



**Pb Free**

# Specification

## FB102

SSC		Customer
Drawn	Approval	Approval

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# FB102

## 1. Description

- Small size suitable for compact appliances.
- Surface-mounted chip LED device.
- Pb-free and RoHS complaint component.
- High brightness, High efficiency
- Tape and Reel packing.
- Increases the life time of battery.



# FB102

## Features

- 1.6 X 0.8 X 0.6 mm
- Untinted, Diffused flat mold
- Dominant Wavelength : 590nm

## Applications

- ◆ Cellular phone's keypad lightning
- ◆ Information Boards

## 2. Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	$P_d$	72	mW
Forward Current	$I_F$	30	mA
Peak Forward Current	$I_{FM}^{*1}$	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr.}$	-40 ~ 85	℃
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg.}$	-40 ~ 100	℃

\*1  $I_{FM}$  conditions: Pulse width  $T_w \leq 1\text{msec}$  and Duty ratio  $\leq 1/10$ .

## 3. Electro-Optical Characteristics

(Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	1.9	2.1	2.4	V
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R=5\text{V}$	-	-	10	uA
Luminous Intensity*2	$I_V$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	30	100	140	mcd
Wavelength	$\lambda_d$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	582	590	598	nm
Spectral Bandwidth	$\Delta\lambda$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	-	15	-	nm
Viewing Angle*3 (Y)	$2\theta_{1/2}$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	-	140	-	°

\*2 The luminous intensity  $I_V$  is measured at the peak of the spatial pattern which may not be aligned with the mechanical axis of the LED package.

\*3  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the peak intensity.

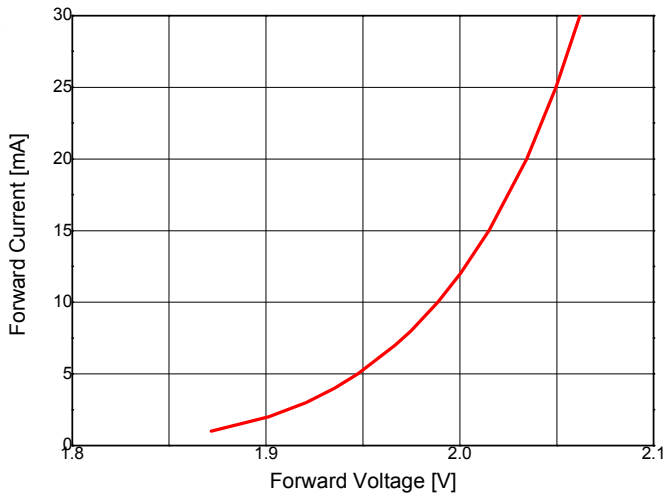
[Note] All measurements were made under the standardized environment of SSC.

(Tolerance :  $I_V \pm 10\%$ ,  $\lambda_d \pm 2\text{nm}$ ,  $V_F \pm 0.1\text{V}$ )

