

## BUFFER GATE DRIVER IC

### Features

- High peak output current > 10A
- Low propagation delay time
- Negative turn off bias can be applied to  $V_{EE}$  using an external supply
- Two output pins permit to choose different  $R_{on}$  and  $R_{off}$  resistors.
- Low supply current
- Undervoltage lockout
- Continuous 'on' capability
- Suitable for high power inverter applications in conjunction with an external pre-driver
- Lead-Free, RoHS Compliant
- Automotive qualified

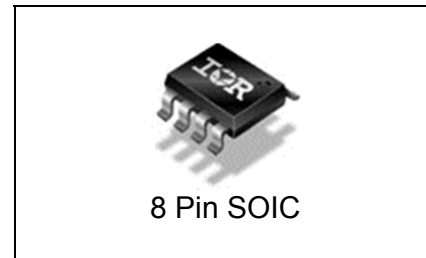
### Description

The AUIR0815 buffer gate driver family, in conjunction with a pre-driver stage, is suited to drive a single half bridge in power switching applications. These buffer gate drivers incorporate the ability to enter into a low quiescent current mode.

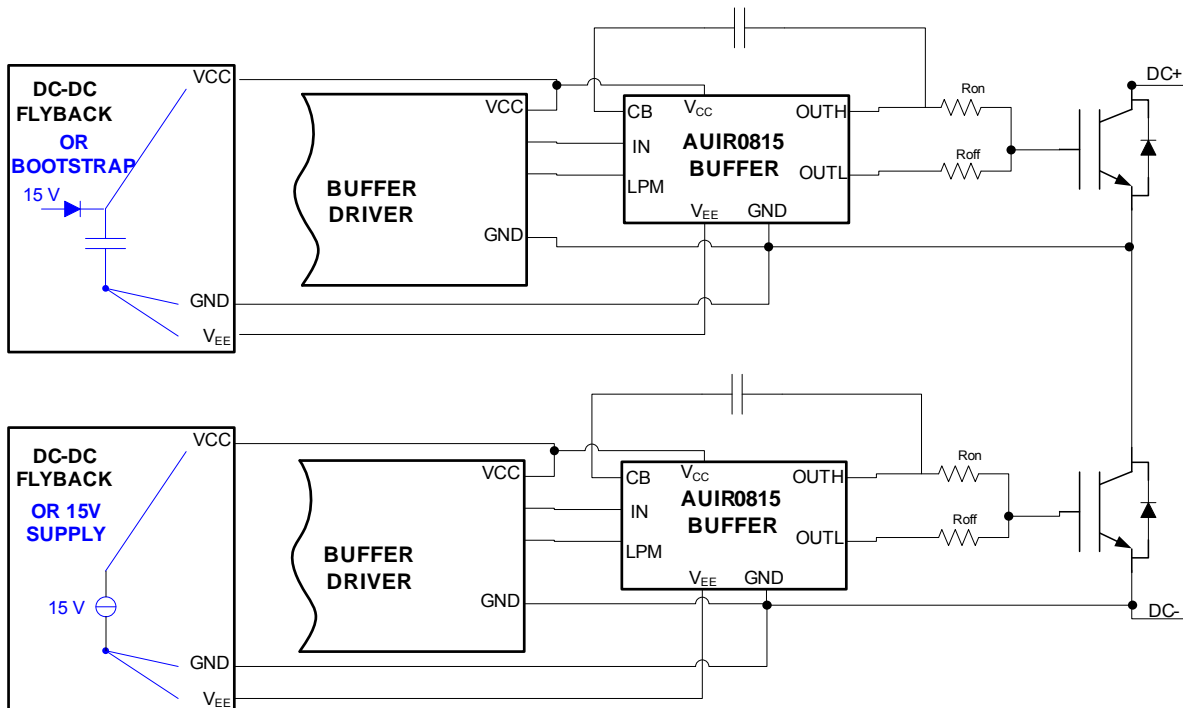
### Product Summary

$V_{CC} - GND$	10V to 30V
$GND - V_{EE}$	-1V to 20V
$V_{CC} - V_{EE}$	10V to 30V
$I_{O\ drive}$	> 10A

### Package



### Typical connection



## Qualification Information<sup>†</sup>

<b>Qualification Level</b>		Automotive (per AEC-Q100)	
		Comments: This family of ICs has passed an Automotive qualification. IR's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.	
<b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b>		SOIC8N	MSL2 <sup>††</sup> 260°C (per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020)
<b>ESD</b>	Machine Model	Class M1 (Pass +/-100 V) (per AEC-Q100-003)	
	Human Body Model	Class H1B (+/-1000V) (per AEC-Q100-002)	
	Charged Device Model	Class C4 (Pass +/-1000V) (per AEC-Q100-011)	
<b>IC Latch-Up Test</b>		Class II, Level A (per AEC-Q100-004)	
<b>RoHS Compliant</b>		Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site <http://www.irf.com/>

†† Higher MSL ratings may be available for the specific package type listed here. Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which permanent damage to the device may occur. These are stress ratings only, functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the "Recommended Operating Condition" is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to GND unless otherwise stated in the table. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

Symbol	Definition	Min	Max	Units
GND	to Vcc	-37	0.3	V
V <sub>EE</sub>	To Vcc	-37	0.3	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Logic input voltage to Vcc	- 40	0.3	V
VB	Vbootstrap to OUTPUT	-0.3	5.5	V
LPM	LPM voltage to Vcc	- 40	0.3(*)	V
V <sub>OUTH</sub>	OUTH Output voltage	Vcc-37	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>OUTL</sub>	OUTL output voltage	V <sub>EE</sub> -0.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
P <sub>D</sub>	Package power dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25 °C	—	1	W
RthJA	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	—	80	°C/W
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature	-40	150	°C
T <sub>S</sub>	Storage temperature	-55	150	°C
T <sub>L</sub>	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	—	300	°C

(\*) LPM is allowed to settle to an higher voltage than specified providing a current limitation of 10uA

## Recommended Operating Conditions

For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to GND unless otherwise stated in the table

