

FRED

HFA35HB60C

Ultrafast, Soft Recovery Diode

**Features**

- Reduced RFI and EMI
- Reduced Snubbing
- Extensive Characterization of Recovery Parameters
- Hermetic
- Electrically Isolated
- Ceramic Eyelets

$$V_R = 600V$$

$$V_F = 1.9V$$

$$Q_{rr} = 270nC$$

$$di_{(rec)M}/dt = 345A/\mu s$$

**Description**

These Ultrafast, soft recovery diodes are optimized to reduce losses and EMI/RFI in high frequency power conditioning systems. An extensive characterization of the recovery behavior for different values of current, temperature and di/dt simplifies the calculations of losses in the operating conditions. The softness of the recovery eliminates the need for a snubber in most applications. These devices are ideally suited for power converters, motors drives and other applications where switching losses are significant portion of the total losses.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

|                          | Parameter                                                    | Max.        | Units      |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| $V_R$                    | Cathode to Anode Voltage (Per Leg)                           | 600         | V          |
| $I_{F(AV)}$              | Continuous Forward Current, ① $T_C = 100^\circ C$            | 30          | A          |
| $I_{FSM}$                | Single Pulse Forward Current, ② $T_C = 25^\circ C$ (Per Leg) | 150         |            |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation                                    | 63          | W          |
| $T_J, T_{STG}$           | Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range             | -55 to +150 | $^\circ C$ |

**Note:** ① D.C. = 50% rect. wave

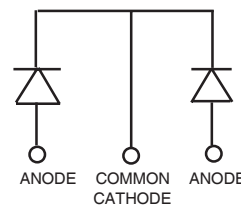
② 1/2 sine wave, 60 Hz, P.W. = 8.33 ms

**CASE STYLE**



**TO-254AA**

(ISOLATED BASE)



**Electrical Characteristics (Per Leg) @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

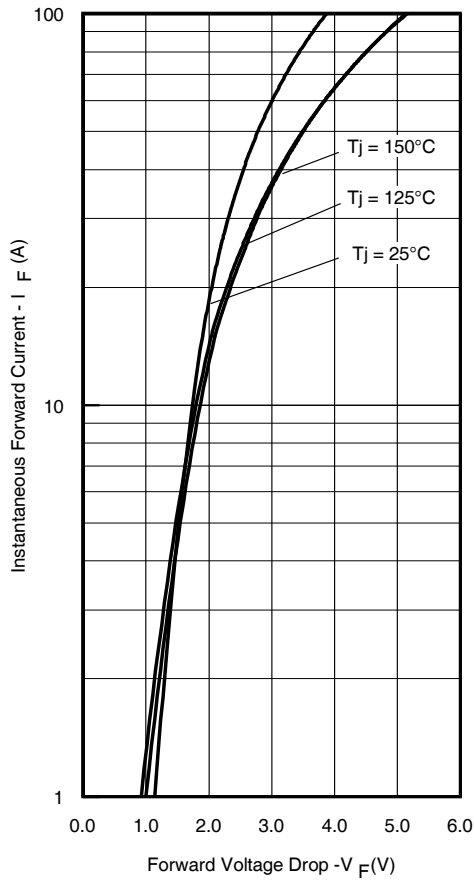
|          | Parameter                             | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units         | Test Conditions                                                        |
|----------|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $V_{BR}$ | Cathode Anode Breakdown Voltage       | 600  | —    | —    | V             | $I_R = 250\mu\text{A}$                                                 |
| $V_F$    | Forward Voltage<br>See Fig. 1         | —    | —    | 1.9  | V             | $I_F = 15\text{A}$                                                     |
|          |                                       | —    | —    | 2.3  |               | $I_F = 30\text{A}$                                                     |
|          |                                       | —    | —    | 2.1  |               | $I_F = 15\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$                            |
| $I_R$    | Reverse Leakage Current<br>See Fig. 2 | —    | —    | 10   | $\mu\text{A}$ | $V_R = V_R \text{ Rated}$                                              |
|          |                                       | —    | —    | 1.0  | mA            | $V_R = 480\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$                           |
| $C_T$    | Junction Capacitance, See Fig. 3      | —    | 24   | 36   | pF            | $V_R = 200\text{V}$                                                    |
| $L_S$    | Series Inductance                     | —    | 6.7  | —    | nH            | Measured from anode lead to cathode lead, 6mm ( 0.025 in) from package |

**Dynamic Recovery Characteristics (Per Leg) @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

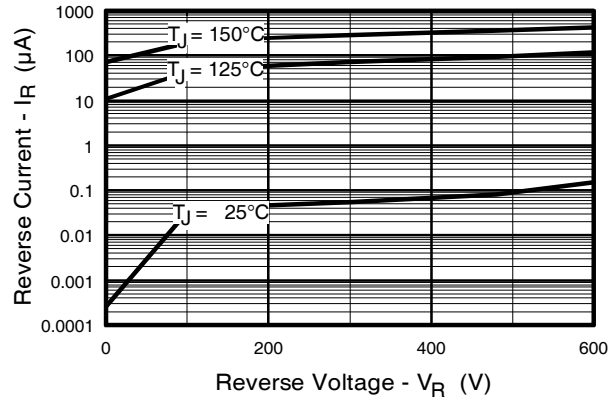
|                   | Parameter                             | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units            | Test Conditions                     |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| $t_{rr1}$         | Reverse Recovery Time                 | —    | 54   | 88   | ns               | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 5 |
| $t_{rr2}$         |                                       | —    | 94   | 140  |                  | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$           |
| $I_{RRM1}$        | Peak Recovery Current                 | —    | 5.6  | 7.8  | A                | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 6 |
| $I_{RRM2}$        |                                       | —    | 7.8  | 11.7 |                  | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$           |
| $Q_{rr1}$         | Reverse Recovery Charge               | —    | 180  | 270  | nC               | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 7 |
| $Q_{rr2}$         |                                       | —    | 435  | 650  |                  | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$           |
| $di_{(rec)M}/dt1$ | Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery Current | —    | 300  | 345  | A/ $\mu\text{s}$ | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 8 |
| $di_{(rec)M}/dt2$ | During $t_b$                          | —    | 190  | 285  |                  | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$           |

**Thermal - Mechanical Characteristics**

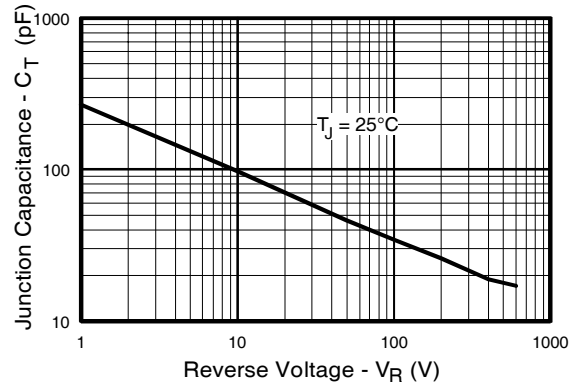
|            | Parameter                               | Typ. | Max. | Units              |
|------------|-----------------------------------------|------|------|--------------------|
| $R_{thJC}$ | Junction-to-Case, Single Leg Conducting | —    | 2.0  | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| Wt         | Weight                                  | 9.3  | —    | g                  |



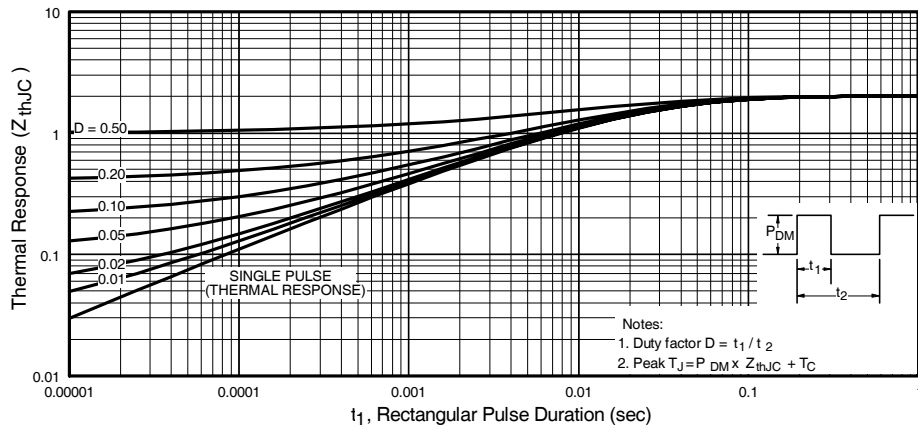
**Fig. 1** - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop Vs. Instantaneous Forward Current (Per Leg)



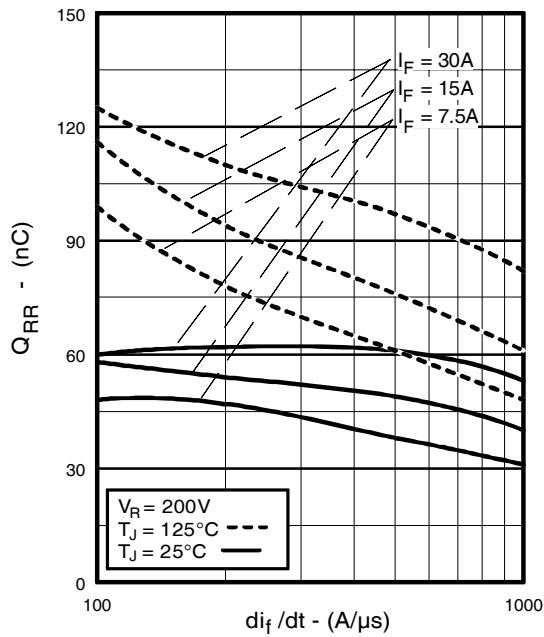
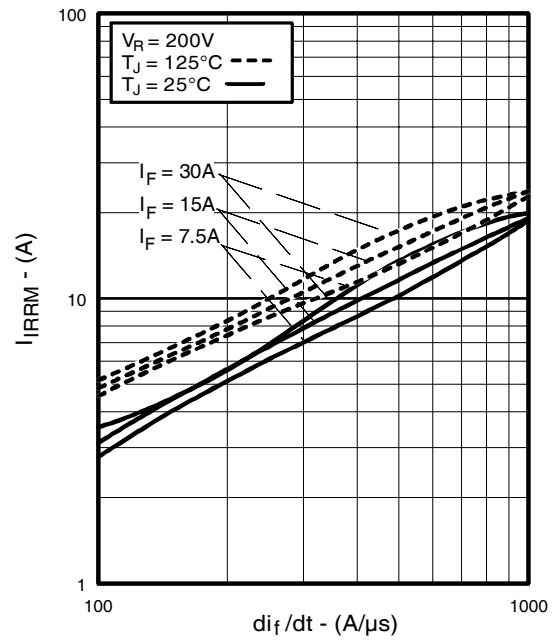
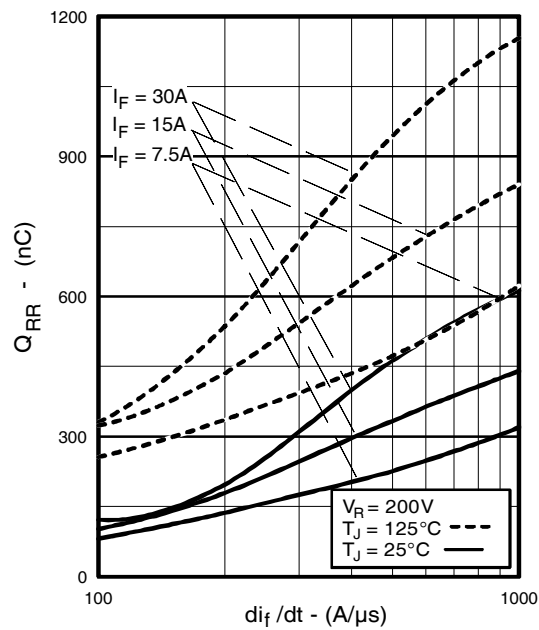
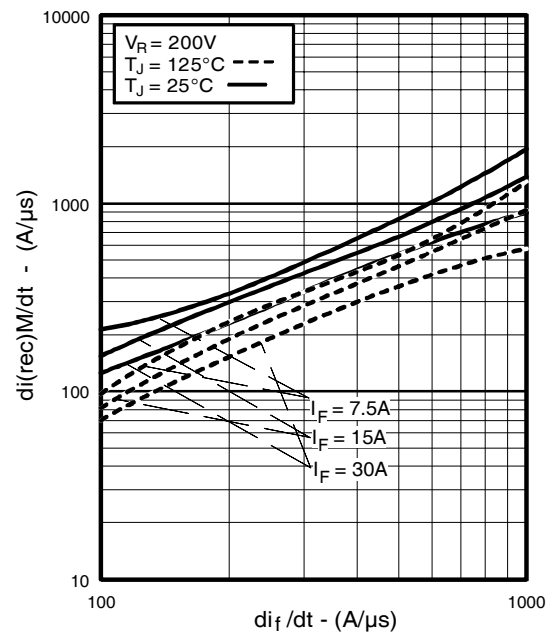
**Fig. 2** - Typical Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

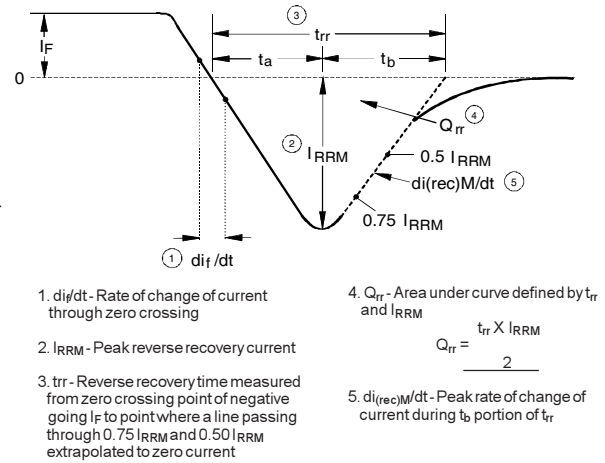
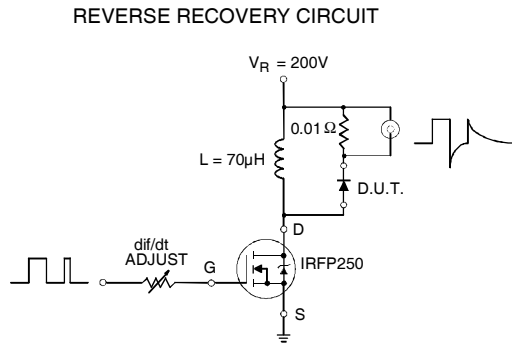


**Fig. 3** - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)



**Fig. 4** - Maximum Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thjc}$  Characteristics (Per Leg)

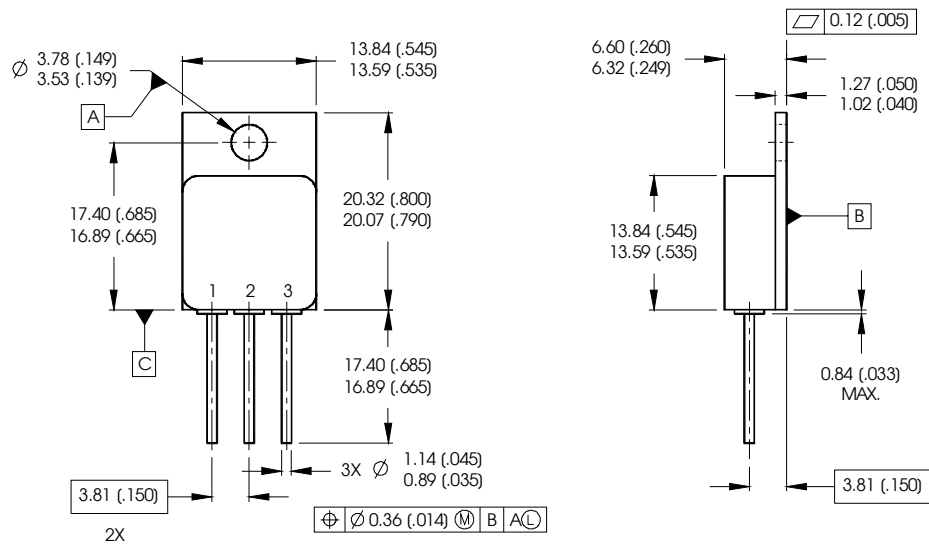
Fig. 5 - Typical Reverse Recovery Vs.  $di_f/dt$  (Per Leg)Fig. 6 - Typical Recovery Current Vs.  $di_f/dt$  (Per Leg)Fig. 7 - Typical Stored Charge Vs.  $di_f/dt$  (Per Leg)Fig. 8 - Typical  $di_{(rec)M}/dt$  Vs.  $di_f/dt$  (Per Leg)



**Fig. 9 - Reverse Recovery Parameter Test Circuit**

**Fig. 10 - Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions**

## Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-254AA



**NOTES:**

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
4. CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-254AA.

**PIN ASSIGNMENTS**

- 1 = ANODE 1
- 2 = COMMON CATHODE
- 3 = ANODE 2