

Product Specification

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- ( ) Preliminary Specification
- ( ● ) Final Specification

Title	23.0" WXGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC230W01
SUFFIX	A2

\*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
/	
/	
/	

SIGNATURE	DATE
S.W.Lee / G.Manager	
<b>REVIEWED BY</b>	
S.G.Hong/ Manager	
<b>PREPARED BY</b>	
P.Y.Kim / Engineer	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

**MNT/TV Products Engineering Dept.  
LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd**

## Product Specification

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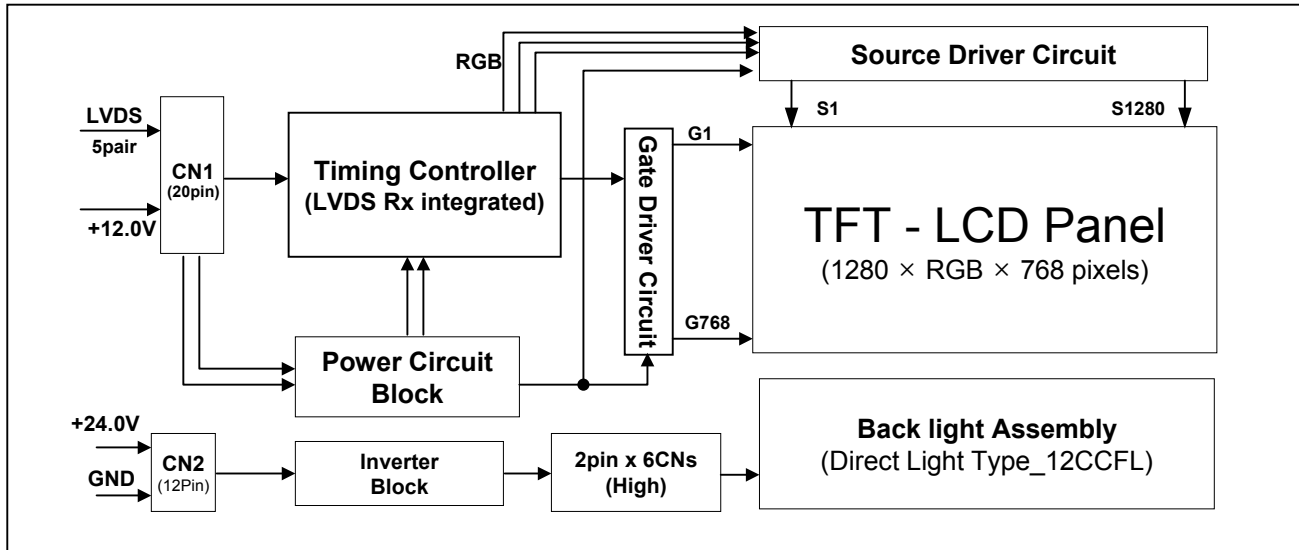
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## 1. General Description

The LC230W01 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. This TFT-LCD has a 23.0 inch diagonally measured active display area with XGA resolution (768 vertical by 1280 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16,7M(true) colors with 8Bit.

The LC230W01 has been designed to apply the 8Bit LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color are important.



## General Features

Active Screen Size	23.01 inches(584.40mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	528.0(H) x 326.0(V) x 34.5(D) mm(Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.1305mm x 0.3915 x RGB
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. By 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	16.7M colors
Luminance, White	450 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (Center 1 points typ.)
Viewing Angle(CR>10)	View Angle Free
Power Consumption	Total 67.5Watt (Typ.)
Weight	3,000g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally Black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer,

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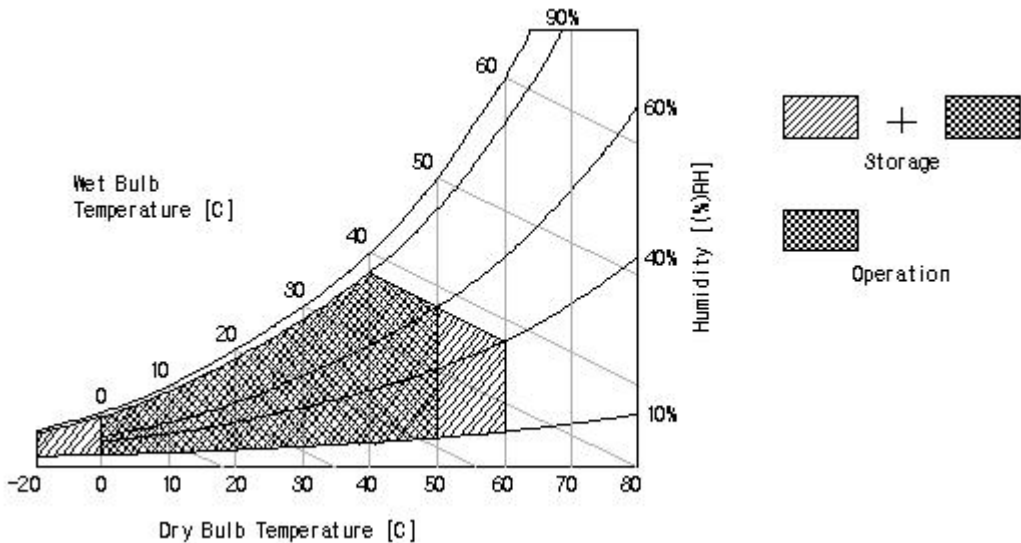
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	V <sub>LCD</sub>	-0.3	+14.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	+50	°C	1
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+60	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H <sub>OP</sub>	10	90	%RH	
Storage Humidity	H <sub>ST</sub>	10	90	%RH	

Notes : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.  
Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.



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### 3. Electrical Specifications

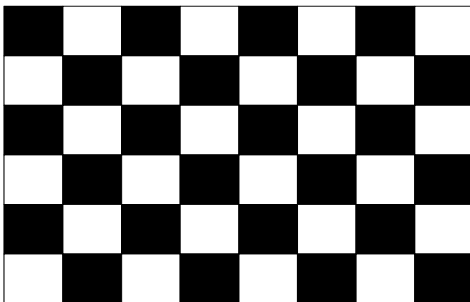
#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LC230W01 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the CCFL/Backlight, is to power the inverter.

