

Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



DESCRIPTION

The Powercast P2110 Powerharvester receiver is an RF energy harvesting device that converts RF to DC. Housed in a compact SMD package, the P2110 receiver provides RF energy harvesting and power management for battery-free, micro-power devices. The P2110 converts RF energy to DC and stores it in a capacitor. When a charge threshold on the capacitor is achieved, the P2110 boosts the voltage to the set output voltage level and enables the voltage output. When the charge on the capacitor declines to the low voltage threshold the voltage output is turned off. A microprocessor can be used to optimize the power usage from the P2110 and obtain other data from the component for improving overall system operation.

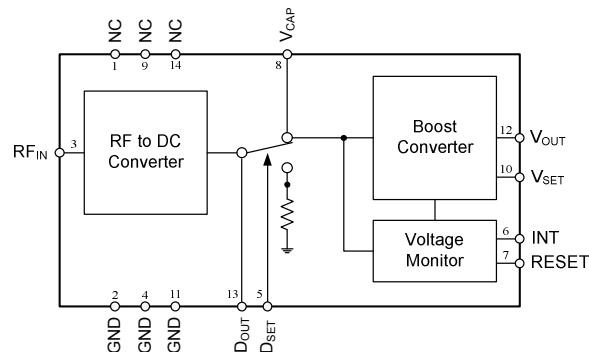
FEATURES

- High conversion efficiency
- Converts low-level RF signals enabling long range applications
- Regulated voltage output up to 5.25V
- Up to 50mA output current
- Received signal strength indicator
- No external RF components required - Internally matched to 50 ohms
- Wide RF operating range
- Operation down to -11.5 dBm input power
- Externally resettable for microprocessor control
- Industrial temperature range
- RoHS compliant

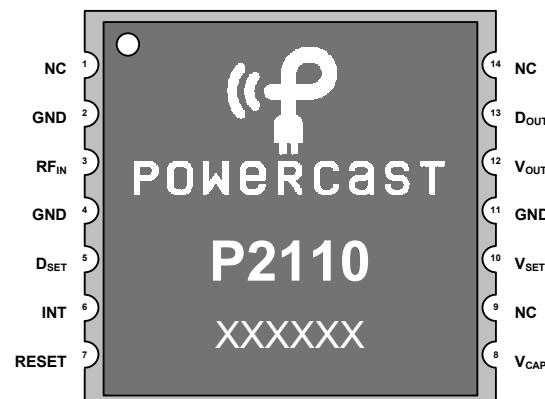
APPLICATIONS

- Battery-free wireless sensors
 - Industrial Monitoring
 - Smart Grid
 - Structural Health Monitoring
 - Defense
 - Building automation
 - Agriculture
 - Oil & Gas
 - Location-aware services
- Wireless trigger
- Low power electronics

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATION



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Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Rating	Unit
RF Input Power	23	dBm
RF_{IN} to GND	0	V
D_{SET} to GND	6	V
RESET to GND	6	V
V_{CAP} to GND	2.3	V
V_{OUT} to GND	6	V
V_{OUT} Current	100	mA
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to 140	°C

Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.

ESD CAUTION

This is an ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid degradation or damage to the component.



PIN FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Pin	Label	Function
1	NC	No Connection.
2	GND	RF Ground. Connect to analog ground plane.
3	RF_{IN}	RF Input. Connect to 50Ω antenna through a 50Ω transmission line. Add a DC block if antenna is a DC short.
4	GND	RF Ground. Connect to analog ground plane.
5	D_{SET}	Digital Input. Set to enable measurement of harvested power. If this function is not desired leave NC.
6	INT	Digital Output. Indicates that voltage is present at V_{OUT} .
7	RESET	Digital Input. Set to disable V_{OUT} . If this function is not desired leave NC.
8	V_{CAP}	Connect to an external capacitor for energy storage.
9	NC	No Connection.
10	V_{SET}	Output Voltage Adjustment. Sets the output voltage by connecting a resistor to V_{OUT} or GND. Leave NC for 3.3V.
11	GND	DC Ground. Connect to analog ground plane.
12	V_{OUT}	DC Output. Connect to external device. The output is preset to 3.3V but can be adjusted with an external resistor.
13	D_{OUT}	Analog Output. Provides an analog voltage level corresponding to the harvested power.
14	NC	No Connection.

Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver

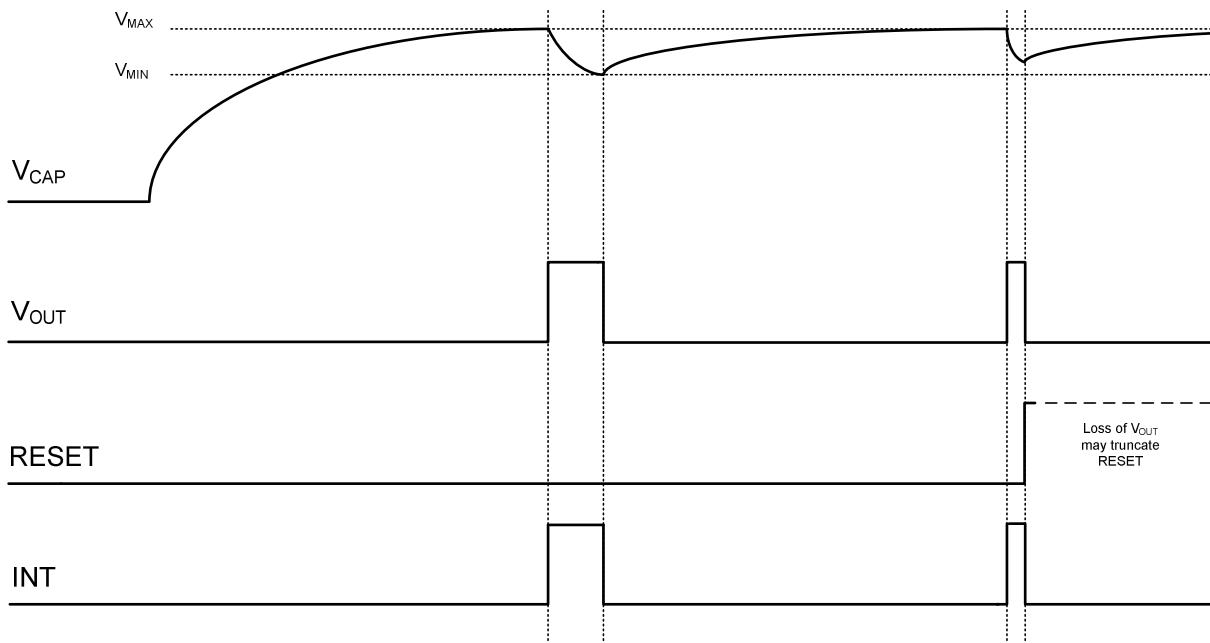
SPECIFICATIONS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 3.3\text{V}$ unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
RF Characteristics ¹						
Input Power	RF_{IN}		-10		10	dBm
Frequency			902		928	MHz
DC Characteristics						
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		1.8	3.3	5.25	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}				50	mA
V_{CAP} Maximum	V_{MAX}			1.25		V
V_{CAP} Minimum	V_{MIN}			1.02		V
Signal Strength	D_{OUT}	$\text{RF}_{\text{IN}} = 0\text{dBm}$		275		mV
Boost Efficiency		$I_{\text{OUT}} = 20\text{mA}$		85		%
Maximum INT Current				0.1		mA
Digital Characteristics						
RESET Input High				1		V
D_{SET} Input High			1.8			V
INT Output High			V_{MIN}			V
Timing Characteristics						
D_{SET} Delay				50		μs
RESET Delay				6.6		μs
RESET Pulse Width			20			ns

¹See typical performance graphs for operation at other frequencies or power levels.

TIMING DIAGRAM



Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

RF INPUT (RF_{IN})

The RF input is an unbalanced input from the antenna. Any standard or custom 50Ω antenna may be used with the receiver. The P2110 has been optimized for operation in the 902-928MHz band but will operate outside this band with reduced efficiency. Contact Powercast for custom frequency requirements.

The RF input must be isolated from ground. For antennas that are a DC short, a high-Q DC blocking capacitor should be added in series with the antenna.

STORAGE CAPACITOR SELECTION (V_{CAP})

The P2110 requires an external storage capacitor. The value of the capacitor will determine the amount of energy available from the V_{OUT} pin. The capacitor should have a leakage current as small as possible. It is recommended that the leakage current of the capacitor be less than 1µA at 1.2V. The capacitor ESR should be 200mΩ or less.

