

Advanced Power Electronics Corp.

# APE1085-HF-3

### **3A Low Dropout Regulator**

### Features

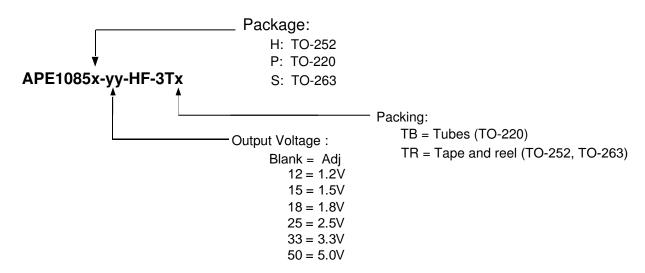
- 3-Terminal Adjustable or Fixed 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V or 5.0V Output
- Maximum Dropout 1.4V at Full Load Current
- Fast Transient Response
- Built-in Thermal Shutdown
- Output Current Limiting
- Good Noise Rejection
- Packages: TO-220, TO-252, TO-263
- RoHS-compliant halogen-free packages

### Description

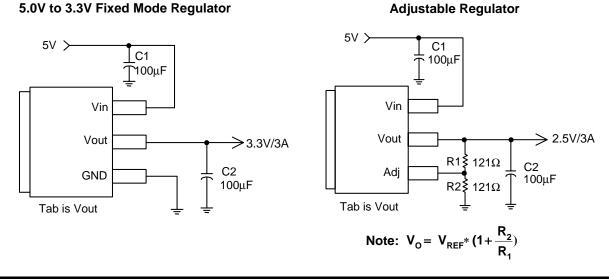
The APE1085 is a low dropout positive adjustable or fixed-mode regulator with minimum output current capability of 3.0A. The product is specifically designed to provide a well-regulated supply for low-voltage IC applications such as high-speed bus termination and low current 3.3V logic supplies.

The APE1085 is also well suited for other applications such as VGA cards, and is guaranteed to have less than 1.4V dropout at full load current, making it ideal for providing well-regulated outputs of 1.2V to 5.0V from inputs up to 12V inputs.

### **Ordering Information**



# **Typical Applications**





## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
Vin	DC Supply Voltage	-0.3 to 12	V
PD	Power Dissipation	Internally Limited	
T <sub>ST</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	C°
T <sub>OP</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature Range	0 to +150	C

### **Electrical Specifications**

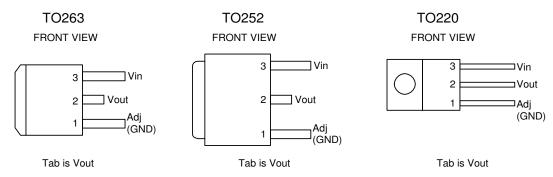
Sym.	Parameter	Conditions (Notes)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage	lo=10mA, Tj=25°C, (Vin-Vout)=1.5V	1.225	1.250	1.275	V
	APE1085-XX	$I_{O}=10mA, V_{OUT}+1.5V < V_{IN} < 12V, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$		0.2	0.5	%
	APE1085-12	$I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_J = 25^{\circ}C, 3V < V_{IN} < 12V$	1.176	1.200	1.224	V
	APE1085-15	$I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_J = 25^{\circ}C, 3V < V_{IN} < 12V$	1.470	1.500	1.530	V
Line	APE1085-18	$I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_J = 25^{\circ}C, 3.3V < V_{IN} < 12V$	1.764	1.800	1.836	V
Regulation	APE1085-25	$I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_J = 25^{\circ}C, 4V < V_{IN} < 12V$	2.450	2.500	2.550	V
	APE1085-33	$I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_J = 25^{\circ}C, 4.8V < V_{IN} < 12V$	3.235	3.300	3.365	V
	APE1085-50	$I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_J = 25^{\circ}C, 6.5V < V_{IN} < 12V$	4.900	5.000	5.100	V
	APE1085-Adj	V <sub>N</sub> =3.3V, 0mA <lo<3a, t<sub="">J =25°C (Note 1,2)</lo<3a,>			1	%
	APE1085-12	V <sub>N</sub> =3V, 0mA <lo<3a, t<sub="">J =25°C (Note 1,2)</lo<3a,>		10	12	mV
	APE1085-15	V <sub>N</sub> =3V, 0mA <lo<3a, t<sub="">J =25°C (Note 1,2)</lo<3a,>		12	15	mV
Load Regulation	APE1085-18	V <sub>N</sub> =3.3V, 0mA <lo<3a T<sub>J</sub> =25°C (Note 1,2)</lo<3a 		15	18	mV
	APE1085-25	V <sub>N</sub> =4V, 0mA <lo<3a T<sub>J</sub> =25°C (Note 1,2)</lo<3a 		20	25	mV
	APE1085-33	$V_{N} = 5V, 0mA < lo < 3A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 1,2)		26	33	mV
	APE1085-50	V <sub>N</sub> = 8V, 0mA <lo<3a, t<sub="">J=25°C (Note 1,2)</lo<3a,>		40	50	mV
ΔVo	Dropout Voltage	lo=3.0A (ΔVout = 1% Vout)		1.3	1.4	V
	Current Limit	Vin-Vout=5V	5.1			A
	Minimum Load Current			5	10	mA
	Temperature Stability	lo=10mA		0.5		%
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient (No heat sink ;No air flow)	TO-252 TO-263 TO-220		98 83 83		°C/W
θ <sub>JC</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case	TO-252: Control Circuitry/Power Transistor TO-263: Control Circuitry/Power Transistor TO-220: Control Circuitry/Power Transistor		10 0.65/2.7 0.65/2.7		°C/W

