

## QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

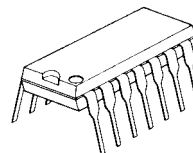
### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2059 integrated circuit is a quad high-gain operational amplifier internally compensated and constructed on a single silicon chip using an advanced epitaxial process.

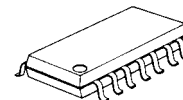
The NJM2059 has wider unity gain bandwidth and larger slew rate compared to the NJM2058.

Each amplifier of the NJM2059 has the same electrical characteristics of the NJM4559.

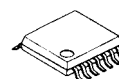
### ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM2059D



NJM2059M

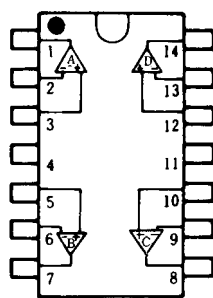


NJM2059V

### ■ FEATURES

- Operating Voltage (  $\pm 4V \sim \pm 18V$  )
- Slew Rate (  $2V/\mu s$  typ. )
- Unity Gain Bandwidth (  $6MHz$  typ. )
- Package Outline DIP14,DMP14,SSOP14
- Bipolar Technology

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION

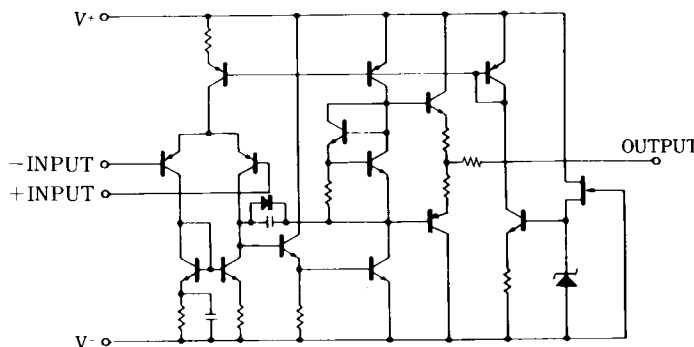


NJM2059D  
NJM2059M  
NJM2059V

#### PIN FUNCTION

1. A OUTPUT
2. A -INPUT
3. A +INPUT
4.  $V^+$
5. B +INPUT
6. B -INPUT
7. B OUTPUT
8. C OUTPUT
9. C -INPUT
10. C +INPUT
11.  $V^-$
12. D +INPUT
13. D -INPUT
14. D OUTPUT

### ■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT ( 1/4 Shown )



## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

( Ta=25°C )

| PARAMETER                   | SYMBOL      | RATINGS                                                    | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage              | $V^+ / V^-$ | $\pm 18$                                                   | V    |
| Differential Input Voltage  | $V_{ID}$    | $\pm 30$                                                   | V    |
| Input Voltage               | $V_{IC}$    | $\pm 15$ ( note1 )                                         | V    |
| Power Dissipation           | $P_D$       | ( DIP14 ) 700<br>( DMP14 ) 700 ( note2 )<br>( SSOP14 ) 300 | mW   |
| Operating Temperature Range | $T_{opr}$   | -40~+85                                                    | °C   |
| Storage Temperature Range   | $T_{stg}$   | -40~+125                                                   | °C   |

( note1 ) For supply voltage less than  $\pm 15V$ , the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

( note2 ) At on PC board

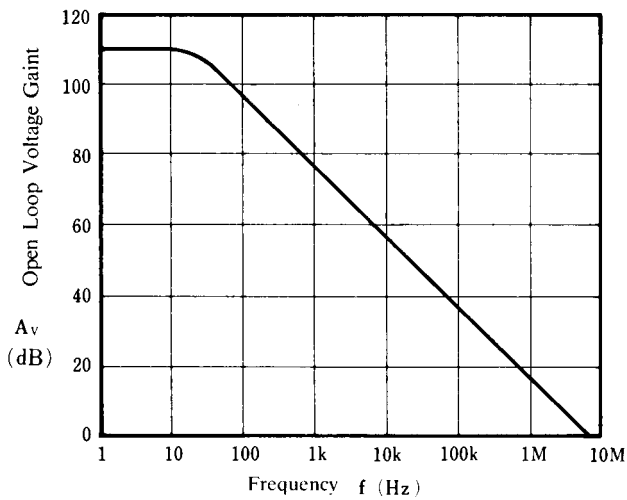
## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( Ta=25°C,  $V^+ / V^- = \pm 15V$  )

