



PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.
4F, No.1, Lane 93, Chien Yi Road, Chung Ho City, Taipei, Taiwan.
Tel: 886-2-2225-3733 Fax: 886-2-2225-4800
E-mail: para@para.com.tw <http://www.para.com.tw>

DATA SHEET

PART NO. : L409GYW

REV : A / 3

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL : _____ DCC : _____

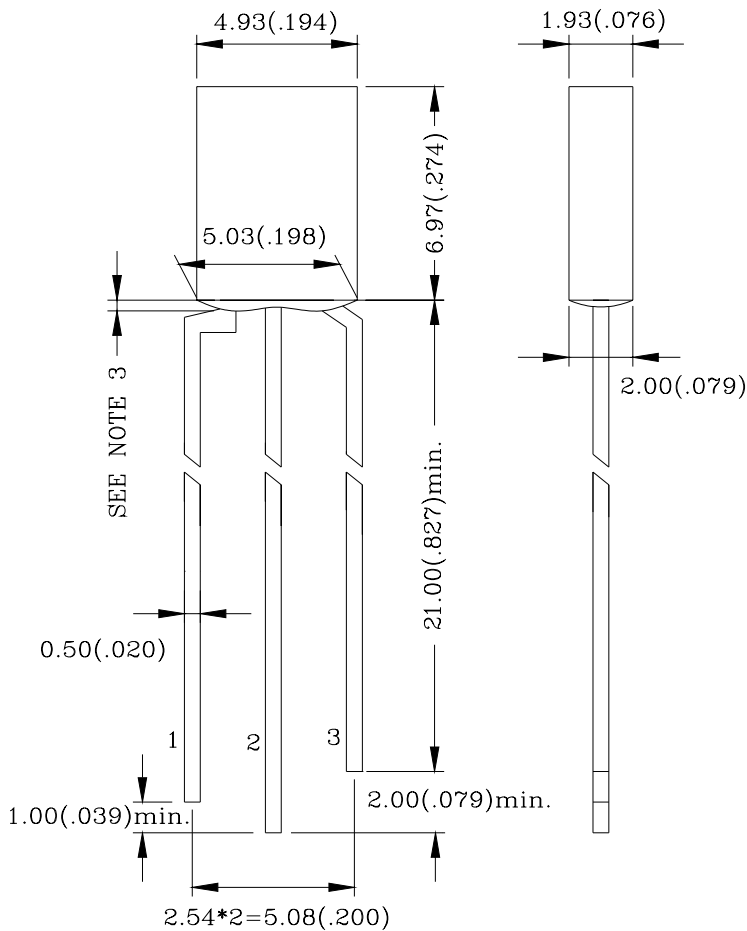
DRAWING NO. : DS-34-04-0181

DATE : 2009-08-14

Page : 1

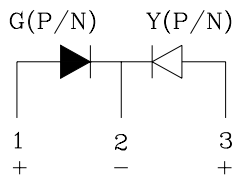
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

ITEM	MATERIALS
RESIN	Epoxy Resin
LEAD FRAME	Sn Plating iron Alloy



Note:

- 1.All Dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2.Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}(0.010 \text{ "})$ Unless otherwise specified.
- 3.Protruded resin under flange is $1.5\text{mm}(0.059 \text{ "})$ max.





2.0*5.0*7.0 mm RECTANGULAR LED LAMP

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FEATURES

- * High reliability
- * Low-voltage characteristics
- * Wide Viewing Angle
- * Pb FREE Products
- * RoHS Compliant

CHIP MATERIALS

- * Dice Material : GaAsP/GaP & GaP/GaP
- * Light Color : MULTICOLOR(YELLOW &YELLOW GREEN)
- * Lens Color : WHITE DIFFUSED

