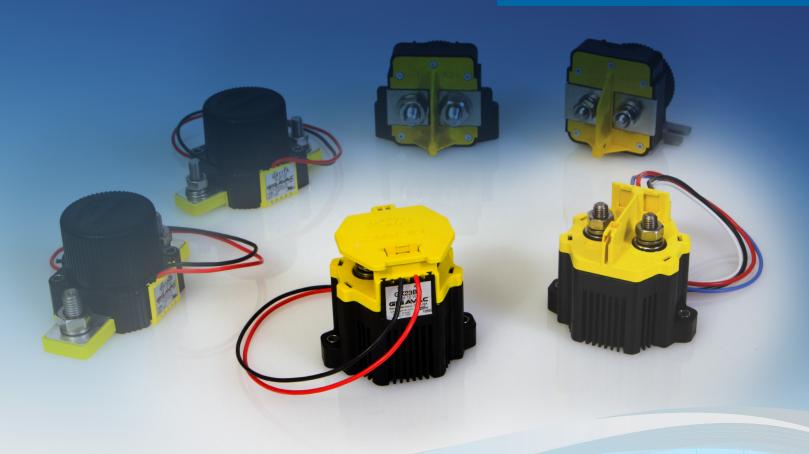


GX21150+ Amp 12-800 Vdc Contactor



FEATURES

- Stand-up mounting with integrated safety cover No need for specially routed power cables, special bus bars, or special lugs.
- ➤ Rugged EPIC® seal rated to 175°C Reduced risk of fire or meltdown in over current conditions.

 The same technology used for advanced aerospace programs.
- ➤ Hermetically sealed UL listed: UL1604 for Class I & II, Div 2 and Class III for use in hazardous locations, IP67 for temporary water immersion for 30 min, IP69K for pressure washing, SAE J1171 external ignition protection, and IS08846 for protection against ignition around flammable gasses.
- ▶ High Efficiency Dual DC Coils Very low 12 or 24 VDC continuous coil power with no EMI emissions or cross-talk on your system control power. Ideal for battery powered systems or where low power is needed.
- Built-in coil suppression for all DC coils Saves you engineering time and parts cost to add external coil suppression.
- Stainless steel nuts, washers and mounting inserts, for years of corrosion free service.
- Not position sensitive can be mounted in any position for ease of installation.

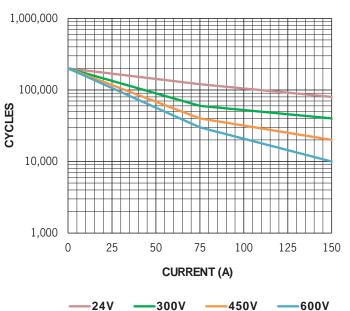


PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications	Units	Data	
Contact Arrangement			
Main	Form X	SPST-NO	
Auxilary (2A, 24VDC) ¹	Form A or B	SPST-NO or SPST-NC	
Mechanical Life	Cycles	1,000,000	
Contact Resistance ²			
Max	mohms	0.4	
Typical	mohms	0.15 to 0.3	
Insulation Resistance ⁴	Mohms	100	
Dielectric At Sea Level (Leakage < 1mA)	VRMS	2,200	
Shock, 1/2 Sine, 11ms	G peak	20	
Vibration, Sinusoidal (500-2000 Hz Peak)	G	15	
Ambient Temp Range			
Operating ⁵	°C	-55 to +85	
Storage	°C	-70 to +150	
Weight, Typical	Kg (Lb)	0.44 (0.98)	
Continuous Current (1/0 Conductor)	А	150	
Environmental Seal	Exceeds IP67 & IP69K		
Salt Fog	MIL-STD-810		

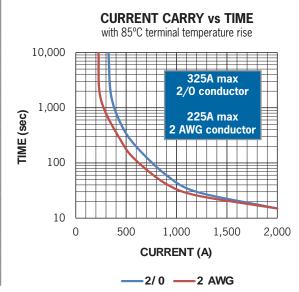
POWER SWITCHING AND CURRENT CARRY RATINGS





COIL RATINGS at 25°C

Coil P/N Designation	В	С	F	Н	J	K	L	S	T
Coil Voltage, Nominal (VDC)	12	24	48	72	120	120 VAC	240 VAC	12	24
Coil Voltage, Max (V)	16	32	64	96	140	140	280	16	32
Pick-Up Voltage, Max (V) ⁷	8	16	28	46	72	80	160	9 <mark>6, 8</mark>	15 ^{6, 8}
Drop-Out Voltage, Max (V) ⁷	3	7	10	14	18	30	60	4.5	7
Drop-Out Voltage, Min (V) ⁷	0.5	0.5	1.8	2.7	4.5	4.5	9	1	1.5
Pick-Up Current, Max (A) (75 ms) ⁷	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.7	0.76
Coil Current (A) ⁷	0.68	0.28	0.16	0.095	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.084	0.032
Coil Power (W) ⁷	8	6.8	7.6	6.8	7.2	7.2	9.6	1	0.768
Operate Time, Max (ms) ³	20	20	30	30	20	30	30	20	20
Release Time, Max (ms)	12	12	12	12	12	50	55	12	12
Internal Coil Suppression	CONTROL CIRCUIT CONTROL CIRCUIT								
Coil Back EMF (V)	55	55	80	115	175	N/A	N/A	55	55
Transients, Max (V) (13 ms)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	±50	±50
Reverse Polarity (V)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16	32



