

F72568

Advanced ACPI Controller IC Datasheet

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F72568 Datasheet Revision History

Version	Date	Page	Revision History
0.20P	Nov.2005		Preliminary version
0.21P	2005/12/20	-	Added schematic
0.22P	2006/9	1	Correct the description relative to Vref
		4	Correct pin description, PIN 16
0.23P	2006/10	20	Application circuit updated
0.24P	2007/3	15	PLED, SLED register description
		20	Application circuit updated
0.25P	2007/7	19	Update company address

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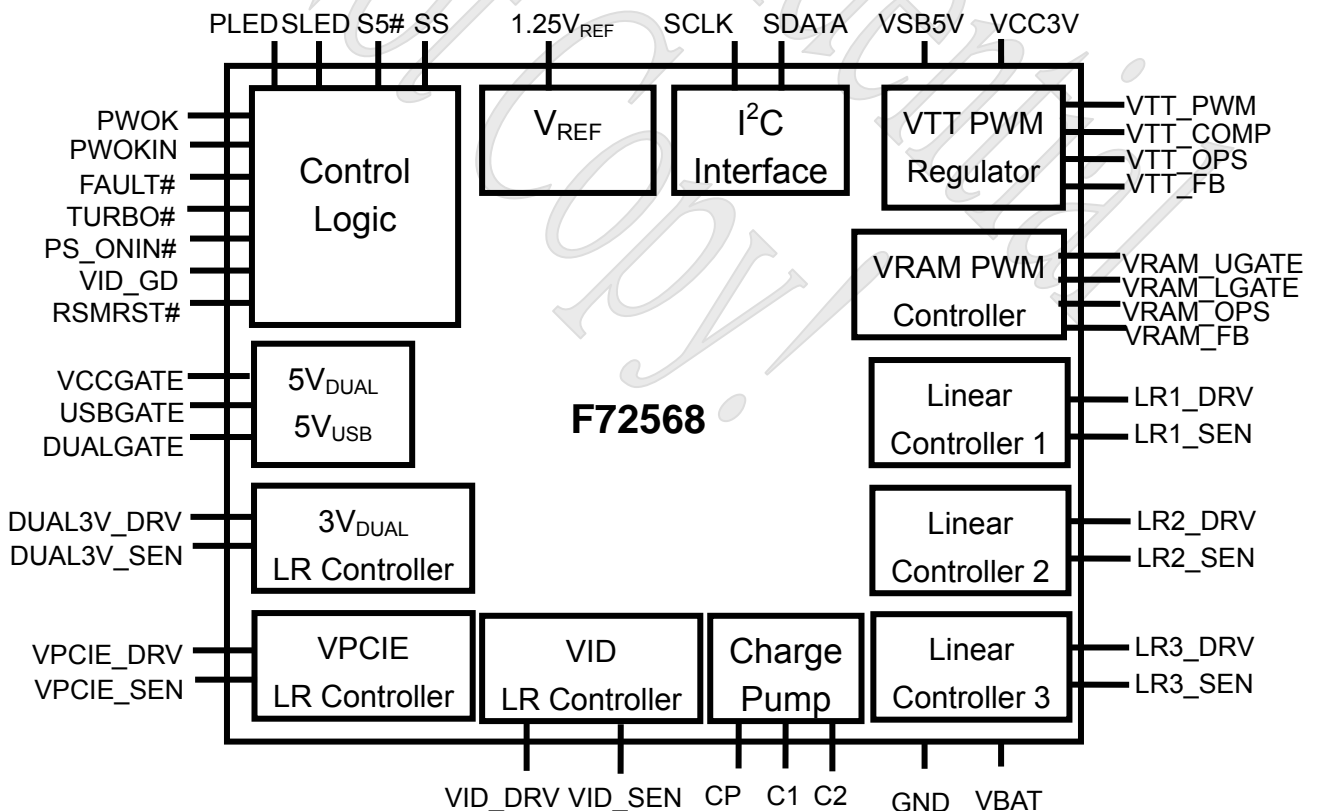
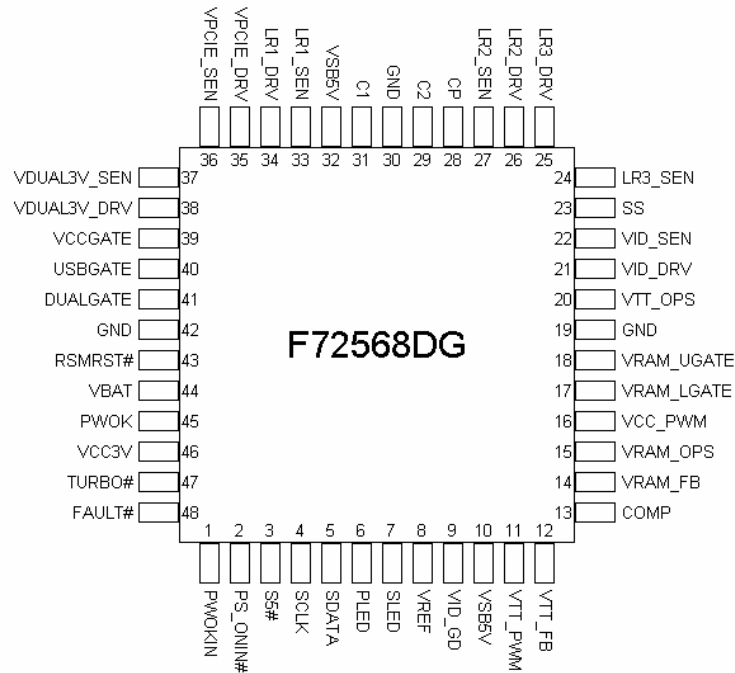
1 General Description

