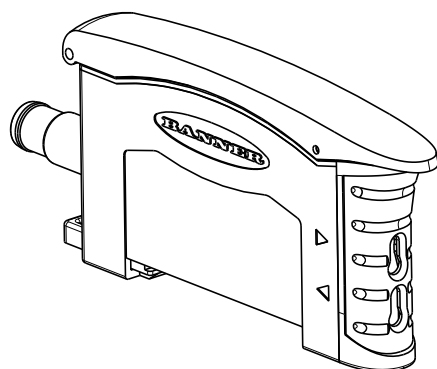


D10 Expert Series with Bar Graph Display and Discrete Output



Advanced sensor with dual displays for use with plastic fiber optics



- Easy-to-read 8-segment light bar indicator for teach and signal strength readout, plus indicators for continuous readout of operating status (user configuration)
- Easy-to-set automatic *Expert*-style configuration options include Static and Dynamic TEACH, and Window SET, plus manual adjustment for fine tuning
- Smart gain-control algorithm to maximize performance in low-contrast applications
- Fast 500-microsecond sensing response with improved crosstalk avoidance routine (for two sensors) in Normal mode
- Selectable high-speed (HS) mode option for 200-ms response
- Extreme configuration flexibility via push buttons or a remote input wire
- Easy selection of Light/Dark Operate (LO/DO), 30 ms pulse stretcher (OFF-delay), and response speed, via push buttons or a remote input wire
- Models available with visible red (680 nm) or visible green (525 nm) sensing beam
- Sleek, ultra-slim 10 mm housing, mounts to a standard 35 mm DIN rail
- Models with bussable power provide simplified wiring of up to 16 sensors and feature improved temperature compensation for side-by-side mounting

Models

Model		Description	Cable*	Outputs
Red Beam	Green Beam			
D10BFP	D10BFPG	Standard sensor	2 m (6.5 ft) Cable	Bipolar NPN/PNP
D10BFPQ	D10BFPGQ		6-pin Pico-style QD	
Models with Bussable Power				
D10B5FP	-	Main unit	2 m (6.5 ft) Cable	Bipolar NPN/PNP
D10B2PFP	-	Sub-unit	2 m (6.5 ft) Cable	Single PNP
D10B2NFP	-		2 m (6.5 ft) Cable	Single NPN

Standard 2 m (6.5 ft) cable models are listed. To order the 9 m (30 ft) cable model, add suffix "W/30" to the cabled model number. For example, D10xFP W/30. Models with a QD connector require a mating cable. See Accessories.



WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this device as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or de-energized sensor output condition.

Overview

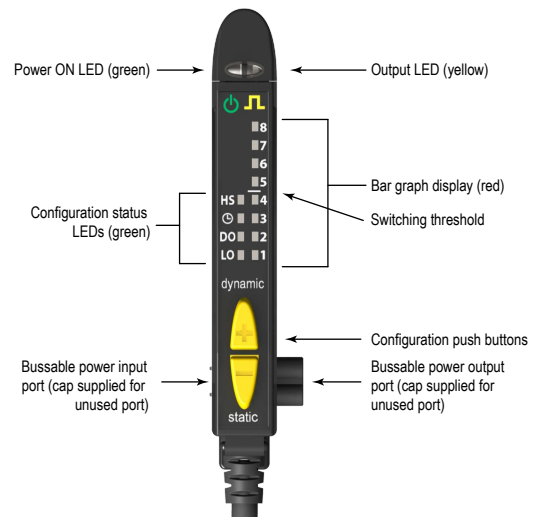
The D10 Expert is an easy-to-use, DIN-rail-mountable fiber optic sensor. It provides high-performance sensing in low-contrast applications. Configuration options include Setup mode plus Static and Dynamic TEACH, and Window Set options, in addition to manual fine adjustment, remote programming, and security push button lockout.



The sensor's compact housing has a large, easy-to-see bar graph display plus bright LEDs for easy programming and status monitoring during operation.

Standard models have bipolar outputs, one each NPN and PNP. Main units with bussable power have the same bipolar outputs; sub-units feature a single discrete output, either NPN or PNP.

Models with bussable power are designed for use in machines and other applications where multiple sensors will be grouped tightly. They feature increased temperature compensation compared with standard models and reduce the amount of wiring necessary for such applications. An accessory clamp is available to secure a bank of connected sensors together on a DIN rail (see Accessories).



Sensor Configuration

Sensor configuration is accomplished via TEACH, Set, and Setup modes. After the sensing parameters are defined (using either TEACH or Set mode), Setup mode may be used to enable the delay, to change the light/dark operate status, or to select the highspeed response option (HS). Manual Adjust may be used to fine-tune the thresholds. Two push buttons, Dynamic (+) and Static (-), or the remote wire, may be used to access and set the sensing parameters.

Sensor sensitivity may be configured using any of three methods. A single switching threshold may be achieved using either Dynamic (on-the-fly) or Static TEACH; or Window SET may be used to define a sensing window, centered on a single sensing condition.