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
V <sub>CC-GND</sub>	Gate driver positive supply voltage	6(*)	30	V
GND- V <sub>EE</sub>	Gate driver negative supply voltage. V <sub>EE</sub> is Shorted to GND in case of single supply operation	-1	15	
V <sub>CC- V<sub>EE</sub></sub>	Total supply voltage	10	30	
V <sub>OUTH</sub>	OUTH Output voltage	Vcc-30	Vcc	
V <sub>OUTH</sub> - V <sub>EE</sub>	Voltage difference between OUTH and V <sub>EE</sub>	-5	—	
V <sub>IN</sub>	Logic input voltage (IN and LPM)	Vcc-35	V <sub>CC</sub>	
Cboot	OUTPUT pull up boot capacitor	10	20	nF
Ron	OUTH series resistor to gate	1.5	20	Ohm
Roff	OUTL series resistor to gate	1.5	20	Ohm
Cs	Snubber capacitor between OUTH and VCC	10	24	nF

(\*)When 3V < V<sub>CC-GND</sub> < V<sub>CC-GND\_MIN</sub> 30 Ohm max resistance pulls down OUTL to V<sub>EE</sub> while OUTH is in HiZ. Guaranteed by design.

## Static Electrical Characteristics

$V_{CC-GND} = 15V$ ;  $GND-V_{EE} = 5V$ ; 15nF connects CB to OUTH; 22nF connects  $V_{CC}$  to OUTH;  $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < 125^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Definition	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{CCUV+}$	$V_{CC-GND}$ supply undervoltage positive going threshold	10.2	11.7	12.8	V	LPM=HIN=1= $V_{CC}$ $V_E=GND$ ; OUTH pulled to $V_{CC}-2V$ with 100mA current limitation
$V_{CCUV-}$	$V_{CC-GND}$ supply undervoltage negative going threshold	9.6	10.5	11.4		
$V_{CCUVH}$	$V_{CC-GND}$ supply undervoltage lockout hysteresis	0.5	1.2	—		
$V_{BUV}$	Vbootstrap undervoltage (*)	—	4	—	V	
$I_{QGG}$	GND supply current	—	—	60	uA	IN=X; LPM=X
$I_{QEESW}$	$V_{EE}$ supply current, IN switching	2	4	10	mA	IN switches at 10kHz 50% duty cycle; LPM=1
$I_{QEE0}$	$V_{EE}$ supply current, IN=0	—	—	8.0	mA	steady state with IN=0 and LPM=1
$I_{QEE025}$	$V_{EE}$ supply current, IN=0	—	—	6.5	mA	steady state with IN=0 and LPM=1, $T=25^{\circ}C$
$I_{QEE1}$	$V_{EE}$ supply current, IN=1	—	—	3	mA	steady state with IN=1 and LPM=1
$I_{QEELQ0}$	$V_{EE}$ supply current, LPM=0, IN=0	—	—	2	mA	steady state with IN=0 and LPM=0
$I_{QEELQ1}$	$V_{EE}$ supply current, LPM=0, IN=1	—	—	1.5	mA	steady state with IN=1 and LPM=0
$I_{QEEUV}$	$V_{EE}$ supply current, $V_{CC} < V_{CCUV-}$	—	—	1.8	mA	steady state with IN=X, LPM=X, $V_{CC} < V_{CCUV-}$
$I_{QOUTL1}$	Current flowing into OUTL	—	—	1.5	uA	IN=1; LPM=1; OUTL-GND=15V; OUTH disconnected
$I_{QB}$	Current into CB pin	—	—	1	mA	IN=1; LPM=1; CB-OUTH=5V
$I_{QOUTH0}$	Current flowing out from OUTH	—	—	3.5	mA	steady state with IN=0 and LPM=1, $V(OUTH)=V_{EE}$ , OUTL disconnected
$I_{BOUTH}$	Current flowing out from CB, bootstrap discharged	—	20	40	mA	steady state, CB shorted to OUTH, IN=0 and LPM=1, $V(OUTH)=V_{EE}$ , OUTL disconnected
$I_{OUTH+}$	OUTH high short circuit pulsed current	10	—	—	A	10A current pulse with PW<10usec
$I_{OUTL-}$	OUTL low short circuit pulsed current	10	—	—	A	

(\*)When  $CB-OUTH < V_{BUV}$  the power nmos pulling up OUTH is turned off. The high level on OUTH is kept by a parallel PMOS (see also block diagram).

## Pins: IN, LPM

$V_{CC-GND} = 15V$ ;  $GND-V_{EE} = 5V$ ; 15nF connects CB to OUTH; 22nF connects  $V_{CC}$  to OUTH;  $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < 125^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Definition	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{INH\ VCC}$	Logic "1" IN input voltage to $V_{CC}$	-3.5	-2.5	-1.0	V	$V_{CC-GND} > V_{CCUV-}$
$V_{INL\ VCC}$	Logic "0" IN input voltage to $V_{CC}$	-5.5	-4.5	-3.5		
$V_{INHIS}$	Logic IN input hysteresis	1	2	3.3		
$V_{LPMH\ VCC}$	Logic "1" LPM input voltage to $V_{CC}$	-3	-2.5	-1.4	V	$V_{CC-GND} > V_{CCUV-}$
$V_{LPML\ VCC}$	Logic "0" LPM input voltage to $V_{CC}$	-3.8	-3	-2.5		
$V_{LPMHIS}$	Logic LPM input hysteresis	0.25	-	1.8		
$I_{IN15}$	Current flowing out from IN when $V_{CC}-IN=15V$	40	90	180	uA	IN=GND
$I_{LPM15}$	Current flowing out from LPM $V_{CC}-LPM=15V$	10	25	50	uA	LPM=GND

## Pins: OUTH,OUTL

$V_{CC}-GND=15V$ ;  $GND-V_{EE}=5V$ ; 15nF connects CB to OUTH; 22nF connects  $V_{CC}$  to OUTH;  $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < 125^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Definition	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
Rup_OUTH25	Rdson pull up transistor OUTH	—	90	120	mOhm	10A current pulse with PW<10usec $T_A=25^{\circ}C$
Rdw_OUTL25	Rdson pull down transistor OUTL	—	180	240		
Rup_OUTH	Rdson pull up transistor OUTH	—	—	180		10A current pulse with PW<10usec
Rdw_OUTL	Rdson pull down transistor OUTL	—	—	320		
$I_{PMOS}$	OUTH Pull up current when bootstrap cap is discharged	5	20	30	mA	IN=1 LPM=1, CB-OUTH=2.5V, OUTH pulled to $V_{CC}-1.5V$

## AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{CC}-GND=15V$ ;  $GND-V_{EE}=5V$ ; 15nF connects CB to OUTH; 22nF connects  $V_{CC}$  to OUTH ; $R_{on}=5\text{ Ohm}$  ,  $R_{off}=5\text{ Ohm}$  ,  $C_{LOAD}=100nF$  ,  $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < 125^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified.