Note 1: See thermal regulation specifications for changes in output voltage due to heating effects. Line and load regulation are measured at a constant junction temperature by low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is measured at the output lead = 1/18" from he package.

Note 2:Line and load regulation are guaranteed up to the maximum power dissipation of 15W. Power dissipation is determined by the difference in input and output and the output current. Guaranteed maximum power dissipation will not be available over the full input/output range.



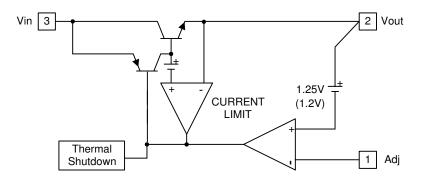
## **Pin Configuration**



## **Pin Descriptions**

Name	I/O	Pin No.	Function
Adj (GND)	1	1	Adjustable (Ground only for fixed mode) A resistor divider from this pin to the Vout pin and ground sets the output voltage.
Vout	0	2	The output of the regulator. A capacitor of at least 10uF with $(0.15\Omega < ESR < 20\Omega)$ must be connected from this pin to ground to ensure stability.
Vin	I	3	The input pin of regulator. Typically a large storage capacitor with $(0.15\Omega < ESR < 20\Omega)$ is connected from this pin to ground to ensure that the input voltage does not sag below the minimum dropout voltage during the load transient response. This pin must always be 1.4V (1.3V) higher than Vout in order for the device to regulate properly.

## **Block Diagram**



THIS PRODUCT IS SENSITIVE TO ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE, PLEASE HANDLE WITH CAUTION. USE OF THIS PRODUCT AS A CRITICAL COMPONENT IN LIFE SUPPORT OR OTHER SIMILAR SYSTEMS IS NOT AUTHORIZED. APEC DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. APEC RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN.



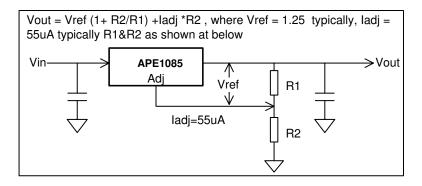
### **Application Information**

#### Introduction

The APE1085 adjustable Low Dropout (LDO) regulator is a 3-terminal device that can easily be programmed with the addition of two external resistors to any voltage within the range of 1.20V to Vin-1.4V. The APE1085 only needs 1.4V differential between Vin and Vout to maintain output regulation. In addition, the output voltage tolerances are also extremely tight and they include the transient response as part of the specification. For example, Intel VRE specification calls for a total of +/- 100mV including initial tolerance, load regulation and 0 to 3.0A load step. The APE1085 is specifically designed to meet the fast current transient needs as well as providing an accurate initial voltage, reducing the overall system cost with the need for fewer output capacitors.