Remote Configuration

The remote configuration function may be used to configure the sensor remotely or to disable the push buttons for security. Connect the gray wire of the sensor to ground (0V dc), with a remote programming switch connected between them. Pulse the remote line according to the diagrams in the configuration procedures. The duration of the individual pulses is equal to the value T: **0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds**

Returning to RUN Mode

Some TEACH, Set, and Setup modes may be exited either after the 60-second timeout, or by exiting the process:

- In Static TEACH or Window Set mode, press and hold the Static (-) button (or hold the remote line) for 2 seconds. The sensor returns to Run mode without saving any new settings.
- In Setup mode, press and hold both the Static (-) and Dynamic (+) buttons (or hold the remote line) for 2 seconds. The sensor returns to Run mode and saves the current setting.

Two-Point Static TEACH (Threshold)

- Establishes a single switching threshold
- Threshold position is adjustable using "+" and "-" buttons (see Manual Adjust)

Static TEACH is the traditional setup method, used when two conditions can be presented by the user. The sensor locates a single sensing threshold (the switchpoint) midway between the two taught conditions, with the Output ON condition on one side, and the Output OFF condition on the other.

The first condition taught is the ON condition. The Output ON and OFF conditions can be reversed by changing Light/Dark Operate status in Setup mode (see [Setup Mode](#) on page 8).

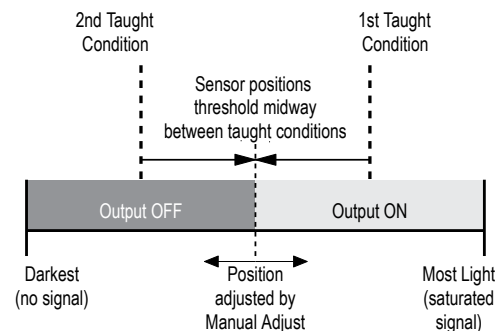
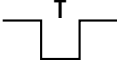


Figure 1. Static TEACH (Light Operate shown)

Static TEACH and Manual Adjust. Using Manual Adjust with Static TEACH moves the switching threshold. The lighted LED on the bar graph will move to exhibit the received signal, relative to the switchpoint.

Bar Graph LED Following TEACH	Relative Signal Difference / Recommendation
6 to 8	Excellent: Very stable operation
4 to 5	Good: Minor sensing variables may affect sensing reliability
2 to 3	Low: Minor sensing variables may affect sensing reliability
1	Unreliable: Consider an alternate sensing scheme

	Push Button 0.04 seconds $\leq$ "Click" $\leq$ 0.8 seconds	Remote Line 0.04 seconds $\leq$ T $\leq$ 0.8 seconds	Result
Access TEACH Mode	Press and hold Static button > 2 seconds 	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st TEACH condition	Power LED: OFF Output LED: ON Status LEDs: LO & DO alternately flashing Bar graph: OFF
TEACH Output ON Condition	- Present Output ON condition - Click Static button 	- Present Output ON condition. - Single-pulse remote line 	Power LED: OFF Output LED: Flash, then OFF Status LEDs: LO & DO alternately flashing Bar graph: OFF
TEACH Output OFF Condition	- Present Output OFF condition - Click Static button 	- Present Output OFF condition. - Single-pulse remote line 	TEACH Accepted Power LED: ON Bar graph: One LED flashes to show relative contrast (good signal difference shown; see table above) Sensor returns to Run mode
			TEACH Unacceptable Power LED: OFF Bar graph: #1, 3, 5, 7 alternately flash to show failure Sensor returns to "TEACH Output ON condition"

Dynamic TEACH and Adaptive Thresholds

- Teach on-the-fly
- Establishes a single switching threshold
- Threshold position is adjustable using “+” and “-” buttons (Manual Adjust)

Dynamic TEACH is best used when a machine or process may not be stopped for teaching. It programs the sensor during actual sensing conditions, taking multiple samples of the light and dark conditions and automatically setting the threshold at the optimum level.

Dynamic TEACH activates the sensor's adaptive threshold system, which continuously tracks minimum and maximum signal levels, and automatically maintains centering of the switchpoint between the light and dark conditions. The adaptive threshold system remains in effect during Run mode. The adaptive routine saves to non-volatile memory at least once per hour.