The F72568 is a fully compliant ACPI controller IC specific for Intel CPU platform. Used with an ATX power supply, this chip integrates synchronous PWM controller and regulator, several linear controllers, switching signals, monitoring and control function into 48 pin LQFP package. Its operation mode (sleep or active) is selectable through some control signals. The F72568 provides 3 switching signals which can generate $5V_{DUAL}$, $5V_{USB}$ & $3.3V_{DUAL}$ etc. The F72568 can also provide 6 linear controllers including VCCVID output with power good signal. This chip integrates a charge pump engine to provide higher driving voltage for appropriate gate during standby. On the other hand, this chip offers current limiting that protect each PWM outputs, and provides soft-start for linear controller to avoid rush current. The power LED is programmable and compliant with PC2001. Moreover, this high-performance chip integrates I²C interface to adjust VRAM, VTT, LR_PCIE, and LR_3 output. This chip is in 48pin LQFP package and powered by 5VSB.

2 Feature

- ◆ ACPI compliant sleep state control
- ◆ Provide 3 switching controlled signals for $5V_{DUAL}$, $5V_{USB}$ and $3.3V_{DUAL}$
- ◆ Programmable $5V_{DUAL}/5V_{STR}/5V_{CC}$ for USB device wake up
- ◆ Provide 6 linear controller and typically use for –
 - 1 channel for Dual power
 - 1 channel for PCI_E power
 - 3 channels for 0.8~5V voltage requirement
 - 1.2V VCCVID with VID_GD signal output
- ◆ Provide one PWM controller for DDR V_{DDQ}
- ◆ Provide one PWM regulator for CPU/GMCH VTT termination
- ◆ 1 PWROK input signal(typically from ATXPWOKIN) and 1 PWROK output signal
- ◆ Provide resume reset signal(RSMRST#)
- ◆ Programmable power LED control
- ◆ Provide V_{REF} and VSB9V voltage for generating different voltage use
- ◆ Power up soft-start and under-voltage monitoring for the linear regulators
- ◆ Over current protection(OCP) on both PWM controller and regulator
- ◆ Integrate I²C interface
- ◆ Provide $V_{REF}/1.25V$
- ◆ 48 pin LQFP package and 5VSB operation

3 Pin Configuration & Block Diagram




F72568
◆ Power Pins

PIN NO	PIN NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
10	VSB5V	P	Power pins
19	GND		
30	GND		
32	VSB5V		
42	GND		
44	VBAT		
46	VCC3V		
16	VCC_PWM		VRAM_UGATE and VRAM_LGATE signal power, commend to connect to 12Vcc

◆ Reset & Power Good & Control signal

PIN NO	PIN NAME	TYPE	PWR	DESCRIPTION
48	FAULT#	IN _{ts}	VCC3V	Error input signal for power off.
1	PWOKIN	IN _{ts}	VSB5V	Power Good Schmitt Trigger input signal. Typically connected to ATX power good.
2	PS_ONIN#	IN _{ts}	VSB5V	Normal power control signal input.
3	S5#	IN _{ts}	VSB5V	A low active ACPI control signal governing the S5 state. Typically connected to chipset S5# signal.
9	VID_GD	OD ₁₂	VSB5V	This pin is the open drain output of the VCCVID power good comparator.
43	RSMRST#	OD ₁₂	VBAT	As VSB come in, this pin will generate RSMRST# signal output which is delayed 66ms as VSB arrives at 3.3V
45	PWOK	OD ₁₆	VBAT	Power Good output signal.
47	TURBO#	IN _{ts}	VCC3V	Enable adjustable power signal.

◆ Switching Signal & Linear/PWM Controller

PIN NO	PIN NAME	TYPE	PWR	DESCRIPTION
11	VTT_PWM	OUT ₅	VSB5V	External buffer PWM control output signal
12	VTT_FB	AIN	VSB5V	External buffer PWM feedback signal
13	COMP	AOUT	VSB5V	Output of the error amplifier used to compensate the feedback loop of the PWM controller.
14	VRAM_FB	AIN	VSB5V	VRAM PWM feedback signal
15	VRAM_OPS	AOUT/AIN	VSB5V	VRAM PWM current protection signal
17	VRAM_LGATE	AOUT	VCC_PWM	VRAM PWM low gate control signal
18	VRAM_UGATE	AOUT	VCC_PWM	VRAM PWM up gate control signal
20	VTT_OPS	AOUT/AIN	VSB9V	External buffer PWM current protection signal
21	VID_DRV	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET. VID_SEN and VID_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage

				for S0 state power.
22	VID_SEN	AIN	VSB5V	Sense the voltage of linear regulator. VID_SEN and VID_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage for S0 state power.
24	LR3_SEN	AIN	VSB5V	Sense the voltage of linear regulator. LR3_SEN and LR3_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage for standby or STR power. Default for standby power. If VIN is main power, it can generate voltage for S0 state power.
25	LR3_DRV	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET. LR3_SEN and LR3_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage for standby or STR power. Default for standby power. If VIN is main power, it can generate voltage for S0 state power.
26	LR2_DRV	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET. LR2_SEN and LR2_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage for standby or STR power. Default for standby power. If VIN is main power, it can generate voltage for S0 state power.
27	LR2_SEN	AIN	VSB5V	Sense the voltage of linear regulator. LR2_SEN and LR2_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage for standby or STR power. Default for standby power. If VIN is main power, it can generate voltage for S0 state power.
33	LR1_SEN	AIN	VSB5V	Sense the voltage of linear regulator. LR1_SEN and LR1_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage for standby or STR power. Default for standby power. If VIN is main power, it can generate voltage for S0 state power.
34	LR1_DRV	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET. LR1_SEN and LR1_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage for standby or STR power. Default for standby power. If VIN is main power, it can generate voltage for S0 state power.
35	VPCIE_DRV	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET. VPCIE_SEN and VPCIE_DRV act as A linear regulator and generate voltage for S0 state power.
36	VPCIE_SEN	AIN	VSB5V	Sense the voltage of linear regulator. VPCIE_SEN and VPCIE_DRV act as a linear regulator and generate voltage for S0 state power.
37	DAUL3V_SEN	AIN	VSB5V	Sense the voltage of linear regulator. VDUAL3V_SEN and VDUAL3V_DRV act as an adjustable linear regulator and this regulator is typically incorporated with VCCGATE to generate dual voltage.
38	DUAL3V_DRV	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET. VDUAL3V_SEN and VDUAL3V_DRV act as an adjustable linear regulator and this regulator is typically incorporated with VCCGATE to generate dual voltage.
39	VCCGATE	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET. This pin is incorporated with pin38 and 39 (DUAL3V_DRV+DUAL3V_SEN) to generate dual 3.3V voltage. Besides, this pin can be incorporated with pin41 (USBGATE) to generate USB voltage. Incorporated with pin 42 (DUALGATE) to generate dual 5V voltage.
40	USBGATE	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET.

				Incorporated with pin 40 (VCCGATE) to generate USB voltage.
41	DUALGATE	AOUT	VSB9V	Connect this pin to the gate of a suitable N-channel MOSFET. Incorporated with pin 40 (VCCGATE) to generate dual 5V voltage.

◆ **Charge Pump**

PIN NO	PIN NAME	TYPE	PWR	DESCRIPTION
28	CP	P	VSB9V	Charge pump output (9V nominal). Decouple this pin with 1uF ceramic capacitor. VSB9V power output.
29	C2	AOUT	VSB9V	Positive end of charge pump capacitor
31	C1	AOUT	VSB5V	Negative end of charge pump capacitor. Connect a 1uF ceramic capacitor between C1 and C2

◆ **Power LED**

PIN NO	PIN NAME	TYPE	PWR	DESCRIPTION
6	PLED	OD ₂₄	VSB5V	Power LED. Can be programmed by setting register
7	SLED	OD ₂₄	VSB5V	Suspend LED. Can be programmed by setting register

◆ **Others**

PIN NO	PIN NAME	TYPE	PWR	DESCRIPTION
4	SCLK	IN _{ts}	VSB5V	I ² C serial bus clock (Address 5Eh)
5	SDATA	I/OD _{12ts}	VSB5V	I ² C serial bus data
8	VREF	AOUT	VSB5V	Provide 1.25V reference voltage
23	SS	AIN	VSB5V	Soft-Start. Connect this pin to a small ceramic capacitor to determine the soft-start rate. The value of capacitor is bigger, the slew rate is slower.

6 Functional Description

6.1 ACPI state

The Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is a system for controlling the use of power in a computer. It lets computer manufacturer and user to determine the computer's power usage dynamically.

There are three ACPI states that are of primary concern to the system designer and they are designated S0, S3 and S5. S0 is a full-power state and in this state, the computer is being actively used. The other two are called sleep states and reflect different power consumption when power-down. S3 is a state the processor is powered down but the last state is being stored in memory which is still active. S5 is a state that memory is off and the last state of the processor has been stored to the hard disk. Take S3 and S5 as comparison, since memory is fast, the computer can quickly come back to full-power state. But the disk is slower than the memory, the computer takes longer time to come back to full-power state. However, since the memory is off, S5 draws the minimal power comparing to S0 and S3.

It is anticipated that only the following state transitions may happen: S0→S3, S0→S5, S5→S0, S3→S0 and S3→S5. Among them, S3→S5 is illegal transition and won't be allowed by state machine. In order to get to S5 from S3, it is necessary to enter S0 first. As for transition S5→S3 will occur only as an immediate state during state transition from S5→S0. It isn't allowed in the normal state transition.

6.2 Charge pump

The F72568 incorporated with an embedded charge pump to provide higher driving voltage. Pin 29(CP) supports 10mA driving current and ensures 9V output voltage or above. In main operation, the VSB9V signals of F72568 are run from the +12V supplied by ATX power which also supplies to other MOSFET gates. However, during standby state, the +12V will be off and it needs to provide power to the chip and the appropriate gates. Therefore F72568 incorporated with a free running charge pump. As shown in schematic, there is a capacitor connected between C1 and C2 of the F72568 acts as a charge pump with internal diodes. The 12V input must has a serial diode to prevent back-feeding the charge pump to the +12V main when in standby. It also needs a bypass capacitor connected with 12V input line to filter high-frequency noise.



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6.3 Soft-start

SS of the F72568 acts as soft-start function. As shown in schematic, a ceramic capacitor is attached between this pin and ground. When power is first applied to the chip, a constant current is applied from the pin into an external capacitor, linearly ramping up the voltage. This ramp in turn controls the internal reference of F72568 providing a soft-start for linear controller. As for switches, they must be either on or off in the system therefore soft-start has no effect on them. It is important to know soft-start is not an enable signal; pulling it low will not be sure to turn off all outputs. But if there are appropriate signals asserted, the switches will be turn on at once. The actual state of F72568 on power up will be determined by the controlled input signal. And the soft-start is effective only during power on.

