

## DAVICOM Semiconductor, Inc.

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### DM5900

720H 1 channel NTSC/PAL Decoder with  
fast switch function

DATA SHEET

*Preliminary*  
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REVISION HISTORY:

Date	Revision	Description
2012/03/19	1.1	Initial release

**Table of Contents**

<b>INTRODUCTION .....</b>	<b>5</b>
FEATURES.....	5
APPLICATIONS .....	6
<b>TERMINAL ASSIGNMENT .....</b>	<b>7</b>
TERMINAL FUNCTIONS .....	8
<b>BLOCK DIAGRAM .....</b>	<b>10</b>
INTRODUCTION.....	11
Video Synchronization .....	11
Automatic Gain Control .....	11
Y/C Separation.....	11
UV demodulation.....	11
Luma/Chroma Processor.....	12
Mirror Function .....	12
Video Interface .....	12
Fast Switch Parameter RAM.....	12
VIDEO INTERFACE.....	13
<b>BT601 SYNCHRONIZATION SIGNALS.....</b>	<b>15</b>
FILTER RESPONSE .....	17
Anti-alias LPF .....	17
Decimation filter.....	17
Luma notch filter .....	18
Chroma band pass filter .....	18
Y sharpness filter .....	19

UV demodulation low pass filter .....	20
<b>PLL .....</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>HOST INTERFACE.....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>INTERNAL CONTROL REGISTERS.....</b>	<b>24</b>
VIDEO DECODER .....	24
AGC .....	25
Video Detection Misc.....	26
Color Killer.....	27
2D Comb Filter.....	28
PLL.....	60
<b>ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS .....</b>	<b>63</b>
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS OVER OPERATING FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE RANGE.....	63
Recommended Operating Conditions .....	64
Crystal Specifications .....	65
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS .....	65
DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.....	65
Analog Processing and A/D Converters .....	66
Timing .....	67
<b>PACKAGING .....</b>	<b>69</b>
<b>ORDERING INFORMATION.....</b>	<b>72</b>
<b>DISCLAIMER.....</b>	<b>72</b>
<b>PRODUCTS .....</b>	<b>72</b>
<b>CONTACT WINDOWS.....</b>	<b>72</b>

## Introduction

The DM5900 is a 1-channel video decoder designed for cameras with 720H CCD sensor. The DM5900 converts 6.5 MHz analog CVBS signals to digital 27 MHz CCIR656 signals. The DM5900 integrates an internal PLL. The DM5900 also features a patented fast switch function. With the fast switch function, the DM5900 can decode up to 2 analog CVBS with little frame rate loss.

## Features

### Video Decoder

- Accepts NTSC (M), PAL (B, D, G, H, I, M, Nc).
- Video decoder could be programmed to operate at 27MHz.
- Hardware Fast Switch function
- Fast Switch also controllable by software or external pin
- Software channel ID in active region
- 10-bits video ADCs with built in 6.5 MHz analog low pass filter
- Automatic gain control for Luminance and Chrominance
- Programmable brightness, contrast, saturation, hue, and sharpness
- 5-H comb filter for YC separation
- Support video interface YCbCr 4:2:2, 4:1:1, 4:2:0 format
- Support mirror function
- Chrominance line filter for PAL phase error
- DLL for video synchronization, supports 27MHz crystal within +/-1000 ppm variance
- Advanced video synchronization for weak and noisy CVBS. Supports video signal transmitted by 500-meter long cable
- Support line lock camera

### Miscellaneous

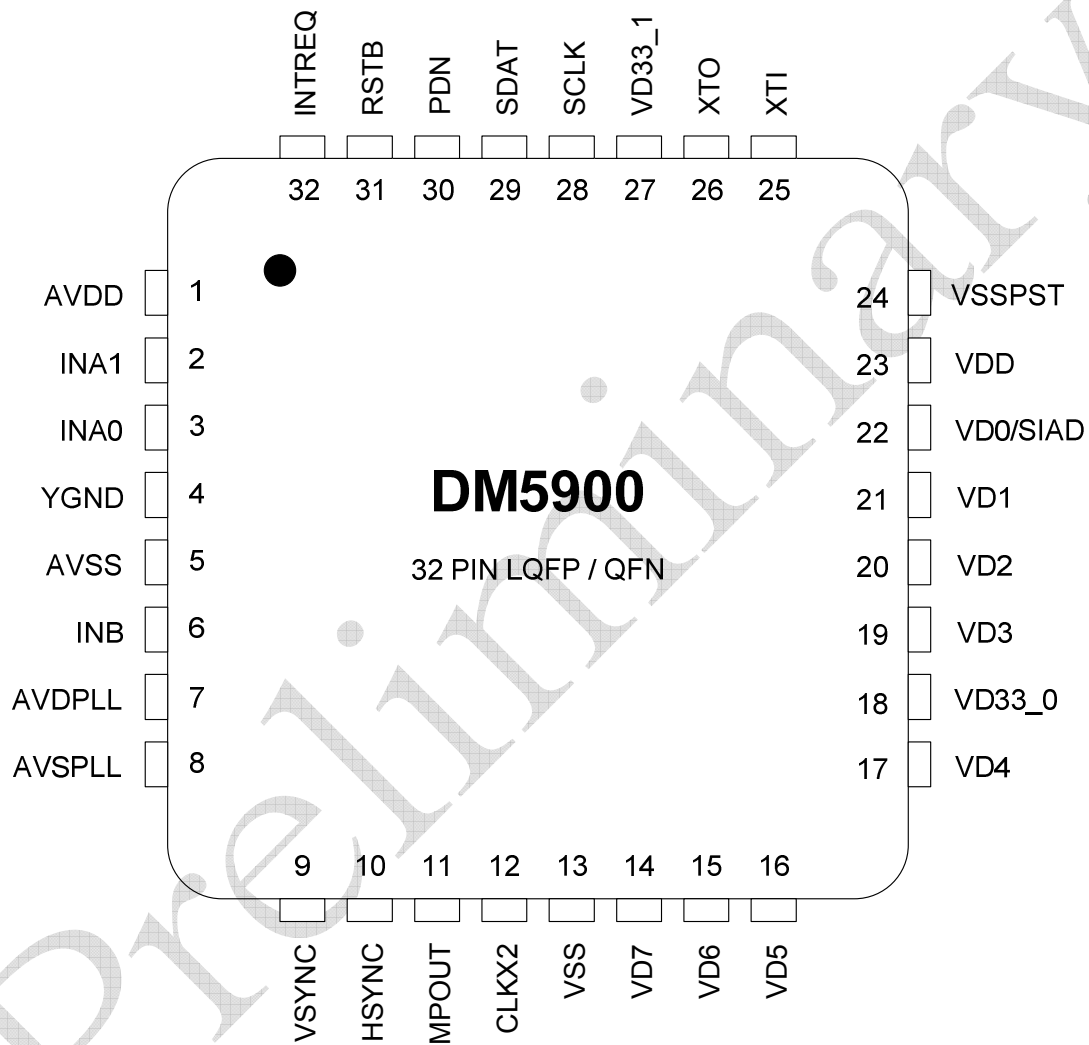
- Use a single external 27MHz crystal to support 720H video
- One programmable PLL integrated
- Slave I2C bus
- Ultra low power consumption. Under 150mW for normal operation. Under 50mW for suspend mode.
- 32-pin LQFP (5mmx5mm) or 32-pin QFN (4mmx4mm) package
- 1.8V core power, 3.3V analog power and 1.8V analog power

### Applications

Suggested applications include

- DVR
- Car DVR
- Video capture card

## Terminal Assignment



## Terminal Functions

Pin Name	Pin number	Type	Description
<b>Analog Video Signals</b>			
INA0	3	A	Analog input A0.
INA1	2	A	Analog input A1.
YGND	4	G	Analog ground. (used as signal input reference)
INB	6	A	Analog input B. (analog chroma input)

Pin Name	Pin number	Type	Description
<b>Video Output Signals</b>			
HSYNC	10	O	Horizontal Sync and multi-purpose output. See register for control information.
VSYNC	9	O	Vertical Sync and multi-purpose output. See register for control information.
CLKX2	12	O	Data output clk.
MPOUT	11	O	Multi-purpose output pin. See register for control information.
VD7,VD6,VD5,VD4,VD3,VD2,VD1	14,15,16,17,19,20,21	I/O	Digital Video data output of 4:2:2 YCbCr[7:1]. VD[7] is the MSB
VD0/SIAD	22	I/O	Digital Video data output of 4:2:2 YCbCr. SIAD: The i2c interface address select pin 0. Default pull-down device ID: 8'hB8 otherwise device ID is 8'hBA

