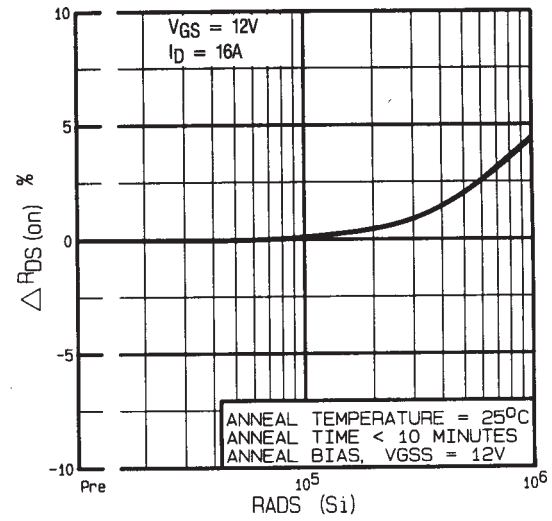


**Fig a. Single Event Effect, Safe Operating Area**

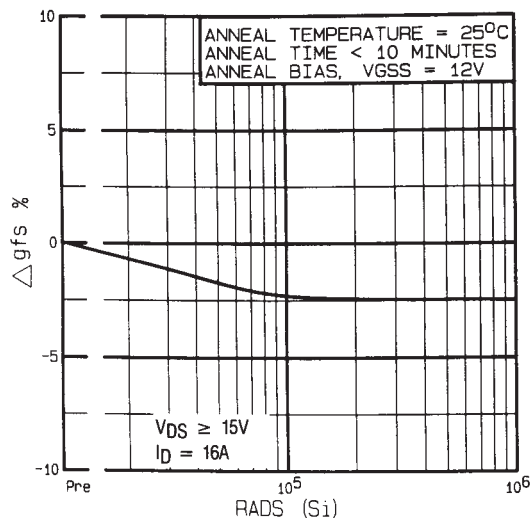
For footnotes refer to the last page



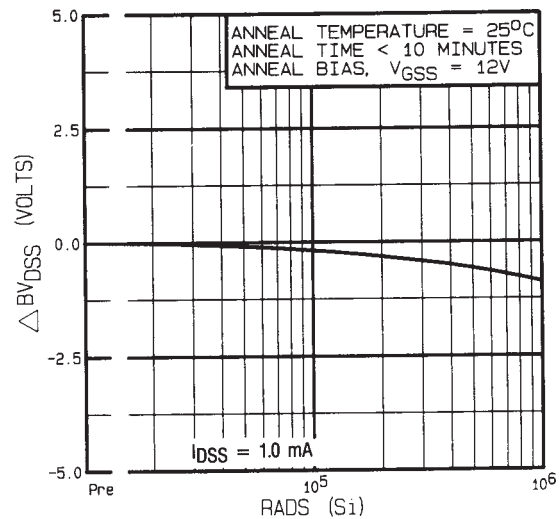
**Fig 1.** Typical Response of Gate Threshold Voltage Vs. Total Dose Exposure



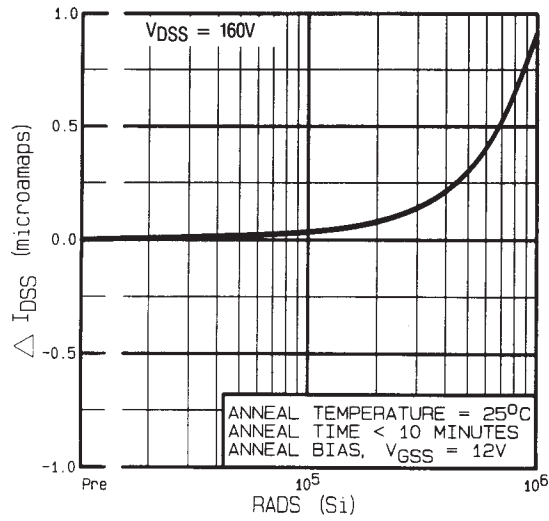
**Fig 2.** Typical Response of On-State Resistance Vs. Total Dose Exposure



