74HC4060-Q100; 74HCT4060-Q100

14-stage binary ripple counter with oscillator

Rev. 1 — 2 August 2012

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74HC4060-Q100; 74HCT4060-Q100 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices that comply with JEDEC standard no. 7A. They are pin compatible with Low-power Schottky TTL (LSTTL).

The 74HC4060-Q100; 74HCT4060-Q100 are 14-stage ripple-carry counter/dividers and oscillators with three oscillator terminals (RS, RTC and CTC), ten buffered outputs (Q3 to Q9 and Q11 to Q13) and an overriding asynchronous master reset (MR). The oscillator configuration allows design of either RC or crystal oscillator circuits. The oscillator may be replaced by an external clock signal at input RS. In this case keep the other oscillator pins (RTC and CTC) floating. The counter advances on the negative-going transition of RS. A HIGH level on MR resets the counter (Q3 to Q9 and Q11 to Q13 = LOW), independent of other input conditions. In the HCT version, the MR input is TTL compatible, but the RS input has CMOS input switching levels and can be driven by a TTL output by using a pull-up resistor to V_{CC} .

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
 - ◆ Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- All active components on chip
- RC or crystal oscillator configuration
- ESD protection:
 - MIL-STD-883, method 3015 exceeds 2000 V
 - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - ♦ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V (C = 200 pF, R = 0 Ω)
- Multiple package options

3. Applications

- Control counters
- Timers
- Frequency dividers
- Time-delay circuits

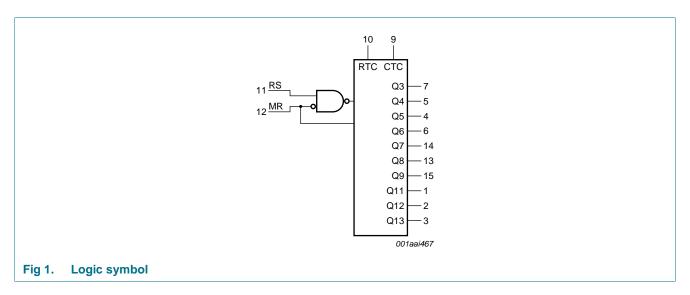


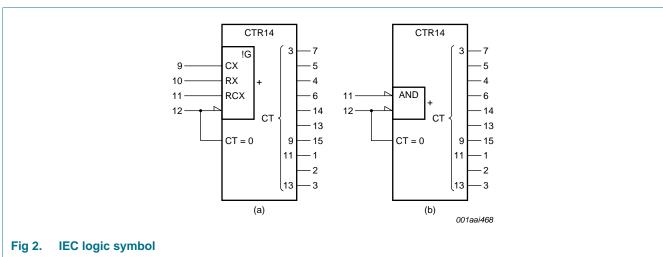
4. Ordering information

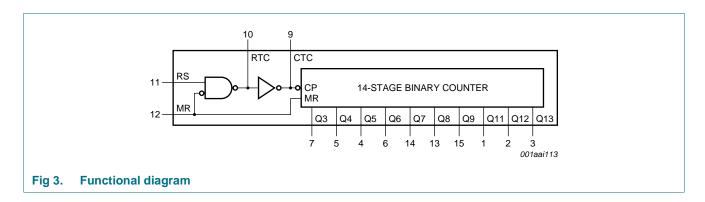
Table 1. Ordering information

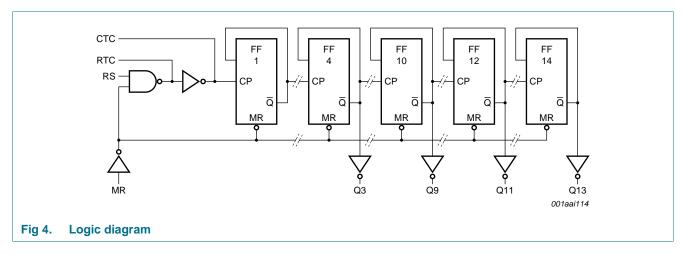
Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74HC4060D-Q100	–40 °C to +125 °C	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads;	SOT109-1
74HCT4060D-Q100			body width 3.9 mm	
74HC4060PW-Q100	–40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP16	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT403-1
74HC4060BQ-Q100	−40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN16	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal-enhanced	SOT763-1
74HCT4060BQ-Q100	_		very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body $2.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.85$ mm	