#### **Output Voltage Setting**

The APE1085 can be programmed to any voltages in the range of 1.20V to Vin-1.4V with the addition of R1 and R2 external resistors according to the following formula:



The APE1085 keeps a constant 1.25V between the output pin and the adjust pin. By placing a resistor R1 across these two pins a constant current flows through R1, adding to the ladi current and into the R2 resistor producing a voltage equal to the (1.25/R1)\*R2+ladj\*R2 which will be added to the 1.25V to set the output voltage. This is summarized in the above equation. Since the minimum load current requirement of the APE1085 is 10mA, R1 is typically selected to be 1210 resistor so that it automatically satisfies the minimum current requirement. Notice that since ladj is typically in the range of 55uA it only adds a small error to the output voltage and should only be considered when a very precise output voltage setting is required. For example, in a typical 3.3V application where R1=121Ω and R2=200 $\Omega$  the error due to ladi is only 0.3% of the nominal set point.

#### Load Regulation

Since the APE1085 is only a 3-terminal device, it is not possible to provide true remote sensing of the output voltage at the load. The best load regulation is achieved when the bottom side of R2 is connected to the load and the top-side of R1 resistor is connected directly to the case or the Vout pin of the regulator and not to the load. It is important to note that for high current applications, this can represent a significant percentage of the overall load regulation and one must keep the path from the regulator to the load as short as possible to minimize this effect.

#### Stability

The APE1085 requires the use of an output capacitor as part of the frequency compensation in order to make the regulator stable. For most applications an aluminum electrolytic capacitor of at least  $10\mu$ F ensures both stability and good transient response.

#### **Thermal Design**

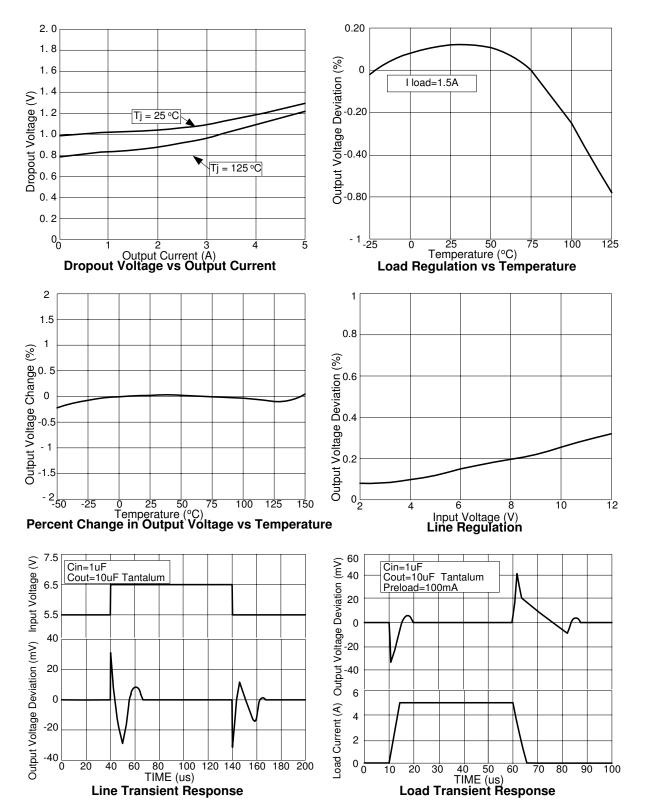
The APE1085 incorporates an internal thermal shutdown that protects the device when the junction temperature exceeds the maximum allowable junction temperature. Although this device can operate with junction temperatures in the range of **150°C**, it is recommended that the selected heat sink be chosen such that during maximum continuous load operation the junction temperature is kept below this temperature.

#### Layout Consideration

The output capacitors must be located as close to the Vout terminal of the device as possible. It is recommended to use a section of a layer of the PC board as a plane to connect the Vout pin to the output capacitors to prevent any high frequency oscillation that may result due to excessive trace inductance.



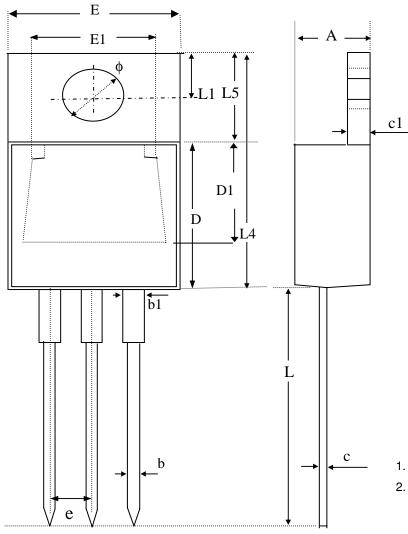
### **Typical Performance Characteristics**





