

SUPER FAST RECTIFIER

VOLTAGE RANGE: 600 V
CURRENT: 3.0 A

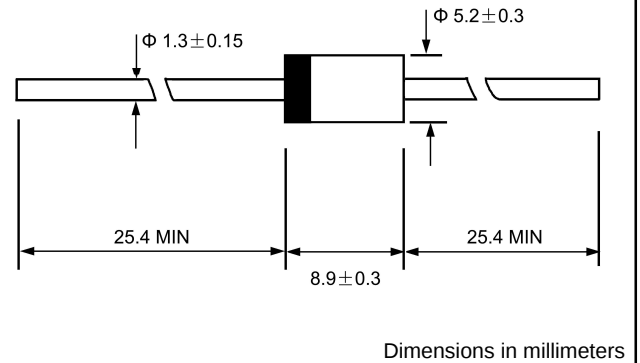
FEATURES

- ◇ Low cost
- ◇ Diffused junction
- ◇ Low leakage
- ◇ Low forward voltage drop
- ◇ High current capability
- ◇ Easily cleaned with alcohol, Isopropanol and similar solvents
- ◇ The plastic material carries U/L recognition 94V-0

MECHANICAL DATA

- ◇ Case: JEDEC DO-27, molded plastic
- ◇ Terminals: Axial lead, solderable per MIL-STD202, Method 208
- ◇ Polarity: Color band denotes cathode
- ◇ Weight: 0.041 ounces, 1.15 grams
- ◇ Mounting position: Any

DO - 27



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 50Hz, resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load, derate by 20%.

		31DF6	UNITS
Maximum recurrent peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	600	V
Maximum RMS voltage	V_{RMS}	420	V
Maximum DC blocking voltage	V_{DC}	600	V
Maximum average forward rectified current 9.5mm lead length, @ $T_A = 75^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{F(AV)}$	3.0	A
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms single half-sine-wave superimposed on rated load @ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FSM}	45.0	A
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage @ 3.0A	V_F	1.7	V
Maximum reverse current @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ at rated DC blocking voltage @ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_R	20.0 100.0	μA
Maximum reverse recovery time (Note1)	t_{rr}	35	ns
Typical junction capacitance (Note2)	C_J	90	pF
Typical thermal resistance (Note3)	$R_{\theta JA}$	34	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Operating junction temperature range	T_J	- 55 ----- + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range	T_{STG}	- 55 ----- + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

NOTE: 1. Measured with $I_F = 0.5\text{A}$, $I_R = 1\text{A}$, $t_{rr} = 0.25\text{A}$.

2. Measured at 1.0MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V DC.

3. Thermal resistance from junction to ambient.

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FIG.1 – FORWARD DERATING CURVE

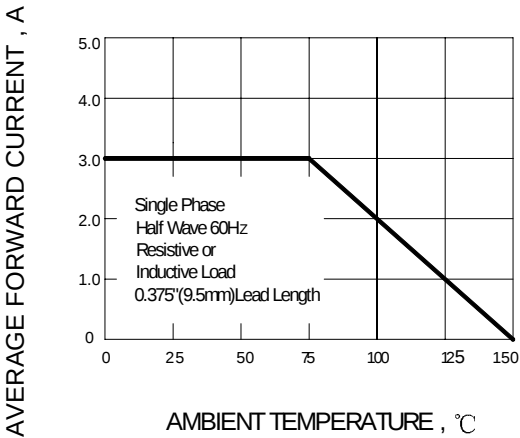


FIG.2 – PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

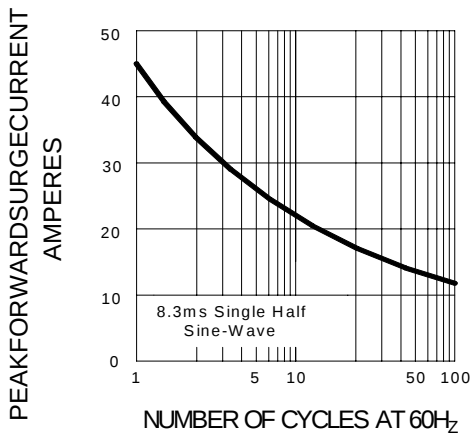


FIG.3 – TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTIC

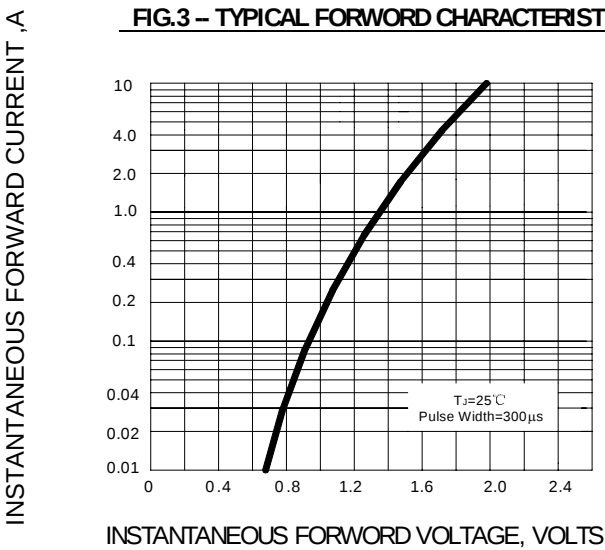


FIG.4-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

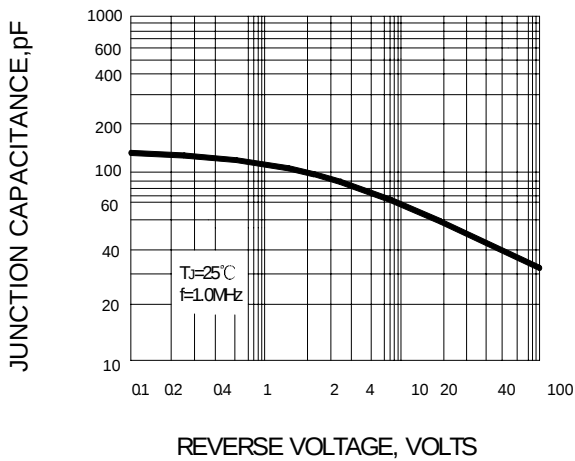


FIG.5-AVERAGE FORWARD POWER DISSIPATION