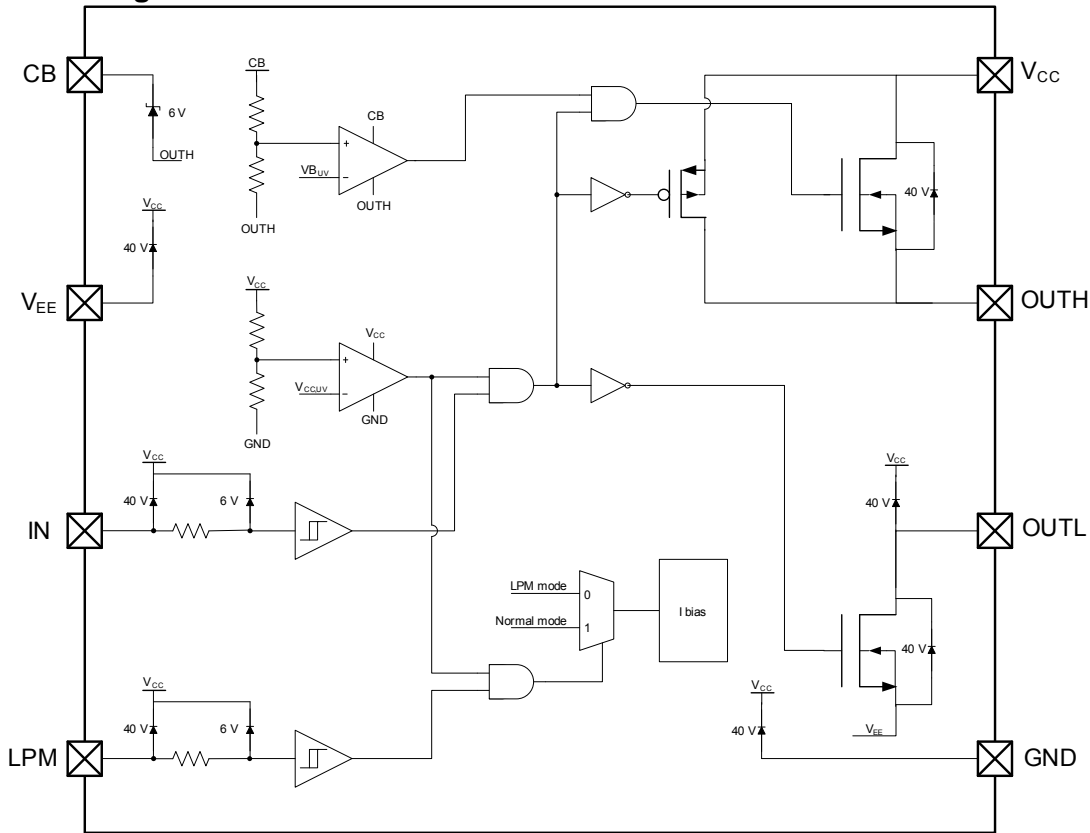
Propagation is from INPUT at GND or  $V_{CC}$  to 10% voltage variation of output

RISE FALL TIME is delay from 10% to 90% output swing

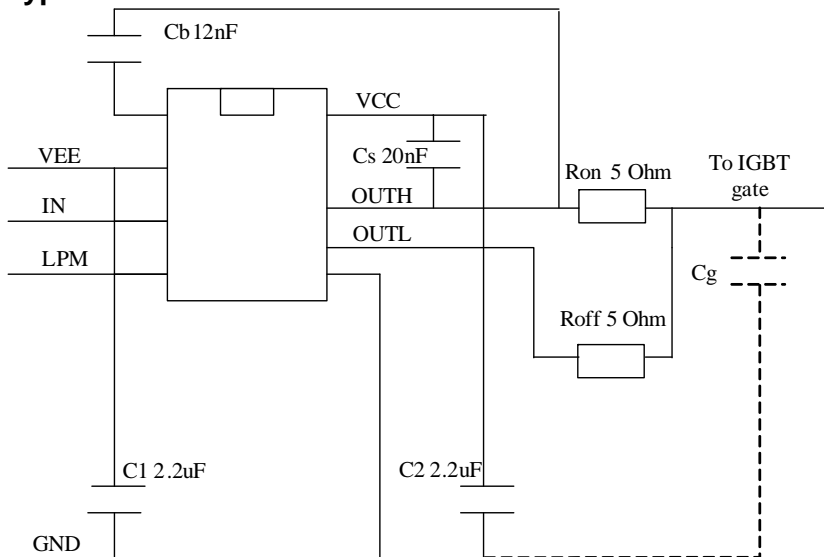
Symbol	Definition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$t_{on}$	Turn on propagation delay IN-OUTH	—	250	400	ns	
$t_{off}$	Turn off propagation delay IN-OUTL	—	250	350		
$t_r$	Turn on rise time OUTH	—	—	260		
$t_f$	Turn off fall time OUTL	—	—	150		
$t_{rLQ}$	Turn on rise time OUTH in Low Quiescent Current Mode	—	—	1000	ns	$V_{EE}=GND$ , LPM=0, $V_{CC}$ rises above $V_{CCUV+}$ ; $C_{LOAD}=100nF$ $R_{on}=5\text{ Ohm}$ , $R_{off}=5\text{ Ohm}$
$t_{fLQ}$	Turn off fall time OUTL in Low Quiescent Current Mode	—	—	1000	ns	$V_{EE}=GND$ , LPM=0, $V_{CC}$ falls below $V_{CCUV-}$ ; $C_{LOAD}=100nF$ $R_{on}=5\text{ Ohm}$ , $R_{off}=5\text{ Ohm}$
PW <sub>ON</sub>	IN high pulse width (*)	500	—	—	ns	No $C_{LOAD}$ , $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < 125^{\circ}C$
PW <sub>OFF</sub>	IN low pulse width (*)	500	—	—	ns	No $C_{LOAD}$ , $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < 125^{\circ}C$