6.4 Reference voltage

The pin9 (VREF) is an output pin that is driven by a small output buffer to provide the 1.25V reference voltage to other devices in the system.

6.5 Under Voltage Protection

If the FB voltage drops below 0.5V, a fault signal is generated. When under voltage condition occurs, the related linear controller will shut down.

6.6 Over Current Protection

Sense the low-side MOSFET's $R_{DS(ON)}$ to set over-current trip point. Connect a resistor (R_{OCSET}) from this pin to the PHASE to set the over-current trip point. R_{OCSET} , an internal 40 μ A current source, and the lower MOSFET on resistance, $R_{DS(ON)}$, set the converter over-current trip point (I_{OCSET}) according to the following equation:

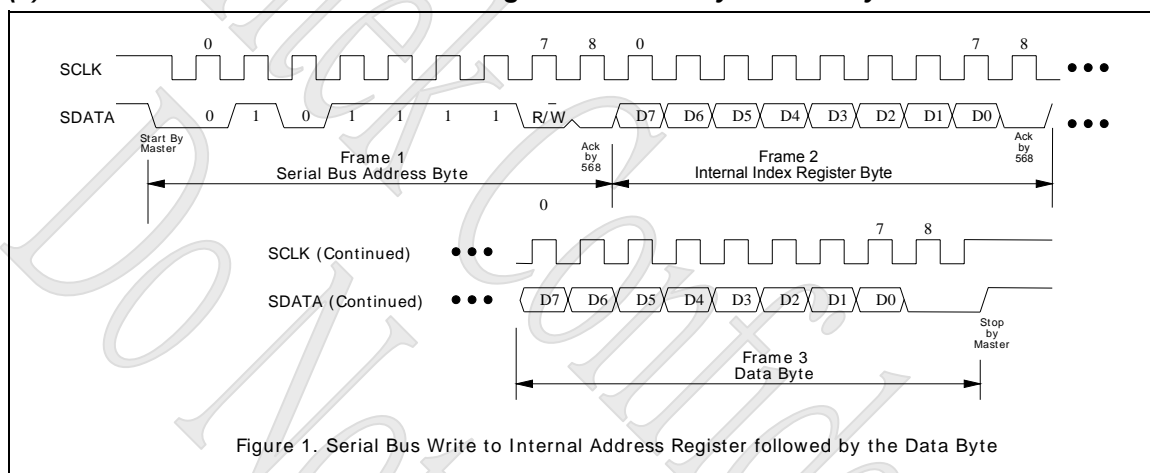
$$I_{OCSET} = \frac{40\mu A \times R_{OCSET} - 0.4V}{R_{DS(ON)} \text{ of the lower MOSFET}}$$

If over current occurs, the F72568 will shut down the PWM

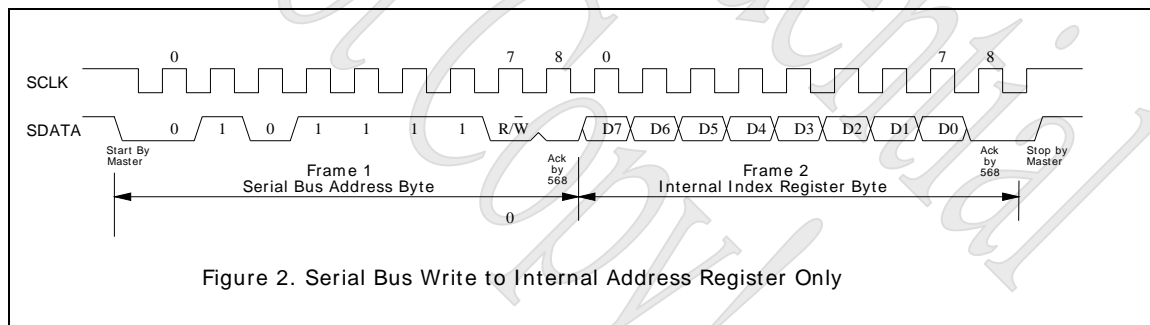
6.7 Access Interface

The F72568 can be connected to a compatible 2-wire serial system Management Bus (SMBus) as a slave device under the control of the master device, using two device terminals SCLK and SDATA. The controller can provide a clock signal to the device SCLK pin and read/write data from/to the device through the device SDATA pin. The address default is 0x5E(0101_1110) and the operation of device to the bus is described with details in the following sections.

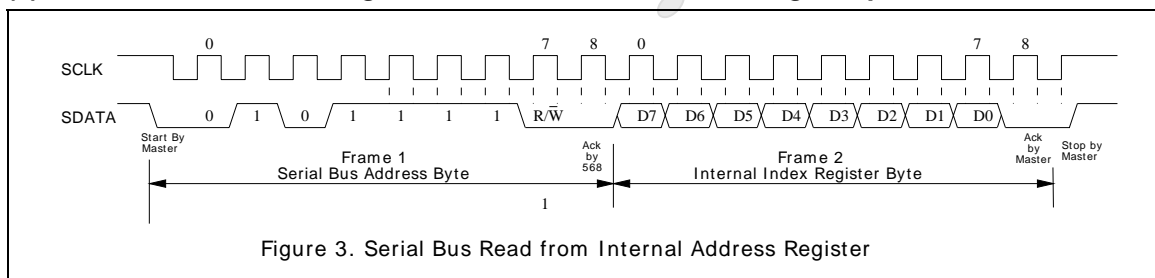
(a) SMBus write to internal address register followed by the data byte



(b) Serial bus write to internal address register only



(c) Serial bus read from a register with the internal address register prefer to desired location





7 Register Description.

7.1 Register — Index 01h

Reserved register. Do not write the reserved register to avoid the mis-action, please.