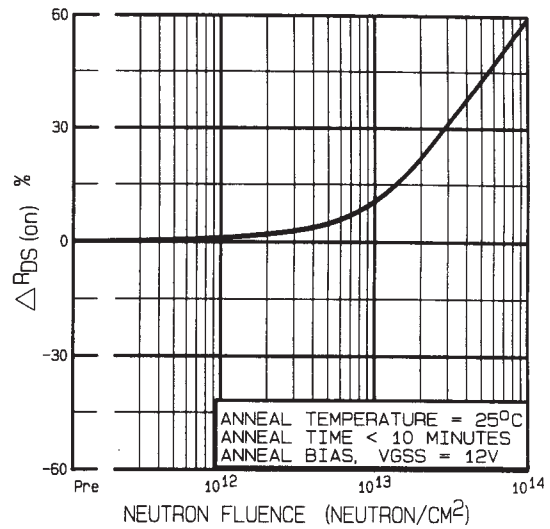
**Fig 3.** Typical Response of Transconductance Vs. Total Dose Exposure



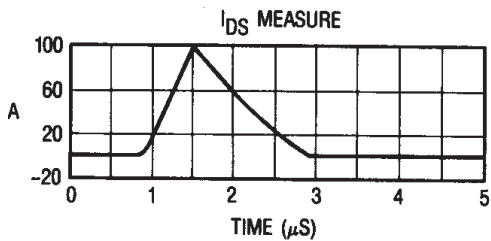
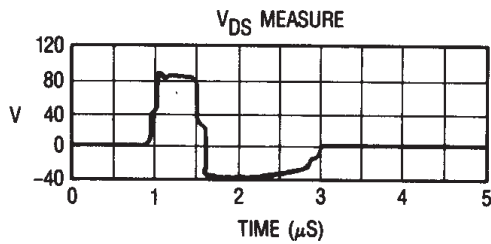
**Fig 4.** Typical Response of Drain to Source Breakdown Vs. Total Dose Exposure



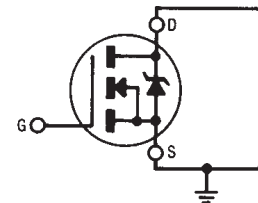
**Fig 5.** Typical Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current Vs. Total Dose Exposure



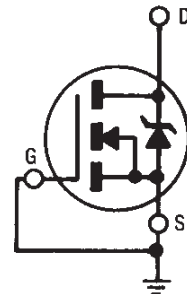
**Fig 6.** Typical On-State Resistance Vs. Neutron Fluence Level