(\*) IN pulse width lower than PW<sub>ONMIN</sub> (PW<sub>OFFMIN</sub>) min can be filtered

## Block Diagram:

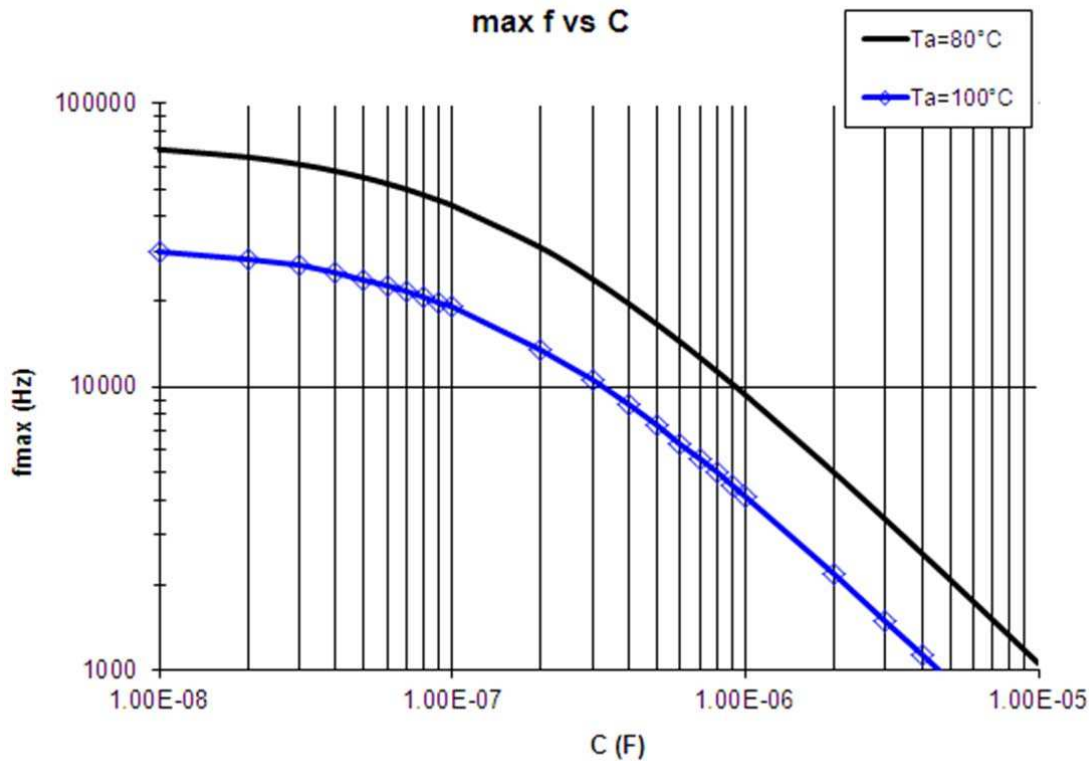


## Typical connection



It is recommended:

- to have a capacitance  $C_s$  connected between OUTH and VCC to limit  $dv/dt$  in OUTH node (mandatory if  $V_{cc}-V_{ee}>15V$ ). See Recommended Operating Condition for  $C_s$  value.
- to avoid the condition with OUTH directly shorted to OUTL
- Use ceramic capacitor for C1 and C2 with value  $> 20 \cdot C_{gate}$



Recommended maximum switching frequency when driving a capacitance  $C$  with a 3 Ohm external resistor.

$C_s = 20\text{nF}$  is connected between OUTH and  $V_{cc}$ .

$V_{cc} - V_{EE} = 24\text{V}$ .

**Truth Table**

Vcc	IN	LPM	Status/Comment
$V_{CC-GND\_MIN}$ to $V_{CCUV}$	-	-	OUTL = $V_{EE}$ , OUTH in HiZ $\rightarrow$ IGBT OFF; Low Quiescent Current Mode is active.
$V_{CCUV}$ to 30V	0	1	OUTL = $V_{EE}$ , OUTH in HiZ $\rightarrow$ IGBT OFF;
$V_{CCUV}$ to 30V	1	1	OUTL in HiZ, OUTH = $V_{cc}$ $\rightarrow$ IGBT ON;
$V_{CCUV}$ to 30V	0	0	OUTL = $V_{EE}$ , OUTH in HiZ $\rightarrow$ IGBT OFF; Low Quiescent Current Mode is active
$V_{CCUV}$ to 30V	1	0	OUTL in HiZ, OUTH = $V_{cc}$ $\rightarrow$ IGBT ON; Low Quiescent Current Mode is active

## Role of Cboot

Cboot capacitance, connected between OUTH and CB acts as a bootstrap supplying the circuitry driving the low  $r_{ds(on)}$  ( $R_{up\_OUTH}$ ) pull-up nmos connected between  $V_{cc}$  and OUTH.

In the application, when IN is low, OUTH is tied to  $V_{EE}$  and Cboot is charged to around 6V.

At IN rising the pullup nmos is turned on and it is able to provide a low impedance path between  $V_{CC}$  and OUTH.

Maintaining IN high Cboot get discharged and therefore the pullup nmos is turned off but the parallel pmos (see Block diagram) remains on maintaining OUTH tied to  $V_{CC}$ .

## Examples of system schematics with HVIC

This section shows how IR High Voltage IC (HVIC) gate drivers can be used to drive the AUIR0815.

All the examples refer to an inverter leg, showing the floating voltage sources  $V_{ch}$  and  $V_{eh}$  to supply the high side AUIR0815 and  $V_{cl}$  and  $V_{el}$  to supply the low side AUIR0815.

All the examples show 7V floating voltage sources to provide a negative  $V_{ge}$  to turn off each IGBT. In case a negative  $V_{ge}$  is not required these voltage sources can be replaced with a short circuit.