Smaller capacitors will charge more quickly but will result in shorter operation cycles. Larger capacitors will charge more slowly, but will provide for longer operation cycles. The required capacitor value can be estimated using the following equation.

$$C = 15 V_{OUT} I_{OUT} t_{ON}$$

Where,

V_{OUT} - Output voltage of the P2110

I_{OUT} - Average output current from the P2110

t_{ON} - On-time of the output voltage

When using the RESET function, the size of the capacitor is less important. A larger capacitor can be used to facilitate intermittent functions that require more energy. The RESET will control the amount of energy removed from the capacitor during operation which will minimize the required recharge time. It should be noted that when RESET is used, a larger capacitor will not affect charge time during operation, but it will require more time to initially charge from a completely discharged state.

The voltage on the V_{CAP} pin under normal operation will vary between approximately 1.25V and 1.02V. If the harvested energy becomes too large, the voltage on the CAP pin will be internally clamped to protect low voltage supercapacitors. Clamping will begin at approximately 1.8V and will limit the voltage to less than 2.3V at the maximum rated input power.

RSSI OPERATION (D_{OUT}, D_{SET})

The RSSI functionality allows the sampling of the received signal to provide an indication of the amount of energy being harvested. When D_{SET} is driven high the harvested DC power will be directed to an internal sense resistor, and the corresponding voltage will be provided to the D_{OUT} pin. The voltage on the D_{OUT} pin can be read after a 50µs settling time.

When the RSSI functionality is being used, the harvested DC power is not being stored.

Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



The D_{OUT} pin provides indirect access to the storage capacitor. Under certain circumstances, an unpowered microprocessor connected to this pin can provide a significant load to the storage capacitor. To eliminate this leakage current, an external NMOS should be connected between the D_{OUT} pin and the microprocessor. The gate of the NMOS should be tied to the D_{SET} pin. The drain should be tied to the D_{OUT} pin and the source to the microprocessor. The threshold voltage of the NMOS should be one volt or less.

If the RSSI functionality is not used, the D_{OUT} and D_{SET} pins should be left as no connects. The D_{SET} pin has an internal pull down.

RESET

The RESET function allows the voltage from V_{OUT} to be turned off before the storage capacitor reaches the lower threshold, V_{MIN} , thereby saving energy and improving the recharge time back to the activation threshold, V_{MAX} . The RESET function can be implemented by a microcontroller. When the function of the microcontroller is completed, driving the RESET pin high will disable the voltage from V_{OUT} . Care should be taken to ensure that the microcontroller, especially during power-on, does not inadvertently drive this pin high. This will immediately shutdown the output voltage.

If the RESET functionality is not used, the RESET pin should be left as a no connect. The RESET pin has an internal pull down.

INTERRUPT (INT)

The INT pin provides a digital indication that voltage is present at the V_{OUT} pin. This pin

can be used in more sophisticated systems that contain other storage elements and can be used as an external interrupt to bring a device such as microcontroller out of a deep sleep mode. The digital high level of the INT pin will be between V_{MIN} and V_{MAX} . The INT pin can provide a maximum of 0.1mA of current.

If the INT functionality is not used, the INT pin should be left as a no connect.

SETTING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V_{OUT})

The DC output voltage from the P2110 is preset to 3.3V. However, it can be adjusted by adding an external resistor to increase or decrease the output voltage using the following equations.

To **decrease** the output voltage, place a resistor calculated by the following equation from V_{SET} to V_{OUT} . The voltage can be set to a minimum of 1.8V.

$$R = \frac{249k(V_{OUT} - 1.195)}{3.32 - V_{OUT}}$$

To **increase** the output voltage, place a resistor calculated by the following equation from V_{SET} to GND. The voltage can be set to a maximum of 5.25V.

$$R = \frac{297.47k}{V_{OUT} - 3.32}$$

LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

The RF_{IN} feed line should be designed as a 50Ω trace and should be as short as possible to minimize feed line losses. The following table provides recommended

Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



dimensions for 50Ω feed lines (CPWG) for different circuit board configurations.

PCB Side View			
Material	Thickness (H)	Trace Width (S)	Spacing (W)
FR4 ($\epsilon_r = 4.2$)	62	50	9
FR4 ($\epsilon_r = 4.2$)	31	50	20

*All dimensions are in mils.

The GND pins on each side of the RF_{IN} pin should be connected to the PCB ground plane through a via located next to the pads under the receiver.