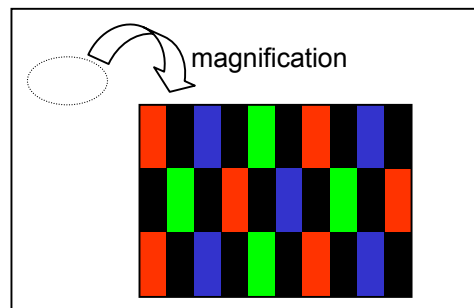
**Table 2\_1. LCD PANEL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
Module :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	$V_{LCD}$	11.4	12.0	12.6	Vdc	
Power Supply Input Current	$I_{LCD}$	-	210	250	mA	1
		-	300	350	mA	2
Power Consumption	$P_{LCD}$		2.52	3.0	Watt	1
Rush current	$I_{RUSH}$	-	-	2.0	A	3

- Notes: 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the  $V_{LCD}=12.0V$ ,  $25^{\circ}C$ ,  $f_v=60Hz$  condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and  $f_v$  is the frame frequency.
2. The specified current and power consumption are under the  $V_{LCD}=12.0V$ ,  $25^{\circ}C$ ,  $f_v=60Hz$  condition whereas sub-pixel dot inversion pattern is displayed and  $f_v$  is the frame frequency.
3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of Power Input is 1ms(min).



Mosaic Pattern(8X6)



Sub-pixel dot inversion

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**Table 2\_2. INVERTER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes	
			Min	Typ	Max			
Inverter :								
Power Supply Input Voltage		$V_{DDB}$	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc		
Power Supply Input Current		$I_{DDB}$	-	2.71	3.20	A	1	
Power Consumption		$P_B$	-	65.0	77.0	W	1	
Input Voltage for Control System Signals	BRTI Signal		VBI	0		3.3	V	
	BRTP Signal	Low	VBPL	0		0.8	V	
		High	VBPH	2.0		5.0	V	
	BRTC Signal	Low	VBCL	0		0.8	V	
		High	VBCH	2.0		5.0	V	
	PWSEL Signal	Low	VBSL	0		0.8	V	
High		VBSH	2.0		5.0	V		
Lamp :								
Life Time			50,000			Hrs	2	

- Notes :
1. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage, 24.0V.
  2. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at  $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ .
  3. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 2Hrs in a dark environment at  $25^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ .

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### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs Two interface connections, a 20 pin connector is used for the module electronics and a 12Pin Connector is used for the integral backlight system.

#### 3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector : DF14H-20P-1.25H(Manufactured by Hirose) or Equivalent
- Mating connector : DF14-20S-1.25C(Manufactured by Hirose) or Equivalent

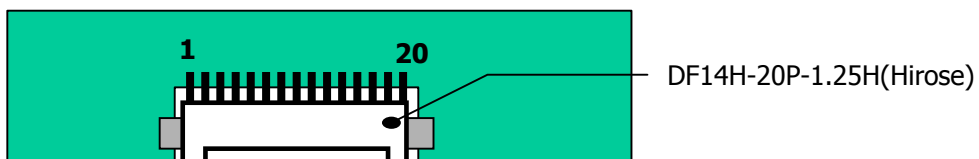
**Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION**

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Output Pin # (LVDS Tx)
1	V <sub>LCD</sub>	Power Supply +12.0V	
2	V <sub>LCD</sub>	Power Supply +12.0V	
3	GND	Power Ground.	
4	GND	Power Ground	
5	RXIN0-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	PIN#48
6	RXIN0+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	PIN#47
7	GND	Ground	
8	RXIN1-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	PIN#46
9	RXIN1+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	PIN#45
10	GND	Ground	
11	RXIN2-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	PIN#42
12	RXIN2+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	PIN#41
13	GND	Ground	
14	RXCLK IN-	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	PIN#40
15	RXCLK IN+	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	PIN#39
16	GND	Ground	
17	RXIN3-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	PIN#38
18	RXIN3+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	PIN#37
19	GND	Ground	
20	GND	Ground	

Notes: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

2. All V<sub>LCD</sub> (power input) pins should be connected together.

#### Rear view of LCM



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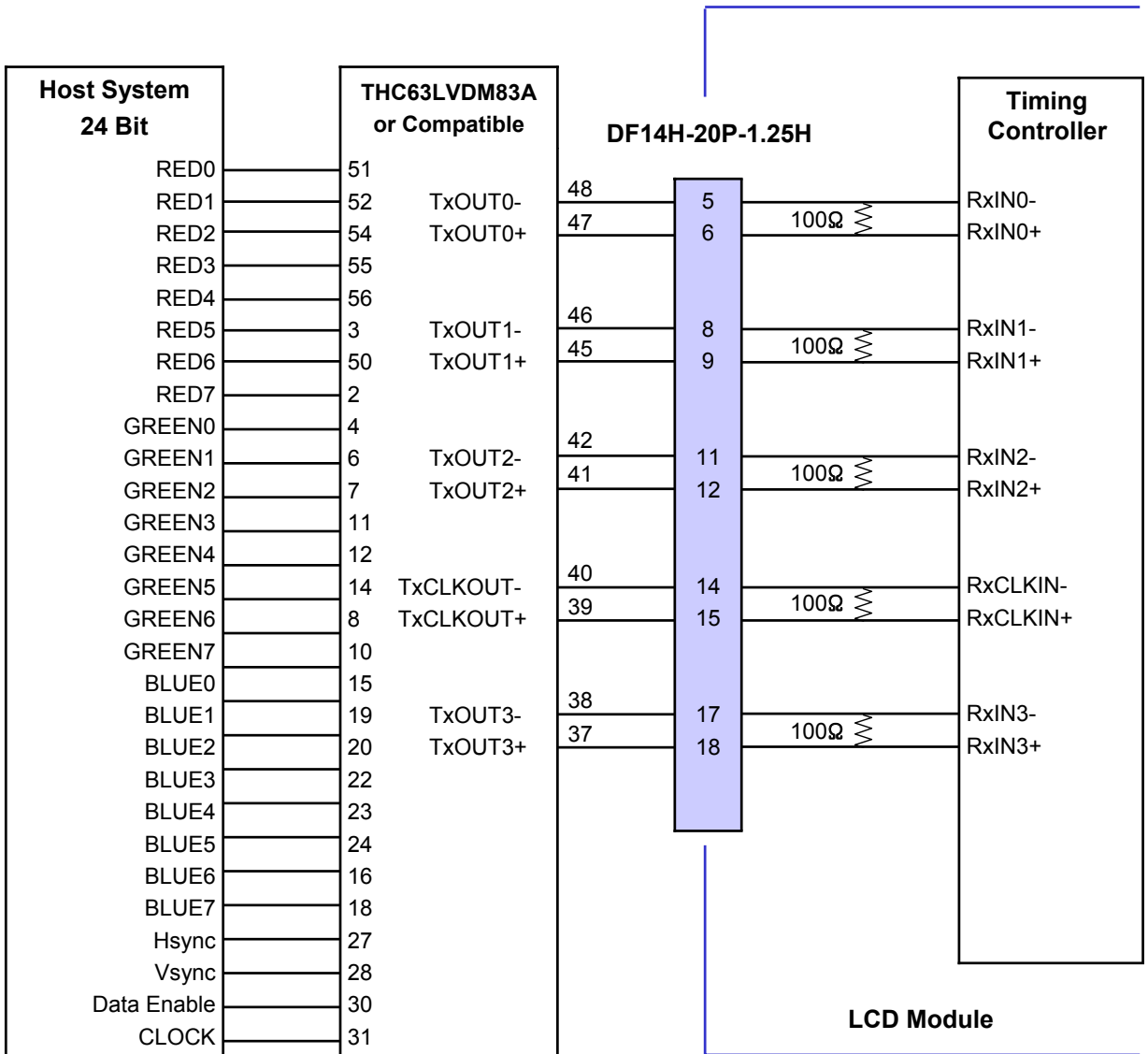
**Table 4. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR FLATLINK'S Transmitter(THC63LVDM83A/LVDF83A)**