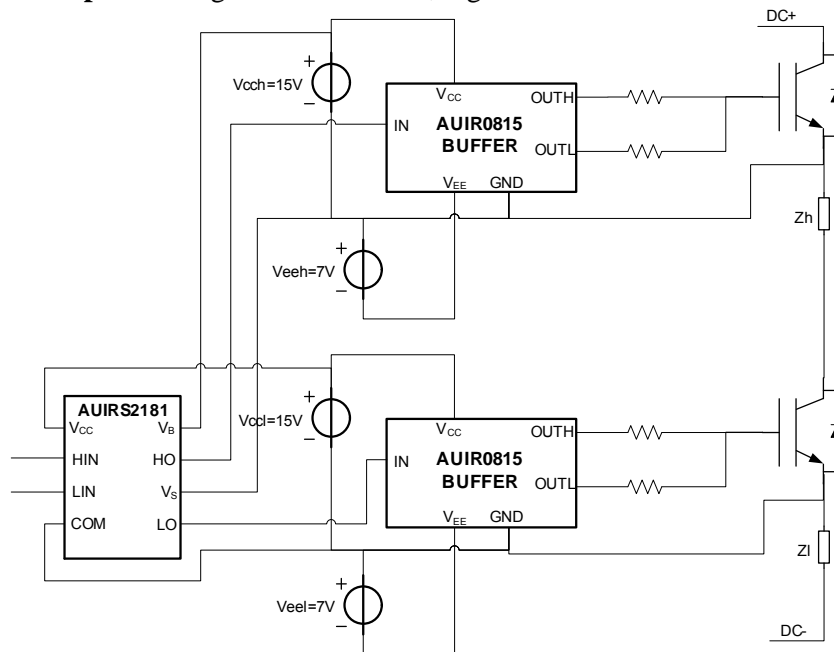
In case of three phase inverters, each of the high side AUIR0815 must have separated and isolated voltage supplies.

Only one DC power supply can be shared for the low sides AUIR0815 supplies (to be connected between AUIR0815  $V_{cc}$  and GND pins) and the corresponding drivers supplies (to be connected between HVIC  $V_{cc}$  and  $V_{ss}=COM$ ) pins.

Normally high  $di/dt$  occurs at low side switch turn on. This causes voltage spikes at low side IGBT emitter node, because of the inductive impedance  $Z_l$ , and the system must be robust to this.

A better immunity to the above transients can be obtained using one separate low side DC power supply for each low side.

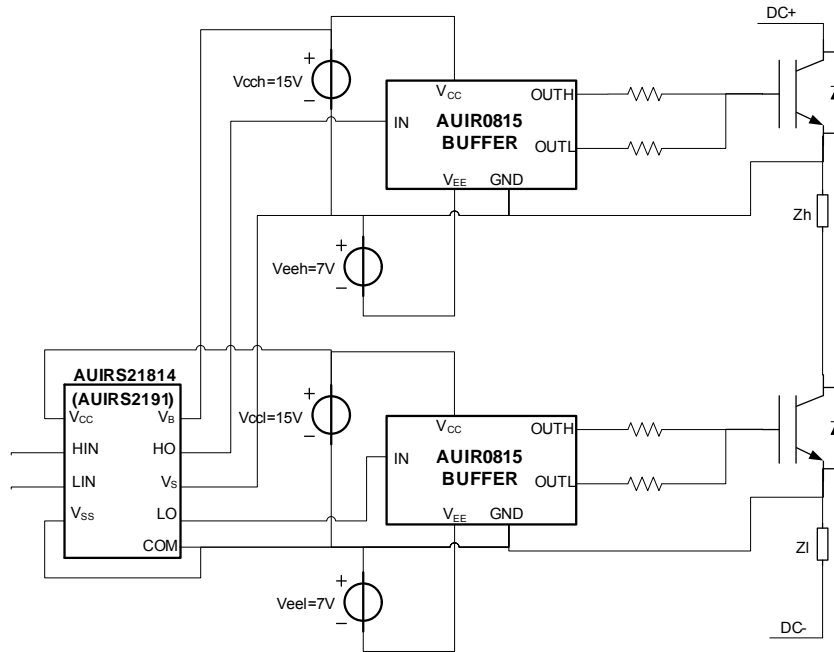
**Example 1:** using the AUIRS2181, high and low side driver with COM and no VSS pin.