When setting the output voltage, the resistor connected to the V_{SET} pin should be as close as possible to the pin. No external capacitance should be added to this pin.

The D_{OUT} pin can contain low-level analog voltage signals. If a long trace is connected to this pin, additional filtering capacitance next to the A/D converter may be required. Additional capacitance on this pin will increase the D_{SET} delay time.

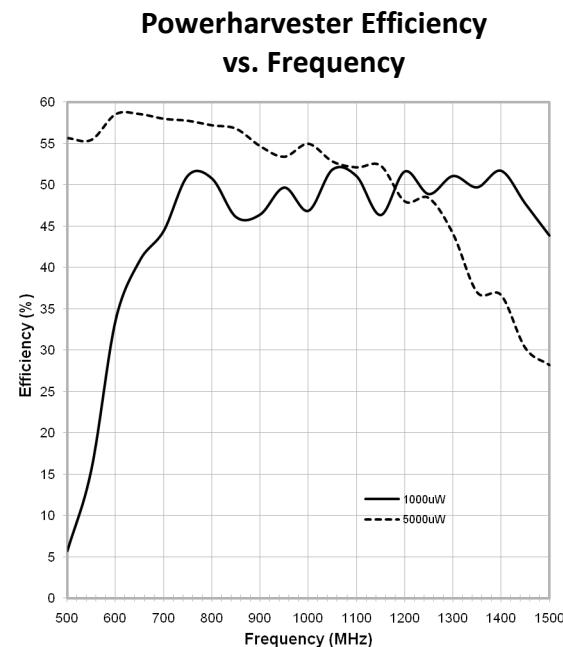
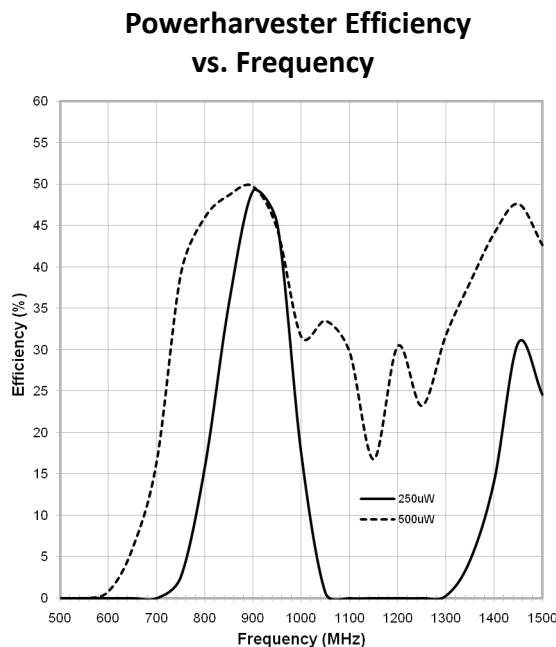
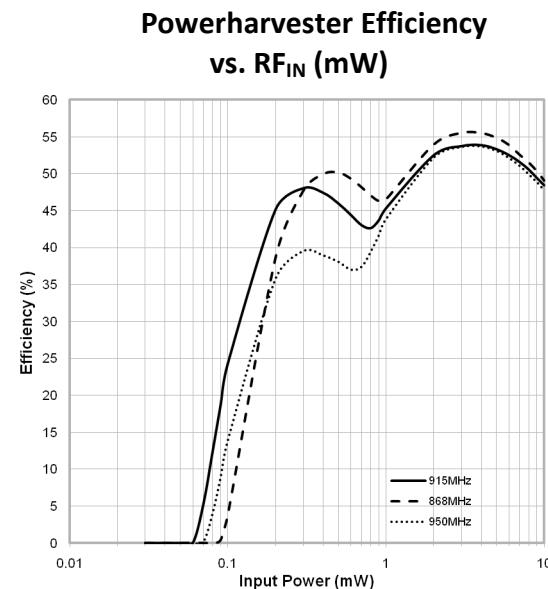
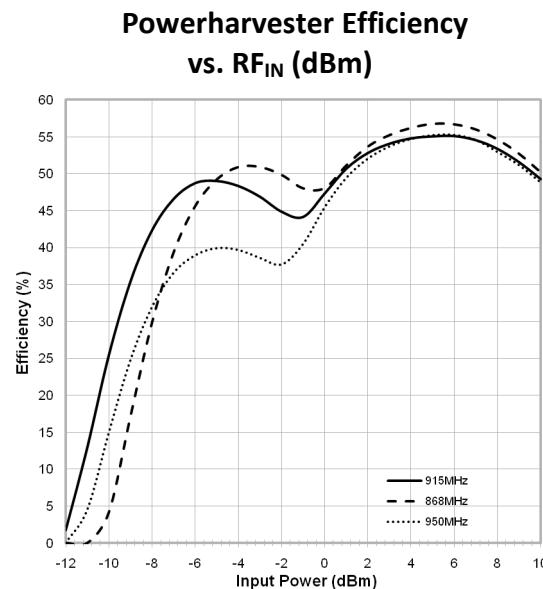
The trace from V_{CAP} to the storage capacitor should be as short as possible and have a width of greater than 20mils to minimize the series resistance of the trace.

Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 3.3\text{V}$, $V_{\text{CAP}} = 1.2\text{V}$, unless otherwise noted.

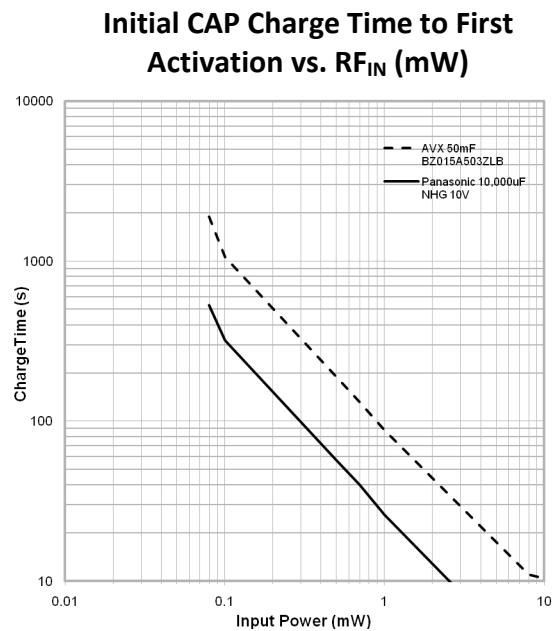
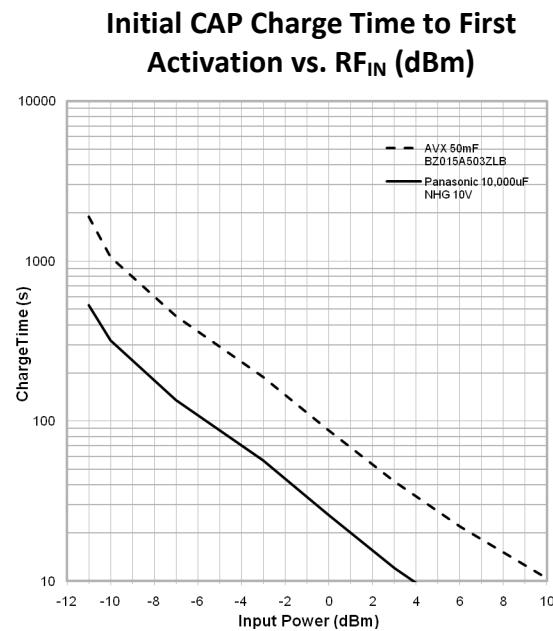
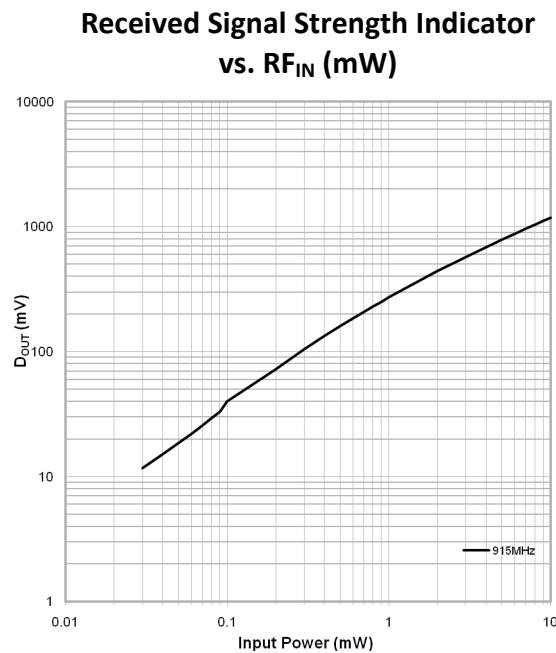
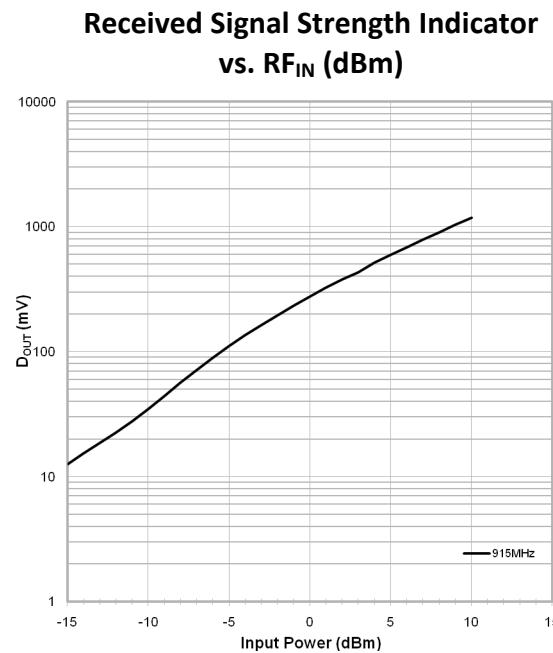


Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



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Product Datasheet

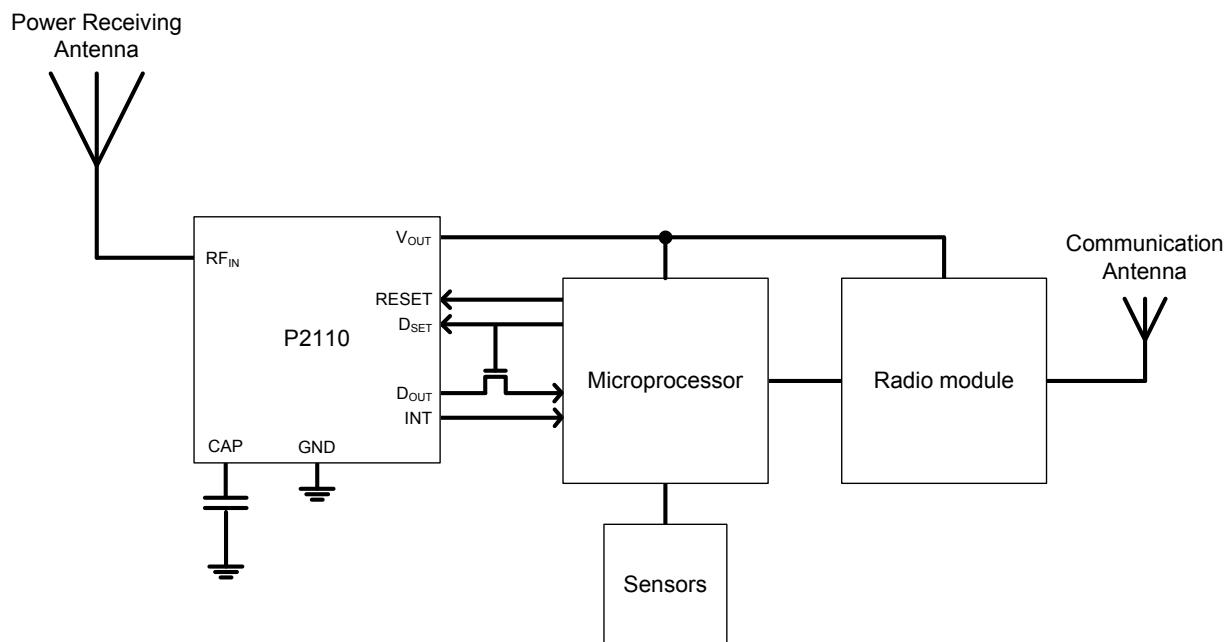
P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



TYPICAL APPLICATION

A typical application for the P2110 is to provide power for low-power, battery-free wireless sensors. Charge is stored in an external capacitor and when the activation threshold, V_{MAX} , is reached, V_{OUT} is switched on to the configured voltage until the lower threshold, V_{MIN} , is reached or a RESET is applied, at which point V_{OUT} is turned off.

The typical circuit shown was tested with a common microprocessor and 2.4GHz radio module. The circuit included temperature, humidity, and light level sensors. The microprocessor, when powered from the P2110, would read data from the three sensors. This data was transmitted along with a node ID and the RSSI value back to a computer. The battery-free wireless sensor used approximately 15mA of average current at 3.3V for 10ms. The performance data can be seen in the following figures.



Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver

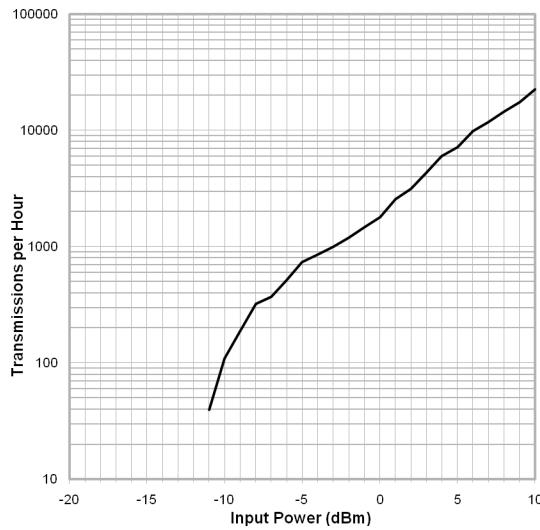


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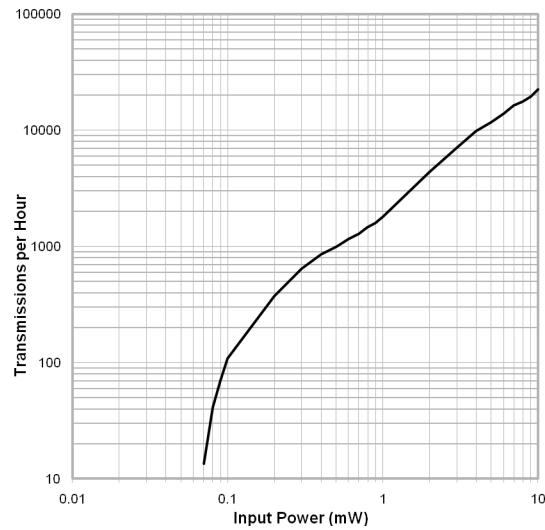
PERFORMANCE DATA FROM TYPICAL APPLICATION

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{OUT}} = 3.3\text{V}$

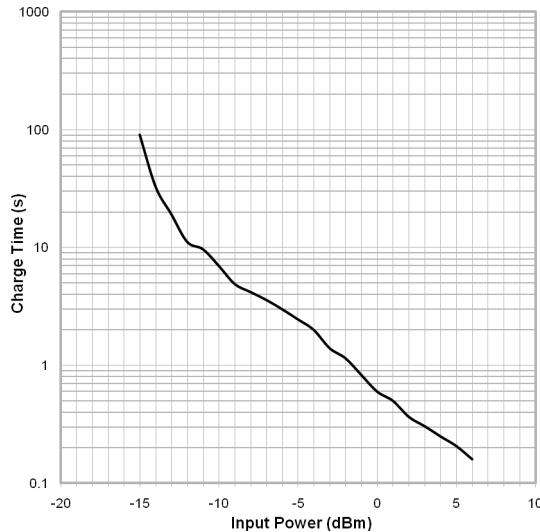
Packet Transmissions per Hour
vs. RF_{IN} (dBm)



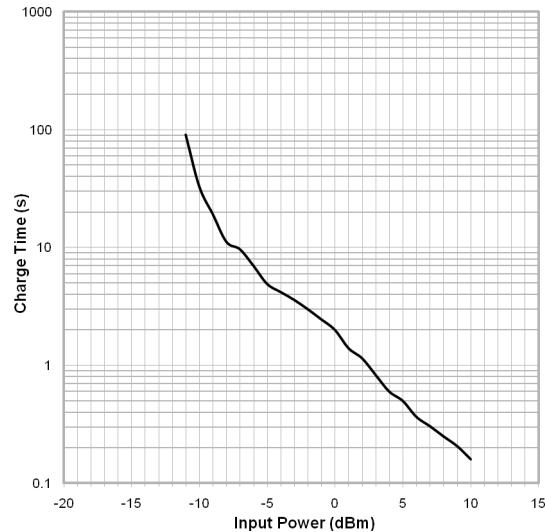
Packet Transmissions per Hour
vs. RF_{IN} (mW)