Pin #	Pin Name	Symbol	Description	Output
51	TxIN0	Red0 [LSB]	Red Pixel Data	Rx0- Rx0+
52	TxIN1	Red1	Red Pixel Data	
54	TxIN2	Red2	Red Pixel Data	
55	TxIN3	Red3	Red Pixel Data	
56	TxIN4	Red4	Red Pixel Data	
2	TxIN5	Red7 [MSB]	Red Pixel Data	Rx3- Rx3+
3	TxIN6	Red5	Red Pixel Data	Rx0- Rx0+
4	TxIN7	Green0 [LSB]	Green Pixel Data	Rx1- Rx1+
6	TxIN8	Green1	Green Pixel Data	
7	TxIN9	Green2	Green Pixel Data	
8	TxIN10	Green6	Green Pixel Data	
10	TxIN11	Green7 [MSB]	Green Pixel Data	
11	TxIN12	Green3	Green Pixel Data	Rx3- Rx3+
12	TxIN13	Green4	Green Pixel Data	
14	TxIN14	Green5	Green Pixel Data	
15	TxIN15	Blue0 [LSB]	Blue Pixel Data	
16	TxIN16	Blue6	Blue Pixel Data	
18	TxIN17	Blue7 [MSB]	Blue Pixel Data	Rx1- Rx1+
19	TxIN18	Blue1	Blue Pixel Data	Rx2- Rx2+
20	TxIN19	Blue2	Blue Pixel Data	
22	TxIN20	Blue3	Blue Pixel Data	
23	TxIN21	Blue4	Blue Pixel Data	
24	TxIN22	Blue5	Blue Pixel Data	
25	TxIN23	RES		Rx3- Rx3+
27	TxIN24	Hsync.	No connection, If unnecessary	Rx2- Rx2+
28	TxIN25	Vsync.	No connection, If unnecessary	
30	TxIN26	EN	Data Enable	
50	TxIN27	Red6	Red Pixel Data	Rx3- Rx3+

Notes: 1. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions.  
 2. 7 means MSB and 0 means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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Table 5. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS Transmitter (THC63LVDM83A / LVDF83A)



Notes : The LCD Module uses a 100Ohm resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input. Recommended Transmitter : See the data sheet for THC63LVDM83A(Thine Electronics Inc.)

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3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

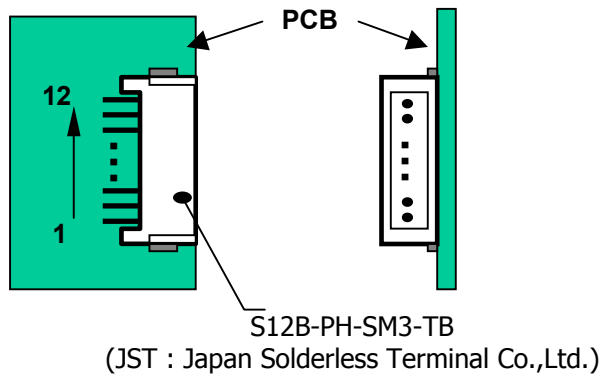
- Inverter Connector : S12B-PH-SM3-TB(Manufactured by JST) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector : PHR-12(Manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

**Table 6. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION**

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Remarks
1	VDDDB	Power Supply +24.0V	
2	VDDDB	Power Supply +24.0V	
3	VDDDB	Power Supply +24.0V	
4	NC	Not Connection	
5	PWSEL	Select of luminance control signal method	Note 1
6	BRTP	PWM Signal	
7	BRTI	Luminance Control by voltage method	
8	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF Signal	On : High or Open, Off : Low
9	NC	Not Connection	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	Note 2
11	GND	Backlight Ground	
12	GND	Backlight Ground	

- Notes :
1. See "3-7 Luminance controls"
  2. GND is connected to the LCD's metal frame.

**Rear view of LCM**



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### 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS Transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