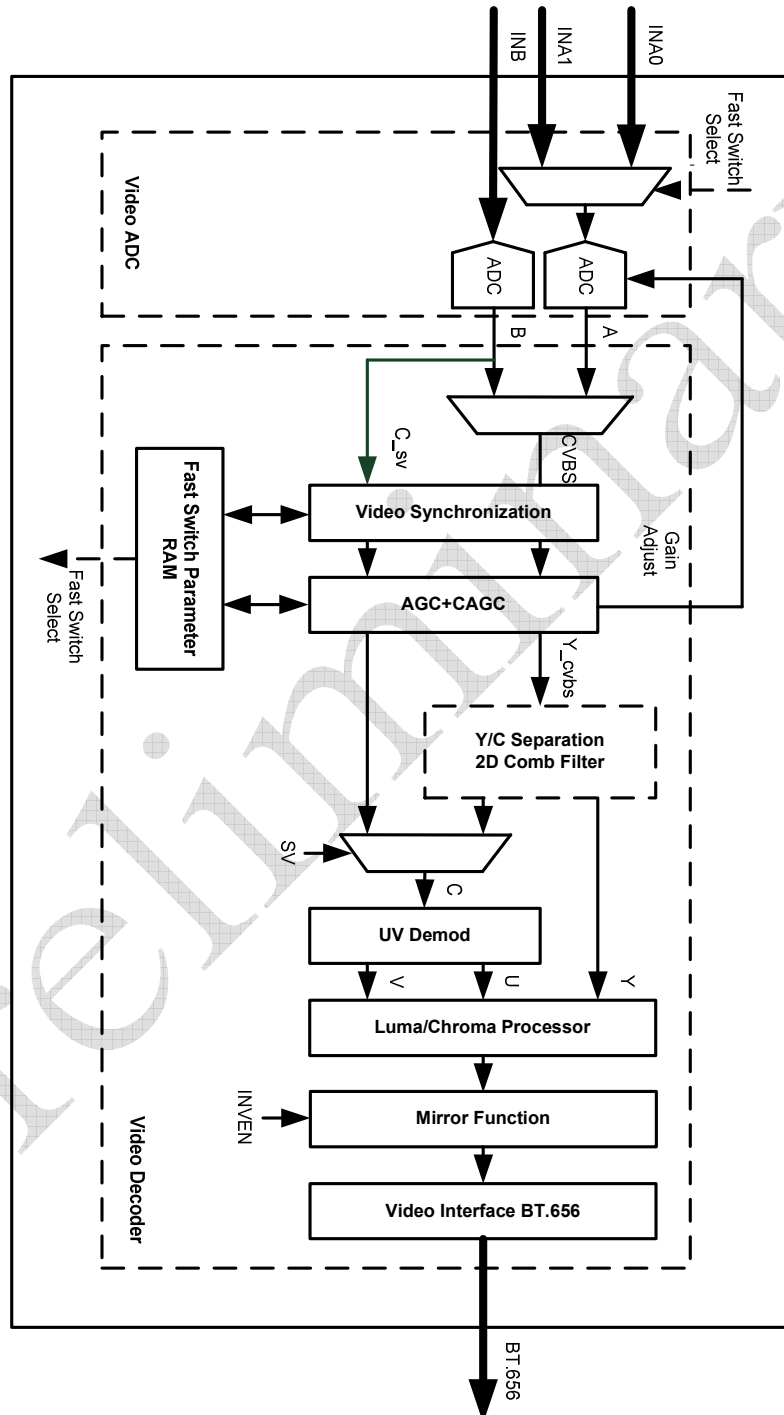
Pin Name	Pin number	Type	Description
<b>Clock signals</b>			
XTI	25	I	Clock input. A 27 MHz fundamental crystal or a single-ended oscillator can be connected
XTO	26	O	Clock output. For connecting a crystal

Pin Name	Pin number	Type	Description
<b>General Signals</b>			
RSTB	31	I	Reset input. Low active
PDN	30	I	Power down control pin. # is high active
INTREQ	32	O	Interrupt output signal

Pin Name	Pin number	Type	Description
<b>Host Interface</b>			
SCLK	28	I	The I2C serial interface Clock line.
SDAT	29	I/O	The I2C serial interface Data line.

Pin Name	Pin number	Type	Description
<b>Power and Ground Pins</b>			
VDD	23	P	1.8V digital core power
VSS	13	G	1.8V digital ground
VD33_0	18	P	3.3V digital I/O power
VD33_1	27	P	3.3V digital I/O power
VSSPST	24	G	3.3V digital I/O ground
AVDD	1	P	1.8V analog supply ADC.
AVSS	5	G	Analog ground.
AVDPLL	7	P	1.8V analog supply PLL
AVSPLL	8	G	Analog ground PLL

## Block Diagram



## Introduction

The DM5900 video decoder contains a Video Synchronization block, an AGC block, an YC separation block, a UV Demodulation block, a Luma/Chroma Processor block, a Mirror Function block and a BT 656 output block. A patented Fast Switch is also included.

In addition to CVBS, the DM5900 video decoder supports S-Video as well.

## Video Synchronization

Video Synchronization performs video detection function. It automatically detects NTSC(M), NTSC(443), PAL(B,D,G,H,I), PAL(M), PAL(N), PAL(60). A smart video detection algorithm has been adopted. Therefore the DM5900 can perform fast and stable video synchronization even if the input signal is weak or the external crystal is with error as large as +/- 1000 ppm.

## Automatic Gain Control

Automatic Gain Control (AGC) block performs both Luma AGC and Chroma AGC (CGAC). After video synchronization, Luma AGC adjusts input Luma level to the standard level (1Vpp). A further CAGC is performed after Luma AGC for signal with different Luma and Chroma attenuation.

## Y/C Separation

Y/C Separation is for CVBS input only. After this block CVBS signal is separated into Luma and Chroma components. A 5-H 2D comb filter is adapted in the Y/C separation block.

## UV demodulation

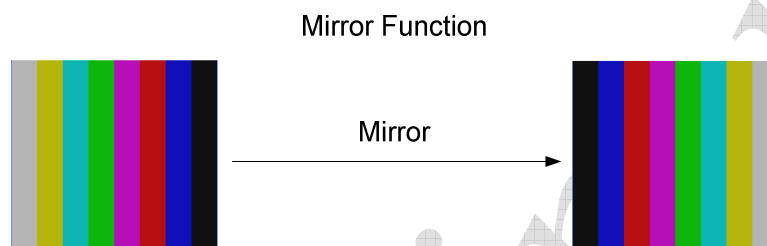
After Y/C separation, the UV demodulation block performs UV demodulation to the Chroma component. The phase and frequency of the UV demodulation is from a color burst subcarrier tracking block for both NTSC and PAL mode. A UV demodulation LPF is also adopted to filter out chroma noise.

### Luma/Chroma Processor

This block contains a programmable Luma sharpness filter. Hue, Saturation, Brightness and Contrast adjustment are also supported. The adjusted video is then transformed from YUV to YCbCr domain for CCIR656 output interface.

### Mirror Function

The DM5900 also supports mirroring function. When mirroring function is performed, the samples at each line are horizontally left-right flipped. The following figure illustrates the result of horizontal mirroring.



### Video Interface

The DM5900 video decoder supports 27MHz BT.656 video output format with BT.601 synchronization signals. It also supports YCbCr 4:1:1 and 4:2:0 formats. A horizontal cropping function also included in this block.

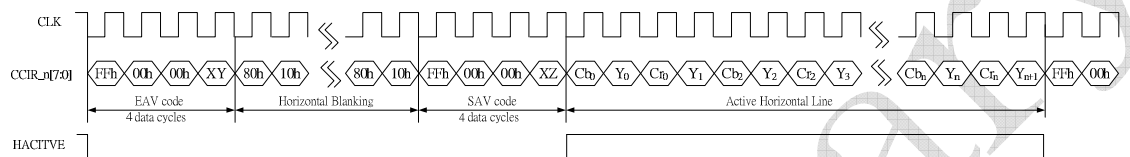
### Fast Switch Parameter RAM

The DM5900 features a patented hardware video source fast switch function. The Fast Switch block has a table which stores video characteristic. Each time HW switches to a previously tracked video source it could complete video synchronization within several lines. With this feature, the DM5900 can decode up to 2 CVBS with little frame rate loss.

## Video Interface

The DM5160 outputs 27MHz CCIR656 with 720x480/720x576 resolution (conventional 720H). For these video outputs, SAV (Start of Active Video) and EAV (End of Active Video) are inserted to indicate active video interval. Each channel uses one output port to transmit video data, that is, luminance and chrominance data are transmitted through the same port. The output timing diagram is shown below.

### YCbCr 4:2:2

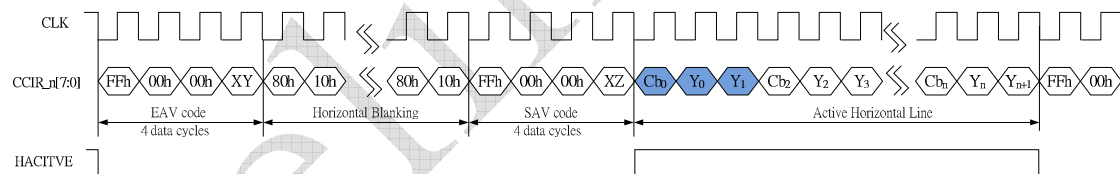


The number of data cycles in active horizontal line will vary according to the output YCbCr 4:2:2 format. For video outputs, the active horizontal line contains 1440 cycles.

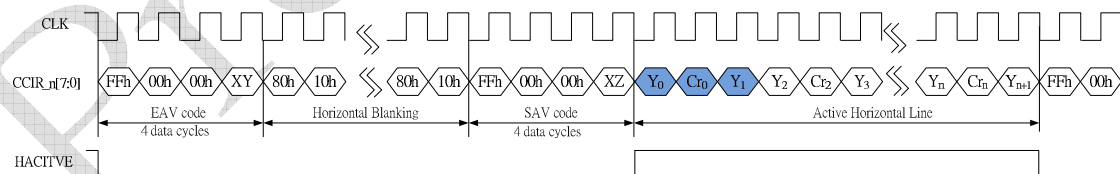
The DM5900 also supports the 4:2:0 and 4:1:1 format. The output timing diagram is shown below.

### YCbCr 4:2:0

Odd Line:

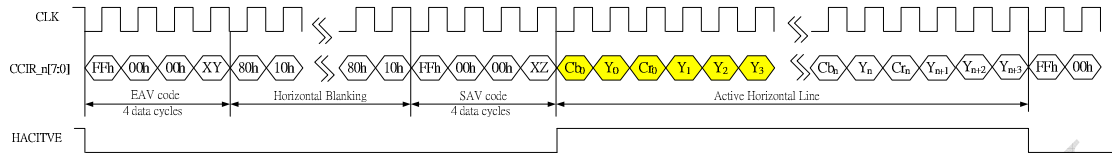


Even Line:



The number of data cycles in active horizontal line will vary according to the output YCbCr 4:2:0 format. For video outputs, the active horizontal line contains 1080 cycles.