Example 1

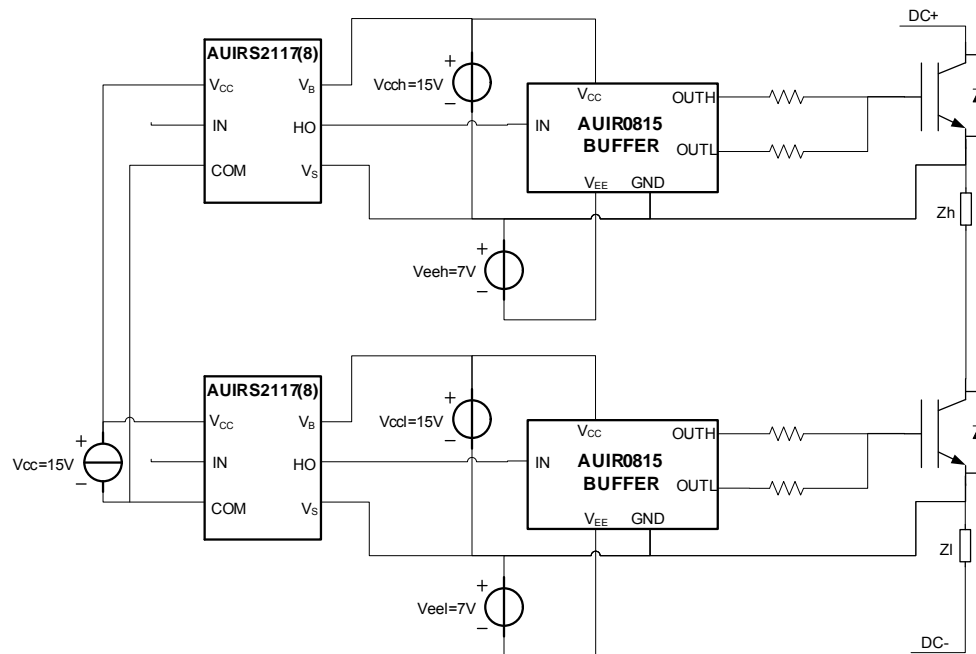


**Example 2:** using the AUIRS21814 (or the AUIRS2191), high and low side driver with COM pin and VSS pin.



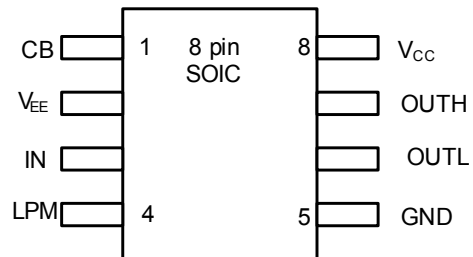
Example 2

**Example 3:** using the AUIRS2117(8), single channel driver. COM can be shorted to the Vs of the low side.



Example 3

## Lead Assignments

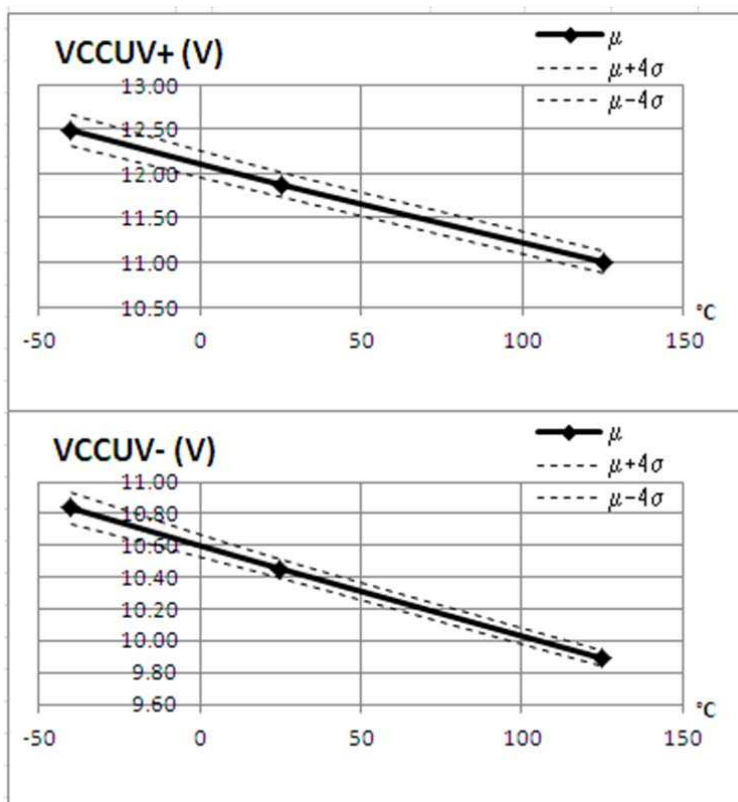


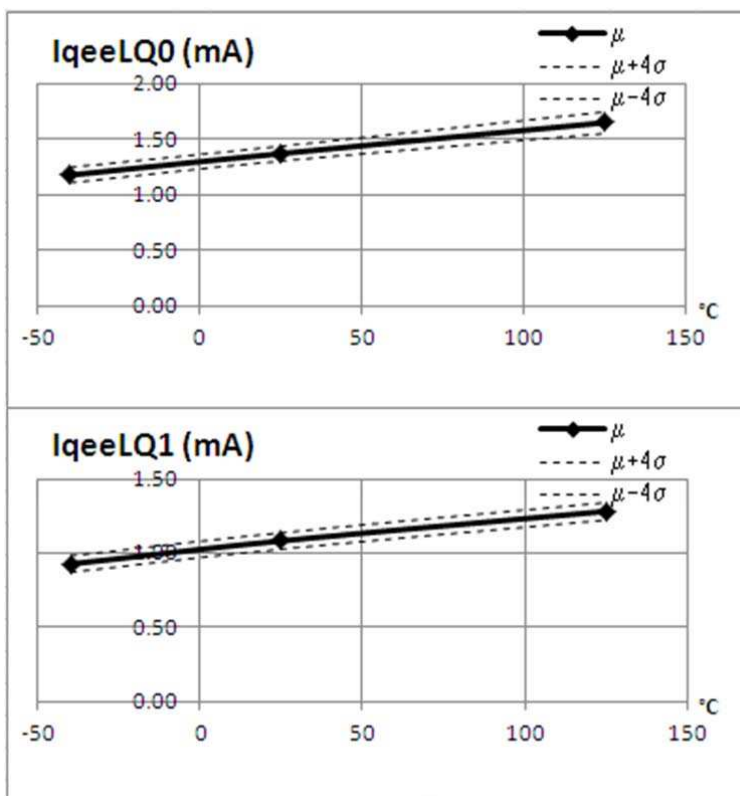
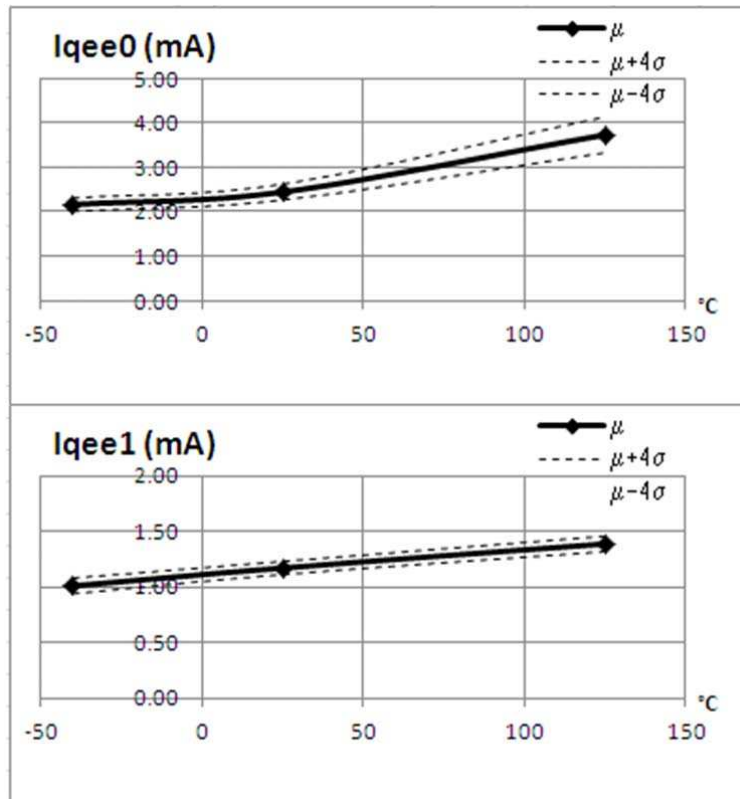
## Lead Definitions