7.2 PWM_VRAM_11, PWM_VRAM_10 Fine tune Voltage Register — Index 02h

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description																
7:4	PWMVRAM_11	R/W	3	<p>According to Turbo hardware pin setting to fine tune PWM_VRAM reference voltage. If Turbo = 1, the PWM_VRAM Voltage table is set by Register 02h bit 7:4.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>0000 : 0.74V</td> <td>1000 : 0.90V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0001 : 0.76V</td> <td>1001 : 0.92V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0010 : 0.78V</td> <td>1010 : 0.94V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0011 : 0.80V</td> <td>1011 : 0.96V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0100 : 0.82V</td> <td>1100 : 0.98V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0101 : 0.84V</td> <td>1101 : 1.00V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0110 : 0.86V</td> <td>1110 : 1.02V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0111 : 0.88V</td> <td>1111 : 1.04V</td> </tr> </table> <p>The function must be enable by Register 09 Bit3 and Register 0A bit 3</p>	0000 : 0.74V	1000 : 0.90V	0001 : 0.76V	1001 : 0.92V	0010 : 0.78V	1010 : 0.94V	0011 : 0.80V	1011 : 0.96V	0100 : 0.82V	1100 : 0.98V	0101 : 0.84V	1101 : 1.00V	0110 : 0.86V	1110 : 1.02V	0111 : 0.88V	1111 : 1.04V
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0001 : 0.76V	1001 : 0.92V																			
0010 : 0.78V	1010 : 0.94V																			
0011 : 0.80V	1011 : 0.96V																			
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0101 : 0.84V	1101 : 1.00V																			
0110 : 0.86V	1110 : 1.02V																			
0111 : 0.88V	1111 : 1.04V																			
3:0	PWMVRAM_10	R/W	3	<p>According to Turbo hardware pin setting to fine tune PWM_VRAM reference voltage. If Turbo = 0, the PWM_VRAM Voltage table is set by Register 02h bit 3:0.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>0000 : 0.74V</td> <td>1000 : 0.90V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0001 : 0.76V</td> <td>1001 : 0.92V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0010 : 0.78V</td> <td>1010 : 0.94V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0011 : 0.80V</td> <td>1011 : 0.96V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0100 : 0.82V</td> <td>1100 : 0.98V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0101 : 0.84V</td> <td>1101 : 1.00V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0110 : 0.86V</td> <td>1110 : 1.02V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0111 : 0.88V</td> <td>1111 : 1.04V</td> </tr> </table> <p>The function must be enable by Register 09 Bit3 and Register 0A bit 3</p>	0000 : 0.74V	1000 : 0.90V	0001 : 0.76V	1001 : 0.92V	0010 : 0.78V	1010 : 0.94V	0011 : 0.80V	1011 : 0.96V	0100 : 0.82V	1100 : 0.98V	0101 : 0.84V	1101 : 1.00V	0110 : 0.86V	1110 : 1.02V	0111 : 0.88V	1111 : 1.04V
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0111 : 0.88V	1111 : 1.04V																			



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7.3 Register — Index 03h

Reserved register. Do not write the reserved register to avoid the mis-action, please.

7.4 PWM_VTT_10, PWM_VTT_11 Fine tune Voltage Register — Index 04h

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7:4	PWMVTT_11	R/W	3	According to Turbo hardware pin setting to fine tune PWM_VTT reference voltage. If Turbo = 1, the PWM_VTT Voltage table is set by Register 04h bit 7:4. 0000 : 0.74V 1000 : 0.90V 0001 : 0.76V 1001 : 0.92V 0010 : 0.78V 1010 : 0.94V 0011 : 0.80V 1011 : 0.96V 0100 : 0.82V 1100 : 0.98V 0101 : 0.84V 1101 : 1.00V 0110 : 0.86V 1110 : 1.02V 0111 : 0.88V 1111 : 1.04V The function must be enable by Register 09 Bit3 and Register 0A bit 3
3:0	PWMVTT_10	R/W	3	According to Turbo hardware pin setting to fine tune PWM_VTT reference voltage. If Turbo = 0, the PWM_VTT Voltage table is set by Register 04h bit 3:0 0000 : 0.74V 1000 : 0.90V 0001 : 0.76V 1001 : 0.92V 0010 : 0.78V 1010 : 0.94V 0011 : 0.80V 1011 : 0.96V 0100 : 0.82V 1100 : 0.98V 0101 : 0.84V 1101 : 1.00V 0110 : 0.86V 1110 : 1.02V 0111 : 0.88V 1111 : 1.04V The function must be enable by Register 09 Bit3 and Register 0A bit 3

7.5 Register — Index 05h

Reserved register. Do not write the reserved register to avoid the mis-action, please.