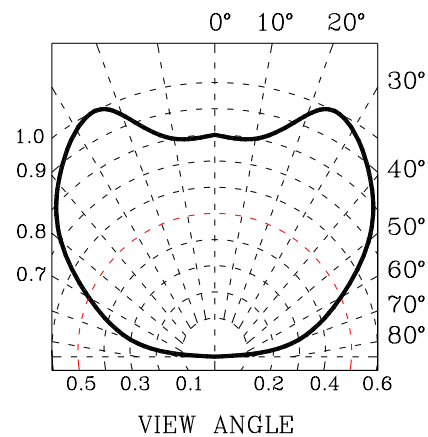
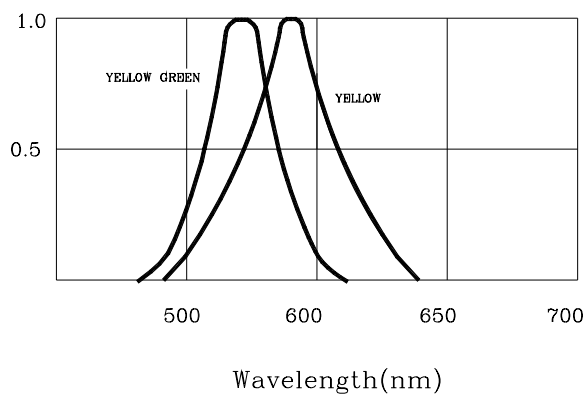
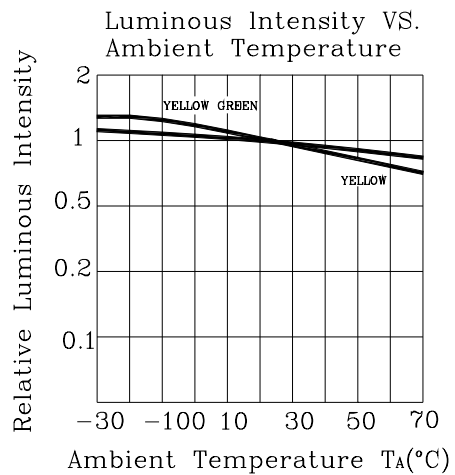
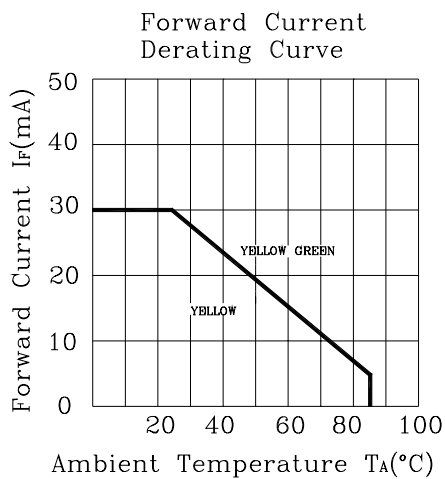
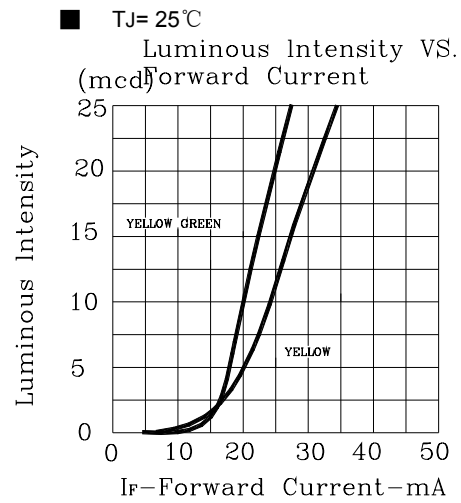
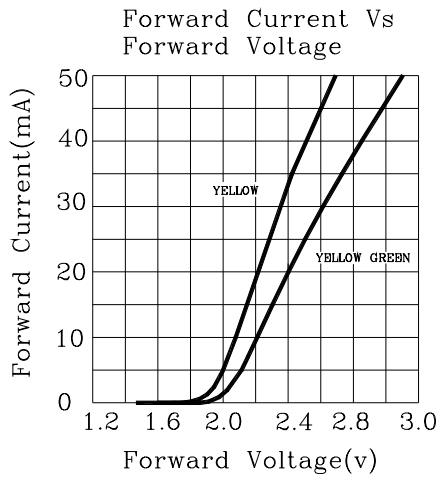
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING : (Ta = 25°C)

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	YELLOW GREEN	YELLOW	UNIT
P _D	Power Dissipation Per Chip	85	85	mW
V _R	Reverse Voltage Per Chip	5	5	V
I _F	Average Forward Current Per Chip	30	30	mA
I _{PF}	Peak Forward Current Per Chip (Duty=0.1,1KHZ)	120	80	mA
-	Derating Linear From 25°C Per Chip	0.4	0.4	mA/°C
T _{opr}	Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to 85°C		
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to 85°C		

IFP Condition : Pulse Width≤10msec, 10% duty cycle

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS : (Ta = 25°C)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _F	Forward Voltage	I _F =20mA	Yellow Green	2.2	2.8	V
			Yellow	2.1	2.8	V
I _R	Reverse Current	V _R =5V	Yellow Green		100	μA
			Yellow		100	μA
λ _D	Dominant Wavelength	I _F =20mA	Yellow Green	570		nm
			Yellow	586		nm
Δλ	Spectral Line Half-Width	I _F =20mA	Yellow Green	30		nm
			Yellow	35		nm
2θ _{1/2}	Half Intensity Angle	I _F =20mA	Yellow Green	120		deg
			Yellow	120		deg
I _V	Luminous Intensity	I _F =20mA	Yellow Green	10		mcd
			Yellow	5		mcd