5. Functional diagram



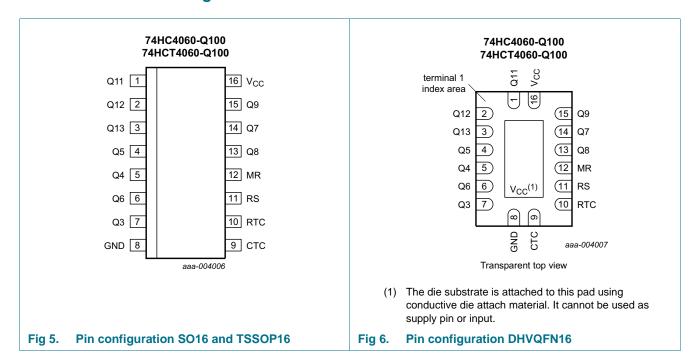






6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning

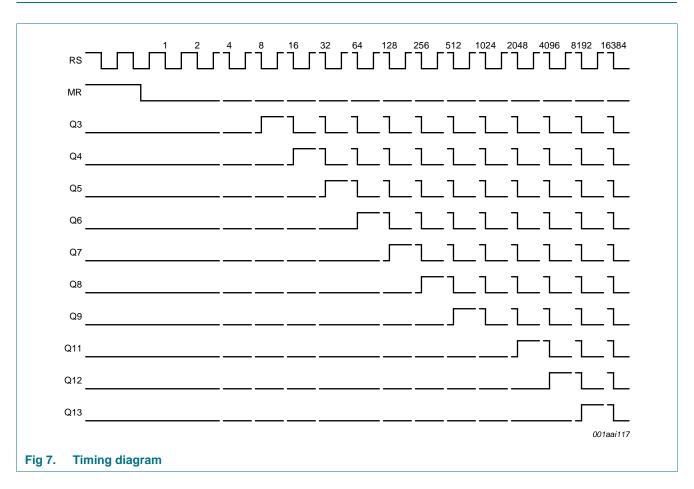


6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Tubic 2.	accomplicit	
Symbol	Pin	Description
Q11 to Q13	1, 2, 3	counter output
Q3 to Q9	7, 5, 4, 6, 14, 13, 15	counter output
GND	8	ground (0 V)
CTC	9	external capacitor connection
RTC	10	external resistor connection
RS	11	clock input /oscillator pin
MR	12	master reset input (active HIGH)
V _{CC}	16	supply voltage

7. Functional description



8. Limiting values

Table 3. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		-0.5	+7	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	<u>[1]</u> -	±20	mA
I _{OK}	output clamping current	$V_O < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_O > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	<u>[1]</u> -	±20	mA
I _O	output current	$-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{O}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±25	mA
I _{CC}	supply current		-	50	mA
I _{GND}	ground current		-50	-	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C

Table 3. Limiting values ...continued

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			
		SO16 package	[2] _	500	mW
		TSSOP16 package	<u>[3]</u> _	500	mW
		DHVQFN16 package	<u>[4]</u> _	500	mW

- [1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- [2] P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K above 70 °C.
- [3] P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K above 60 °C.
- [4] Ptot derates linearly with 4.5 mW/K above 60 °C.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 4. Recommended operating conditions

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	74HC40	060-Q10	0	74HCT	00	Unit	
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
V_{CC}	supply voltage		2.0	5.0	6.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
VI	input voltage		0	-	V_{CC}	0	-	V_{CC}	V
Vo	output voltage		0	-	V_{CC}	0	-	V_{CC}	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	-	+125	-40	-	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	625	-	-	-	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	1.67	139	-	1.67	139	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	83	-	-	-	ns/V