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7.6 LR_PCIE_10, LR_PCIE_11 Fine tune Voltage Register — Index 06h

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7:4	LRPCIE_11	R/W	3	According to Turbo hardware pin setting to fine tune LR_PCIE reference voltage. If Turbo = 1, the LR_PCIE Voltage table is set by Register 06h bit 7:4. 0000 : 0.74V 1000 : 0.90V 0001 : 0.76V 1001 : 0.92V 0010 : 0.78V 1010 : 0.94V 0011 : 0.80V 1011 : 0.96V 0100 : 0.82V 1100 : 0.98V 0101 : 0.84V 1101 : 1.00V 0110 : 0.86V 1110 : 1.02V 0111 : 0.88V 1111 : 1.04V The function must be enable by Register 09 Bit3 and Register 0A bit 3
3:0	LR_PCIE_10	R/W	3	According to Turbo hardware pin setting to fine tune LR_PCIE reference voltage. If Turbo = 0, the LR_PCIE Voltage table is set by Register 06h bit 3:0 0000 : 0.74V 1000 : 0.90V 0001 : 0.76V 1001 : 0.92V 0010 : 0.78V 1010 : 0.94V 0011 : 0.80V 1011 : 0.96V 0100 : 0.82V 1100 : 0.98V 0101 : 0.84V 1101 : 1.00V 0110 : 0.86V 1110 : 1.02V 0111 : 0.88V 1111 : 1.04V The function must be enable by Register 09 Bit3 and Register 0A bit 3

7.7 Register — Index 07h

Reserved register. Do not write the reserved register to avoid the mis-action, please.


7.8 LR3_10, LR3_11 Fine tune Voltage Register — Index 08h

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7:4	LR3_11	R/W	3	According to Turbo hardware pin setting to fine tune LRPCIE reference voltage. If Turbo = 1, the LRPCIE Voltage table is set by Register 08h bit 7:4. 0000 : 0.74V 1000 : 0.90V 0001 : 0.76V 1001 : 0.92V 0010 : 0.78V 1010 : 0.94V 0011 : 0.80V 1011 : 0.96V 0100 : 0.82V 1100 : 0.98V 0101 : 0.84V 1101 : 1.00V 0110 : 0.86V 1110 : 1.02V 0111 : 0.88V 1111 : 1.04V The function must be enable by Register 09 Bit3 and Register 0A bit 3
3:0	LR3_10	R/W	3	According to Turbo hardware pin setting to fine tune LR3 reference voltage. If Turbo =0, the LR3 Voltage table is set by Register 08h bit 3:0 0000 : 0.74V 1000 : 0.90V 0001 : 0.76V 1001 : 0.92V 0010 : 0.78V 1010 : 0.94V 0011 : 0.80V 1011 : 0.96V 0100 : 0.82V 1100 : 0.98V 0101 : 0.84V 1101 : 1.00V 0110 : 0.86V 1110 : 1.02V 0111 : 0.88V 1111 : 1.04V The function must be enable by Register 09 Bit3 and Register 0A bit 3

7.9 LRPCIE_11, LR3_11 Fine tune Voltage Register — Index 09h

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7-6	USBMODE	R/W	1	USB Power mode select, 00:DUAL 01:STR 10:OFF 11:OFF
5	VRAM_MODE	R/W	1	VRAM Power mode select, 0 : VCC 1:STR
4	VTT_MODE	R/W	0	VTT Power mode select, 0 : VCC 1: STR

3	TURBO_EN	R/W	0	TURBO function Enable, if set to 1 the register 01~08h will enable fine tune function when the fine tune setting is Turbo mode (Register 0A bit 3)
2	TURBO_INV	R/W	0	TURBO function sequence inverter. TURBO_INV=0: If TURBO value changes from 0 to 1, it will fine tune directly, Otherwise, it will delay 20ms to fine tune reference voltage. TURBO_INV=1: If TURBO value changes from 1 to 0, it will fine tune directly. Otherwise, it will delay 20ms to fine tune reference voltage
1	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
0	FAULT_EN	R/W	0	When register 09H bit 1 is set to FAULT_N mode, Set this bit to 1 to enable FAULT Function, When FAULT_N is low in S0 State, it will Shut down PWM_VRAM, PWM_VTT, LR_PCIE, LR_VID directly..

7.10 PLED ACPI Frequency setting Register — Index 0Ah

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7-6	PLED_SET[9:8]	R/W	0	PLED frequency setting, When PLED_SET[9:8] set equal to S3_N, S5_N, the PLED pin will be tri-state (OD) *note : {1,1} represent S0 State, {1,0} represent S3 State, {00} represent S5 State, {01} the state is reserved
5-4	SLED_SET[9:8]	R/W	3	SLED frequency setting, When SLED_SET[9:8] set equal to S3_N, S5_N, the PLED pin will be tri-state (OD) *note : {1,1} represent S0 State, {1,0} represent S3 State, {00} represent S5 State, {01} the state is reserved
3	VFB_SEL	R/W	0	Manual mode or Turbo mode selection, 0:turbo 1:Manual If the setting is Turbo mode, set register 09H bit 3 to enable the fine tune function. If the setting is Manual mode, Write Register 02/04/06/08 Bit [7:4] to fine tune voltage.
2	LED_INV	R/W	1	Set to 1 , the PLED and SLED CLK is inverted
1	VRAM_OCEN	R/W	1	PWM_VRAM Over current enable
0	VTT_OCEN	R/W	1	PWM_VTT Over current enable


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7.11 PLED ACPI Frequency setting Register — Index 0Bh

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7-0	PLED_SET[7:0]	R/W	9B	PLED frequency setting, When the PLED_SET[7:6] = S3_N, S5_N, PLED will be 1HZ toggle pulse with 50 duty cycle PLED_SET[5:4] = S3_N, S5_N, PLED will be 1/2 HZ toggle pulse with 50 duty cycle PLED_SET[3:2] = S3_N, S5_N, PLED will be 1/4HZ toggle pulse with 50 duty cycle PLED_SET[1:0] = S3_N, S5_N, PLED will drive low *note : {1,1} represent S0 State, {0,1} represents S3 State , {0,0} represent S5 State, {1,0} is tri-state ,

7.12 SLED ACPI Frequency setting Register — Index 0Ch

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7-0	SLED_SET[7:0]	R/W	98	SLED frequency setting, When the SLED_SET[7:6] = S3_N, S5_N, SLED will be 1HZ toggle pulse with 50 duty cycle SLED_SET[5:4] = S3_N, S5_N, SLED will be 1/2 HZ toggle pulse with 50 duty cycle SLED_SET[3:2] = S3_N, S5_N, SLED will be 1/4HZ toggle pulse with 50 duty cycle SLED_SET[1:0] = S3_N, S5_N, SLED will drive low *note : {1,1} represent S0 State, {0,1} represents S3 State , {0,0} represent S5 State, {1,0} is tri-state ,

7.13 Under Voltage, Over Current Enable Protection Register — Index 10h

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7	VPCIE_UVEN	R/W	1	VPCIE Under voltage enable
6	VID_UVEN	R/W	1	VID Under voltage enable
5	VDUAL3V_UVEN	R/W	1	VDUAL3V Under voltage enable
4	LR1_UVEN	R/W	1	LR1 Under voltage enable


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3	LR2_UVEN	R/W	1	LR2 Under voltage enable
2	LR3_UVEN	R/W	1	LR3 Under voltage enable
1	PWM_VTT_UVEN	R/W	1	PWM_VTT Under voltage enable
0	PWM_VRAM_UVEN	R/W	1	PWM_VRAM Under voltage enable

7.14 Register — Index 11h

Bit	Name	R/W	Default	Description
7	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
6	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
5	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
4	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
3	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
2	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
1	DEC_VFB	R/W	0	Reserved Function: when set to 1, it can decrease regulators VFB voltage, it must fix the related fine tune register bit2, bit 3 to zero, for example 100XX, It provide 4 kinds decrease voltage 10000 : 0.72V 10001 : 0.70V 10010 : 0.68V 10011 : 0.66V
0	PROTECTION_SEL	R/W	0	Set to 1 can toggle S5_N to recovery, if VRAM, VTT, LR_PCIE, LR_VID Shut down by Over current or Under voltage or Fault_N SD , Set to 0, must power off to recovery.



8 Electrical Characteristic

Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
IC supply voltage	VCC	7	V
ESD classification	HBM	2	kV
※ Maximum junction temperature (plastic package)	T _j	- 0°C to 125°C	°C
※ Maximum storage temperature	T _{STO}	-65~150	°C
※ Maximum lead temperature (soldering 10s)		260	°C

Note: If ICs are stressed beyond the limits listed in the “absolute maximum ratings”, they may be permanently destroyed. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC and AC electrical characteristics (VCC = 12V, TA = 25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
VCC SUPPLY CURRENT/Regulated Voltage						
Nominal supply current 5VCC	I _{CC}	UGATE, LGATE and DRIVE2 open		6	15	mA
POWER-ON RESET						
Rising VCC threshold			3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Falling VCC threshold			2.7	3.0	3.3	V
OSCILLATOR AND Soft-start						
Free running frequency	F _{OSC}		200	250	300	kHz
※ Ramp Amplitude	ΔV _{OSC}			1.5		V _{P-P}
Soft-start interval	T _{SS}	C _{SS} =0.1u	8.4	12.4	17.4	ms
Dead time	T _{DT}	2V to 2V	20	30	50	ns
REFERENCE VOLTAGE						
Reference voltage	V _{REF}	VCC=5V, T= 25	0.784	0.8	0.816	V
PWM CONTROLLER GATE DRIVERS						
Upper Drive Source	R _{UGATE}	VDS = 1V, VGS = 12V,		7	14	Ω
Upper Drive Sink	R _{UGATE}	VDS = 1V, VGS = 12V		5	10	Ω
Lower Drive Source	R _{LGATE}	VDS = 1V, VGS = 12V		7	14	Ω
Lower Drive Sink	R _{LGATE}	VDS = 1V, VGS = 12V		5	10	Ω

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Error Amplifier						
Slew Rate	SR			4.5		V/us
※ DC Gain	A0			34		dB
Linear Regulator						
DC Gain				70		dB
Gain Bandwidth Product				1.86		MHz
Slew Rate				38		V/us
Drive High Output Voltage				12		V
Drive Low Output Voltage				0		V
Drive High Output Source Current		Vo=9V; VDDA=10V			-0.54	mA
Drive Low Output Sink Current		Vo=1V; VDDA=10V		0.52		mA
Protection						
OCSET Current Source	IocSET			40		uA
FB Under Voltage Trip		FB Falling	0.4	0.5	0.6	V
VRAM(V _{DDQ}) UV Level			0.4	0.5	0.6	V
VTT_PWM (V _{GMCH}) UV Level			0.4	0.5	0.6	V
Charge Pump						
Charge Pump Frequency				250		KHz
Charge Pump Voltage				9.5		V
Switch Controller						
DUALGATE Output High Voltage				9.5		V
VCCGATE Output High Voltage			10.8	12	13.2	V
USBGATE SS Source Current			10.8	12	13.2	V