**Fig 7.** Typical Transient Response of Rad Hard HEXFET During  $1 \times 10^{12}$  Rad (Si)/Sec Exposure

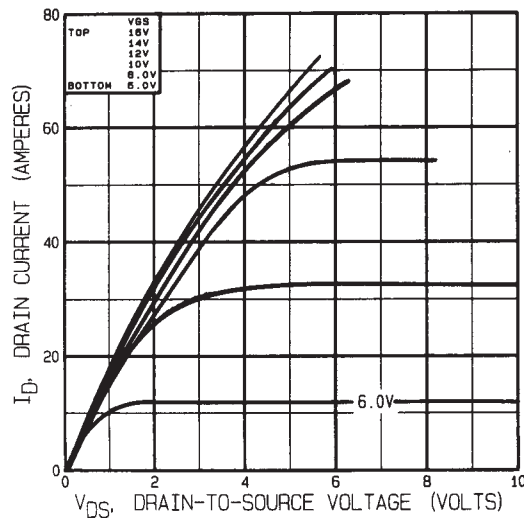


**Fig 8a.** Gate Stress of  $V_{GSS}$  Equals 12 Volts During Radiation

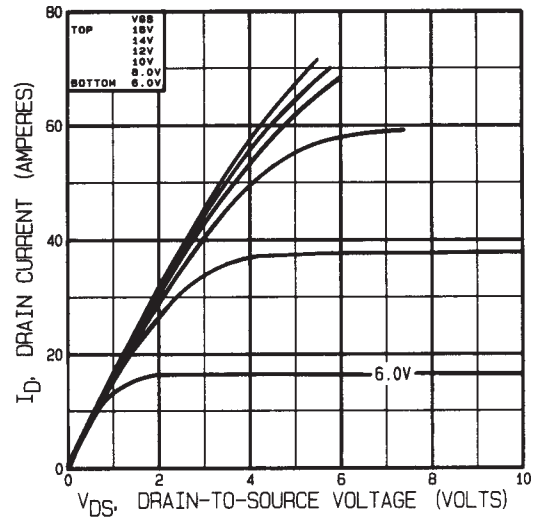


**Fig 8b.**  $V_{DSS}$  Stress Equals 80% of  $B_{V_{DSS}}$  During Radiation

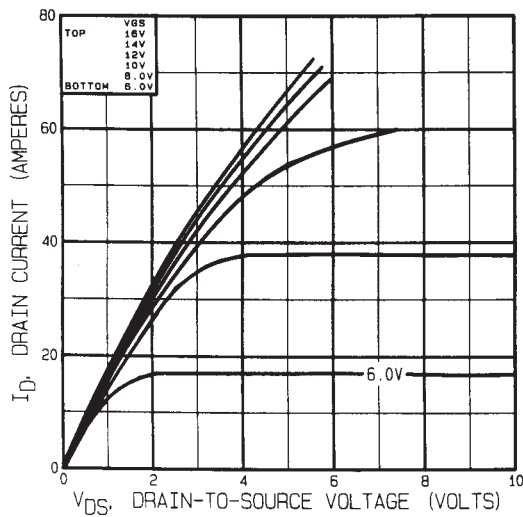
Note: Bias Conditions during radiation:  $V_{GS} = 12\text{ Vdc}$ ,  $V_{DS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$



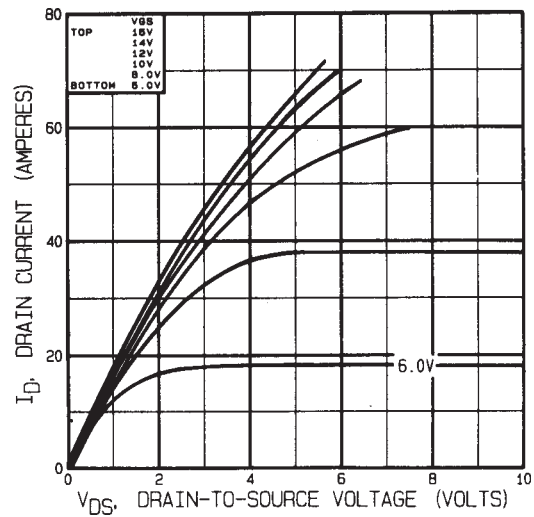
**Fig 9.** Typical Output Characteristics  
Pre-Irradiation