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Label Explanation

		光鼎电子股份有限公司 PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.	
PARA NO. :			
LOT NO. :		INSPECTED	
BIN :			
Q' TY :		PCS	
N. W :		g	

PARA NO. : L409GYW

Refer to page 12

LOT NO. : E L L 4 7 0009

A B C D E F

A---E: For series number

B---L: Local F: Foreign

C---L: LAMP

D---Year

E---Month

F--- Serial number

BIN : Bin Code List

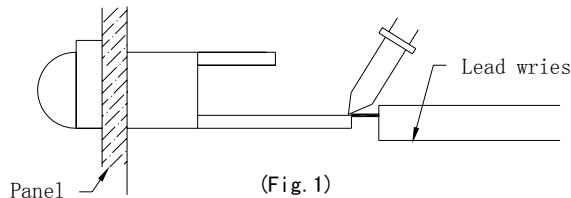
Luminous Intensity(IV), Unit:mcd@20mA					
Bin Code(G)	Min	Max	Bin Code(Y)	Min	Max
E	3.9	5.5	C	2	2.8
F	5.5	7.7	D	2.8	3.9
G	7.7	10.8	E	3.9	5.5
H	10.8	15.1	F	5.5	7.7
I	15.1	21.1	G	7.7	10.8

Tolerance of each bin are±15%

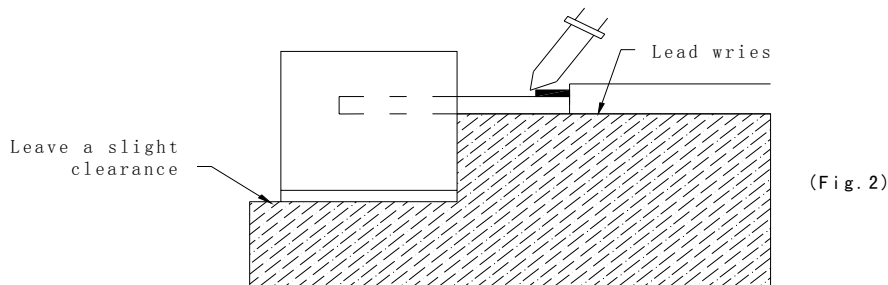
•SOLDERING

METHOD	SOLDERING CONDITIONS	REMARK
DIP SOLDERING	Bath temperature: 260°C Immersion time: within 5 sec, 1 time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solder no closer than 3mm from the base of the package Using soldering flux, "RESIN FLUX" is recommended.
SOLDERING IRON	Soldering iron: 30W or smaller Temperature at tip of iron: 300°C or lower Soldering time: within 3 sec.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> During soldering, take care not to press the tip of iron against the lead. (To prevent heat from being transferred directly to the lead, hold the lead with a pair of tweezers while soldering)

1) When soldering the lead of LED in a condition that the package is fixed with a panel (See Fig.1), be careful not to stress the leads with iron tip.



2) When soldering wire to the lead, work with a jig (See Fig.2) to avoid stressing the package.



Regarding tinning the leads, compound made of tin, copper and silver is proposed with the temperature of 260°C. The proportion of the alloyed solution is 95.5% tin, 3.5% copper, 0.5% silver. The time of tinning is 3 seconds.

• STATIC ELECTRICITY

1) Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs.

It is recommended that a wrist band and an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.

2) All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that measures be taken against surge voltage to the LED mounting equipment.

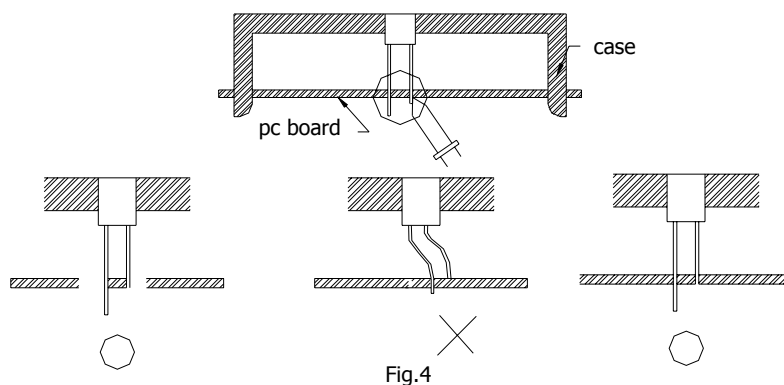
3) When inspecting the final products in which LEDs were assembled, it is recommended to check whether the assembled LEDs are damaged by static electricity. To find static-damaged LEDs, perform a light-on test or a VF test at a lower current (below 1mA is recommended).

4) Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the leakage current remarkably increases, the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current.

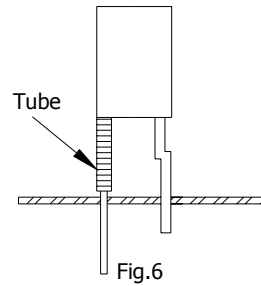
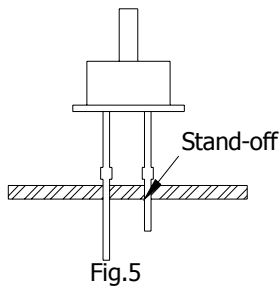
Criteria : ($V_F > 2.0V$ at $I_F = 0.5mA$)

• LED MOUNTING METHOD

1) When mounting the LED to a housing, as shown on Fig.4, ensure that the mounting holes on the PC board match the pitch of the leads correctly. Tolerance of dimensions of the respective components including the LEDs should be taken into account especially when designing the housing, PC board, etc. to prevent pitch misalignment between the leads and holes on PCB, the diameter of the holes should be slightly larger than the size of the lead. Alternatively, the shape of the holes could be made oval. (See Fig.4)

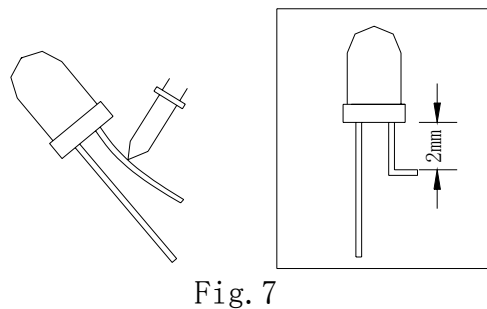


2) Use LEDs with stand-off (Fig.5) or the tube or spacer made of plastic (Fig.6) to position the LEDs.

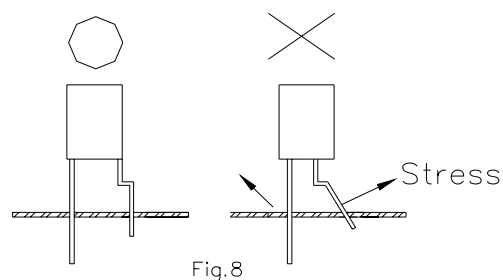


•FORMING LEAD

1) The lead should be bent at least 2mm away from the package. Bending should be performed with base fixed to a jig or pliers (Fig.7)



2) Forming lead should be carried out prior to soldering and never during or after soldering.
 3) Form the lead to ensure alignment between the leads and the holes on PCB, so that stress against the LED is prevented. (Fig.8)



•LEAD STRENGTH

1) Bend strength

Do not bend the lead more than twice. (Fig.9)

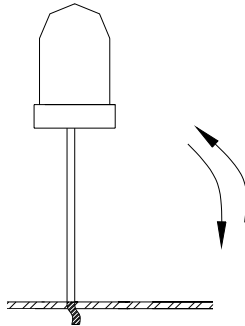


Fig.9

2) Tensile strength (@Room Temperature)

If the force is 1kg or less, there will be no problem. (Fig.10)

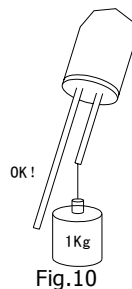


Fig.10

• HEAT MANAGEMENT

- 1) Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when designing the system. The temperature increase is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.
- 2) The operating current (IF) should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.



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●CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

- 1) Avoid exposure to chemicals as it may attack the LED surface and cause discoloration.
- 2) When washing is required, refer to the following table for the proper chemical to be used.
(Immersion time: within 3 minutes at room temperature.)

SOLVENT	ADAPTABILITY
Freon TE	⊙
Chlorothene	×
Isopropyl Alcohol	⊙
Thinner	×
Acetone	×
Trichloroethylene	×

NOTE: Influences of ultrasonic cleaning of the LED resin body differ depending on factors such as the oscillator output, size of the PC board and the way in which the LED is mounted. Therefore, ultrasonic cleaning should only be performed by confirming an ultrasonic cleaning trial run.

⊙--Usable ×--Do not use.

●OTHER CONSIDERTIONS

- 1) Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- 2) The LEDs described in this data sheet are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult PARA's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required , particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, spacecraft, automobiles, traffic control equipment etc).
- 3) The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.



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LED Lamps: Part Number Rules