DIMENSIONS



Mounting

M5 Bolts

Case Material

DuPont Zytel FR50 (25% Glass Filled Nylon)

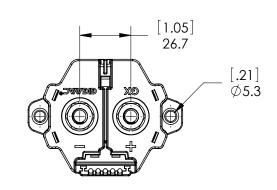
Power Connection

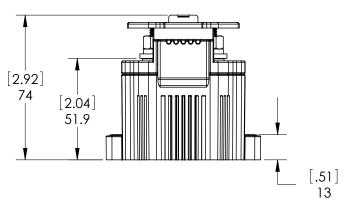
Stainless M8x1.25 Stud Stainless M8x1.25 Nut Stainless Lock Washer Stainless Flat Washer

Torque 10Nm [90in-lb] max

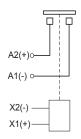
Coil Wire

Silicone, 20 AWG, UL: VW-1



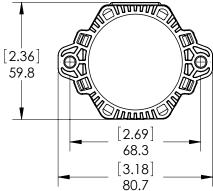


Power Contacts



Auxiliary contacts (optional)





PART NUMBER SYSTEM

GX21	В	Α	В
Coil Voltage	B = 12 Vdc, Internal Coil Suppression		
	C = 24 Vdc, Internal Coil Suppression		
	F = 48 Vdc, Internal Coil Suppression		
	H = 72 Vdc, Internal Coil Suppression		
	J = 120 Vdc, Internal Coil Suppression		
	K = 120 Vac, Internal Coil Suppression		
	L = 240 Vac, Internal Coil Suppression		
	S = 12 Vdc, Low Power, Internal Coil Suppression		
	T = 24 Vdc, Low Power, Internal Coil Suppression		
Coil Termination		A = Flying leads 38 cm (15 in)	
		B = Flying leads 61 cm (24 in)	
		C = Flying leads 122 cm (48 in)	
Auxiliary			Blank = None
Contact			B = SPST, Normally Open
			C = SPST, Normally Closed

Notes & Definitions:

- 1 Auxillary contact rating is 2A, 24Vdc Resistive load, 100,000 cycles. Minimum current is 0.1mA, 5V. The auxiliary contact is mechanically linked to the main power contacts.
- **2** Contact resisitance measured at currents higher than 100A.
- **3** Operation time is measured at 25°C and includes maximum 7ms bounce.
- 4 Insulation resistance is 50 Mohms after life.
- **5** Contactor can operate up to 125°C in special cases contact GIGAVAC for details.
- 6 Contactor has two coils. Both are used for pick-up, and then in approximately 75 milliseconds, one coil is electronically removed from the coil drive circuit. The remaining coil supplies low continuous hold power sufficient for the contactor to meet all of its specified performance specifications. This provides low coil power without PWM electronics that can cause EMI emissions and/or cross-talk on control power.
- **7** Contactor is operated by a coil that changes resistance with temperature. Since pick-up current, coil current and coil power are specified at nominal voltage, they will be lower than indicated at temperatures above 25°C and higher than indicated at temperatures below 25°C. Similarly, pick-up and drop-out voltages will be higher than indicated at temperatures above 25°C and lower than indicated at temperatures below 25°C.
- **8** For pick-up testing of contactors with dual coils, the voltage can not be ramped up slowly, but must be applied instantly to at least the maximum pick-up voltage. Otherwise, the contactor will not pick-up.
- **9** Limit make current to 500A to avoid contact welding. For AC power switching cycles, contact factory.

APPLICATION NOTES

- Contactors feature internal transorb for coil suppression. No external diodes should be added across the coil. The use of additional external coil suppression can slow the release time and invalidate the life cycle ratings, or can cause the contactor not to be able to interrupt the maximum current specified. If lower coil back EMF is required, please contact GIGAVAC for assistance.
- Contactors should be installed so that <u>current flows</u> from A2(+) to A1(-). Contactors should not be switched bi-directionally.
- Applications with <u>capacitors</u> will require a pre-charge circuit.
- Electrical life rating is based on resistive load with 27µH maximum inductance in circuit. Because your application may be different, we suggest you test the contactor in your circuit to verify life is as required.
- End of life is defined as when the dielectric, insulation resistance or contact resistance fails the specifications listed.