**Table 7. TIMING TABLE**

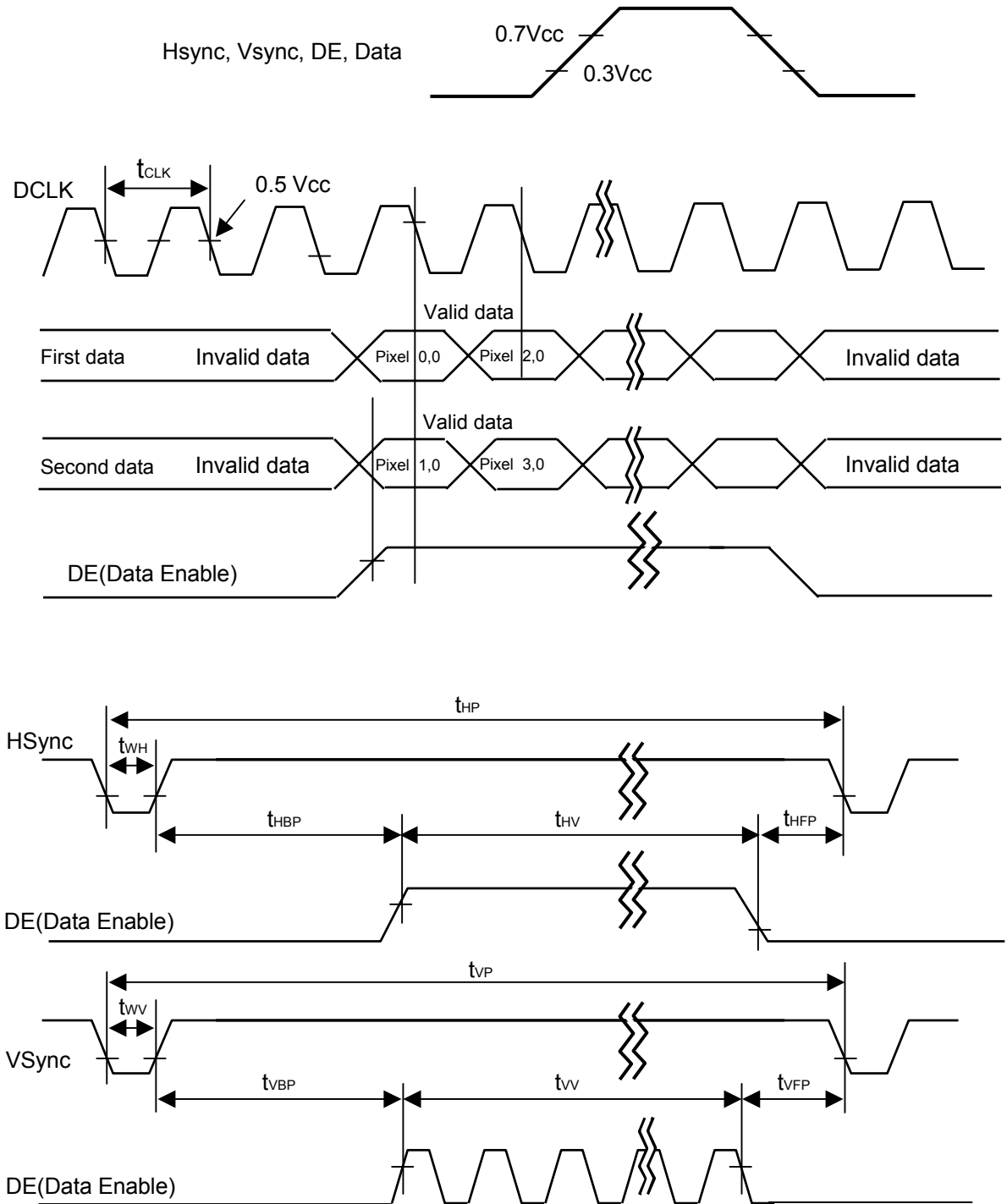
ITEM	Symbol		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	tCLK	12.2	12.5	-	ns	
	Frequency	-	-	80	82	MHz	
Hsync	Period	tHP	1312	1648	-	tCLK	
	Frequency	fH	44.0	48.54	52.0	kHz	
	Width	tWH	8	16	-	tCLK	
Vsync	Period	tVP	774	810	-	tHP	NTSC: 57~63Hz PAL : 47~53Hz
	Frequency	fV	47	60	63	Hz	
	Width	tWV	2	6	-	tHP	
DE (Data Enable)	Horizontal Valid	tHV	1280	1280	1280	tCLK	
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	8	80	-		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	16	272	-		
	Horizontal Blank	-	32	368	-		
	Vertical Valid	tVV	768	768	768	tHP	
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	2	20	-		
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	2	16	-		
	Vertical Blank	-	6	42	-		

Notes : Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate this LCM a Hsync., Vsync and DE(data enable) signals should be used.

1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics are may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
2. Vsync, Hsync should be keep the above specification.
3. Hsync Period should be a double number of character (8).

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3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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### 3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The Brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

**Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE**

Color		Input Color Data																							
		RED								GREEN								BLUE							
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...								...								...							
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...								...								...							
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE (000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	...	...								...								...							
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6. Power Sequence

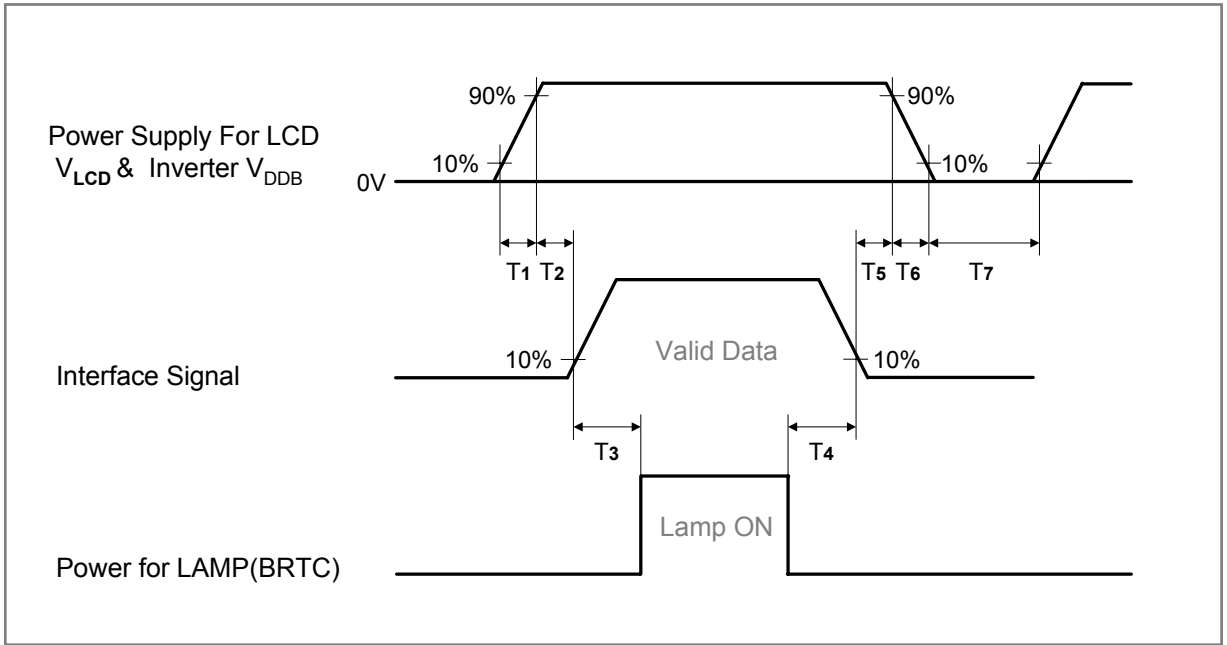


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

Parameter	Values			Units
	Min	Typ	Max	
T1	1	-	10	ms
T2	0.5	-	50	ms
T3	200	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.5	-	50	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms
T7	1	-	-	s

- Notes :
1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
  2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD  $V_{DD}$  to 0V.
  3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD an interface signal are valid.