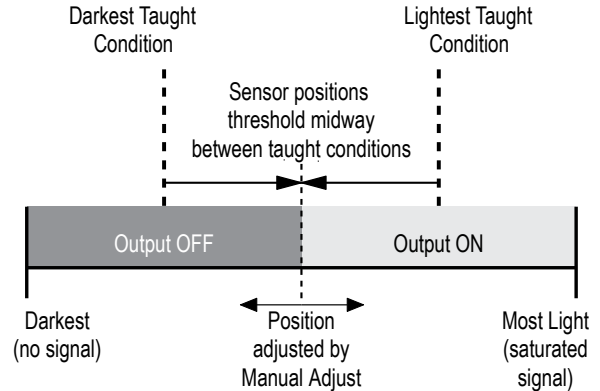


Figure 2. Dynamic TEACH (Light Operate shown)

Bar Graph LED Following TEACH	Relative Signal Difference / Recommendation
6 to 8	Excellent: Very stable operation
4 to 5	Good: Minor sensing variables may affect sensing reliability
2 to 3	Low: Minor sensing variables may affect sensing reliability
1	Unreliable: Consider an alternate sensing scheme

When Dynamic TEACH mode is used, the output ON state (Light or Dark Operate) remains as it was last programmed. To change the output ON state, use Setup mode (see [Setup Mode](#) on page 8).

Dynamic TEACH and Manual Adjust

The switchpoint may be adjusted (fine-tuned) whenever the sensor is in Run mode by clicking the “+” and “-” buttons. However, when a manual adjustment is made, the adaptive threshold system is disabled (cancelled).

	Push Button $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq \text{"Click"} \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Remote Line $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq T \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Result
Access Dynamic TEACH Mode	Press and hold Dynamic push button > 2 seconds	Hold remote line low (to ground) > 2 seconds	Power LED: OFF Output LED: OFF Bar graph: LO & DO alternately flashing
TEACH Sensing Condition	- Continue to hold push button - Present Output ON and OFF conditions	- Continue to hold remote line low (to ground) - Present Output ON and OFF conditions	Power LED: OFF Output LED: OFF Bar graph: LO & DO alternately flashing
Return to RUN Mode	Release push button	Release remote line/ switch	TEACH Accepted Power LED: ON Bar graph: One LED flashes to show relative contrast (good signal difference shown; see table above) Sensor returns to Run mode with new settings.

	Push Button $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq \text{"Click"} \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Remote Line $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq T \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Result
			TEACH Unacceptable Power LED: OFF Bar graph: #1, 3, 5, 7 alternately flash to show failure Sensor returns to Run mode without changing settings

Single-Point Window Set

- Sets a single ON condition that extends 12.5% above and below the taught condition
- All other conditions (lighter or darker) result in OFF output
- Sensing window size (sensitivity) is adjustable using "+" and "-" buttons (see [Manual Adjust](#) on page 9)

Window Set is most useful when a product may not always appear in the same place, or when other signals may appear. Window Set designates a sensing window, with the Output ON condition inside the window, and the Output OFF conditions outside the window. The sensor accepts a single sensing condition, and adds switching thresholds above and below that condition to create a sensing window. Output ON and OFF conditions can be reversed by changing Light/Dark Operate status in Setup mode.

Window Set and Manual Adjust

Using Manual Adjust with Window Set expands or contracts the size of the window. The lighted LEDs on the light bar separate to a greater or lesser extent to exhibit the relative sensing window size.

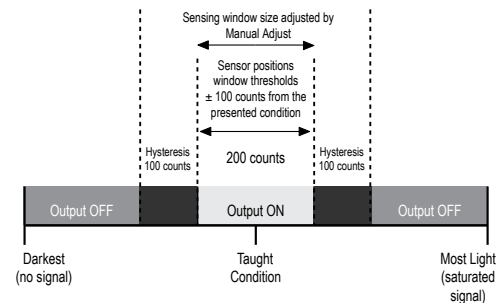
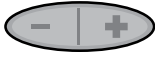
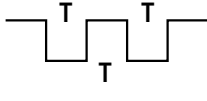


Figure 3. Single-Point Window SET and Hysteresis (Light Operate shown)

	Push Button $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq \text{"Click"} \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Remote Line $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq T \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Result
Access SET Mode	• Press and hold Static button > 2 seconds 	• Single-pulse remote line 	Power LED: OFF Output LED: ON (Push Button) Output LED: OFF (Remote) Status LEDs: LO & DO alternately flashing
SET Sensing Condition	• Present sensing condition • Double-click Static button. 	• Present sensing condition. • Double-pulse remote line 	Window Accepted Power LED: ON Bar graph: 2 indicators flash together to show Window accepted Sensor returns to Run mode with new settings Window Unacceptable Power LED: OFF Bar graph: #1, 3, 5, 7 flash to show failure Sensor returns to "SET Sensing condition"

Single-Point Light Set

- Sets a threshold 6.25% below the taught condition.
- Any condition darker than the threshold condition causes the output to change state
- Threshold position is adjustable using the “+” and “-” buttons (see [Manual Adjust](#) on page 9)
- Recommended for applications where only one condition is known, for example a stable light background with varying darker targets

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions a threshold 6.25% below the presented condition. When a condition darker than the threshold is sensed, the output either turns ON or OFF, depending on the Light/Dark Operate setting (see [Setup Mode](#) on page 8).