**YCbCr 4:1:1**



The number of data cycles in active horizontal line will vary according to the output YCbCr 4:1:1 format. For video outputs, the active horizontal line contains 1080 cycles.

SAV and EAV indicate the active video interval. The values of the first three bytes in SAV and EAV are invariant preamble: 0xFF, 0x00, and 0x00. Different values are designated to the last byte according to different conditions: Field, V time, and H time. The MSB of this byte is always set to 1 and it's followed by three bits to represent the condition of F, V, and H respectively. The last four bits are used as protection bits. The detailed code sequences of SAV and EAV are illustrated in the following table.

Condition			FVH Value			SAV/EAV Code Sequence			
Field	V time	H time	F	V	H	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3
Odd	Active	SAV	0	0	0	0xFF	0x00	0x00	0x80
Odd	Active	EAV	0	0	1	0xFF	0x00	0x00	0x9D
Odd	Blank	SAV	0	1	0	0xFF	0x00	0x00	0xAB
Odd	Blank	EAV	0	1	1	0xFF	0x00	0x00	0xB6
Even	Active	SAV	1	0	0	0xFF	0x00	0x00	0xC7
Even	Active	EAV	1	0	1	0xFF	0x00	0x00	0xDA
Even	Blank	SAV	1	1	0	0xFF	0x00	0x00	0xEC
Even	Blank	EAV	1	1	1	0xFF	0x00	0x00	0xF1

## BT601 Synchronization Signals

External syncs are provided via the following signals

- VSYNC (vertical sync signal)
- HSYNC (horizontal sync signal)
- FID (field indicator)

VSYNC, HSYNC and FID are programmed to be the external syncs for BT.601. The default setting for a 525/625 line video output are given as an example below.

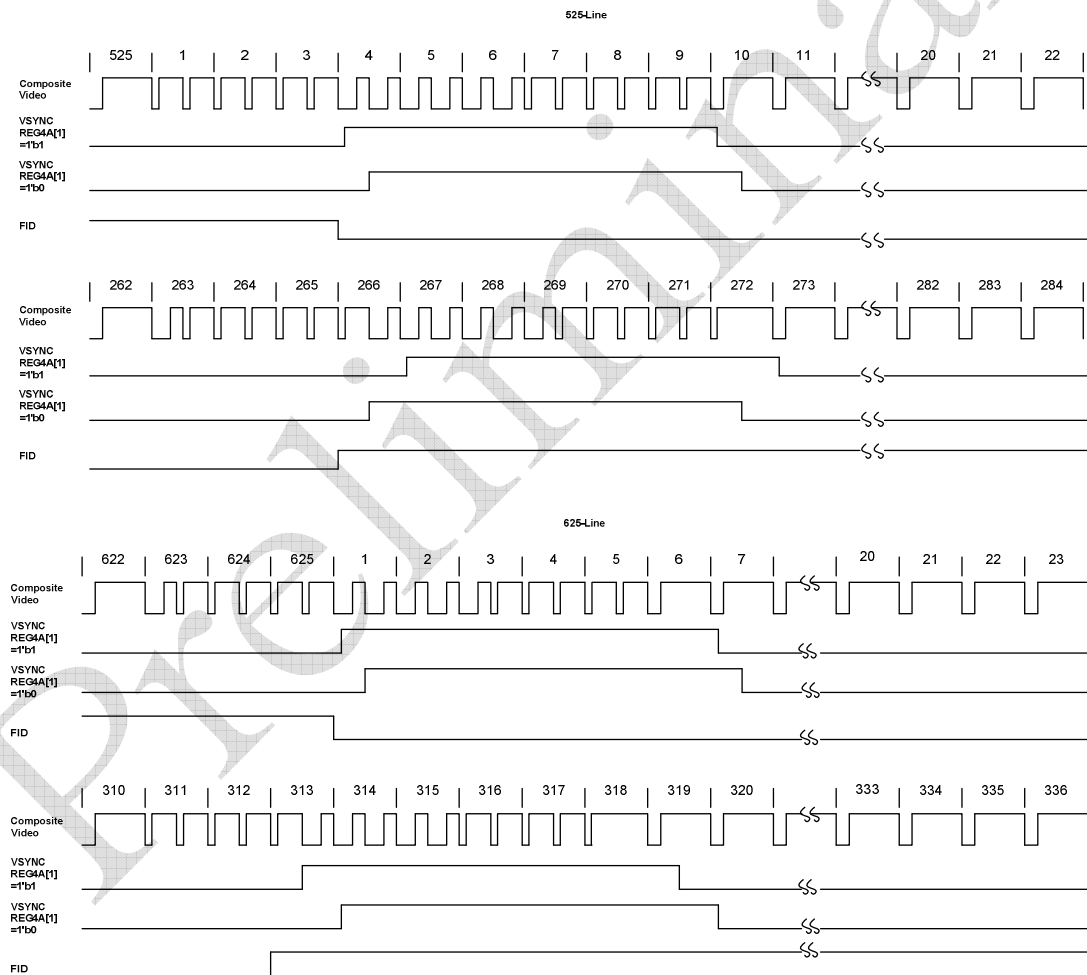


Fig: BT 601 Timing diagram

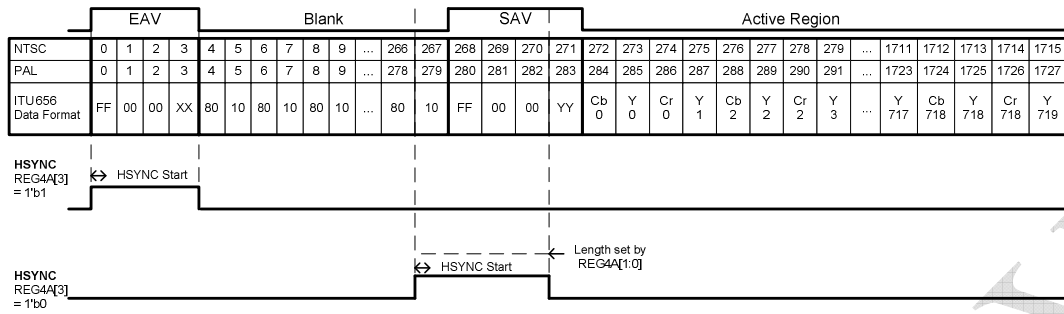
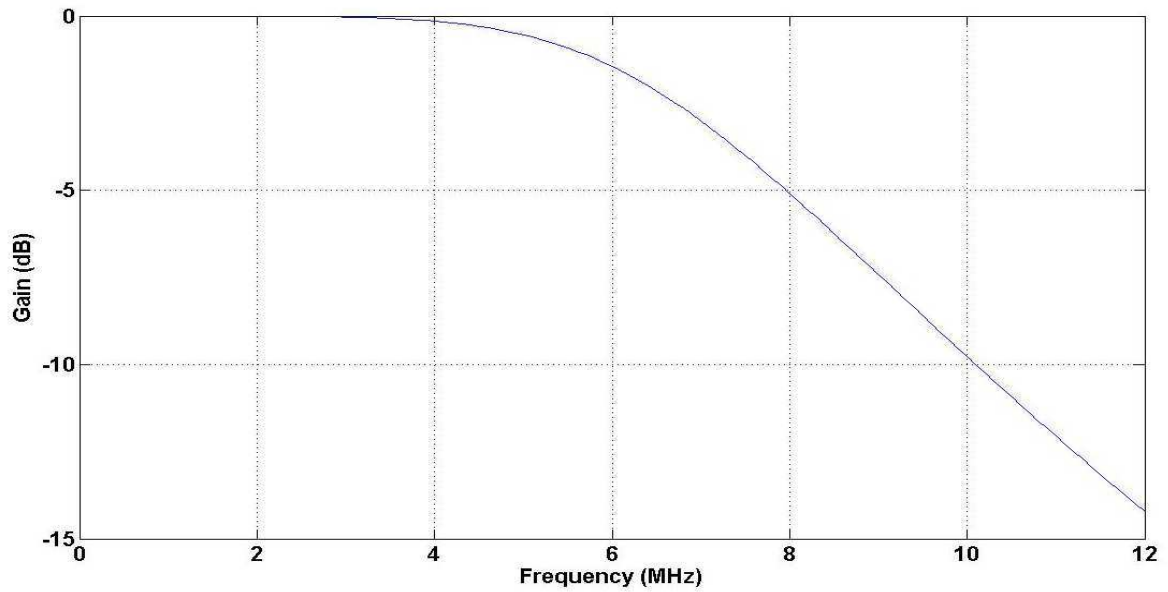