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### 3-7. LUMINANCE CONTROLS

#### 3.7.1 Luminance Control Method

Method	Adjustment and Luminance Ratio	PWSEL Signal	BRTP Signal	Notes						
Voltage Control	- Adjustment This Control method can carry out continuation adjustment of luminance, If it is adjusted within the rated voltage for BRTI signal(VBI).  - Luminance ratio(these data are the target values) <table border="1" data-bbox="266 586 814 700"> <thead> <tr> <th>BTRI Voltage(VBI)</th> <th>Luminance ratio</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0V</td> <td>20%(Minimum)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.3V</td> <td>100%(Maximum)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	BTRI Voltage(VBI)	Luminance ratio	0V	20%(Minimum)	3.3V	100%(Maximum)	High or Open	Open	
BTRI Voltage(VBI)	Luminance ratio									
0V	20%(Minimum)									
3.3V	100%(Maximum)									
Pulse Width Modulation	- Adjustment Pulse Width Modulation(PWM) method works, when PWSEL signal is Low and PWM signal(BRTP Signal) is inputted into BRTP terminal. The luminance is controlled by duty ratio of BRTP signal.  - Luminance ratio(these data are the target values) <table border="1" data-bbox="266 1021 814 1135"> <thead> <tr> <th>Duty ratio</th> <th>Luminance ratio</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.2</td> <td>20%(Minimum)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.0</td> <td>100%(Maximum)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Duty ratio	Luminance ratio	0.2	20%(Minimum)	1.0	100%(Maximum)	Low	PWM Signal	1
Duty ratio	Luminance ratio									
0.2	20%(Minimum)									
1.0	100%(Maximum)									

Notes : 1. See "3.7.2 Detail of PWM timing

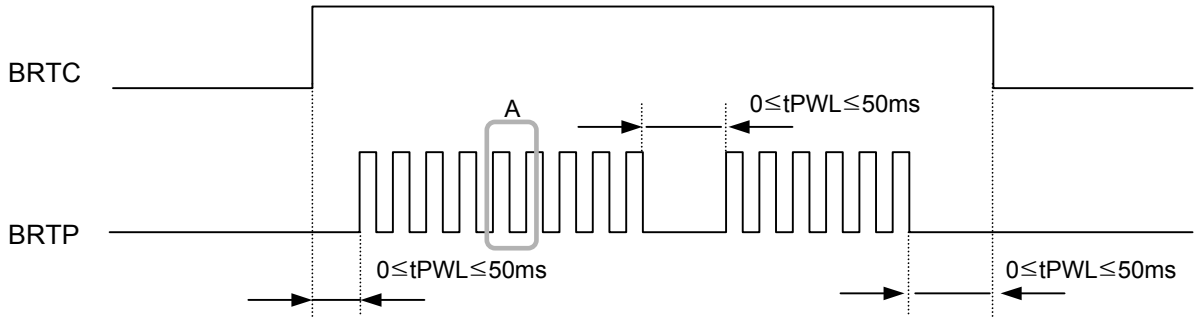
2. The interference noise of luminance control frequency may appear on a display when investigating the matching characteristics. If display noises appear on the display image, the discussion with LPL should be done prior to implementation.

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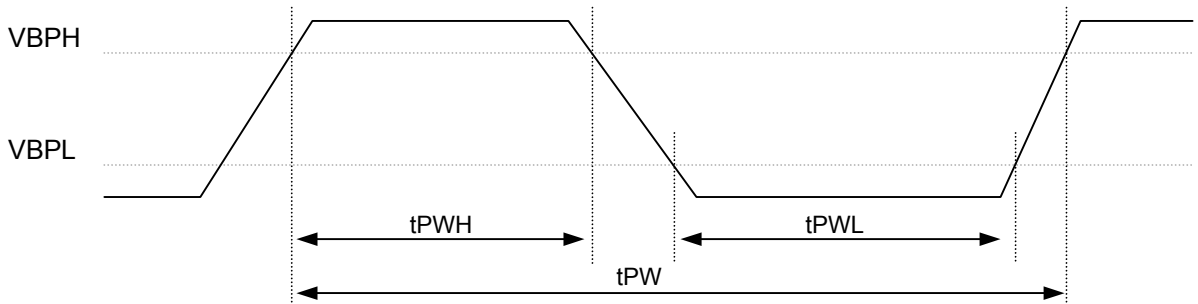
3.7.2 Detail of PWM Timing

3.7.2.1 Timing diagram

- Outline chart



- Detail of A part



3.7.2.2 Each parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Luminance control frequency	FL	230	255	280	Hz	1, 2
Duty Ratio	DL	0.2	-	1.0	-	1, 3
Non signal Period	tPWL	0	-	50	Ms	4

Notes : 1. Definition of parameters is as follows

$$FL = \frac{1}{t_{PW}} \quad , \quad DL = \frac{t_{PWH}}{t_{PW}}$$

- See the following formula for luminance control frequency.  
Luminance control frequency =  $t_{tv} \times (n+0.25)$  [or  $(n+0.72)$ ]  
 $n=1,2,3,\dots$   
 $t_{tv}$  : See "3.3 Signal timing specification"

The interference noise of luminance control frequency and input signal frequency for LCD panel signal processing board may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency so that the interference noise does not appear.