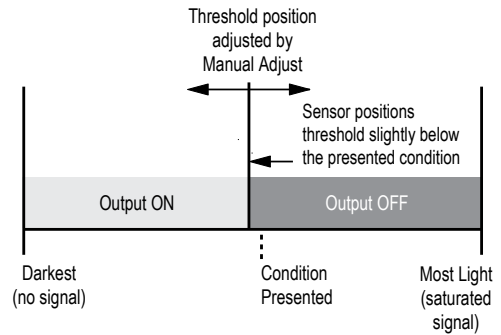
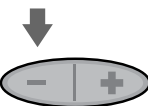
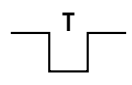
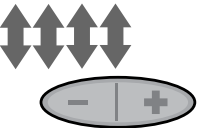
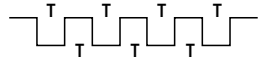


Figure 4. Single-Point Light Set (Light Operate shown)

Light SET and Light/Dark Operate Selection

In Light Operate mode, Light Set teaches the Output ON condition. In Dark Operate mode, Light Set teaches the Output OFF condition.

	Push Button $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq \text{"Click"} \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Remote Line $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq T \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Result
Access SET Mode	• Press and hold Static button > 2 seconds 	• Single-pulse remote line 	Power LED: OFF Output LED: ON (push button) OFF (remote line) Static LEDs: LO & DO alternately flashing
SET Sensing Condition	• Present sensing condition • Four-click Static push button 	• Present sensing condition • Four-pulse remote line 	Threshold Condition Accepted Power LED: ON Output LED: ON (push button) OFF (remote line) Bar graph: 4 indicators flash together Sensor returns to Run mode with new settings.
			Threshold Condition Unacceptable Power LED: ON Output LED: ON (push button) OFF (remote line) Bar graph: #1, 3, 5, 7 alternately flash to show failure Sensor returns to "SET Sensing Condition"

Single-Point Dark Set

- Sets a threshold 6.25% above the taught condition
- Any condition lighter than the threshold condition causes the output to change state
- Threshold position is adjustable using the “+” and “-” buttons (see [Manual Adjust](#) on page 9)
- Recommended for applications where only one condition is known, for example a stable dark background with varying lighter targets

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions a threshold 6.25% above the taught condition. When a condition lighter than the threshold is sensed, the output either turns ON or OFF, depending on the Light/Dark Operate setting (see [Setup Mode](#) on page 8).

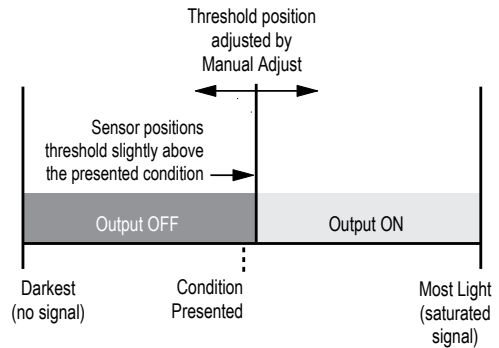
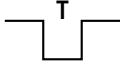
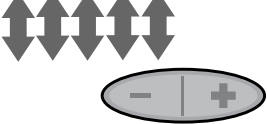
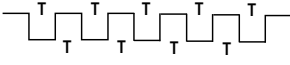


Figure 5. Single-Point Dark Set (Light Operate shown)

Dark Set and Light/Dark Operate Selection

In Light Operate mode, Dark Set teaches the Output OFF condition. In Dark Operate mode, Dark Set teaches the Output ON condition.

	Push Button $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq \text{"Click"} \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Remote Line $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq T \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Result
Access Set Mode	• Press and hold Static button > 2 seconds 	• Single-pulse remote line 	Power LED: OFF Output LED: ON (push button) OFF (remote line) Static LEDs: LO & DO alternately flashing
Set Sensing Condition	• Present sensing condition • Five-click Static button 	• Present sensing condition • Five-pulse remote line 	Threshold Condition Accepted Power LED: ON Output LED: ON (push button) OFF (remote line) Bar graph: 4 indicators flash together Sensor returns to Run mode with new settings.
			Threshold Condition Unacceptable Power LED: ON Output LED: ON (push button) OFF (remote line) Bar graph: #1, 3, 5, 7 flash to show failure Sensor returns to "SET Sensing Condition"

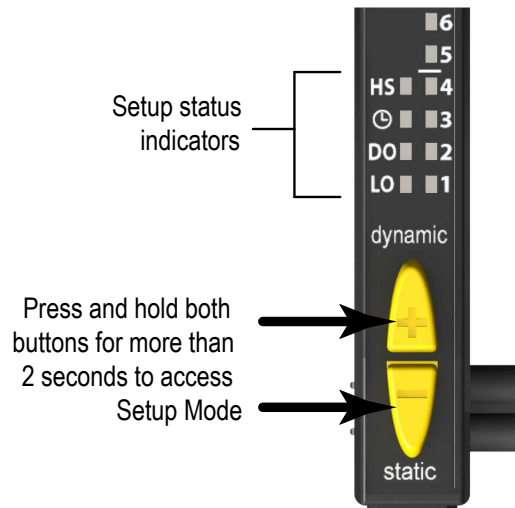
Setup Mode

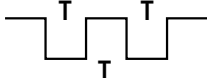
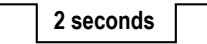
Use Setup mode to change sensor output response for:

- Light or Dark operate
- 30-millisecond pulse stretcher (OFF-delay), if required
- 200 μ s high-speed response

If Setup mode configuration is interrupted and remains inactive for 60 seconds, the sensor returns to Run mode with the most recent settings (i.e., exits and saves current selection).