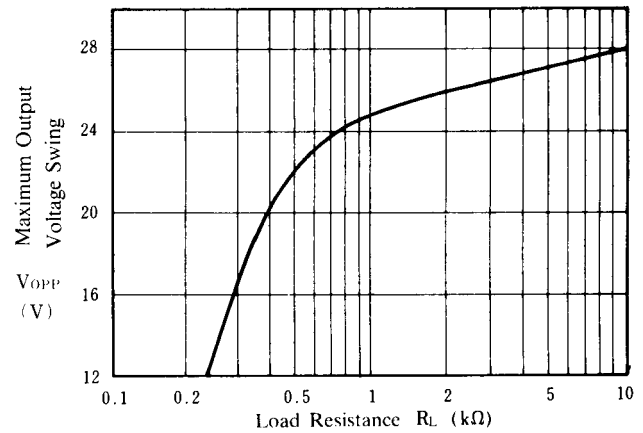
| PARAMETER                       | SYMBOL    | TEST CONDITION                       | MIN.     | TYP.     | MAX. | UNIT  |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|
| Input Offset Voltage            | $V_{IO}$  | $R_S \leq 10k\Omega$                 | -        | 0.5      | 6    | mV    |
| Input Offset Current            | $I_{IO}$  |                                      | -        | 5        | 200  | nA    |
| Input Bias Current              | $I_B$     |                                      | -        | 20       | 500  | nA    |
| Input Resistance                | $R_{IN}$  |                                      | 0.3      | 1        | -    | MΩ    |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain       | $A_V$     | $R_L \geq 2k\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$   | 86       | 100      | -    | dB    |
| Maximum Output Voltage Swing 1  | $V_{OM1}$ | $R_L \geq 10k\Omega$                 | $\pm 12$ | $\pm 14$ | -    | V     |
| Maximum Output Voltage Swing 2  | $V_{OM2}$ | $R_L \geq 2k\Omega$                  | $\pm 10$ | $\pm 13$ | -    | V     |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range | $V_{ICM}$ |                                      | $\pm 12$ | $\pm 14$ | -    | V     |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio     | CMR       | $R_S \leq 10k\Omega$                 | 70       | 90       | -    | dB    |
| Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio  | SVR       | $R_S \leq 10k\Omega$                 | 76.5     | 90       | -    | dB    |
| Operating Current               | $I_{CC}$  |                                      | -        | 7        | 11.3 | mA    |
| Slew Rate                       | SR        |                                      | -        | 2        | -    | V/μs  |
| Equivalent Input Noise Voltage  | $V_{NI}$  | RIAA, $R_S = 2.2k\Omega$ , 30kHz LPF | -        | 1.4      | -    | μVrms |

## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

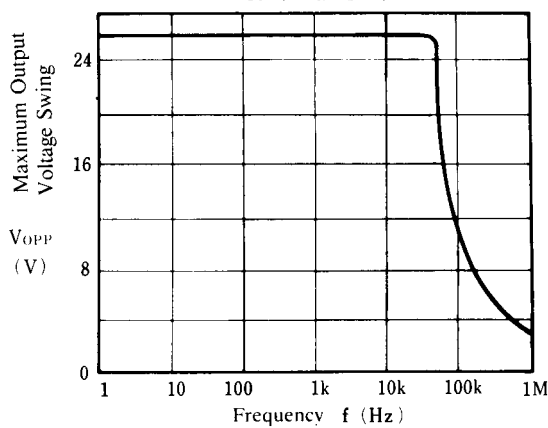
**Open Loop Voltage Gain  
vs. Frequency**  
( $V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$ ,  $R_L = 2k\Omega$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )



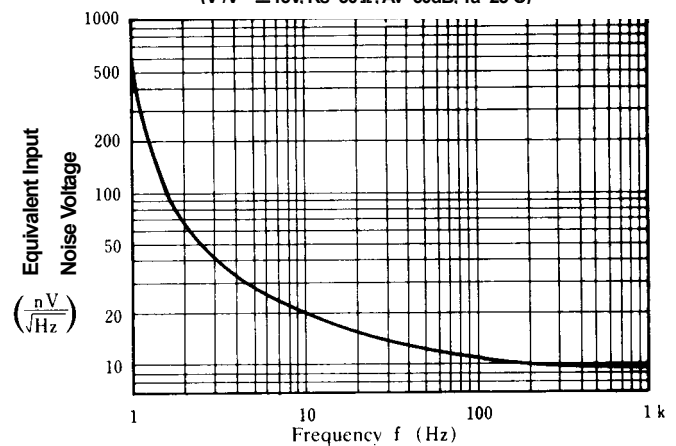
**Maximum Output Voltage Swing  
vs. Load Resistance**  
( $V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )



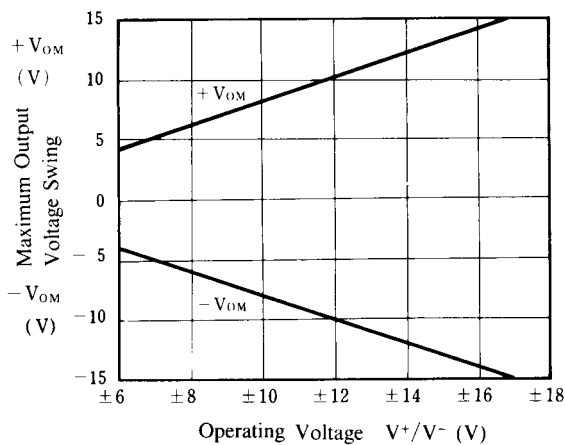
**Maximum Output Voltage Swing  
vs. Frequency**  
( $V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$ ,  $R_L = 2k\Omega$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )



**Equivalent Input Noise Voltage  
vs. Frequency**  
( $V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$ ,  $R_s = 50\Omega$ ,  $A_v = 60dB$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

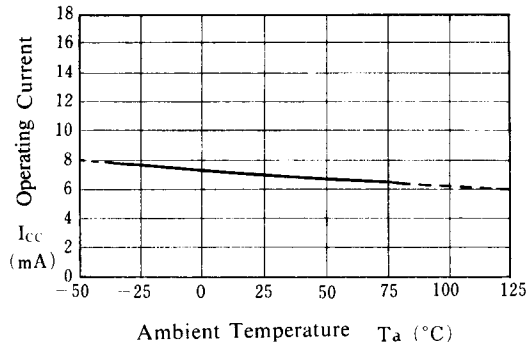


**Maximum Output Voltage Swing  
vs. Operating Voltage**  
( $R_L = 2k\Omega$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

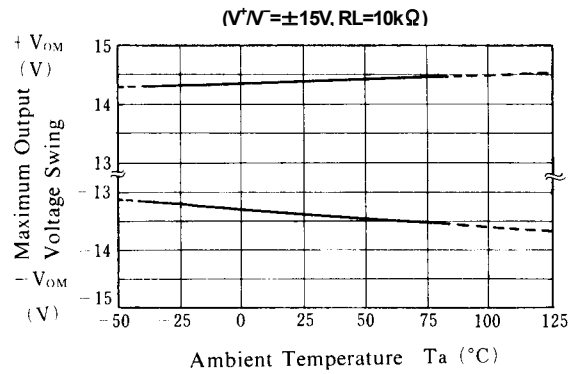


## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

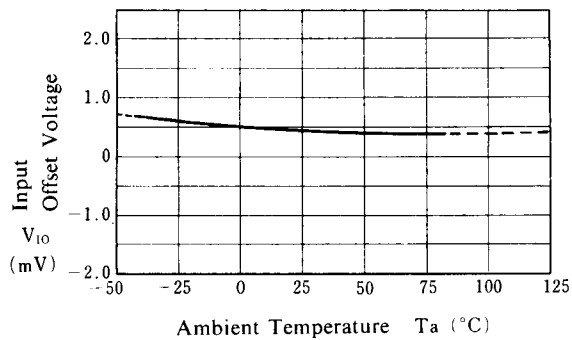
**Operating Current vs. Temperature**  
( $V^+V^- = \pm 15V$ )



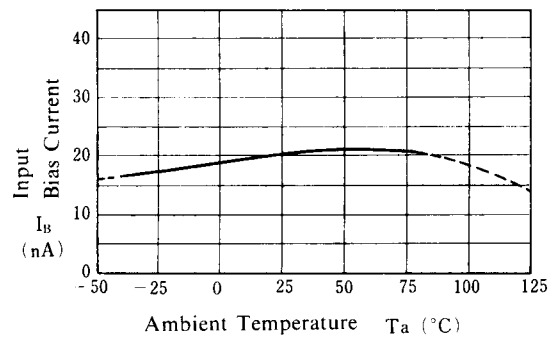
**Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Temperature**  
( $V^+V^- = \pm 15V, R_L = 10k\Omega$ )



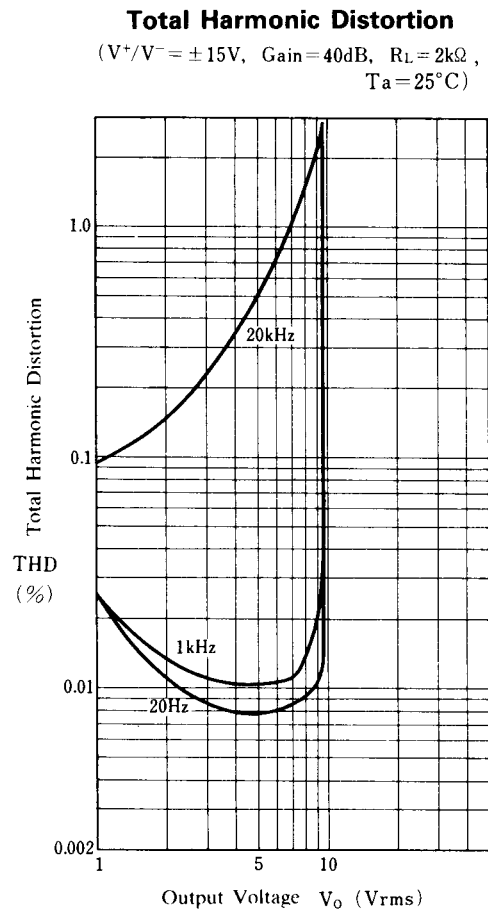
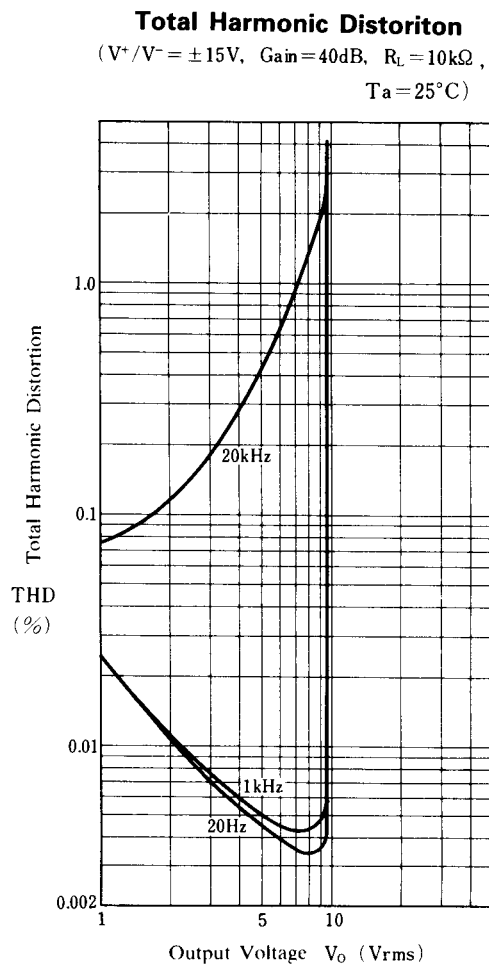
**Input Offset voltage vs. Temperature**  
( $V^+V^- = \pm 15V$ )



**Input Bias Current vs. Temperature**  
( $V^+V^- = \pm 15V$ )



## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



**[CAUTION]**

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