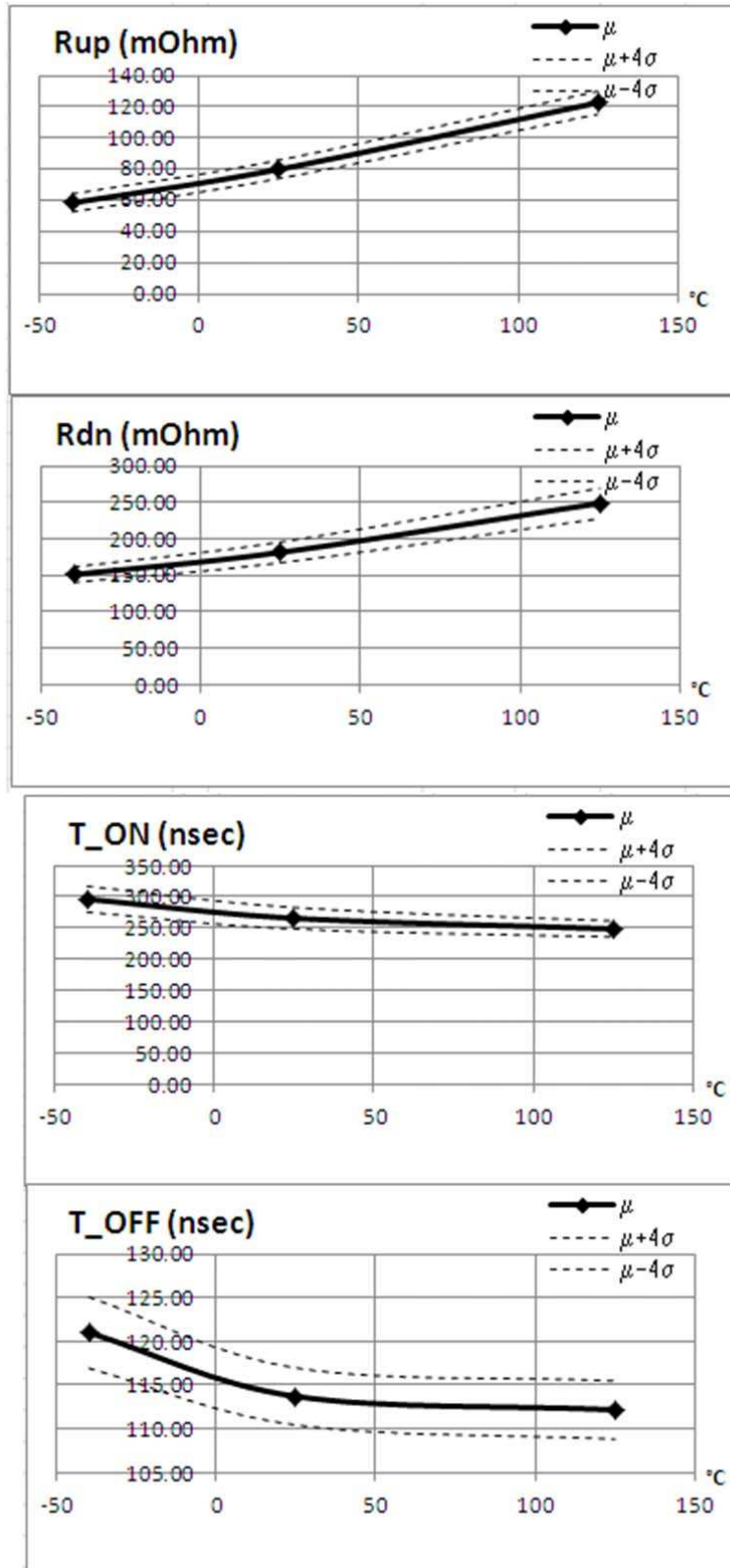
Symbol	Description
V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive supply
IN	Logic input for OUT
LPM	Logic input, for Low Power Mode: LPM=0 activates the Low Quiescent Current Mode
GND	Ground
OUTH	Power Output (pull up)
OUTL	Power Output (pull down)
C <sub>B</sub>	Boot capacitor
V <sub>EE</sub>	Negative supply pin (short to GND in case of single supply operation)

**Parameter Temperature Trends**

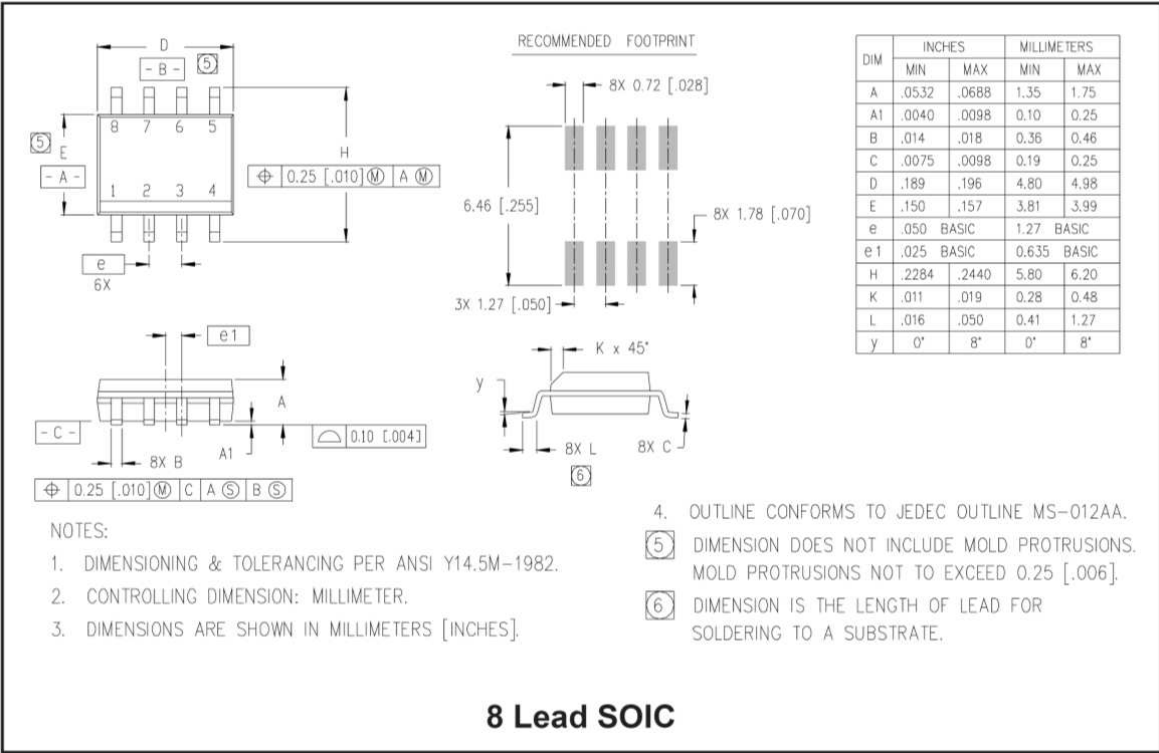
Figures illustrated in this chapter provide information on the experimental performance of the IC. The line plotted in each figure is generated from actual lab data. A large number of individual samples were tested at three temperatures (-40 °C, 25 °C, and 125 °C) in order to generate the experimental curve. The line consists of three data points (one data point at each of the tested temperatures) that have been connected together to illustrate the understood trend. The individual data points on the curve were determined by calculating the averaged experimental value of the parameter (for a given temperature).



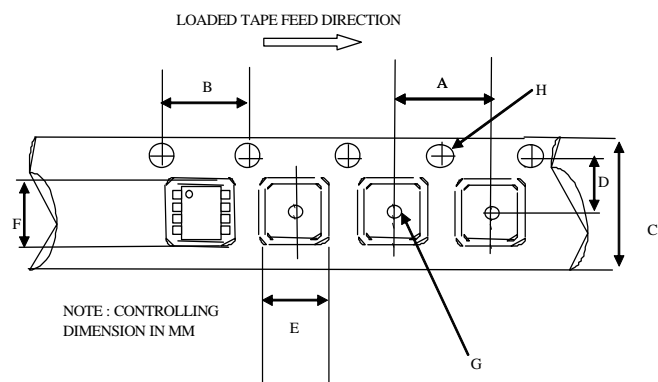




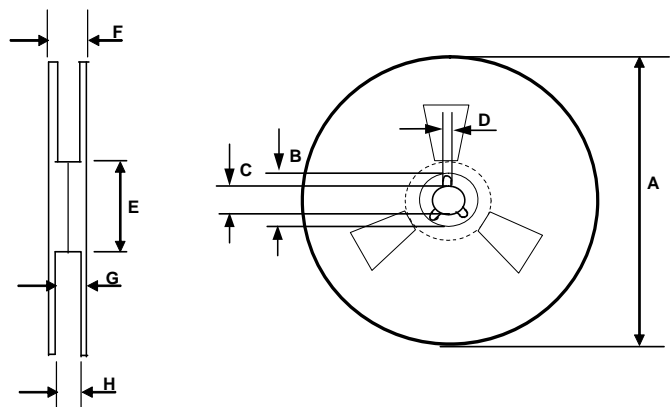
Case Outline



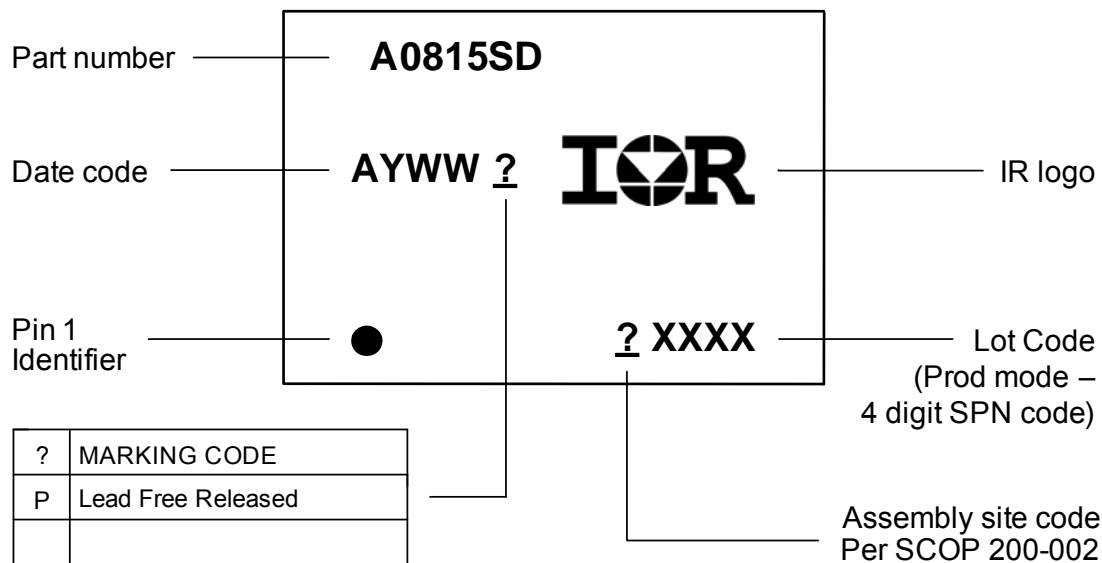
**Tape and Reel: SOIC8**



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 8SOICN				
Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	7.90	8.10	0.311	0.318
B	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161
C	11.70	12.30	0.46	0.484
D	5.45	5.55	0.214	0.218
E	6.30	6.50	0.248	0.255
F	5.10	5.30	0.200	0.208
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062



REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 8SOICN				
Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001
B	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844
C	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519
D	1.95	2.45	0.767	0.096
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015
F	n/a	18.40	n/a	0.724
G	14.50	17.10	0.570	0.673
H	12.40	14.40	0.488	0.566



## Ordering Information

Base Part Number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Complete Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
AUIR0815S	SOIC8	Tube/Bulk	95	AUIR0815S
		Tape and Reel	2500	AUIR0815STR



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