Setup mode operates in the "background," while the outputs are active; changes are updated instantly.



	Push Button $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq \text{"Click"} \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Remote Line $0.04 \text{ seconds} \leq T \leq 0.8 \text{ seconds}$	Result
Access Setup Mode	• Press and hold both push buttons > 2 seconds 	• Double-pulse remote line 	Power LED: OFF Output LED: remains active Icon continue to display current setup Static LEDs: OFF
Select Setting Combination	• Click either push button until LEDs show desired settings. 	• Pulse the remote line until LEDs show desired settings. NOTE: Double-pulsing the remote line will cause the setting to "back up" one step.	Sensor toggles through eight setting combinations, in the following order: LO - Normal Speed - No Delay (default) DO - Normal Speed - No Delay LO - High Speed - No Delay DO - High Speed - No Delay LO - Normal Speed - Delay DO - Normal Speed - Delay LO - High Speed - Delay DO - High Speed - Delay
Return to Run Mode	• Press and hold both push buttons > 2 seconds 	• Hold remote line low > 2 seconds. 	Power LED: ON Sensor returns to RUN mode with new settings.

Manual Adjust

Manual Adjust is used during Run mode and is accomplished using the push buttons only. Its behavior depends on whether a switching threshold or a sensing window is used.

Switching Threshold:

- Fine-tunes sensing sensitivity
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease

Sensing Window:

- Adjusts sensing window size (tolerance) for the single-point target condition
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease

The lighted bar graph LEDs move to reflect the increase or decrease.

Enabling or Disabling the Push Button

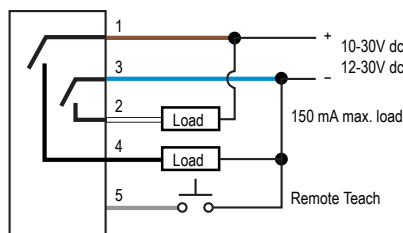
In addition to its programming function, the remote line may be used to disable the push buttons for security. Disabling the push buttons prevents undesired tampering with the sensor configuration settings.

1. Connect the sensor's gray wire.
2. Four-pulse the remote line to enable or disable the push button.
The sensor toggles between enable and disable settings and returns to RUN mode.

Wiring Diagrams

Standard Models and Main Unit

Installing Fibers



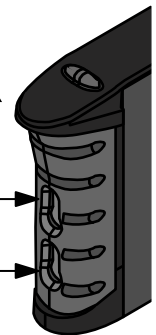
- 1 - Brown
- 2 - White
- 3 - Blue
- 4 - Black
- 5 - Gray
- 6 - Pink (not used)

The QD hookup is functionally identical. The pink wire is not used.

Slides up to
release fibers

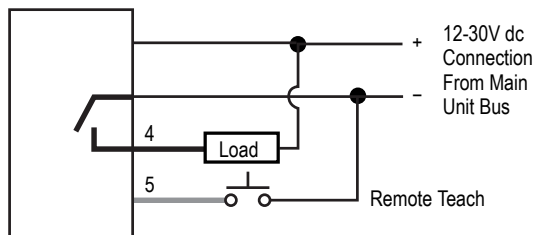
Plastic fiber
emitter port

Plastic fiber
receiver port

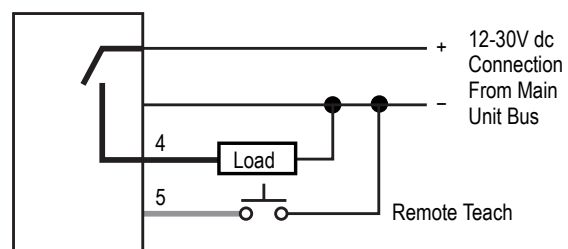


Sub-Units

NPN



PNP



Specifications

Sensing Beam

Standard sensors: 660 nm visible red or 525 nm visible green, depending on model

Models with bussable power: 660 nm visible red

Supply Voltage

Standard sensors: 10 to 30V dc (10% max ripple) @ less than 45 mA exclusive of load

Models with bussable power: 12 to 30V dc (10% max ripple) @ less than 45 mA exclusive of load

Supply Protection Circuitry

Protected against reverse polarity, over voltage, and transient voltage

Delay at Power Up

Standard Sensors: 200 milliseconds max.; outputs do not conduct during this time

Models with Bussable Power: 850 milliseconds max.; outputs do not conduct during this time