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# Package Dimensions: TO-220

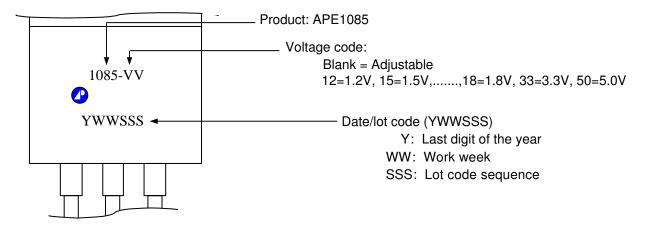


SYMBOLS	Millimeters		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
А	4.40	4.60	4.80
b	0.76	0.88	1.00
D	8.60	8.80	9.00
с	0.36 0.43 0.		0.50
Е	9.80	10.10	10.40
L4	14.70	15.00	15.30
L5	6.20	6.40	6.60
D1	5.10 REF.		
c1	1.25	1.35	1.45
b1	1.17	1.32	1.47
L	13.25	13.75	14.25
e	2.54 REF.		
L1	2.60	2.75	2.89
φ	3.71	3.84	3.96
E1	7.4 REF,		

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.

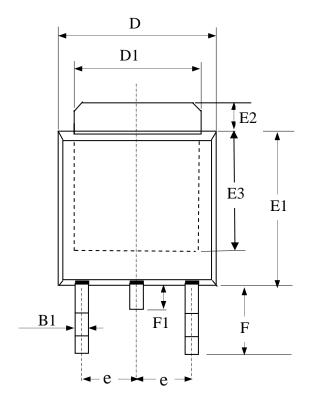
2. Dimensions do not include mold protrusions.

### Marking Information: TO-220





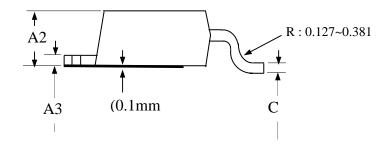
### Package Dimensions: TO-252



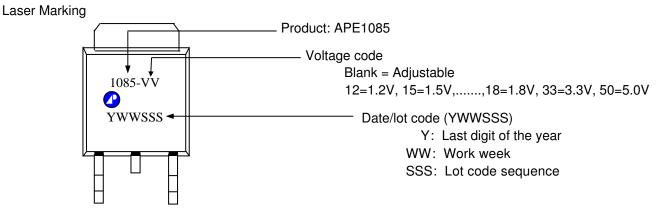
SYMBOLS	М	illimete	neters		
~	MIN	NOM	MAX		
A2	1.80	2.30	2.80		
A3	0.40	0.50	0.60		
B1	0.40	0.70	1.00		
D	6.00	6.50	7.00		
D1	4.80	5.35	5.90		
E3	3.50	4.00	4.50		
F	2.20	2.63	3.05		
F1	0.50	0.85	1.20		
E1	5.10	5.70	6.30		
E2	0.50	1.10	1.80		
e		2.30			
С	0.35	0.50	0.65		

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.

2. Dimensions do not include mold protrusions.



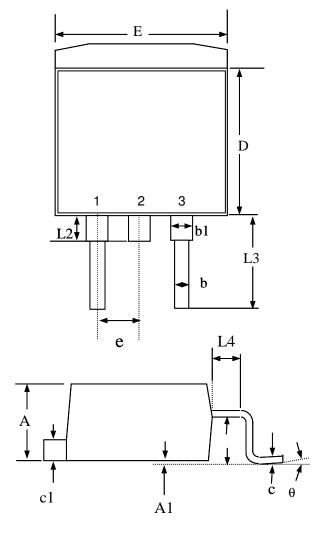
# Marking Information: TO-252





Advanced Power Electronics Corp.

### Package Dimensions: TO-263



SYMBOLS	М	Millimeters		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	
А	4.25	4.75	5.20	
A1	0.00	0.15	0.30	
A2	2.20	2.45	2.70	
b	0.70	0.90	1.10	
b1	1.07	1.27	1.47	
с	0.30	0.45	0.60	
c1	1.15	1.30	1.45	
D	8.30	8.90	9.40	
Е	9.70	10.10	10.50	
e	2.04	2.54	3.04	
L2		1.50		
L3	4.50	4.90	5.30	
L4		1.50		

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.

2. Dimensions do not include mold protrusions.

# Marking Information: TO-263