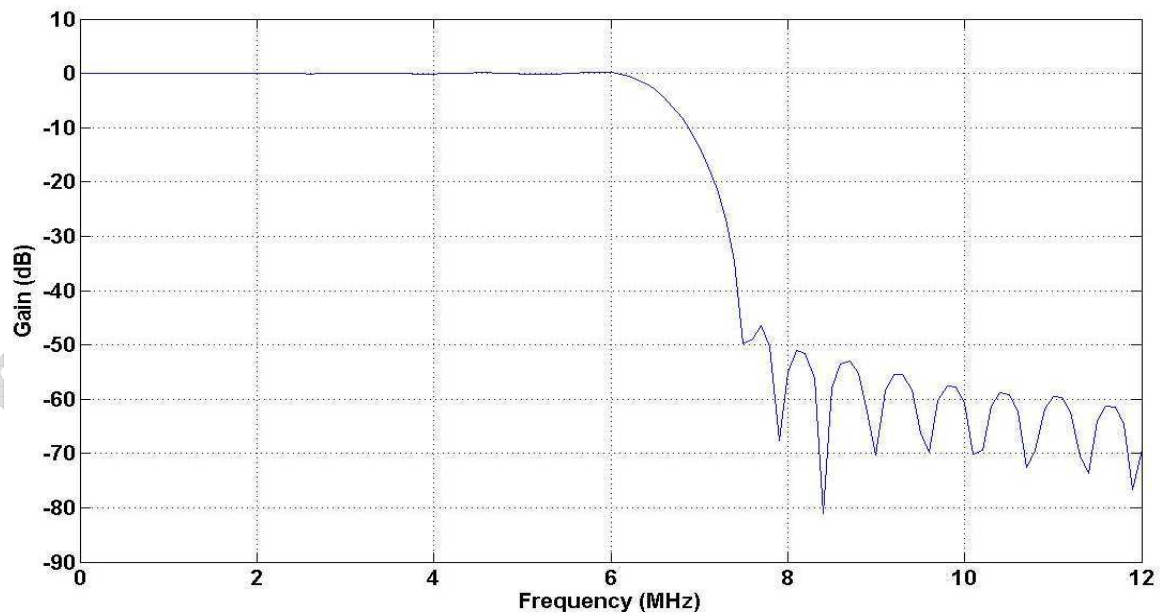
Fig: Horizontal Synchronization Signals

## Filter response

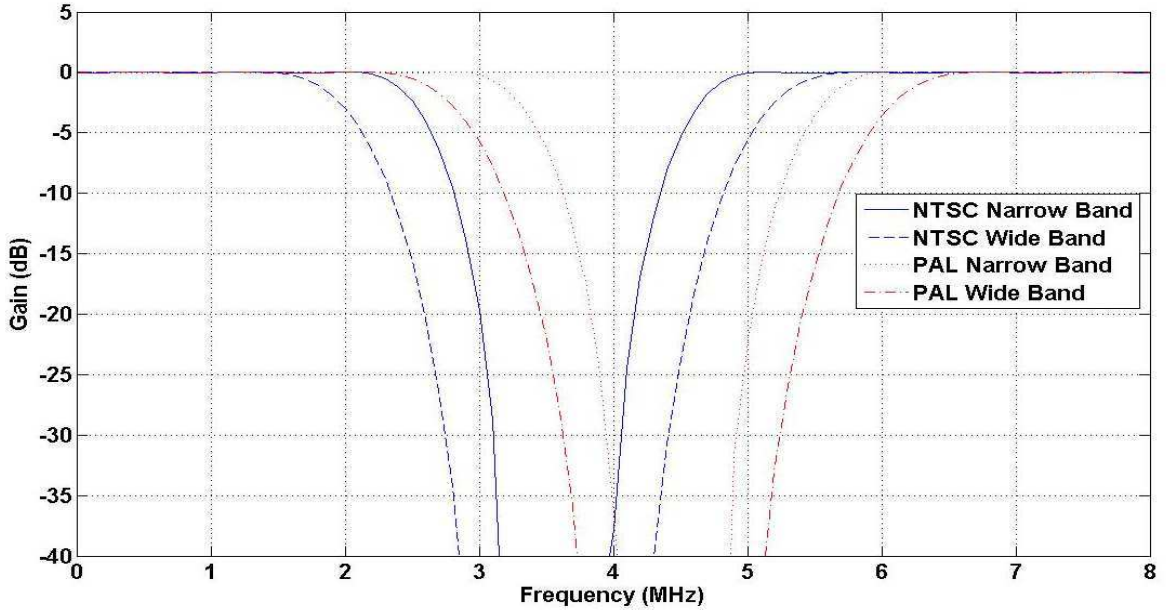
### Anti-alias LPF



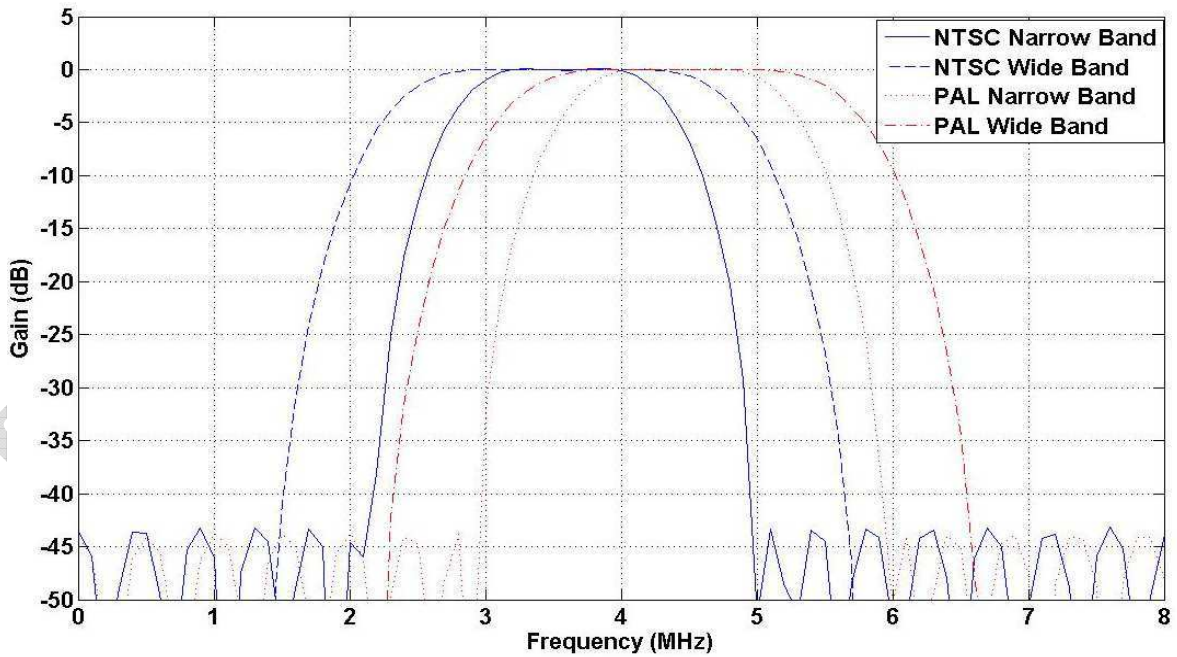
### Decimation filter



### Luma notch filter

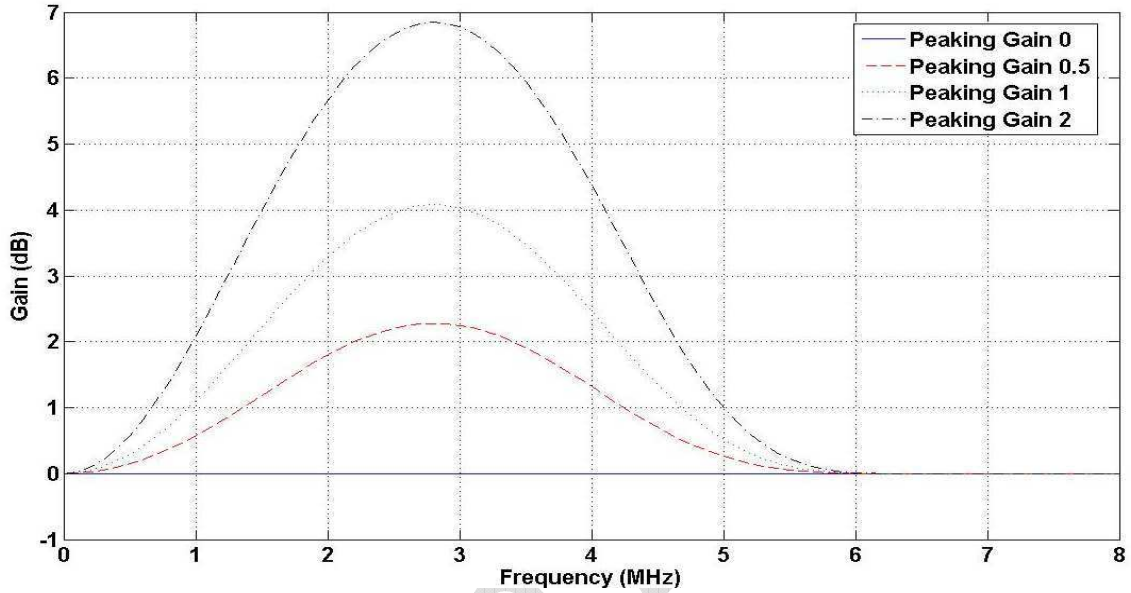


### Chroma band pass filter

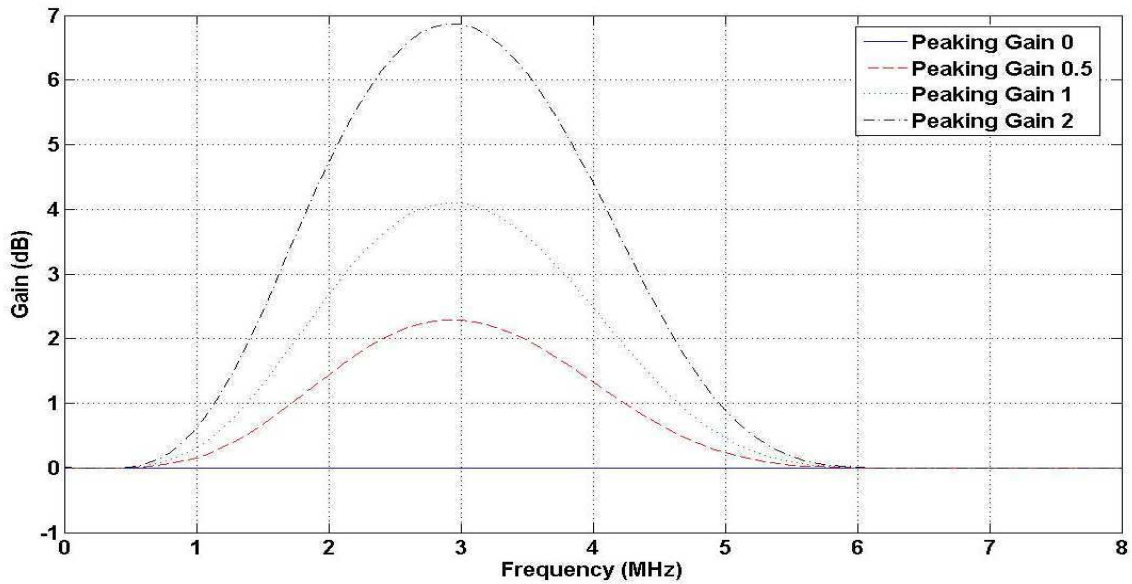


### Y sharpness filter

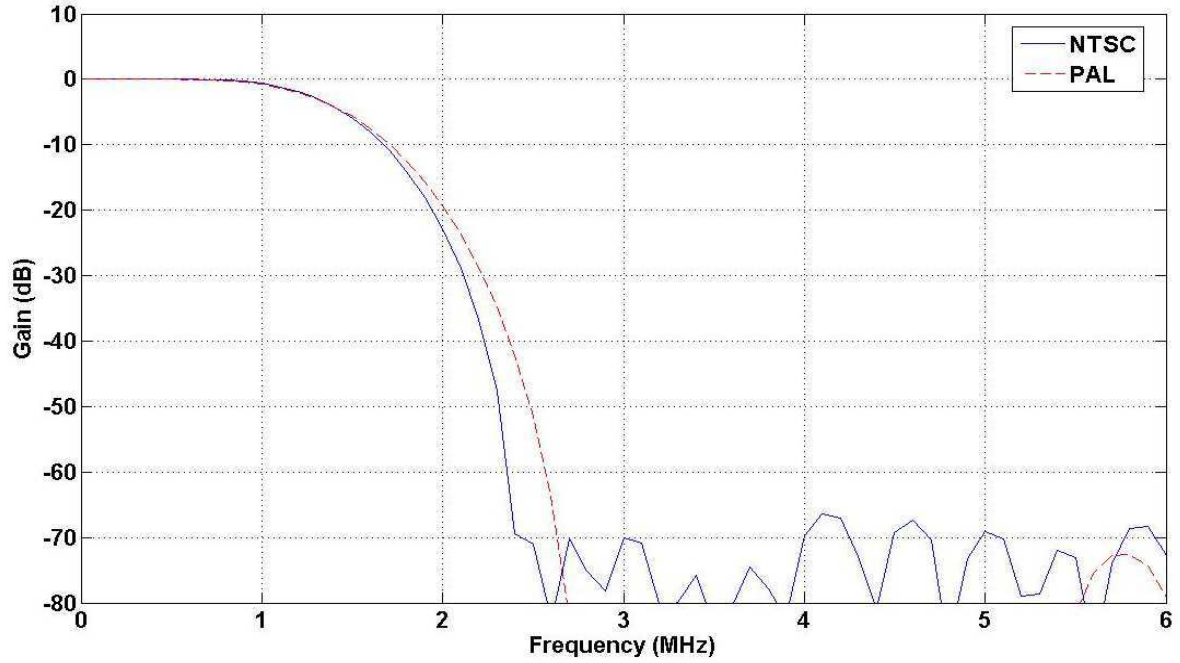
■ NTSC



■ PAL



### UV demodulation low pass filter



## PLL

The DM5900 has an internal PLL to generate the system and pixel clocks. A 27MHz is required for the PLL.

The default PLL setting is shown in the following table.

	Crystal In clock (MHz)	PLL out (MHz)	Function
PLL1	27	54	System/pixel clock

PLL default operated clock

The PLL parameters for various system configurations are shown in the following table.

	Crystal(MHz)	PLL out(MHz)	M	N	OD
PLL1	27	54	14	0	2

### Formula:

$$\text{CLK\_OUT} = \text{XIN} * (\text{M}+2) / [(\text{N}+2) * \text{OD} * 2]$$

Where CLK\_OUT: PLL output frequency

XIN: PLL input frequency.

M: The numerator of PLL formula.

[N, OD]: The denominator of PLL formula.

### Attention:

1. 100MHz <= CLK\_OUT \* OD <= 250MHz
2. 1MHz <= XIN/(N+2) <= 25MHz
3. OD >= 1

**Truth Table:**

PD	BP	OE	CLK_OUT
0	0	0	CLK_OUT
0	0	0	XIN
Don't Care	1	0	XIN
Don't Care	Don't Care	1	0
Other			Undefined

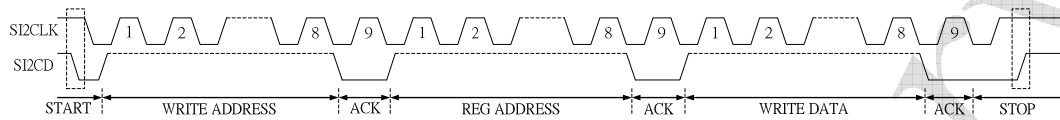
**PD:** Power down control; Active high.

**BP:** Bypass XIN to CLK\_OUT; Active high.

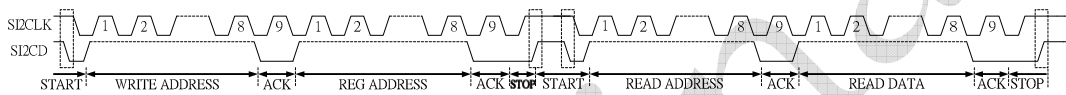