Output Configuration

Standard Sensors: Bipolar; 1 current sourcing (PNP) and 1 current sinking (NPN)

Models with Bussable Power: Main units: Bipolar; 1 current sourcing (PNP) and 1 current sinking (NPN); Sub-units: 1 current sourcing (PNP) or 1 current sinking (NPN) output, depending on model

Output Rating (Standard Sensors)

Standard Sensors: 150 mA max. load @ 25° C (derate 1 mA per °C increase)

OFF-state leakage current: < 5 µA at 30V dc

ON-state saturation voltage: **NPN:** < 200 mV @ 10 mA; 1V @ 150 mA load; **PNP:** < 1V @ 10 mA; 1.5V @ 150 mA load

Output Rating (Models with Bussable Power)

Models with Bussable Power: 100 mA max. load (derate 1 mA per °C above 30 °C)

OFF-state leakage current: < 5 µA at 30V dc

ON-state saturation voltage: **NPN:** < 1.5V; **PNP:** < 2V

Supply 15V or more: up to 16 units with 100 mA outputs

Less than 15V supply (9 m cable): up to 4 units with 100 mA outputs; up to 8 units with 50 mA outputs

Output Protection

Protected against output short-circuit, continuous overload, transient over-voltages, and false pulse on power-up

Output Response Time

500 microseconds (normal mode) or 200 microseconds (high-speed mode)

Repeatability

100 microseconds (normal mode) or 66 microseconds (high-speed mode)

Adjustments

2 push buttons and remote wire

- Expert-style configuration (Static and Dynamic TEACH, and Window Set)
- Manually adjust (+/-) sensitivity (from push buttons only)
- LO/DO, OFF-delay, and response speed configurable (from push buttons or remote wire)
- Push button lockout (from remote wire only)

Factory Default Settings: Light Operate, Normal Speed, No Delay

Push-button or remote programming of response time, OFF-delay, light/dark operate, and display

Indicators

8-segment red bar graph: Light-to-dark signal difference relative to taught condition (Window Set); Sensing contrast (Static or Dynamic TEACH)

Green Status Indicators: LO, DO, High Speed (HS), and OFF-Delay

Green LED: Power ON

Yellow LED: Output conducting

Construction

Black ABS/polycarbonate alloy (UL94 V-0 rated) housing, clear polycarbonate cover

Environmental Rating

IEC IP50, NEMA 1

Connections

Standard Sensors: PVC-jacketed 2 m or 9 m (6.5 ft or 30 ft) 6-wire integral cable or integral 6-pin Pico-style quick-disconnect

Models with Bussable Power: **Main units:** PVC-jacketed 2 m or 9 m (6.5 ft or 30 ft) 5-wire integral cable;

Sub-units: PVC-jacketed 2 m or 9 m (6.5 ft or 30 ft) 2-wire integral cable

Operating Conditions

Temperature: -10 to +55 °C (+14 to 131 °F)

Storage: -20 to +85 °C (-4 to +185 °F)

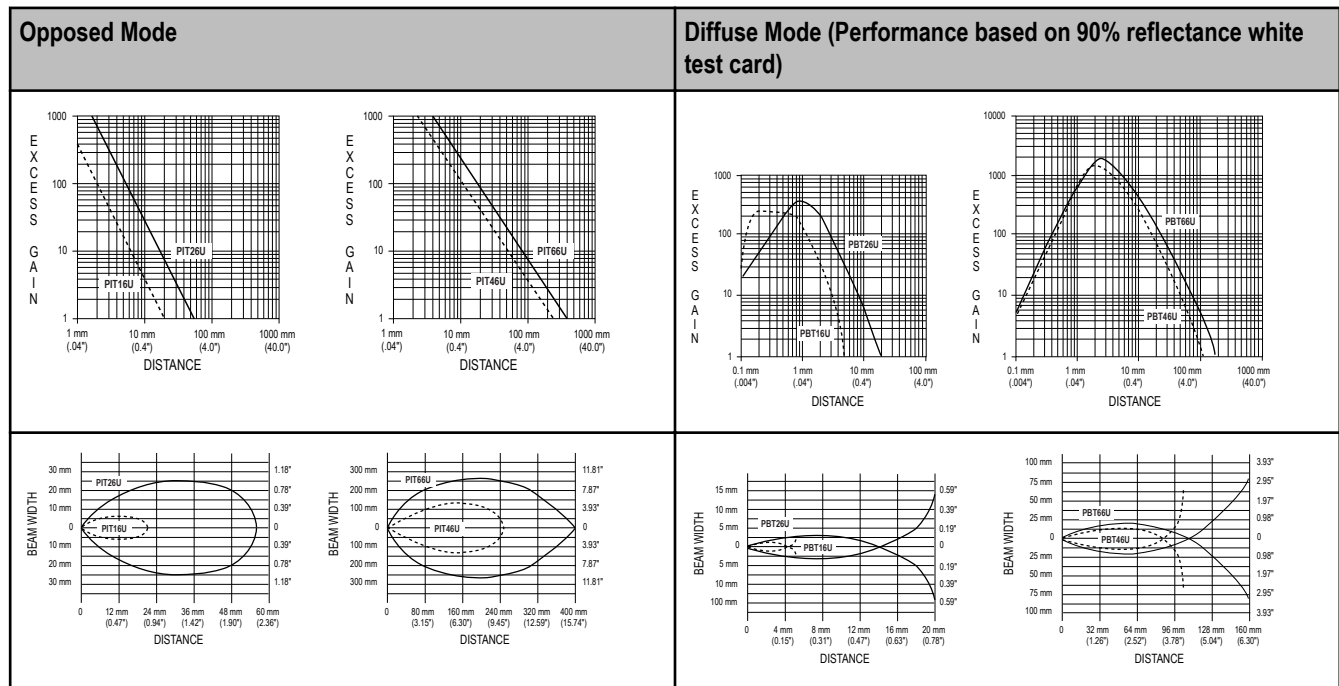
Relative Humidity: 90% @ 55 °C (non-condensing)