Time between Packets using RESET
vs. RF_{IN} (dBm)



Time between Packets using RESET
vs. RF_{IN} (mW)

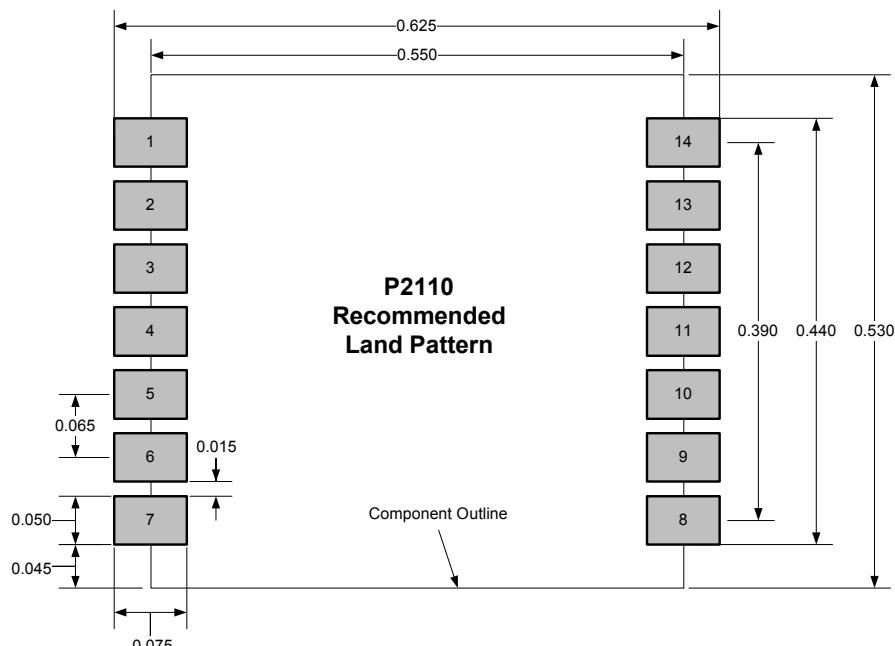
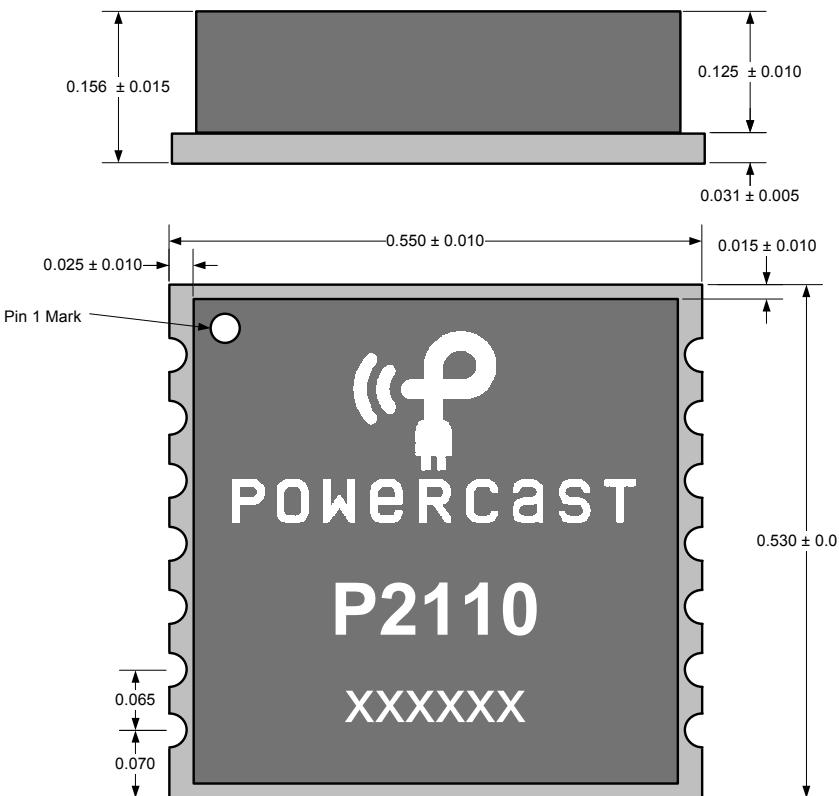


Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver



MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



*Dimensions in inches

Product Datasheet

P2110 – 915 MHz RF Powerharvester™ Receiver

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