**OE:** CLK\_OUT enable pin, Active low.

## Host Interface

In the DM5900, I<sup>2</sup>C is used for setting configuration and parameters, for example, brightness, contrast, saturation, hue, and sharpness control. The typical timing diagram of I<sup>2</sup>C write and read access is illustrated in the following figure.



Write operation of I<sup>2</sup>C bus



Read operation of I<sup>2</sup>C bus

Write/Read Address							
Slave Address						R/W	
1	0	1	1	1	0	SIAD	0: Write; 1: Read

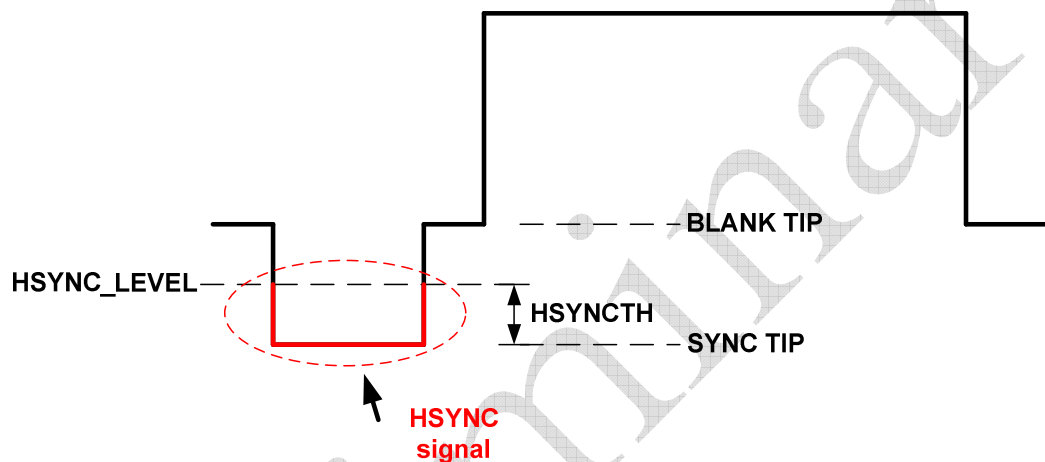
The external Pull-up/Pull-down resistor connected to the pin "VD0/SIAD" indicates the device address SIAD. When pull-up resistor is connected to the pin, it indicates SIAD with a high value. Otherwise when pull-down resistor is connected to the pin, it indicates SIAD with a low value.

	Write Address	Read Address
SIAD = 0	B8	B9
SIAD = 1	BA	BB

## Internal Control Registers

### Video Decoder

HSYNC signal:



$$\text{HSYNC\_LEVEL} = \text{SYNC TIP} + \text{HSYNCTH}$$

Address= 8'h00

VD Control							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
BBRSTZ	IFLDFA STSW	FASTS WEN	S_Video	ADC_A	ADI_AD C	EN	SRSTZ

**SRSTZ:** SW reset video decoder, WO

**EN:** Enable Video decoding function

**S\_Video:** When input signal is S-Video, set this bit to be 1

**FASTSWEN:** Enable fast switch function

**IFLDFASTSW:** Set 1: Fast switch boundary at every field end. Only Valid when REG04[3] : 1'b0.

Set 0: Fast switch boundary at frame end.

**BBRSTZ:** Base Band reset only, WO

**Address= 8'h01**

WATCHSEL							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
4'hf				0	0	2'b01	
AGC_LMT							

**AGC\_LMT:** Analog AGC range

### AGC

**Address= 8'h02**

AGC							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
4'h0				1	0	1	1
AGC_gain					AGC_DT RACKEN	HWAGC EN	SYNCC AGCEN

**SYNCCAGCEN:** Set 1, enable CAGC gain update.

**HWAGCEN:** Hardware AGC enable

**AGC\_DTRACKEN:** Dynamic sync tip tracking enable

**AGC\_gain:** SW set AGC gain, RW

**Address= 8'h03**

AGCDOWN_TH							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h63							
AGCDOWNTH[7:0]							

**AGCDOWNTH:** ADC couldn't larger than 867, if it is, will decrease the agc\_gain.

**Address= 8'h04**

AGCDOWN_TH							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	2'h3	
FASTSWOPT				OFASTSW		AGCDOWNTH[9:8]	

**OFASTSW:** Set 1: FASTSW control from input PIN (MPOUT).

Set 0: FASTSW source from internal logic related to FASTSWOPT, RW

**FASTSWOPT:** Set fast switch frame length ((FASTSWOPT+1)x8), RW

### Video Detection Misc

**Address= 8'h05**

HSYNCTH							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h30							
HSYNCTH							

**HSYNCTH:** Set horizontal sync threshold level

**Address= 8'h06**

Vdet_misc							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
MONOUT	MUKSEL			BLACKOUT	SETUP_7.5IRE	OCCIREN	ColorPOUT

**ColorPOUT:** Set 1, VD will drive Color panel when no video signal detected, otherwise drive black panel. Color panel setting see 0x2A[6:4]

**OCCIREN:** Set 1, VD will out CCIR656

**SETUP\_7.5IRE:** Set 1, add 7.5 IRE to the BLANK\_TIP

**BLACKOUT:** Set 1, VD will drive black panel or blue panel when no video signal detected.

**MONOUT:** Force CCIR656 Cb=128, Cr=128

### Color Killer

**Address= 8'h08**

ColorKill TH							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h30							
CBDIFFTH[7:0]							

**CBDIFFTH:** Set the color burst difference threshold

## 2D Comb Filter

Address= 8'h09

Com2D_CFG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			FORCE_MONO			NOTCH FLTSEL	DIS_VC OMB

**DIS\_VCOMB:** Set 1 to disable vertical comb filter

**NOTCHFLTSEL:** Set 0, use the wide band notchfilter

Set 1, use the narrow band notchfilter

**FORCE\_MONO:** Set 1 to force the MONO signal mode.

Address= 8'h0C

PAL SW CFG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
2'h0			0				0
Y_SHARP_GAIN			PALSWI NV				PALSW OPT

**PALSWOPT:** Set 1 to use standard pal switch define to demodulation.

For line lock camera, set this bit to 1.

**PALSWINV:** Only valid when PALSWOPT=1. Set 1, PAL switch will be inversed.

**Y\_SHARP\_GAIN:** 2'h0: no sharpness function

2'h1: sharpness gain 0.5

2'h2: sharpness gain 1

2'h3: sharpness gain 2

**Address= 8'h10**

VD Decoder status							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PAL_Nc	PAL-I,B,B1,G,H,D/PAL_N	PAL_M	PAL_60	NTSC-443	NTSC-J/NTSC-M	COLOR KILL_52 5	COLOR KILL_62 5

The register show the video decoded status

**RO.** Set 1 to enable SW force mode.

**Address= 8'h11**

VD_STS							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLKLOCK_STST							DET_NONILT

**DET\_NONILT:** RO. Detect the non-interlaced signal format.

**CLKLOCK\_STST:** RO. Clock offset lock status

**Address= 8'h12**

DAGC_LMT							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
4'h3				4'hf			
CLKOFF_LOCK				DAGC_LMT			

**DAGC\_LMT:** Digital AGC range

**CLKOFF\_LOCK:** Clock offset locking function. 4'h0: always tracking

Others: clock offset lock within CLKOFF\_LOCK \* 8 ppm.

**Address= 8'h13**

VD_CFG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
SWFAR 54MD	HWFAR 54OPT	GAINLO CK_OPT	CLKOFF DIS	CBADJ	BLANK_ SHIFTE N	ALINEL OCK	CLKOFF _TRACK EN

**CLKOFF\_TRACKEN:** CLKOFFSET tracking enable

**ALINELOCK:** Active line lock option, fixed line start position.

**BLANK\_SHIFTEN:** Set 1, blank level will be modified according to color burst mean value per line.

**CBADJ:** Color burst adjust

**CLKOFFDIS:** Disable clock offset tracking function

**GAINLOCK\_OPT:** Enable gain locking function after 16 frame decoded.

**HWFAR54OPT:** Set 1, FAR4FS will operate in 54Mhz when detecting 4.43 subcarrier

**SWFAR54MD:** Software force FAR4FS operate in 54MHz.

**Address= 8'h14**

VD_CFG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
		LLCFASTMD			VDETOP T	LTRACK OPT	CLKLO CKOPT

**CLKLOCKOPT:** Set 0 : Always tracking clock offset when

$\text{abs}(\text{clkoffset}) > \text{CLKOFF\_LOCK} (\text{REG12}[7:4])$

Set 1 : keep tracking until first time

$\text{abs}(\text{clkoffset}) < \text{CLKOFF\_LOCK}(\text{REG12}[7:4])$

**LTRACKOPT:** Set 1: Hardware continues active line (video) decoding when miss valid HSYNC signal until video loss.

Set 0: Hardware performs active line (video) decoding until valid HSYNC signal detected.

**VDETOPT:** Set 1: using rising edge of HSYNC signal as line detection timing.

Set0: using falling edge of HSYNC signal as line detection timing.

For long cable application, set this bit to 1.

**LLCFASTMD[1:0]:**

Line lock Auto Detection stable period. Valid when  $\text{REG3B}[5]=1$ .

Set 0: check line lock mode right after decode started

Set 1: check line lock mode after 8 frames decoded.

Set 2, 3: check line lock mode after 16 frames decoded.

**Address= 8'h15**

CLKOFF_CTL							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
					CLKFRACEN	FIXHSYNC_MD L	SWFIXCLOCKOFF

**SWFIXCLOCKOFF:** Set 1, SW fixed clock offset. Force clock offset value=

{REG25[4:0],REG24[7:0],REG23[7:0]}.

**FIXHSYNC\_MD L:** Set 1, fixed the HSYNC\_LEVEL to be REG05 HSYNCTH.

**CLKFRACEN:** Set 1, enable fraction clock offset tracking.

**Address= 8'h17**

HSYNC TRACK							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
1	0	6'd10					
HMIDTRACK	SWBLANK1TIP						

**HMIDTRACK:** Set 1: tracking BLANK TIP each line at Front Porch Blanking position (REG4B[7:0]).

Set 0: tracking BLANK TIP at CVBS serration period.

**SWBLANK1TIP:** Only valid when REG17[8] = 1. Set 1: the estimation position of blanking level is REG4B[7:0].

**Address= 8'h18**

LOWTRACK							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
FSHYBC OPT	DISCOL KILL		NONINT EN	CAGCO PT	TRHSYN COPT	LOWTR ACK	TRHSYN CTH

**TRHSYNCTH:** Set 1: enable HW auto update HSYNCTH during video detection.

Set 0: use fix HSYNCTH (REG05[7:0]) during video detection.

**LOWTRACK:** Set 1: tracking SYNC TIP per line(s) from LOWLEVEL TRACKER.

Set 0: tracking SYNC TIP at CVBS serration period.

**TRHSYNCOPT:** Set 1: use fix HSYNCTH (REG05) during video detection

Set 0: enable HW auto update HSYNCTH during video detection.

**CAGCOPT:** Set 1 to enable color AGC.

**NONINTEN:** Set 1 to enable auto detect non-interlaced singal.

**DISCOLKILL:** Set 1 to disable auto detect color kill mode

**FSHYBCOPT:** ONLY valid under FASTSWEN.

Set 1: Keep previous tracked HSYNCTH

Set 0: use REG05 as HSYNCTH

**Address= 8'h1A**

BURST DETECT OPTION							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
FCOLR DETEN			COLR2C YC		BRST_DLY		

Preliminary

Doc No: DM5900-DS-P01

February 27, 2013

- BRST\_DLY:** The number of color burst cycle delay.
- COLR2CYC:** Set 1, using two color burst cycle average to demodulation.  
Set 0, using four color burst cycle average to demodulation.
- FCOLRDETEN:** Set 1, fixed the color burst detect position.  
Set 0, using auto detect color burst.

**Address= 8'h1B**

Reserved							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				Reserved			

Reserved: RO.

**Address= 8'h20**

AGC gain							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DAGC Gain				AAGC Gain			

**AAGC Gain:** Analog AGC gain setting, RO

**DAGC Gain:** Digital AGC gain setting, RO

**Address= 8'h21**

7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>SYNC_TIP[7:0]</b>							

**SYNC\_TIP: RO**

**Address= 8'h22**

7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>BLANK_TIP[7:0]</b>							

**BLANK\_TIP: RO**

**Address= 8'h23**

7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>CLKOFF[7:0]</b>							

**CLKOFF: RO**, internal 2's compliment clock offset tracking status. Unit (ppm)

**Address= 8'h24**

7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CLKOFF[15:8]							

**CLKOFF:** RO, internal 2's compliment clock offset tracking status. Unit (ppm)

**Address= 8'h25**

7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SYNC_TIP[20:16]							

**SYNC\_TIP:** RO

**Address= 8'h26**

7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				BLANK_TIP[9:8]		SYNC_TIP[9:8]	

**BLANK\_TIP:** RO

**SYNC\_TIP:** RO

**Address= 8'h29**

Blue Panel Select							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
						PALBLP ANL	NTSCBL PANL

**PALBLPANL:** Valid when REG06[3]=1. When no signal is presented, SW sets PAL blue panel out.

**NTSCBLPANL:** Valid when REG06[3]=1. When no signal is presented, SW sets NTSC blue panel out.

When PALBPANL=0, NTSCBLPANL=0. HW takes PAL as default mode.

**Address= 8'h2A**

VD_MISC							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	2'h0		2'h2	
	ColorOut			MPOUTMD		MPP_OPT	

**MPP\_OPT:** 2'h0: drive field info to pin.

2'h1: drive Active info to pin.

2'h2: drive NOVID info to pin.

2'h3: drive FASTSW\_SEL info to pin.

**MPOUTMD:** 2'h0: drive the XT1 clock to MPOUT pin.

2'h1: drive the MPP to MPOUT pin.

2'h2 or 2'h3: drive FID\_601 to MPOUT pin.

**ColorOut:** valid when REG06[3]=1 and REG06[0]=1.

3'h0: blue panel

3'h1: red panel

3'h2: white panel

3'h3: green panel

3'h4: magenta panel

3'h7: color rotation mode, blue → red →

white → green → magenta → black → blue...

**Color Process**

**Address= 8'h2B**

COLOR_EXT							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	1	2'h0		0	0	0	1
	CCIRBLANKOPT					NTSC_CCIREXT	EXT_COLOR

**EXT\_COLOR:** Set 1, Y/Cb/Cr value from 8'h1~8'hfe

**NTSC\_CCIREXT:** Set 1 in NTSC mode, CCIR656 output 487 active line.

**CCIRBLANKOPT:** Set 1: output blanking period close to standard CCIR656.

Set 0: with short V blank lines before active field start.

**Address= 8'h2C**

Hue							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h0							
Hue[7:0]							

**Hue:** Hue[9:0] = {REG33[1:0],REG2C[7:0]}

10'h0~10'h3ff → 0~360 degree

**Address= 8'h2D**

Saturation							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h10							
Saturation							

**Saturation:** unsigned, Range: 0 ~ 15.9375

8'hff: maximum, about x16 color intensity.

8'h00: (no color)

**Address= 8'h2E**

Contrast							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h80							
Contrast							

**Contrast:** unsigned, Range : 0~255

8'hff: maximum (x2) contrast

8'h80: original signal (x1)

8'h00: minimum contrast

**Address= 8'h2F**

Brightness							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h00							
Brightness							

**Brightness:** signed

8'h7f: brightest

8'h80: darkest

**Address= 8'h30**

INT Mask							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MDCHG_1_MASK	VLOST_1_MASK	VDET_1_MASK		MDCHG_0_MASK	VLOST_0_MASK	VDET_0_MASK

**VDET\_0\_MASK**: Set 1, enable register 0x31 VDET\_0 interrupt function, RW

**VLOST\_0\_MASK**: Set 1, enable register 0x31 VLOST\_0 interrupt function, RW

**MDCHG\_0\_MASK**: Set 1 enable register 0x31 MDCHG\_0 interrupt function, RW

**VDET\_1\_MASK**: Set 1 to enable register 0x31 VDET\_1 interrupt function, RW

**VLOST\_1\_MASK**: Set 1 enable register 0x31 VLOST\_1 interrupt function, RW

**MDCHG\_1\_MASK**: Set 1 enable register 0x31 MDCHG\_1 interrupt function, RW

**Address= 8'h31**

INT status							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MDCHG_1	VLOST_1	VDET_1		MDCHG_0	VLOST_0	VDET_0

**VDET\_0**: when detect video signal, the interrupt set, set by HW, set 1 to clear

**VLOST\_0**: when lose video signal, the interrupt set, set by HW, set 1 to clear

**MDCHG\_0**: when detect video signal change, the interrupt set, set by HW, set 1 to clear

**VDET\_1**: valid for fast switch mode channel B, when detect video signal, the interrupt set, set by HW, set 1 to clear

**VLOST\_1**: valid for fast switch mode channel B, when lose video signal, the interrupt set, set by HW, set 1 to clear

**MDCHG\_1**: valid for fast switch mode channel B, when detect video signal change format, the interrupt set, set by HW, set 1 to clear

**Address= 8'h33**

HUE							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
						Hue[9:8]	

**Hue:** Hue[9:0] = {REG33[1:0],REG2C[7:0]}

10'h0~10'h3ff → 0~360 degree

**Address= 8'h34**

FIELD OPTION							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
					FIELD_I NV	FIELD_ ONLY	

**FIELD\_ONLY:** CCIR656 signal output field 0 only

**FILED\_INV:** Inverse output CCIR656 signal field

**Address= 8'h35**

Chroma Average							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
INVEN						CAVNTS CMD	CAVPAL MD

**INVEN:** Mirror function enable. Set 1, enable mirror function.

See Pag.12

**CAVNTSCMD:** Set 1, enable NTSC mode Cb/Cr line average.

Set 0, disable.

**CAVPALMD:** Set 1, enable PAL mode Cb/Cr line average.

Set 0, disable.

**Address= 8'h36**

MASK CCIR656 LINE							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
						MASKA LL	PAL_M SK3

**PAL\_MSK3:** Set 1, it will mask field 0 and 1 last lines according to REG37

**MASKALL:** mask all active

**Address= 8'h37**

MASK LINE							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	3'h0			0	3'h0		
	MSK_LINE_F1				MSK_LINE_F0		

**MSK\_LINE\_F0:** When REG36[0] = 1, Mask Field 0 last number of active lines (0-7)

**MSK\_LINE\_F1:** When REG36[0] = 1, Mask Field 1 last number of active lines (0-7)

**Address= 8'h38**

MONO TH							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
1	0	0	5'h1f				
MONO_EN			MONO_TH				

**MONO\_TH:** MONO mode AGC threshold. AGC max value 30. when set MONO\_TH 31.

AGC will always less than MONO\_TH.

**MONO\_EN:** Set 0, when no valid color burst detected.

Output CCIR656 Y through Notch filter.

Set 1, when no valid color burst detected. Output CCIR656

Y through Notch filter if AGC\_GAIN &gt;= MONO\_TH, otherwise output CCIR656 Y with ADC data.

When No valid color burst detected (color kill mode). Output CCIR656 Cb/Cr with 128 (no color).

**Address= 8'h39**

COLOR BURST DETECT							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
1	3'h4			4'h5			
CAGCT RACKE N	COLBSTCYC			COLBSTHSEL			

**COLBSTHSEL:** Color Burst detection threshold.

4'h0 :COLBSTH = 0.125\*(BLANK TIP – SYNC TIP)

4'h1 :COLBSTH = 0.25\*(BLANK TIP – SYNC TIP)

4'h2 :COLBSTH = 0.375\*(BLANK TIP – SYNC TIP)

4'h3 :COLBSTH = 0.5\*(BLANK TIP – SYNC TIP)

4'h4:COLBSTH = 0.09375\*(BLANK TIP – SYNC TIP)

4'h5 :COLBSTH = 0.078125\*(BLANK TIP – SYNC TIP)

4'h6 :COLBSTH = 0.0625\*(BLANK TIP – SYNC TIP)

4'h7 :COLBSTH = 0.03125\*(BLANK TIP – SYNC TIP)

4'h8 :COLBSTH = 0

When color burst peak to peak value larger than

COLBSTHSEL, it's been considered a good color burst signal cycle

**COLBSTCYC:** When COLBSTCYC numbers of valid color bust cycle detected, VD will decode video with color and Color AGC will optionally started. Otherwise will enter color kill mode

**CAGCTRACKEN:** CAGC Track enable. Set 0 to disable CAGC track

**Address= 8'h3A**

CAGC							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>CAGCEN</b>	<b>CAGCLOCKOPT</b>	<b>cagc_gain</b>					

**cagc\_gain**: RO. Chroma gain value. [5:2] integer, [1:0] fractional. (max 15.75, min 1)

**CAGCLOCKOPT**: Set 1, enable color AGC tracking until CAGC gain stable.

Set 0, color AGC tracking for first 15 video decoded frames.

**CAGCEN** : Set 1, enable color AGC.

**Address= 8'h3B**

Line Lock Camera							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>CAMLOCKOPT</b>	<b>LOCKCAM_DET</b>	<b>HLOCKDET1</b>	<b>ACTSHIFT</b>				

**ACTSHIFT**: Active region shift, 2's complement (-16~15)

**HLOCKDET1**: Set 1, to enable auto-detect Line Lock camera.

**LOCKCAM\_DET**: RO, Line lock camera detected. (RO)

**CAMLOCKOPT**: Set 1, when line lock camera used.

**Address= 8'h3C**

LLOCKTH							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h20							
LLOCKTH							

**LLOCKTH:** Line Lock auto detection threshold, valid only when 0x3B[5]=1.

When REG13[1]=1, line boundary difference within a field larger than LLOCKTH, Line Lock Camera detected.

Note: when clock offset tracking unstable and REG13[1]=1, line boundary difference might be large within a field.

**Address= 8'h3D**

VD_CFG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ORSTOPT	OBFOVF	OBFUDF	LLFAR4FSOPT1			LLFAR4FSOPT

**LLFAR4FSOPT:** Set 1, decode video chroma without clock offset compensation.

Set 0, decode video chroma after clock offset compensation.

Set this bit to one for Line Lock Camera.

**LLFAR4FSOPT1:** Set 1, Auto adjust the active region related to clock offset.

When force line lock mode, set this bit to 1;

**OBFUDF:** RO. CCIR output buffer under flow.

**OBFOVF:** RO. CCIR output buffer over flow.

**ORSTOPT:** Set 1, Reset CCIR output buffer when output buffer overflow or underflow.

**Address= 8'h3D**

DROP FRAME							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FRDROP							FRDRO PEN

**FRDRO PEN:** Frame drop enable. Set 1 to enable drop frame function.

**FRDROP:** Drop frame number:

Output Frame Rate =  $(1-1/\text{FRDROP}) \times \text{Frame\_Rate}$  when  $\text{FRDROP} > 0$ .

NTSC mode Frame\_Rate = 30 frame/sec

PAL mode Frame\_Rate = 25 frame/sec

Ex. FREROPEN=1, FRDROP=2, NTSC mode;

Output Frame Rate =  $(1-1/2) \times 30$  frame/sec = 15 frame/sec

**Address= 8'h3F**

OUT BUFFER							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h1a							
OBFTH							

**OBFTH:** CCIR656 output buffer ready threshold.

Once CCIR656 output buffer count is larger than

OBFTH, starts output CCIR656 active region.

PS. CCIR656 output buffer max length is 48, set OBFTH around middle level of buffer length.

**Address= 8'h40**

CCIROUT TYP EN							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PIX420EN	PIX411EN		CROPE		FLDCHIDEN	EAVCHIDEN	SWCHIDEN

**SWCHIDEN:** Valid when REG00[5]=1(FASTSWEN). Add SW channel ID in first 4 data of active line, valid at fast switch mode. (field/frame)

**EAVCHIDEN:** Valid when REG00[5]=1(FASTSWEN) Add channel ID in EAV[3:0] and SAV[3:0], valid at fast switch mode. (field/frame)

**FLDCHIDEN:** Valid when REG00[6:5]=2'h3 (**IFLDFASTSW**, FASTSWEN), output CVBS source A to field 0, output CVBS source B to field 1.

**CROPE:** Video cropping function enable.

**PIX411EN:** PIXOUT 411 mode enable. Set 1, the PIXOUT set to be YCbCr 4:1:1

The output format as below:

CbYCrYYYCbYCrYYY...

**PIX420EN:** PIXOUT 420 mode enable. Set 1, the PIXOUT set to be YCbCr 4:2:0

The output format as below:

Odd line: CbYYCbYY...

Even line: YCrYYCrY...

**Address= 8'h41**

Cropping Register							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
2'h0		2'h3		2'h0		2'h0	
H_STR[9:8]		H_ACT[9:8]					

**H\_STR[9:8]:** It defined the number of pixels start after SAV.

**H\_ACT[9:8]:** It defined the number of active region.

$H\_STR + H\_ACT < \text{total number of pixels per line.}$

**Address= 8'h42**

Cropping Register							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h0							
H_STR[7:0]							

**Address= 8'h43**

Cropping Register							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'hC0							
H_ACT[7:0]							

**Address= 8'h46**

Cb/Cr Slicer							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
1					3'h2		
SLICER_EN					SLICER_RANGE		

**SLICER\_EN:** CB/CR coring function enable.

**SLICER\_RANGE:** Coring range (0 ~7). When  $128 - \text{SLICER\_RANGE} < (\text{CB/CR}) < 128 + \text{SLICER\_RANGE}$ , force the Chroma value to 128.

**Address= 8'h4A**

BT.601 Configuration							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HSYNC_INV	VSYNC_INV	FID_INV		HSYNC_EAV_STR	VSYNC_ODD_STR	HSYNCWIDTH	

**HSYNC\_INV:** Inverses output of BT.601 HSYNC signal.

**VSYNC\_INV:** Inverses output of BT.601 VSYNC signal.

**FID\_INV:** Inverses output of FID signal. (output pin is MPOUT, see REG2A[3:2])

**HSYNC\_EAV\_STR:**

 BT. 601 HSYNC option, please refer capture of *Synchronization Signals*.

**VSYNC\_ODD\_STR:**

 BT. 601 VSYCN option, please refer capture of *Synchronization Signals*.

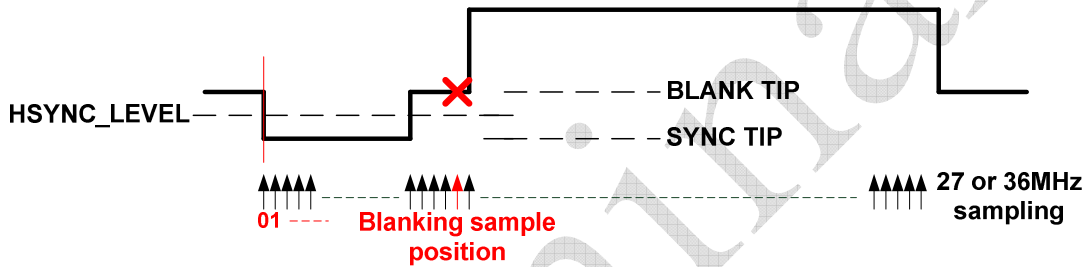
**HSYNCWIDTH:**

Software programmed the value of HSYNC valid length, this register only works when HSYNC\_EAV\_STR set 0.

**Address= 8'h4B**

BLANK1TIP							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h93							
BLANK1TIP							

**BLANK1TIP:** valid when REG17[7]. Line Blanking sample position.



**Address= 8'h4C**

HSYNLOWCYC							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0							
7'd20							
HSYNLOWCYC							

**HSYNLOWCYC:** When low level (signal smaller than HSYNC LEVEL) signal exists over HSYNLOWCYC, it's considered as a HSYNC signal Candidate.

**Address= 8'h4D**

LMARG27							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h50							
LMARG27							

**LMARG27:** Sync signal detect margin after video detect.

**Address= 8'h4E**

MARG27							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h50							
MARG27							

**MARG27:** Sync signal detect margin before video detect.

**Address= 8'h50**

7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HSYNC_ INV	VSYNC_ INV	INTREQ_ INV	MPOUT_ INV	HSYNC_ CSR_OE	VSYNC_ CSR_OE	INTREQ_ CSR_O E	MPOUT_ CSR_O E

MPOUT\_CSR\_OE: MPOUT output enable.

INTREQ\_CSR\_OE: INTREQ output enable

VSYNC\_CSR\_OE: VSYNC output enable

HSYNC\_CSR\_OE: HSYNC output enable

MPOUT\_INV: MPOUT output inverse  
 INTREQ\_INV: INTREQ output inverse  
 VSYNC\_INV: VSYNC output inverse  
 HSYNC\_INV: HSYNC output inverse

**Address= 8'h51**

RSTZ							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SHRSTZ							TRSTZ

**TRSTZ:** system reset

**SHRSTZ:** SW hardware reset

**Address= 8'h52**

VD POWER DOWN							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IODIS		HWPDN POR	HWPDE N			PLLW RDNOP T	SW_VD PWRDN

**SW\_VDPWRDN:** SW Power down video decoder. (When 1, power down)

**PLLWDRDNOPT:** PLL Power down option.

**HWPDEN:** HW Power down video decoder.

**HWPDPOR:** Only valid when HWPDEN=1. When 1, PIN PDN=1 is power down. When 0, PIN PDN=0 is power down

**IODIS:** when 1 in normal function, all pin set to be input pin

**Address= 8'h54**

VADC CONFIG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
4'ha				0	0	1	0
Bias				B_SvideoC	SWGAIN_EN	pd_B	pd_A

**pd\_A**: power down VADC channel A

**pd\_B**: power down VADC channel B

**B\_SvideoC**: when channel B input signal is S-video C, B\_SvideoC set 1

**SWGAIN\_EN**: software gain enable.

**Bias**: video ADC bias config

**Address= 8'h55**

VADC CONFIG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SW_GAINA1				SW_GAINA0			

**SW\_GAINA0**: Set SWGAIN\_EN=1, software set VADC channel A0 gain.

**SW\_GAINA1**: Set SWGAIN\_EN=1, software set VADC channel A1 gain.

**Address= 8'h56**

VADC CONFIG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				SW_GAINB			

**SW\_GAINB:** Set SWGAIN\_EN=1, software set VADC channel B gain.

**Address= 8'h57**

VADC CONFIG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ClmpA1				ClmpA0			

**ClmpA0:** VADC A0 channel clamp.

**ClmpA1:** VADC A1 channel clamp.

**Address= 8'h58**

VADC CONFIG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				ClmpB			

**ClmpB:** VADC B channel clamp.

**Address= 8'h59**

VADC CONFIG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			sel_A			LPF_BY P	lpf_sel

**sel\_A:** select CHA0 or CHA1 (Default A0)

**LPF\_BY:** Bypass Video ADC LPF when 1.

**lpf\_sel:** The bandwidth of the low pass filter is 10MHz when 1, 6.5MHz when 0

**Address= 8'h5A**

TEST MODE							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	2'h0	
		SW_PLL BYPASS EN	SW_VA DCBYP ASSEN	SW_PLL _MBIST TST	SW_VA DCTST	VADCTST_SEL	

**SW\_PLL\_MBISTTST:** Set 1, drive PLL&MBIST detail signal to chip IO pins.

**SW\_PLLBAPSSSEN:** Set 1, bypass internal pll out source.

**VADCTST\_SEL:** valid for VADCTSTEN and VADCBYPEN.

in VADCTSTEN case:

2'b0: Dout = DoutA,

2'b1: Dout = DoutB

2'b2: Dout = when clk27 high DoutA, clk27 low DoutB

**SW\_VADCTST:** Set 1, drive VADCSEL indicated ADC outputs to chip IO pins.

**SW\_VADCBYPASSEN:** Set 1, bypass ADC data in from I/O pins.

**Address= 8'h5B**

MBIST CONTROL							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BISTGO					MBDONE	MBERR_1	MBERR_0

**BISTGO:** Set 1 to start MBIST logic. HW auto clear this bit after MBIST done.

**MBDONE:** Set by HW, set 1 to clear.

**MBEER\_0:** when read back 1, sram broken, Set by HW, set 1 to clear.

**MBEER\_1:** when read back 1, sram broken, Set by HW, set 1 to clear.

**Address= 8'h5D**

CONFIG							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	3'h0			0	3'h0		
	DYMUX_VCLK			OPCLK_INV	DLYMUX_PCLK		

**DLYMUX\_PCLK:** Selected PCLK delay time. (3'h0 is smallest, 3'h7 is longest )

**OPCLK\_INV:** Set 1 to inverse PCLK output.

**DLYMUX\_VCLK:** Selected pll\_54 delay time to vadc.

(3'h0 is smallest, 3'h7 is longest )

Address= 8'h5F

REVISION_ID							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h3B							
REVISION_ID							

REVISION\_ID: RO, The DM5900 CHIP version ID.

## PLL

### Formula:

$$\text{CLK\_OUT} = \text{XIN} * (\text{M}+2)/[(\text{N}+2)*\text{OD}^*2]$$

Where CLK\_OUT: PLL output frequency

XIN: PLL input frequency.

M: The numerator of PLL formula.

[N, OD]: The denominator of PLL formula.

### Attention:

1. 100MHz <= CLK\_OUT \* OD <= 250MHz
2. 1MHz <= XIN/(N+2)<=25MHz
3. OD >=1

### Truth Table:

PD	BP	OE	CLK_OUT
0	0	0	CLK_OUT
0	0	0	XIN
Don't Care	1	0	XIN
Don't Care	Don't Care	1	0
Other			Undefined

**PD:** Power down control; Active high.

**BP:** Bypass XIN to CLK\_OUT; Active high.

**OE:** CLK\_OUT enable pin, