

RL280Y3M

Yellow

5 x2mm, Rectangle Body, 7mm Height
125° viewing angle

DWG BY:
BL / GP
05-16-07

CHK BY:
PL
05-16-07

QA:

__-__-__

MFG:

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REVISION LTR: -

05-16-07

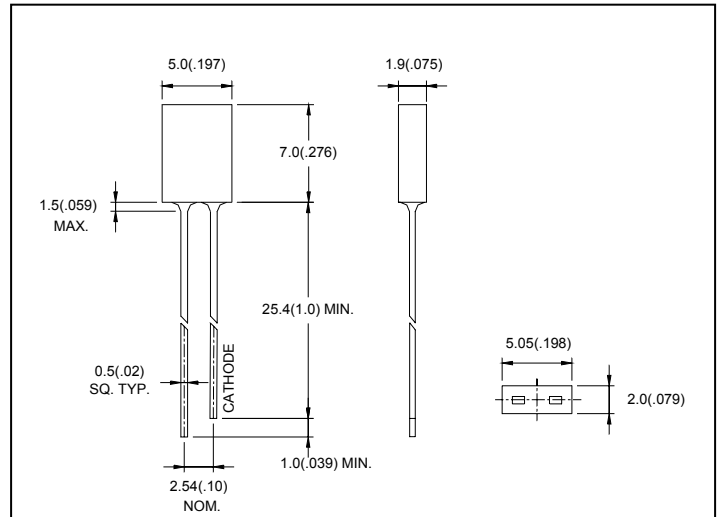
● **Features:**

1. Chip material: GaAsP /GaP
2. Emitted color : Yellow
3. Lens Appearance : Yellow Diffused
4. Low power consumption.
5. Most suitable for use like level indicator.
6. Excellent uniformity of light emittance.
7. Long life solid state reliability.
8. Compatible.
9. This product is RoHS compliant.

● **Applications:**

1. TV set
2. Monitor
3. Telephone
4. Computer
5. Circuit board

● **Package dimensions**



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($0.01''$) unless otherwise specified.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

● **Absolute maximum ratings(Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	Pd	80	mW
Forward Current	I _F	30	mA
Peak Forward Current* ¹	I _{FP}	150	mA
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40°C~80°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40°C~85°C	
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°C (for 5 seconds)	

*¹Condition for I_{FP} is pulse of 1/10 duty and 0.1msec width.

● **Electrical and optical characteristics(Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F =20mA	-	2.1	2.6	V
Luminous Intensity	I _v	I _F =20mA	-	4.3	-	mcd
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R =5V	-	-	100	μA
Peak Wave Length	λ _p	I _F =20mA	-	585	-	nm
Dominant Wave Length	λ _d	I _F =20mA	-	588	-	nm
Spectral Line Half-width	Δλ	I _F =20mA	-	36	-	nm
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}	I _F =20mA	-	125	-	deg
Radiant Intensity		I _F =20mA	-	-	-	mW/sr
Chromaticity Coordinates	X	I _F =20mA	-	0.56	-	
	Y		-	0.44	-	

● **Typical electro-optical characteristics curves**

Fig.1 Relative intensity vs. Wavelength

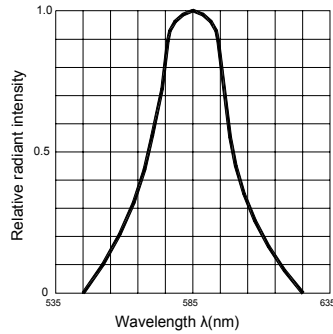


Fig.2 Forward current derating curve vs. Ambient temperature

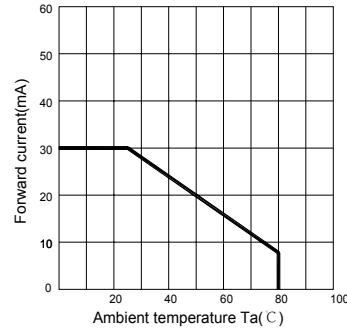


Fig.3 Forward current vs. Forward voltage

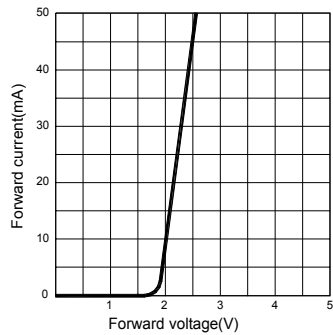


Fig.4 Relative luminous intensity vs. Ambient temperature

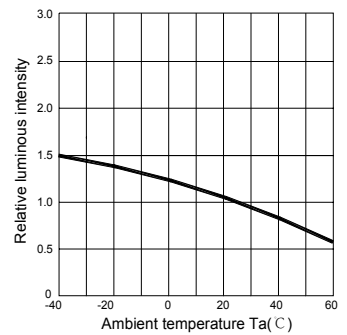


Fig.5 Relative luminous intensity vs. Forward current

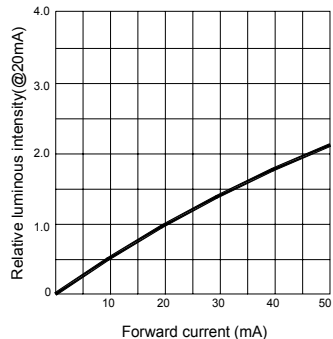


Fig.6 Radiation diagram

