

FEATURES

- ▶ Small DIP-16 Plastic Package
23.8 x 13.7 x 8.0 mm (0.94 x 0.54 x 0.31 inches)
- ▶ Wide 2:1 Input Range
- ▶ Fully regulated Output
- ▶ Operating Temp. Range -40°C to +80°C
- ▶ Short Circuit Protection
- ▶ I/O-isolation 1500 VDC
- ▶ Input Filter meets EN55022, class A and FCC, level A
- ▶ Cost optimized Design
- ▶ CSA/UL/IEC/EN 60950-1 Safety Approval
- ▶ 3 Year Product Warranty



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MDW1 series is a range of isolated 2W DC/DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and wide 2:1 input voltage ranges. The products come in a compact DIP-16 package with a low height of just 8.0 mm (0.31 inch). An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40°C to +80°C.

These DC/DC converters offer an economical solution for many cost critical applications in battery-powered equipment and instrumentation.

Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range) VDC	Output Voltage VDC	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current mA(typ.)	Max. capacitive Load μF	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max. mA	Min. mA	@Max. Load mA(typ.)	@No Load mA(typ.)			@Max. Load %
MDW1011	5 (4.5 ~ 9)	3.3	500	125	471	40	100	2200	70
MDW1012		5	400	100	548			1000	73
MDW1013		12	167	42	534			170	75
MDW1014		15	134	33	582			110	73
MDW1015		±5	±200	±50	667			470#	64
MDW1016		±12	±83	±21	615			100#	69
MDW1017		±15	±67	±17	598			47#	71
MDW1021	12 (9 ~ 18)	3.3	500	125	184	20	25	2200	73
MDW1022		5	400	100	217			1000	77
MDW1023		12	167	42	209			170	80
MDW1024		15	134	33	220			110	80
MDW1025		±5	±200	±50	242			470#	73
MDW1026		±12	±83	±21	224			100#	78
MDW1027		±15	±67	±17	226			47#	78
MDW1031	24 (18 ~ 36)	3.3	500	125	96	10	15	2200	72
MDW1032		5	400	100	109			1000	77
MDW1033		12	167	42	109			170	80
MDW1034		15	134	33	108			110	81
MDW1035		±5	±200	±50	119			470#	74
MDW1036		±12	±83	±21	112			100#	78
MDW1037		±15	±67	±17	110			47#	80
MDW1041	48 (36 ~ 75)	3.3	500	125	49	8	10	2200	71
MDW1042		5	400	100	57			1000	73
MDW1043		12	167	42	53			170	79
MDW1044		15	134	33	55			110	79
MDW1045		±5	±200	±50	62			470#	71
MDW1046		±12	±83	±21	57			100#	77
MDW1047		±15	±67	±17	57			47#	77

For each output

Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	5V Input Models	-0.7	---	11	VDC
	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	25	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	50	
	48V Input Models	-0.7	---	100	
Start-Up Voltage	5V Input Models	3.5	4	4.5	
	12V Input Models	4.5	7	9	
	24V Input Models	8	12	18	
	48V Input Models	16	24	36	
Under Voltage Shutdown	5V Input Models	---	3.5	4	
	12V Input Models	---	6.5	8.5	
	24V Input Models	---	11	17	
	48V Input Models	---	22	34	
Reverse Polarity Input Current	All Models	---	---	1	A
Short Circuit Input Power		---	---	1500	mW
Internal Power Dissipation		---	---	1800	mW
Conducted EMI		Compliance to EN 55022, class A and FCC part 15, class A			

Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy	At 50% Load and Nominal Vin	---	---	±2.0	%Vom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±1.0	±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max.	---	±0.3	±0.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=25% to 100%	---	±0.5	±0.75	%
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	30	50	mV P-P
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change	---	100	300	μsec
Transient Response Deviation		---	±3	±5	%
Temperature Coefficient		---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous				

General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V	---	250	420	pF
Switching Frequency		---	300	---	KHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	1,000,000	---	---	Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(CSA certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1(CB-scheme)				

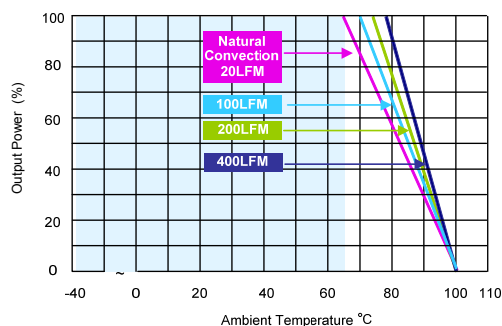
Input Fuse

5V Input Models	12V Input Models	24V Input Models	48V Input Models
1000mA Slow-Blow Type	500mA Slow-Blow Type	250mA Slow-Blow Type	120mA Slow-Blow Type

Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)	Natural Convection	-40	+80	°C
Case Temperature		---	+90	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-55	+105	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling	Free-Air convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

Power Derating Curve

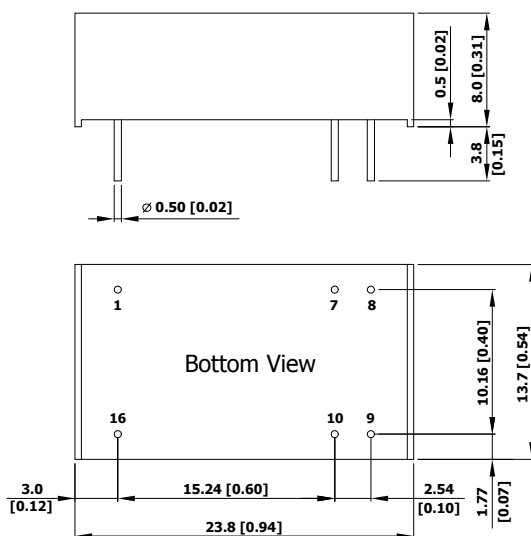


Notes

- Specifications typical at $T_a = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
- Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz.
- These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these
- All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- That "natural convection" is about 20LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).
- Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Package Specifications

Mechanical Dimensions



Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	-Vin	-Vin
7	NC	NC
8	NC	Common
9	+Vout	+Vout
10	-Vout	-Vout
16	+Vin	+Vin

NC: No Connection

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: $X.X \pm 0.25$ ($X.XX \pm 0.01$)
 $X.XX \pm 0.13$ ($X.XXX \pm 0.005$)
- ▶ Pin diameter $\varnothing 0.5 \pm 0.05$ (0.02 ± 0.002)

Physical Characteristics

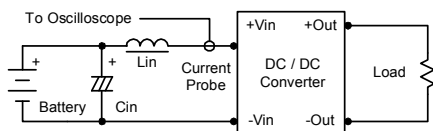
Case Size	: 23.8x13.7x8.0 mm (0.94x0.54x0.31 inches)
Case Material	: Non-Conductive Black Plastic (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: phosphor bronze
Weight	: 5.1g

Test Setup

Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

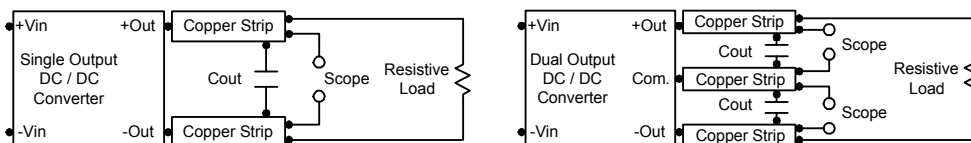
Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor L_{in} (4.7 μ H) and C_{in} (220 μ F, ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 KHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor C_{in} offsets possible battery impedance.

Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 KHz.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a C_{out} 0.47 μ F ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



Technical Notes

Maximum Capacitive Load

The MDW1000 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance on the output. The power module may operate in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Overcurrent Protection

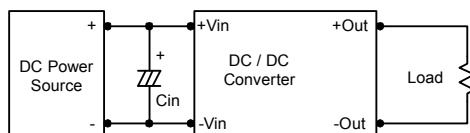
To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module.

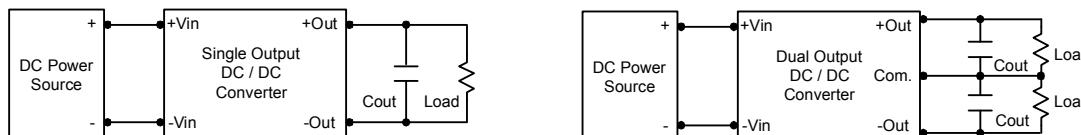
In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor on the input to insure startup.

By using a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 kHz) capacitor of a 8.2 μ F for the 5V input devices, a 3.3 μ F for the 12V input devices and a 1.5 μ F for the 24V and 48V devices, capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 3.3 μ F capacitors at the output.



Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 90°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