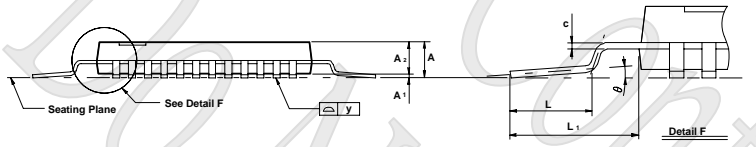
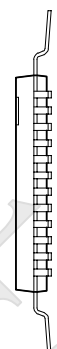
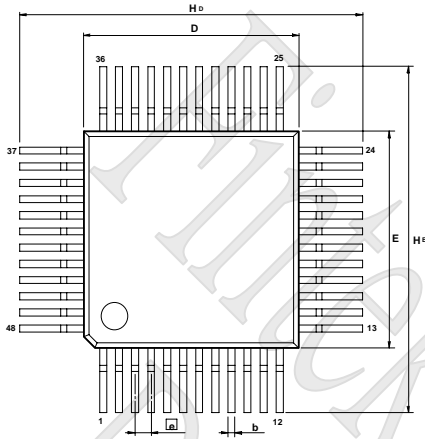
※: Design Guarantee

9 Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Type	Production Flow
F72568DG	48-LQFP Green Package	Commercial, 0°C to +70°C


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10 Package Dimensions (48LQFP)



Symbol	Dimension in inch			Dimension in mm		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A				---	---	1.60
A ₁				0.05	---	0.15
A ₂				1.35	1.40	1.45
b				0.17	0.20	0.27
c				0.09	---	0.20
D					7.00	
E					7.00	
Ⓞ					0.50	
H _D					9.00	
H _E					9.00	
L				0.45	0.60	0.75
L ₁					1.00	
y				---	0.08	---
θ				0	3.5°	7

Notes:

1. Dimensions D & E do not include interlead flash.
2. Dimension b does not include dambar protrusion/intrusion.
3. Controlling dimension: Millimeters
4. General appearance spec. should be based on final visual inspection spec.

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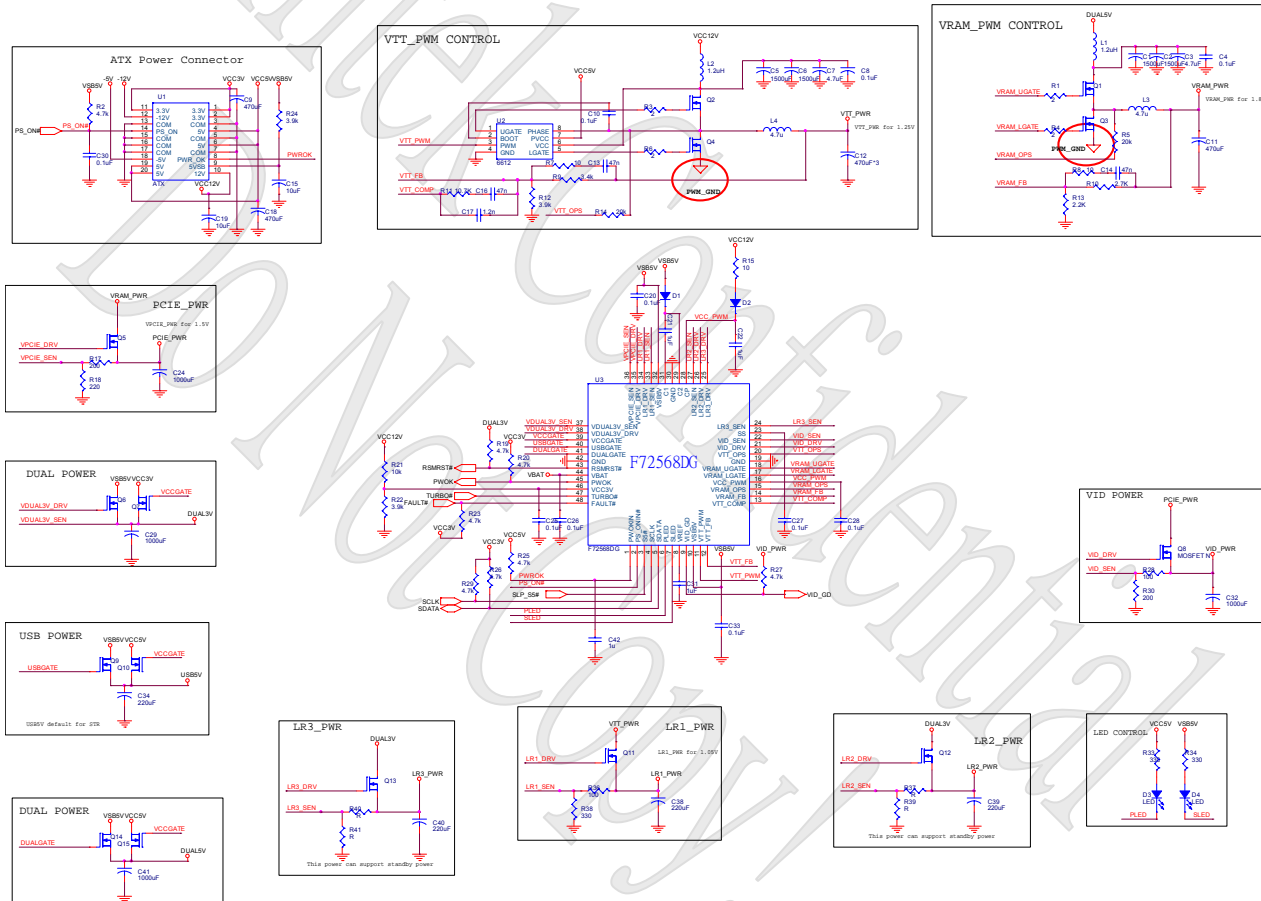
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11 Application Circuit



Rev	<None>
Doc	Document Number
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Figure F72568 application circuit