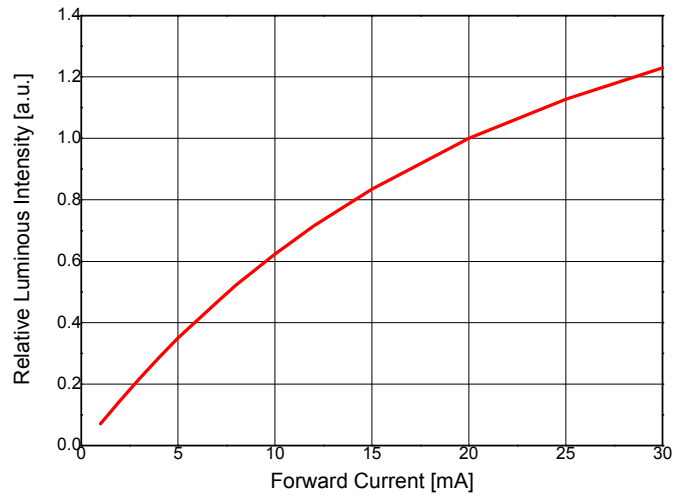
### 4. Characteristic Diagrams

Ta = 25°

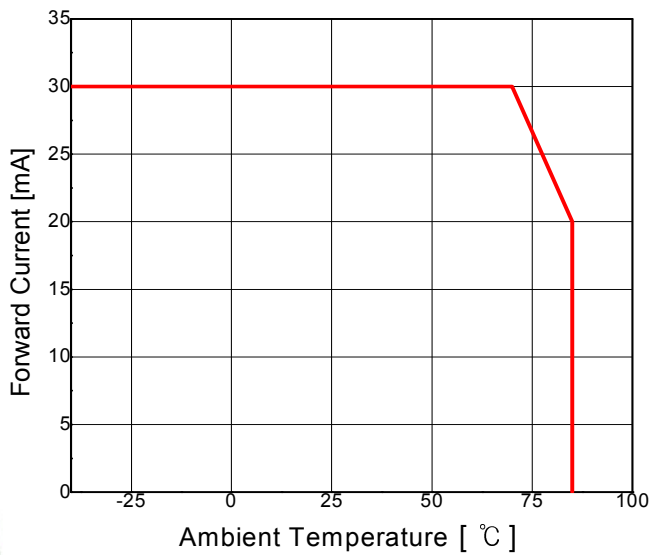
**Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage**



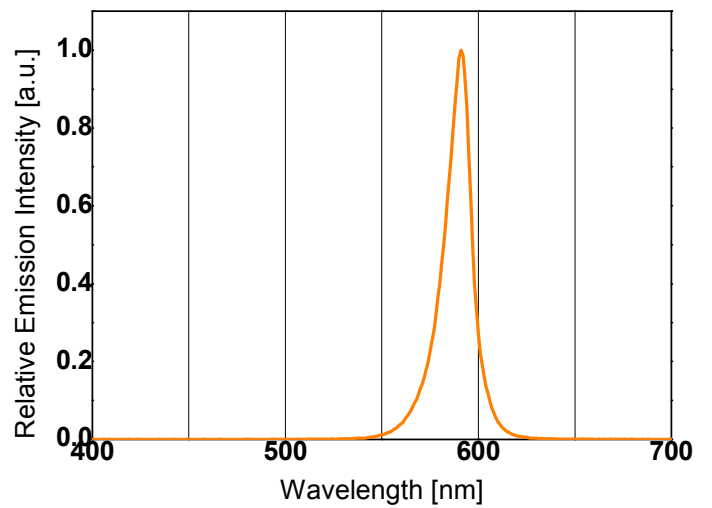
**Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current**



**Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**

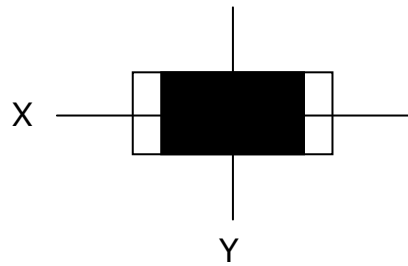
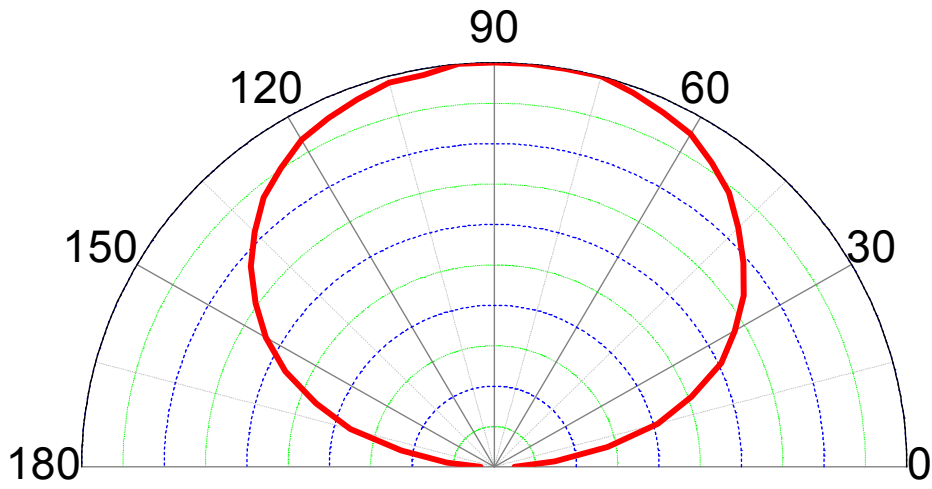


**Spectrum**



Radiation Diagram

Ta = 25°



### 5. Reliability Test

Item	Test Conditions	Duration / Cycle	Number Of Damaged
Operating at Room temperature	20mA, @25°C	500 hrs	0/22
Operating at High temperature	20mA, @85°C	500 hrs	0/22
Operating at High temperature / High humidity	20mA, @60°C,90%	500 hrs	0/22
Thermal shock test	-40~85°C Shift (2hr/cycle)	100 cycle	0/22
Thermal resistance Test	85°C, 85% 24hrs → Reflow 3 times (Max 260°C 10sec) → Thermal shock 30 cycle	1 time	0/22