Certifications

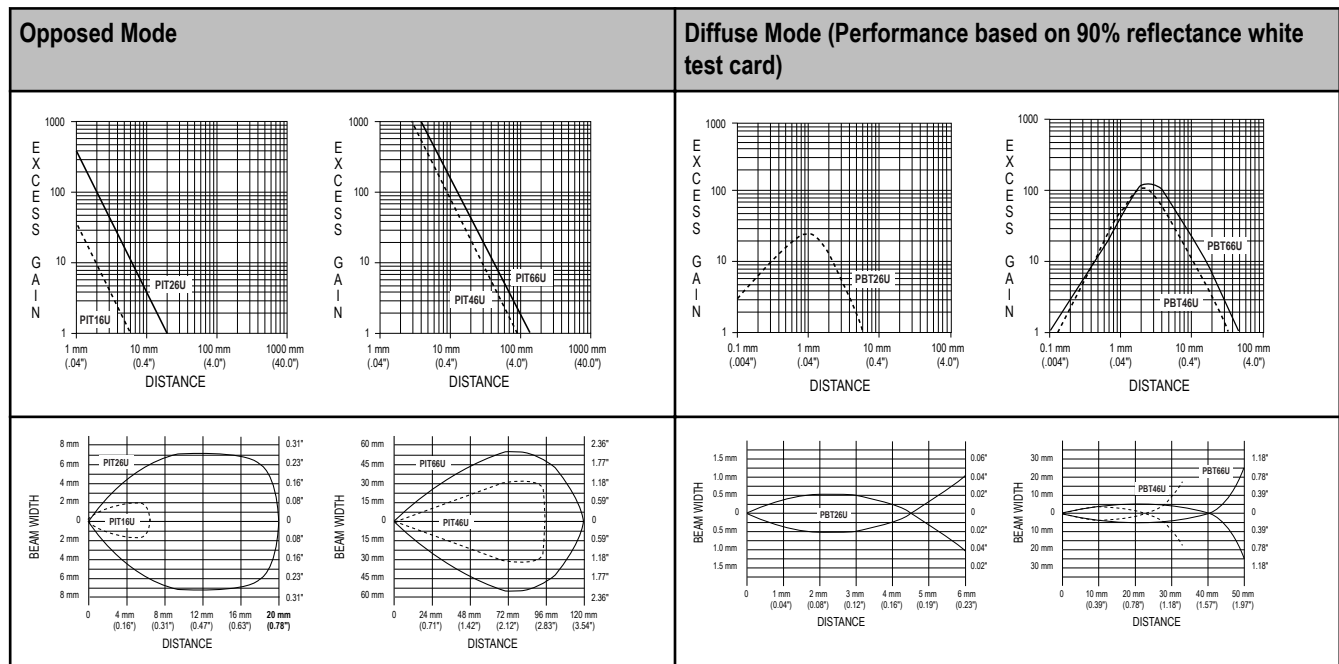


Performance Curves

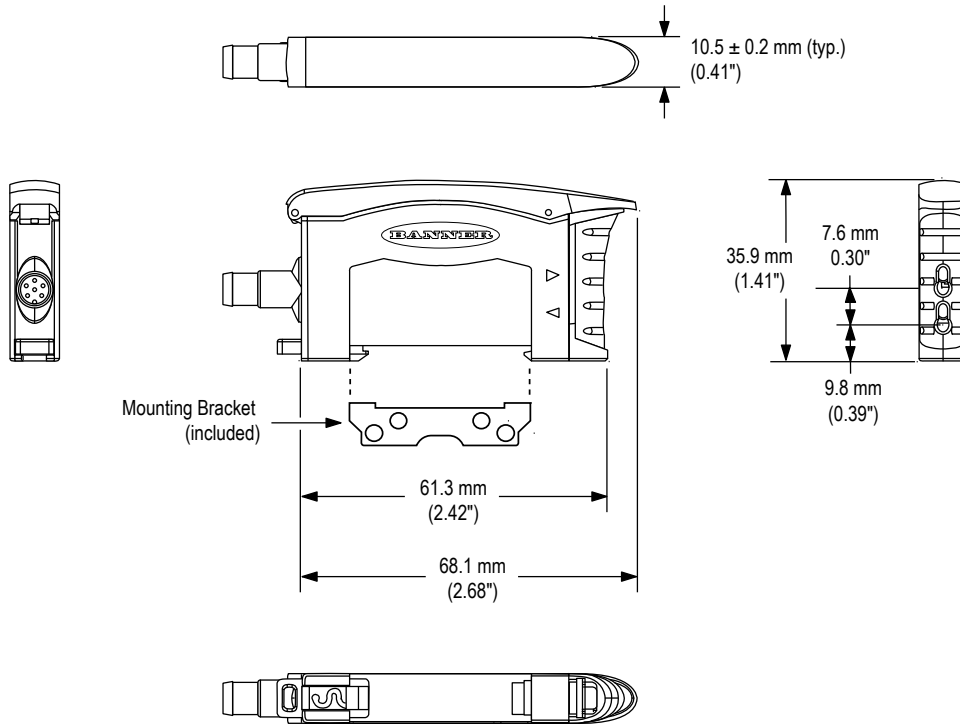
Red Beam Models



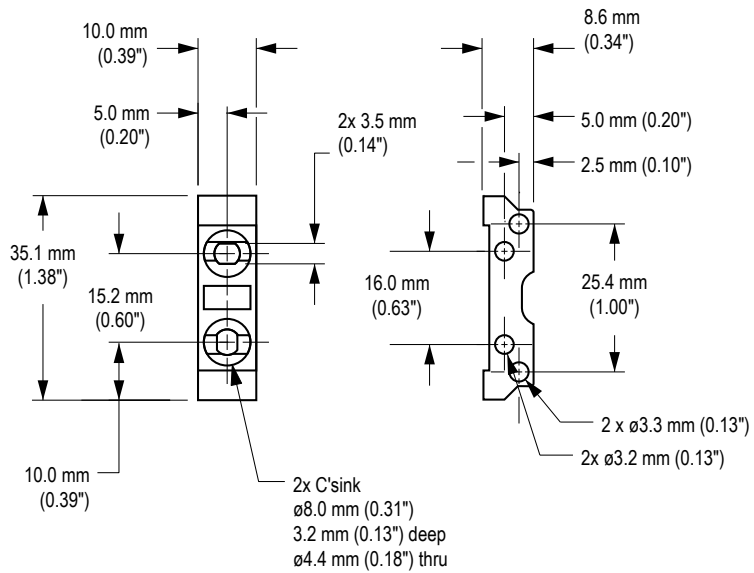
Green Beam Models



Dimensions



Included Bracket Dimensions

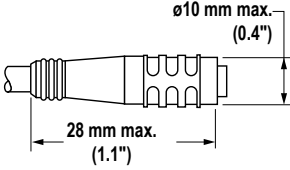
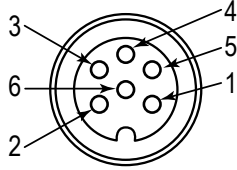
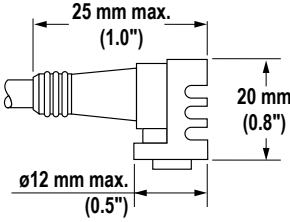


M3 Hardware included:

- Lock Washer (2)
- Flat Washer (2)
- Screws (2)
- Hex Nuts (2)

Accessories

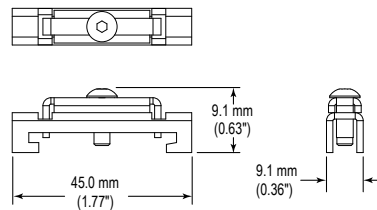
Quick Disconnect Cordsets

6-Pin Snap-on M8/Pico-Style Cordsets				
Model	Length	Style	Dimensions	Pinout
PKG6Z-2	2 m (6.5 ft)	Straight		
PKG6Z-9	9 m (30 ft)			
PKW6Z-2	2 m (6.5 ft)	Right-angle		1 - brown 2 - white 3 - blue 4 - black 5 - pink
PKW6Z-9	9 m (30 ft)			

DIN Rail Accessories

SA-DIN-CLAMP

- Pair of metal DIN rail end stops; slide onto DIN rail at either side of sensor stack; holds bussable power models together to maintain electrical connection
- Combination (#2 Phillips, #8 standard slotted) set screw



SA-D10B-CAP

Package of 5 each replacement terminal caps and plugs to cover beginning and end of stack of connected sensors.

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