3. See "3.7.1 Luminance control methods"

4. If tPWL is more than 50ms, the backlight will be turned off by a protection circuit for inverter.

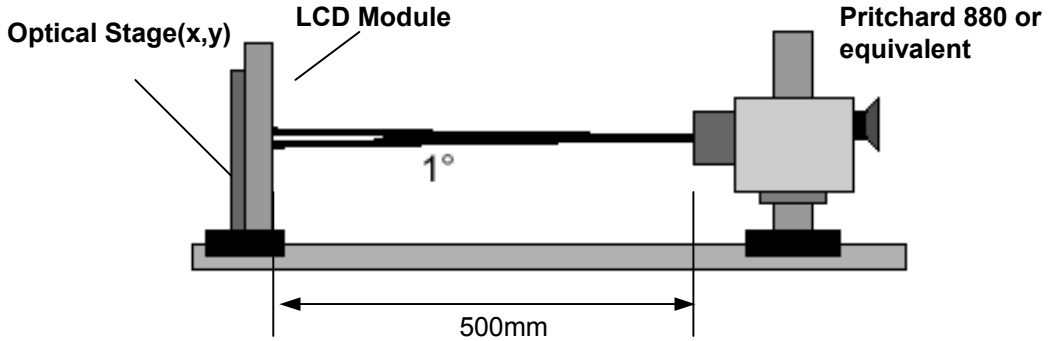
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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 2Hrs in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



Ta:25±2 °C, V<sub>LCD</sub>:12.0V, fv:60Hz,  
Dclk:80MHz, Luminance Ratio:100%

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
Contrast Ratio	CR	280	400			1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	300	450		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$ 5P		-	1.3		3
Response Time	Rise Time	TrR	13		ms	4
	Decay Time	TrD	12			
Color Coordinates						
	RED	RX	Typ -0.03	0.635	Typ +0.03	
		RY		0.337		
	GREEN	GX		0.281		
		GY		0.600		
	BLUE	BX		0.145		
		BY		0.078		
	WHITE	WX		0.289		
	WY	0.304				
Viewing Angle (CR>10)						
	x axis, right( $\phi=0^\circ$ )	$\theta_r$	-	88	degree	5
	x axis, left ( $\phi=180^\circ$ )	$\theta_l$	-	88		
	y axis, up ( $\phi=90^\circ$ )	$\theta_u$	-	88		
	y axis, down ( $\phi=270^\circ$ )	$\theta_d$	-	88		
Gray Scale			2.2			6

Product Specification

Notes : 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

2. Surface luminance is the center point(1) across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white under the condition of  $I_{BL}=6mArms$ . For more information see FIG 1.

3. The variation in surface luminance ,  $\delta$  WHITE is defined by measuring LON at watch test position 1 through 5, and then dividing maximum LON of 5 points luminance by minimum LON of each 5points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta \text{ WHITE} = \text{Maximum (LON1, LON2, ....., LON5 )} / \text{Minimum (LON1, LON2, ....., LON5 )}$$

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (Rise Time,  $TrR$ ) and from white to black (Decay Time,  $TrD$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

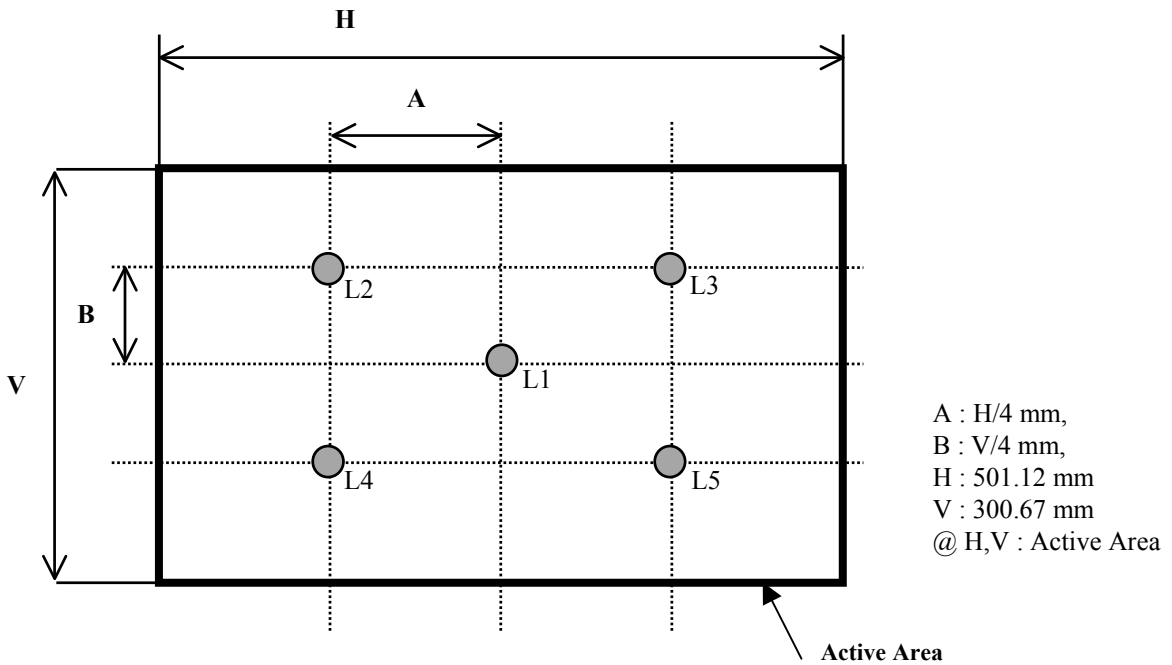
6. Gray scale specification

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
	TYP
L0	0.3
L15	0.65
L31	1.2
L47	2.5
L63	4.68
L79	7.8
L95	11.7
L111	16.0
L127	21.2
L143	27.7
L159	35.2
L175	43.5
L191	53.0
L207	63.7
L223	75.4
L239	86.4
L255	100