MSL : 2a (30°C, 60% : 4 weeks)

\*Criterion

	OK
I <sub>v</sub>	> Initial value * 0.5
V <sub>F</sub>	Initial value ± 0.1V

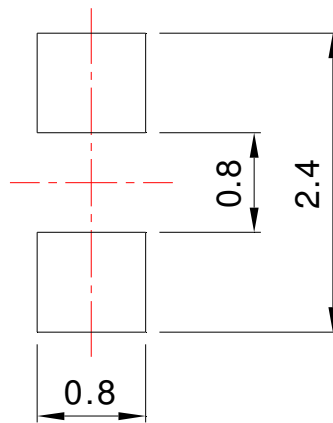
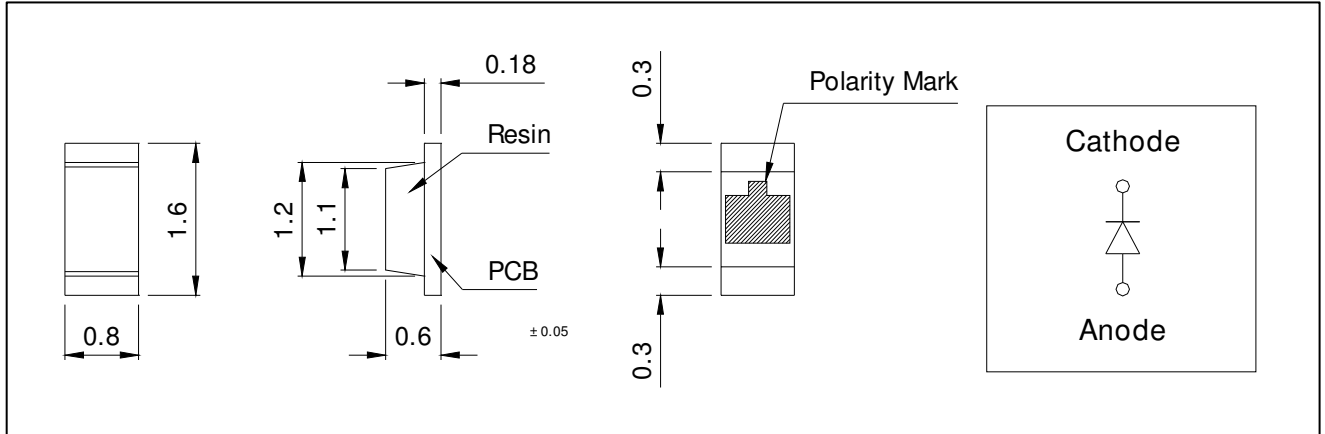
6. Rank

$I_F = 20\text{mA}$

Rank	$I_V$ [mcd]	$V_F$ [V]	$W_d$ [nm]
01	30-50	1.9-2.4	582-584
02	50-70	1.9-2.4	582-584
03	70-100	1.9-2.4	582-584
04	100-140	1.9-2.4	582-584
05	30-50	1.9-2.4	584-586
06	50-70	1.9-2.4	584-586
07	70-100	1.9-2.4	584-586
08	100-140	1.9-2.4	584-586
09	30-50	1.9-2.4	586-588
10	50-70	1.9-2.4	586-588
11	70-100	1.9-2.4	586-588
12	100-140	1.9-2.4	586-588
13	30-50	1.9-2.4	588-590
14	50-70	1.9-2.4	588-590
15	70-100	1.9-2.4	588-590
16	100-140	1.9-2.4	588-590
17	30-50	1.9-2.4	590-592
18	50-70	1.9-2.4	590-592
19	70-100	1.9-2.4	590-592
20	100-140	1.9-2.4	590-592
21	30-50	1.9-2.4	592-594
22	50-70	1.9-2.4	592-594
23	70-100	1.9-2.4	592-594
24	100-140	1.9-2.4	592-594
25	30-50	1.9-2.4	594-596
26	50-70	1.9-2.4	594-596
27	70-100	1.9-2.4	594-596
28	100-140	1.9-2.4	594-596
29	30-50	1.9-2.4	596-598
30	50-70	1.9-2.4	596-598
31	70-100	1.9-2.4	596-598
32	100-140	1.9-2.4	596-598