10. Static characteristics

Table 5. Static characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
74HC40	60-Q100		'		'	'			•	
V_{IH}	HIGH-level	MR input								
inp	input voltage	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.5	1.3	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.15	2.4	-	3.15	-	3.15	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	4.2	3.1	-	4.2	-	4.2	-	V
		RS input								
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	1.7	-	-	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.6	-	-	3.6	-	3.6	-	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	4.8	-	-	4.8	-	4.8	-	V

 Table 5.
 Static characteristics ...continued

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V_{IL}	LOW-level	MR input	1							
	input voltage	V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	0.8	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	2.1	1.35	-	1.35	-	1.35	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	2.8	1.8	-	1.8	-	1.8	V
		RS input								
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.3	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	0.9	-	0.9	-	0.9	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	1.2	-	1.2	-	1.2	V
V_{OH}	HIGH-level	RTC output; RS = MR = GND								
	output voltage	$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 2.0 V$	1.9	2.0	-	1.9	-	1.9	-	V
	voitage	$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	-	4.4	-	V
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 6.0 V$	5.9	6.0	-	5.9	-	5.9	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
		$I_{O} = -3.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	5.48	-	-	5.34	-	5.2	-	V
		RTC output; RS = MR = V_{CC}								
		$I_O = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 2.0 V$	1.9	2.0	-	1.9	-	1.9	-	V
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	-	4.4	-	V
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 6.0 V$	5.9	6.0	-	5.9	-	5.9	-	V
		$I_{O} = -0.65 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
		$I_{O} = -0.85 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	5.48	-	-	5.34	-	5.2	-	V
		CTC output; RS = V_{IH} ; MR = V_{IL}								
		$I_O = -3.2$ mA; $V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.2 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	5.48	-	-	5.34	-	5.2	-	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; except RTC output								
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 2.0 V$	1.9	2.0	-	1.9	-	1.9	-	V
		$I_O = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	-	4.4	-	V
		$I_O = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 6.0 V$	5.9	6.0	-	5.9	-	5.9	-	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; except RTC and CTC outputs								
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
		$I_{O} = -5.2 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$	5.48	-	-	5.34	-	5.2	-	V

 Table 5.
 Static characteristics ...continued

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			25 °C		-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
				Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V_{OL}	LOW-level output	RTC output; RS = V _{CC} ; MR = GND									
	voltage	$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 2.0 V$		-	0	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 V$		-	0	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 6.0 V$		-	0	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 2.6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
		$I_O = 3.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
		CTC output; RS = V _{IL} ; MR = V _{IH}									
		$I_O = 3.2 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
		$I_O = 4.2 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; except RTC output									
		$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 2.0 V$		-	0	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 V$		-	0	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 6.0 V$		-	0	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; except RTC and CTC outputs									
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
		$I_O = 5.2 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	-	±0.1	-	±1.0	-	±1.0	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$ A; $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	-	8.0	-	80	-	160	μΑ
C _I	input capacitance			-	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	pF
74HCT4	060-Q100										
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	MR input; V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	<u>[1]</u>	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	MR input; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	[1]	-	-	0.8	-	0.8	-	0.8	V

 Table 5.
 Static characteristics ...continued

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		-40 °C to	o +85 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V_{OH}	HIGH-level	RTC output; RS = $MR = V_{CC}$	'				1		'	•
	output voltage	$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	-	4.4	-	V
	voitage	$I_O = -0.65$ mA; $V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
		RTC output; RS = MR = GND								
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	-	4.4	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
		CTC output; RS = V_{IH} ; MR = V_{IL}								
		$I_{O} = -3.2 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; except RTC output								
		$I_O = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	-	4.4	-	V
		V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; except RTC and CTC outputs								
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	RTC output; RS = V _{CC} ; MR = GND								
		$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	-	0	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$I_{O} = 2.6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
		CTC output; RS = V_{IL} ; MR = V_{IH}								
		$I_O = 3.2 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; except RTC output								
		$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	-	0	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; except RTC and CTC outputs								
		$I_{O} = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.1	-	±1.0	-	±1.0	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}$	-	-	8.0	-	80	-	160	μΑ
Δl _{CC}	additional supply current	per input pin; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $I_O = 0 \text{ A}$	-	40	144	-	180	-	196	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	pF

^[1] For HCT4060-Q100, only input MR (pin 12) has TTL input switching levels.