Product Specification

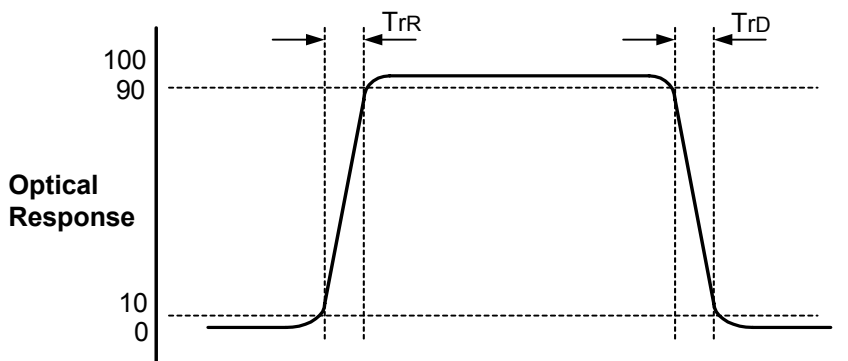
**FIG. 2 Luminance**

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



**FIG. 3 Response Time**

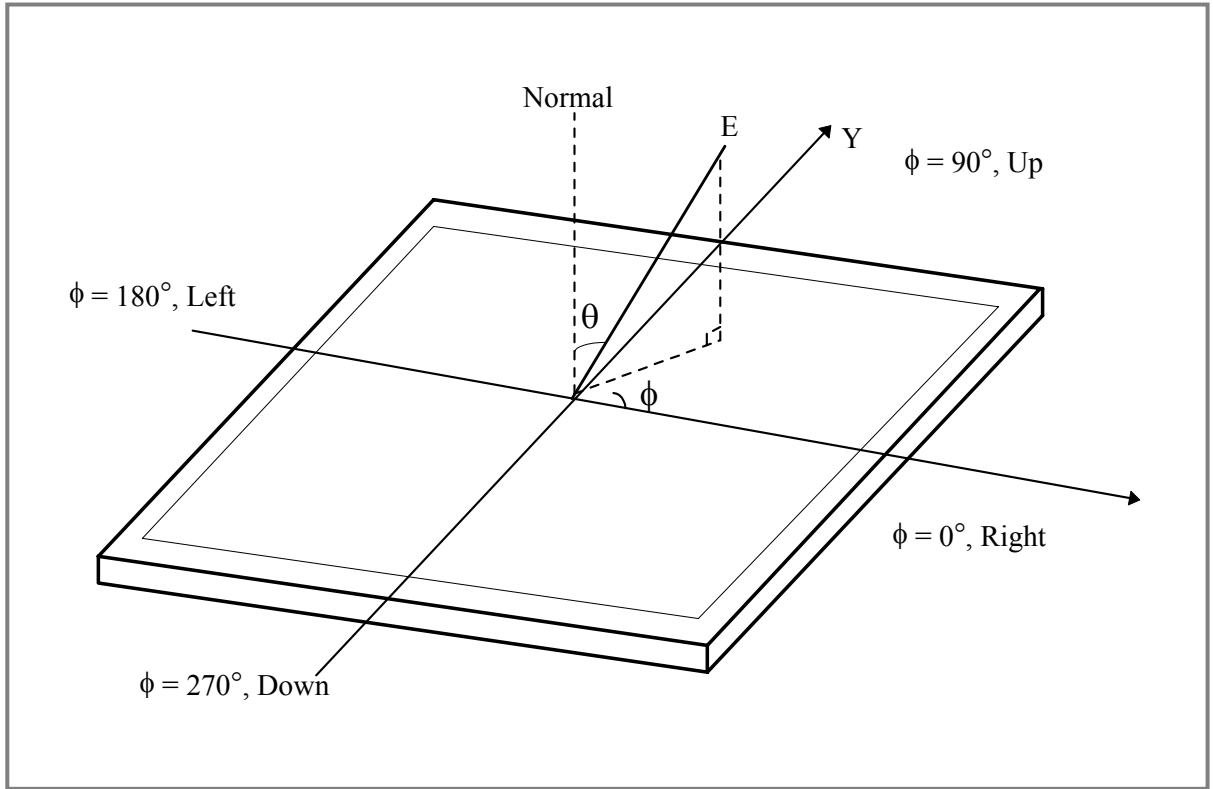
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



Product Specification

**FIG. 4 Viewing angle**

<Dimension of viewing angle range>



Product Specification

### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

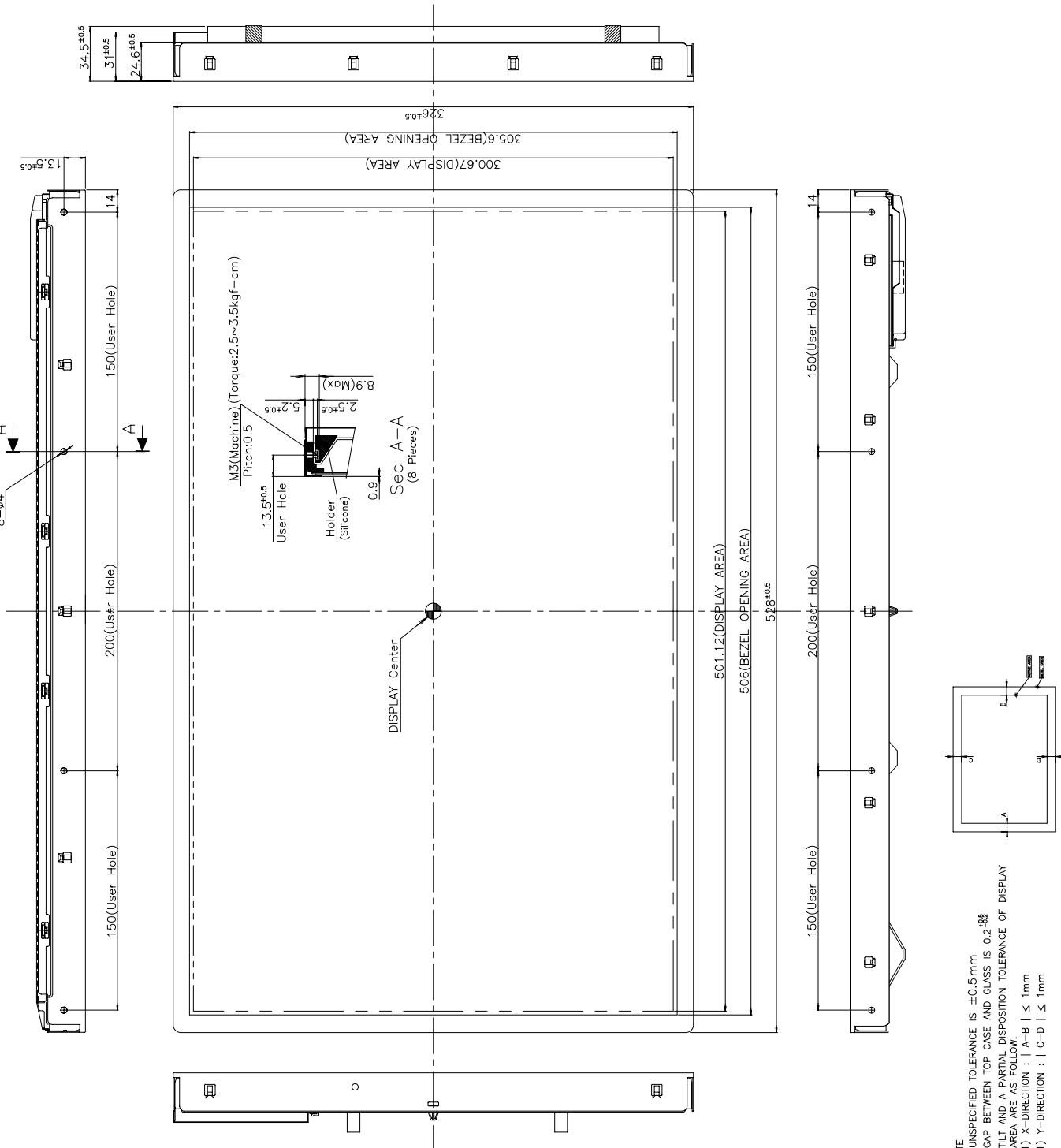
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LC230W01. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	528.0mm
	Vertical	326.0mm
	Depth	34.5mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	506.0mm
	Vertical	305.6mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	501.12mm
	Vertical	300.67mm
Weight	3,000g (Typ.) , 3050 (Max.)	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer	

Note : See Attached Drawing(Front / Rear View)

Product Specification

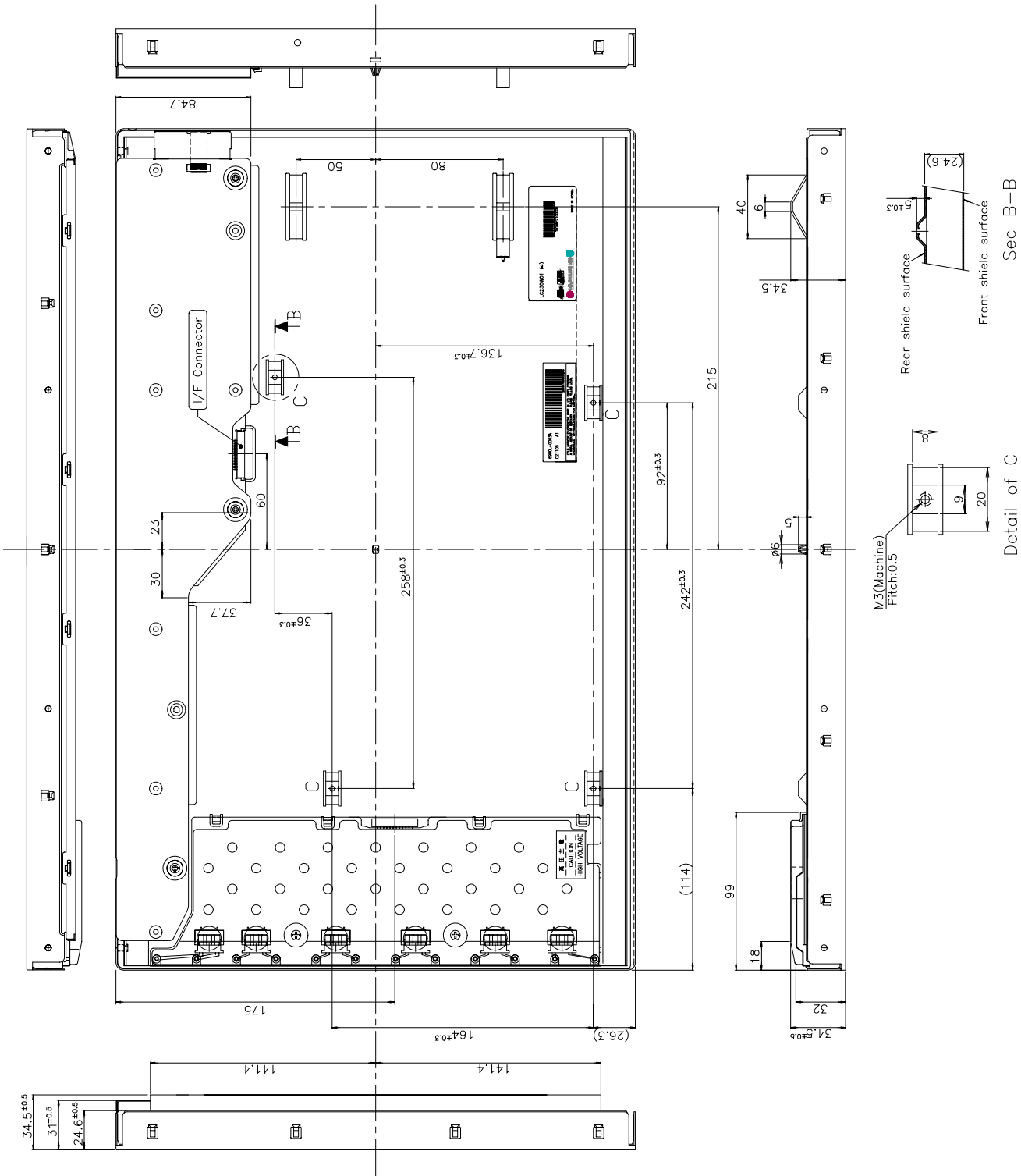
<FRONT VIEW>



NOTE  
 1. UNSPECIFIED TOLERANCE IS  $\pm 0.5$  mm  
 2. GAP BETWEEN TOP CASE AND GLASS IS 0.2±0.3  
 3. TILT AND A PARTIAL DISPOSITION TOLERANCE OF DISPLAY AREA ARE AS FOLLOW:  
 1) X-DIRECTION : | A-B |  $\leq$  1mm  
 2) Y-DIRECTION : | C-D |  $\leq$  1mm

Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>



## Product Specification

## 6. Reliability

### Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-500Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 10 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : ± X, ± Y, ± Z One time each direction
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 14,000 feet(4267.2m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)

## 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

- a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.  
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.  
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- c) EN 60950 : 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997  
IEC 950 : 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1996  
European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)  
EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998

Product Specification

## 8. Packing

### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE  
 D : YEAR  
 E : MONTH  
 F,G : PANEL CODE  
 H : ASSEMBLY CODE  
 I,J,K,L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

3. Serial No.

Year	1 ~ 99999	100000 ~
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999, ..... , Z9999

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.  
 This is subject to change without prior notice.

### 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 3 pcs

b) Box Size : 488mm X 245mm X 657mm

## Product Specification

## 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)  
And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can not be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw (if not, it causes metal foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)

## Product Specification

**9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL**

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

**9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE**

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

**9-5. STORAGE**

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.  
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

**9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM**

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.  
When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal -hexane.