### 7. Outline Dimension

Tolerance  $\pm 0.1$ , Unit : mm



[Recommended Solder Pattern]

### 8. Material

Item	Substrate	chip	wire	Encapsulate	Electrode
Material	BT-Resin PCB	AlInGaP	Gold	Epoxy	Au Plated

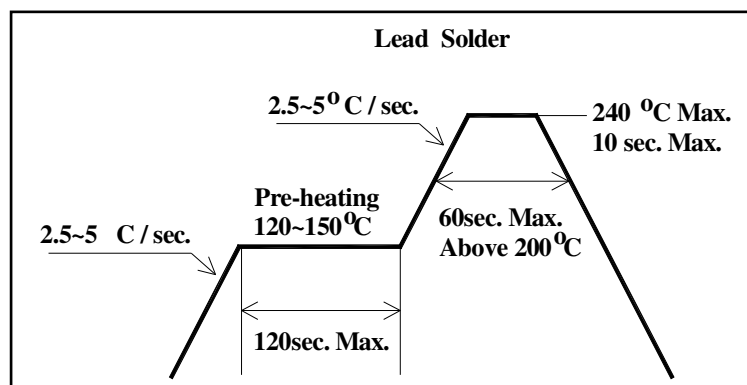




## 11. Soldering profile

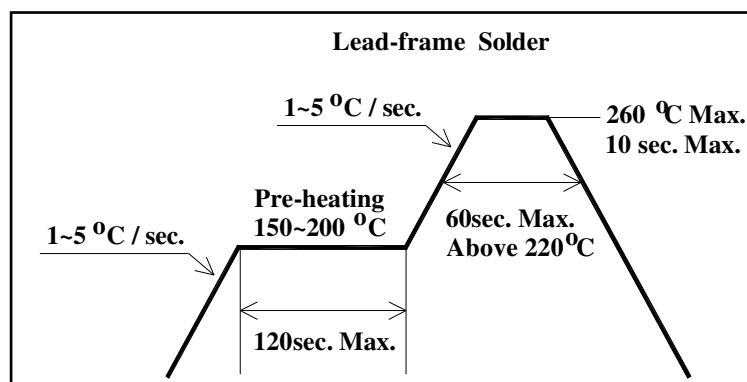
### (1) Lead Solder

Lead Solder	
Pre-heat	120~150℃
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.
Peak-Temperature	240℃ Max.
Soldering time Condition	10 sec. Max.



### (2) Lead-Free Solder

Lead Free Solder	
Pre-heat	150~200℃
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.
Peak-Temperature	260℃ Max.
Soldering time Condition	10 sec. Max.



### (3) Hand Soldering conditions

**Do not exceed 3 seconds at maximum 280°C under soldering iron.**

Note : In case that the soldered products are reused in soldering process, we don't guarantee the products.

## 12. Precaution for Use

### (1) Storage

LEDs must be stored at clean atmosphere. If the LEDs are stored for 3 months or more after shipment from SSC, storage in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere is recommended. To avoid absorption of moisture, it is recommended to store in a dry box (or a desiccator) with a desiccant.

\* Shelf Life : 12 months at < 40°C and 90%RH

### (2) Attention after open.

LED is correspond to SMD, when LED be soldered dip, interfacial separation may affect the light transmission efficiency, causing the light intensity to drop. After opened and mounted the soldering shall be quickly.

\* Within 672 hours at factory conditions of equal to or less than 30°C/60%RH, or  
Stored at < 10% RH

(3) Repack unused products with anti-moisture packing, fold to close any opening and then store in a dry place.

(4) In the case of change color of indicator on desiccant, components shall be dried 10-12hr at 60± 5°C.

(5) When the LED is operating, the driving current should be determined after considering the maximum ambient temperature requirements.

(6) When using multiple LEDs, It is recommended to connect a resistor on each LED. Otherwise, LEDs may vary due to variation in forward voltage of the LEDs.

(7) The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF. If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage

(8) Any mechanical force or excessive vibration should be avoided during temperature cooling process to normal temperature after reflow.

(9) Rapid cooling shall be avoided.

(10) LED should not be placed on a flexible area on the PCB.

(11) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent etc. When washing is required, IPA should be used.

(12) Anti radioactive ray design is not considered for the products.

(13) Damage prevention from ESD or Surge.

It is highly recommended to use the wrist-band or anti electrostatic gloves when handling the LED's All devices, equipments and machines must be properly grounded

(14) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.