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 6. Dynamic characteristics

GND = 0 V; C_L = 50 pF unless otherwise specified; for test circuit see <u>Figure 11</u>.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			25 °C		-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
				Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
74HC406	60-Q100				1		1	1	1	l	1
t _{pd}	propagation	RS to Q3; see Figure 8	[1]								
	delay	V _{CC} = 2.0 V		-	99	300	-	375	-	450	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V		-	36	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$		-	31	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	29	51	-	64	-	77	ns
		Qn to Qn+1; see Figure 9	[2]								
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V		-	22	80	-	100	-	120	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	8	16	-	20	-	24	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$		-	6	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	6	14	-	17	-	20	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	MR to Qn; see Figure 10									
	propagation	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		-	55	175	-	220	-	265	ns
	delay	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	20	35	-	44	-	53	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$		-	17	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	16	30	-	37	-	45	ns
t _t	transition time	Qn; see Figure 8	[3]								
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$		-	19	75	-	95	-	110	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	7	15	-	19	-	22	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		-	6	13	-	16	-	19	ns
t _W	pulse width	RS (HIGH or LOW); see Figure 8									
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V		80	17	-	100	-	120	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V		16	6	-	20	-	24	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V		14	5	-	17	-	20	-	ns
		MR (HIGH); see Figure 10									
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V		80	25	-	100	-	120	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V		16	9	-	20	-	24	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V		14	7	-	17	-	20	-	ns
t _{rec}	recovery time	MR to RS; see Figure 10									
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V		100	28	-	125	-	150	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V		20	10	-	25	-	30	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		17	8	-	21	-	26	-	ns

 Table 6.
 Dynamic characteristics ...continued

 $GND = 0 \text{ V; } C_L = 50 \text{ pF unless otherwise specified; for test circuit see } Figure 11.$

Symbol	Parameter Conditions				25 °C		-40 °C to	+85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
				Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{max}	maximum	RS; see Figure 8									
	frequency	V _{CC} = 2.0 V		6	26	-	4.8	-	4	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		30	80	-	24	-	20	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$		-	87	-	-	-	-	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		35	95	-	28	-	24	-	MHz
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	$V_I = GND \text{ to } V_{CC};$ $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}; f_i = 1 \text{ MHz}$	[4]	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	pF
74HCT4	060-Q100										
t _{pd}	propagation	RS to Q3; see Figure 8	[1]								
	delay	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	33	66	-	83	-	99	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$		-	31	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		Qn to Qn+1; see Figure 9	[2]								
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	8	16	-	20	-	24	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$		-	6	-	-	-	-	-	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	MR to Qn; see Figure 10									
	propagation delay	V _{CC} = 4.5 V		-	21	44	-	55	-	66	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$		-	18	-	-	-	-	-	ns
t _t	transition time	Qn; see Figure 8	[3]								
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 V$		-	7	15	-	19	-	22	ns
t_{W}	pulse width	RS (HIGH or LOW); see Figure 8									
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		16	6	-	20	-	24	-	ns
		MR (HIGH); see Figure 10									
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		16	6	-	20	-	24	-	ns
t _{rec}	recovery time	MR to RS; see Figure 10									
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V		26	13	-	33	-	39	-	ns
f _{max}	maximum	RS; see Figure 8									
	frequency	V _{CC} = 4.5 V		30	80	-	24	-	20	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}; C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$		-	88	-	-	-	-	-	MHz

Table 6. Dynamic characteristics ... continued

GND = 0 V; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ unless otherwise specified; for test circuit see Figure 11.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C		–40 °C to	+85 °C	-40 °C to	Unit		
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	$V_{I} = GND \text{ to } V_{CC} - 1.5 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}; f_{i} = 1 \text{ MHz}$	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	pF