**Fig 10.** Typical Output Characteristics  
Post-Irradiation 100K Rads (Si)

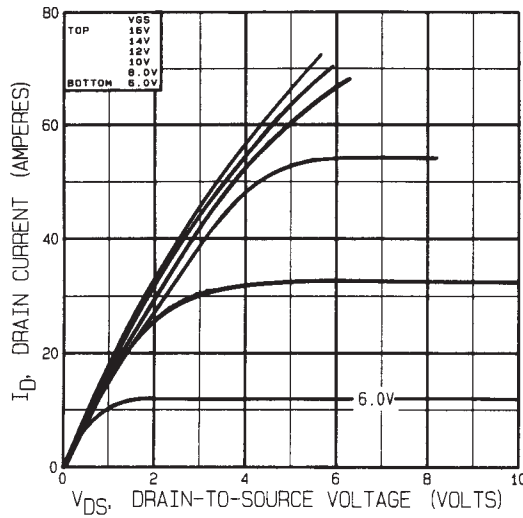


**Fig 11.** Typical Output Characteristics  
Post-Irradiation 300K Rads (Si)

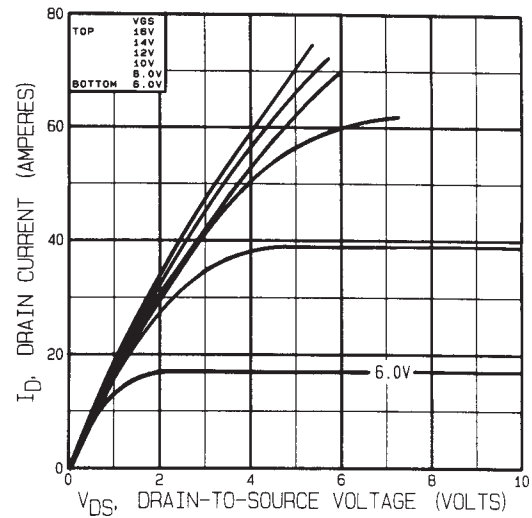


**Fig 12.** Typical Output Characteristics  
Post-Irradiation 1 Mega Rads (Si)

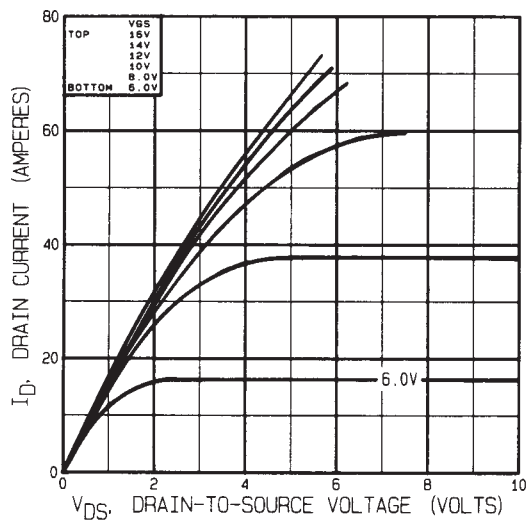
Note: Bias Conditions during radiation:  $V_{GS} = 0$  Vdc,  $V_{DS} = 160$  Vdc



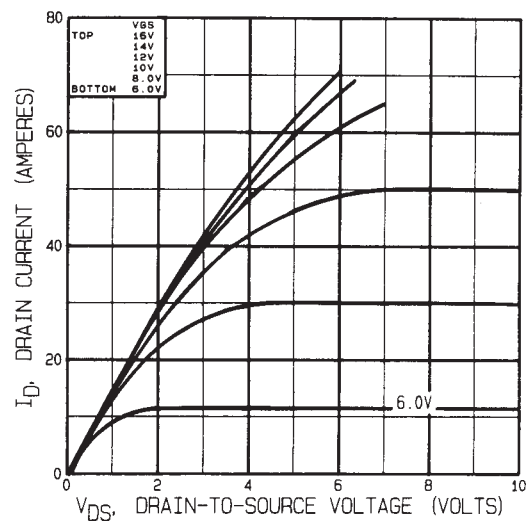
**Fig 13.** Typical Output Characteristics  
Pre-Irradiation



**Fig 14.** Typical Output Characteristics  
Post-Irradiation 100K Rads (Si)



**Fig 15.** Typical Output Characteristics  
Post-Irradiation 300K Rads (Si)



**Fig 16.** Typical Output Characteristics  
Post-Irradiation 1 Mega Rads (Si)

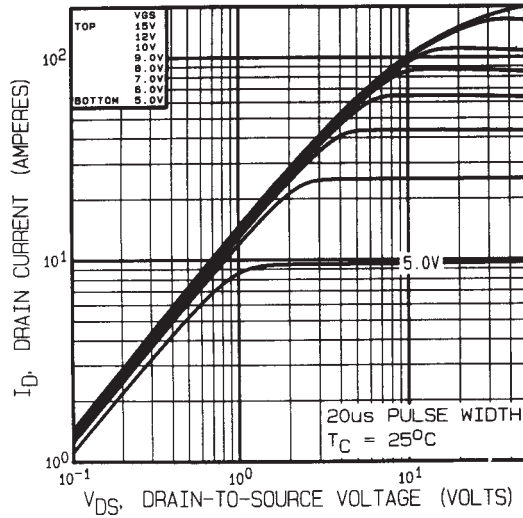


Fig 17. Typical Output Characteristics

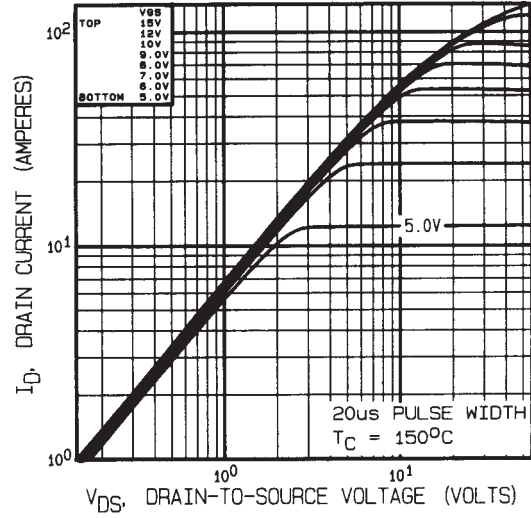


Fig 18. Typical Output Characteristics

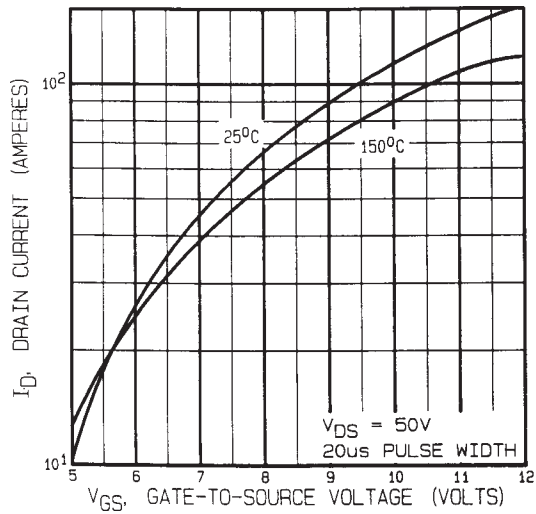


Fig 19. Typical Transfer Characteristics

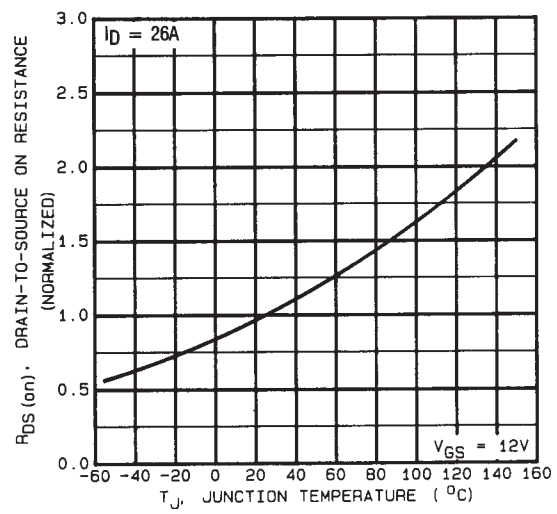
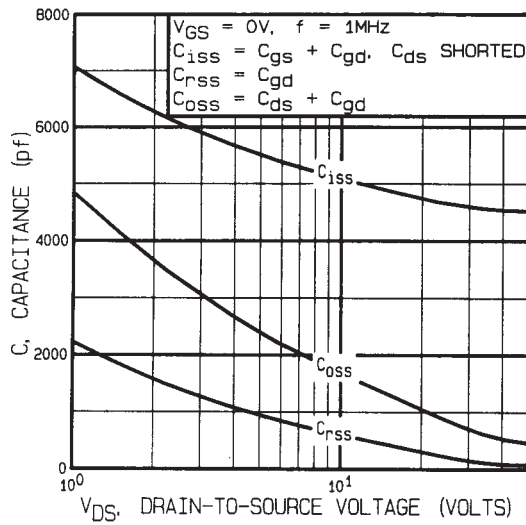
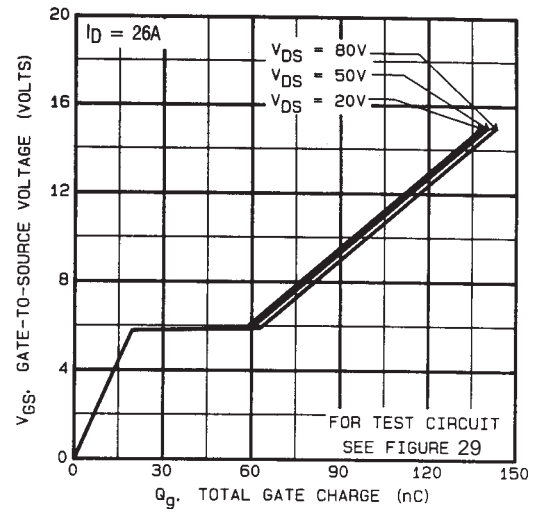


Fig 20. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

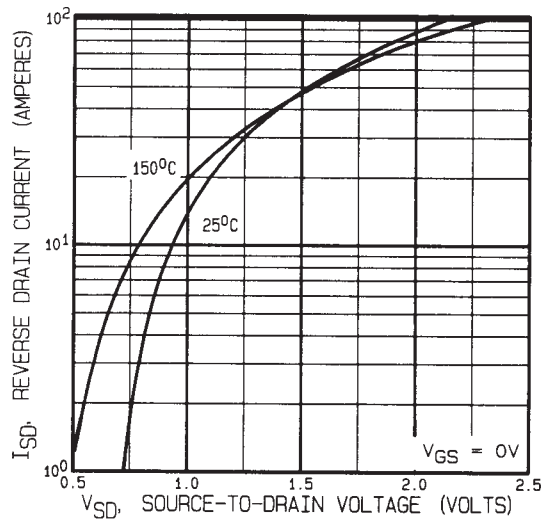




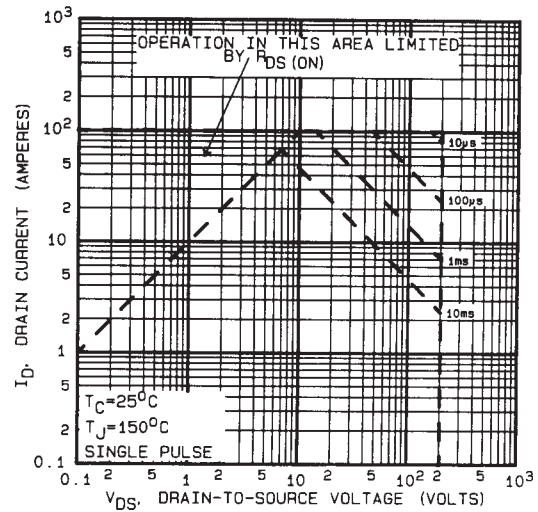
**Fig 21.** Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



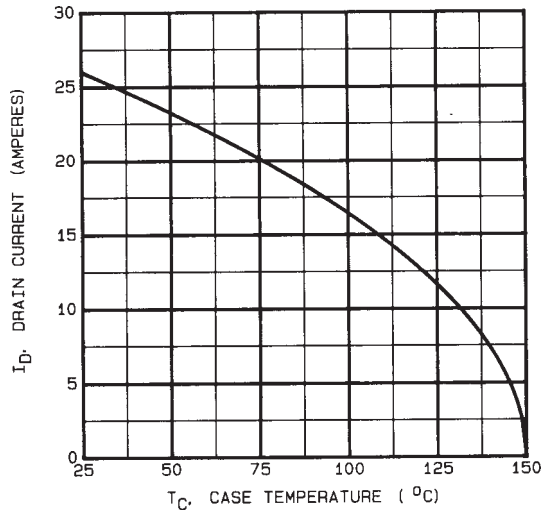
**Fig 22.** Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



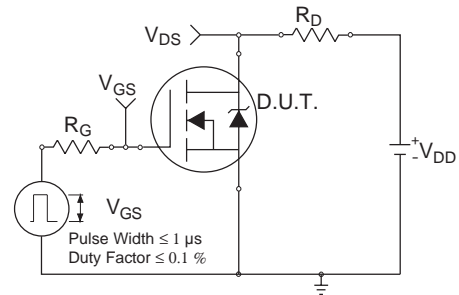
**Fig 23.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



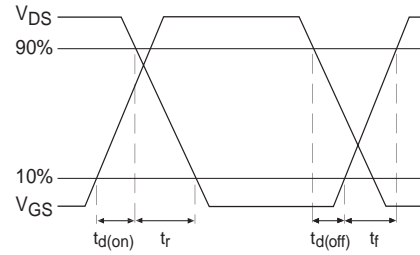
**Fig 24.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



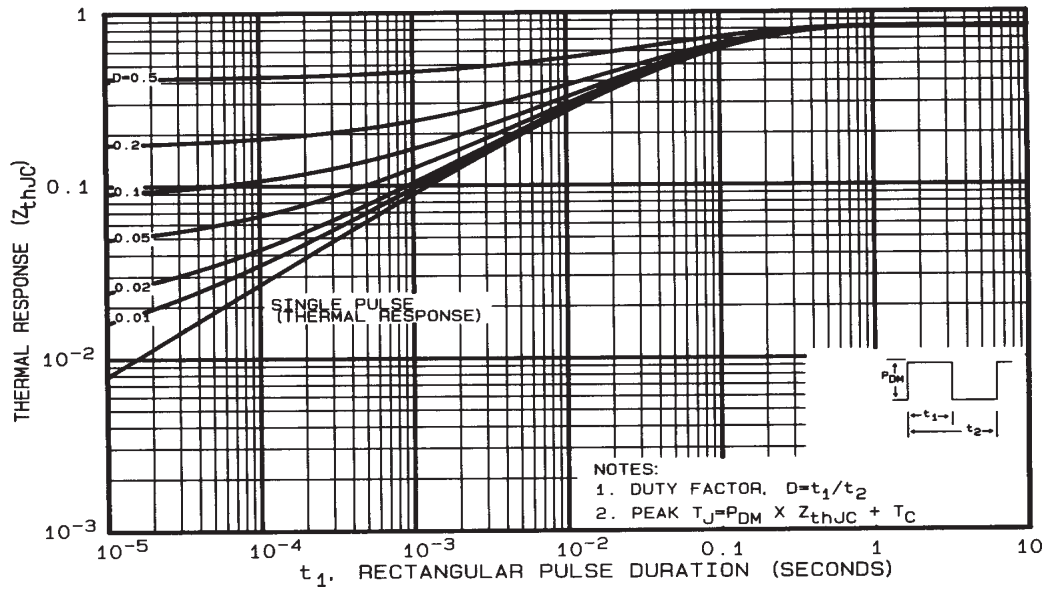
**Fig 25.** Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature



**Fig 26a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 26b.** Switching Time Waveforms



**Fig 27.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

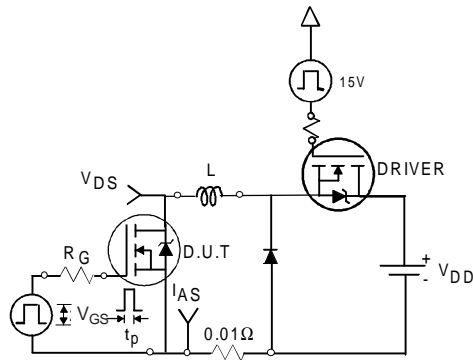


Fig 28a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

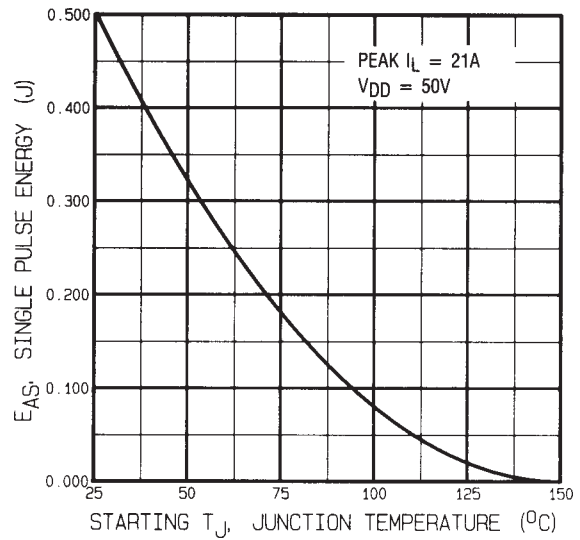


Fig 28c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

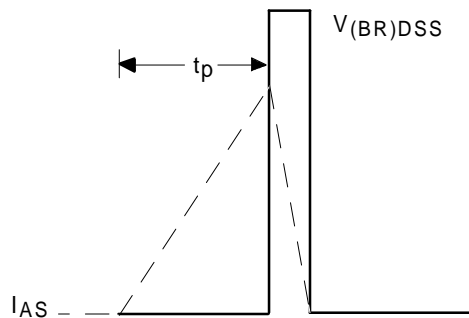


Fig 28b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

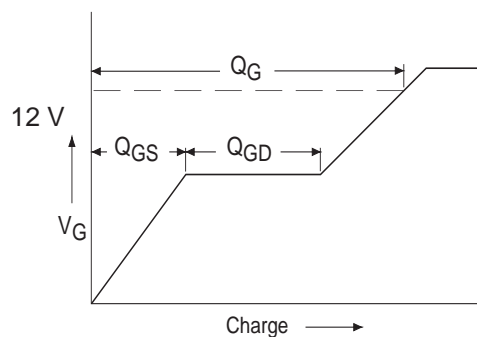


Fig 29a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

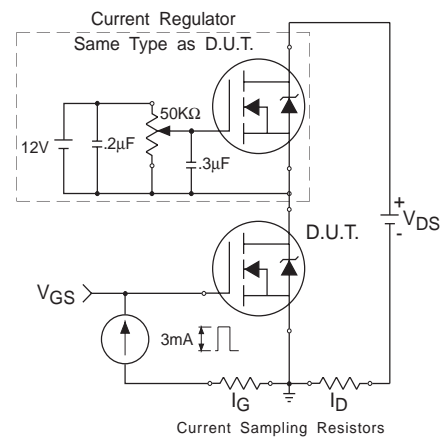
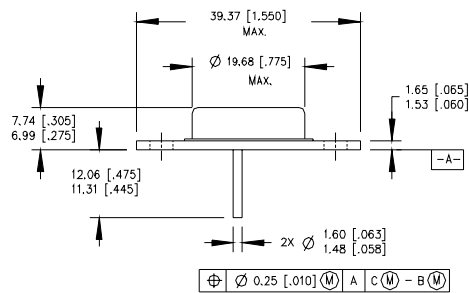


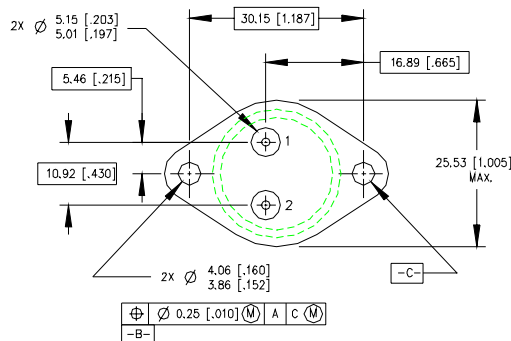
Fig 29b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

**Foot Notes:**

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ②  $V_{DD} = 25V$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ C$ ,  $L = 1.48mH$   
Peak  $I_L = 26A$ ,  $V_{GS} = 12V$
- ③  $I_{SD} \leq 26A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 190A/\mu s$ ,  
 $V_{DD} \leq 200V$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ C$
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu s$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤ **Total Dose Irradiation with  $V_{GS}$  Bias.**  
12 volt  $V_{GS}$  applied and  $V_{DS} = 0$  during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑥ **Total Dose Irradiation with  $V_{DS}$  Bias.**  
160 volt  $V_{DS}$  applied and  $V_{GS} = 0$  during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.

**Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-204AE****PIN ASSIGNMENTS**

- 1 - SOURCE
- 2 - GATE
- 3 - DRAIN (CASE)

**NOTES:**

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-204AE.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

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Data and specifications subject to change without notice. 12/02