- [1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} .
- [2] Qn+1 is the next Qn output.
- [3] t_t is the same as t_{THL} and t_{TLH} .
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$$
 where:

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

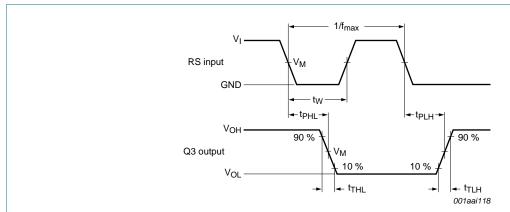
C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) = \text{sum of outputs.}$

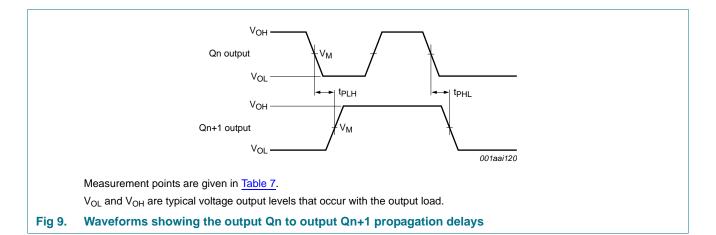
12. Waveforms

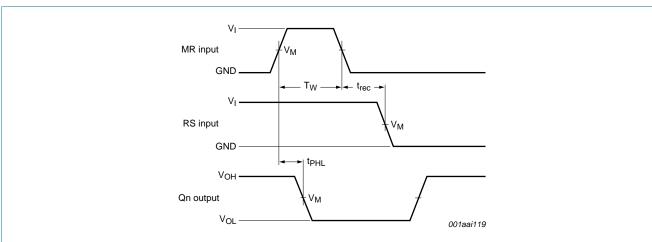


Measurement points are given in Table 7.

V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 8. Waveforms showing the clock (RS) to output (Q3) propagation delays, the clock pulse width, the output transition times and the maximum clock frequency





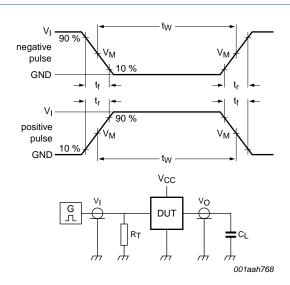
Measurement points are given in Table 7.

 V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 10. Waveforms showing the master reset (MR) pulse width, the master reset to output (Qn) propagation delays and the master reset to clock (RS) recovery time

Table 7. Measurement points

Туре	Input	Output	
	V _M	V _M	
74HC4060-Q100	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	
74HCT4060-Q100	1.3 V	1.3 V	



Test data is given in Table 8.

Definitions test circuit:

 R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance Z_o of the pulse generator.

 C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

Fig 11. Test circuit for measuring switching times

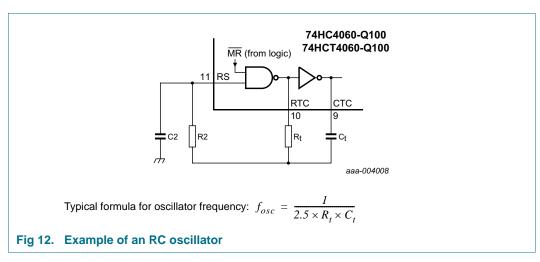
Table 8. Test data

Туре	Input		Load
	VI	t _r , t _f	CL
74HC4060-Q100	V _{CC}	6 ns	15 pF, 50 pF
74HCT4060-Q100	3 V	6 ns	15 pF, 50 pF

13. RC oscillator

13.1 Timing component limitations

The oscillator frequency is mainly determined by R_tC_t , provided $R2 \approx 2R_t$ and $R2C2 << R_tC_t$. The function of R2 is to minimize the influence of the forward voltage across the input protection diodes on the frequency. The stray capacitance C2 should be kept as small as possible. In consideration of accuracy, C_t must be larger than the inherent stray capacitance. R_t must be larger than the ON resistance in series with it, which typically is $280~\Omega$ at $V_{CC} = 2.0~V$, $130~\Omega$ at $V_{CC} = 4.5~V$ and $100~\Omega$ at $V_{CC} = 6.0~V$.



The recommended values for these components to maintain agreement with the typical oscillation formula are:

 $C_t > 50$ pF, up to any practical value and 10 k $\Omega < R_t < 1$ M Ω .

In order to avoid start-up problems, $R_t \geq 1~\text{k}\Omega.$

13.2 Typical crystal oscillator circuit

In <u>Figure 13</u>, R2 is the power limiting resistor. For starting and maintaining oscillation, a minimum transconductance is necessary, so R2 must not be too large. A practical value for R2 is 2.2 k Ω .

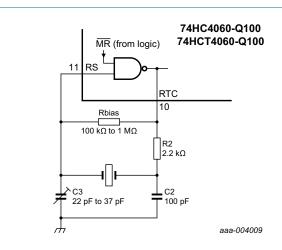
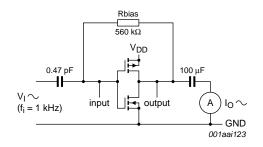


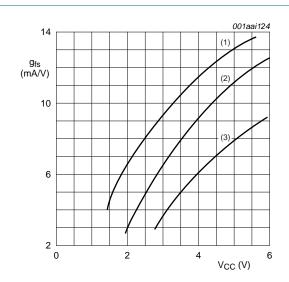
Fig 13. External component connection for a crystal oscillator



 $g_{fs} = \Delta I_O / \Delta V_I$ at V_O is constant; MR = LOW.

See also Figure 15.

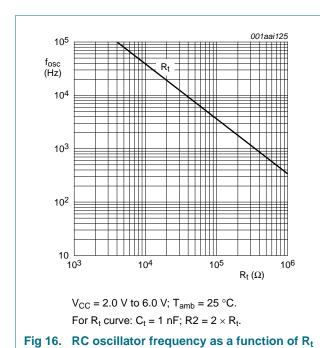
Fig 14. Test set-up for measuring forward transconductance

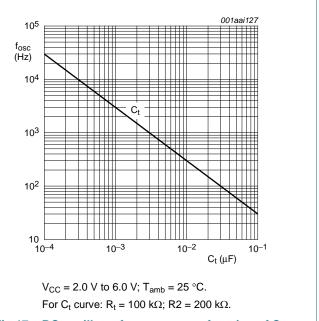


 $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C.$

- (1) Maximum.
- (2) Typical.
- (3) Minimum.

Fig 15. Typical forward transconductance as function of the supply voltage

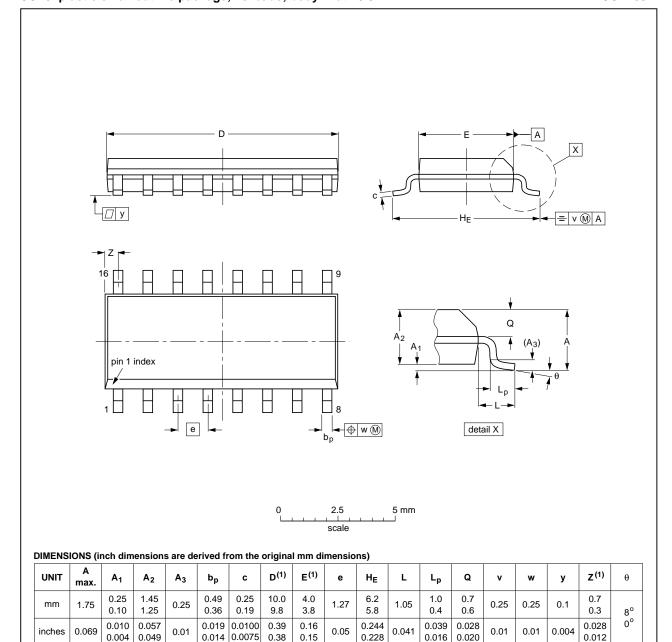




14. Package outline

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1



1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
SOT109-1	076E07	MS-012				99-12-27 03-02-19	

0.15

Fig 18. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

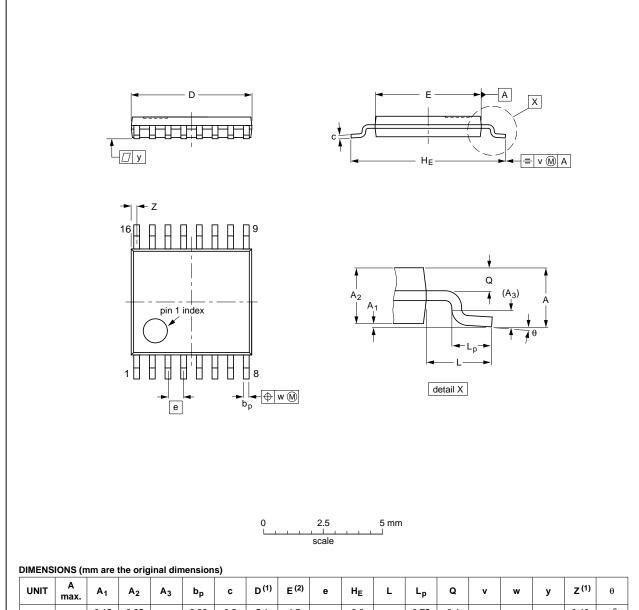
74HC_HCT4060_Q100

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TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



=							-,												
	UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	bp	С	D ⁽¹⁾	E (2)	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
	mm	1.1	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	5.1 4.9	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.40 0.06	8° 0°

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
SOT403-1		MO-153				99-12-27 03-02-18	
501403-1		WIO-153					

Fig 19. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

74HC_HCT4060_Q100

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DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm SOT763-1

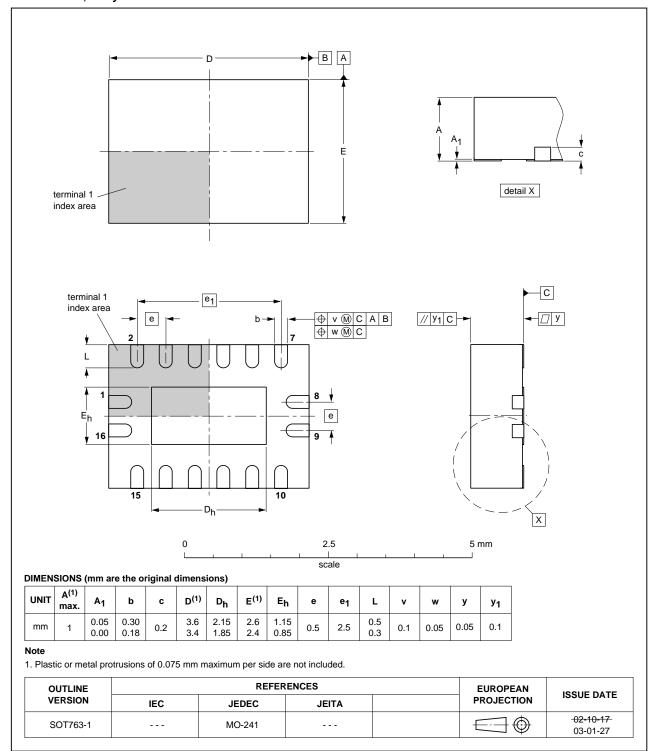


Fig 20. Package outline SOT763-1 (DHVQFN16)

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15. Abbreviations

Table 9. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic
MIL	Military

16. Revision history

Table 10. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74HC_HCT4060_Q100 v.1	20120802	Product data sheet	-	-

17. Legal information

17.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
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14-stage binary ripple counter with oscillator

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14-stage binary ripple counter with oscillator

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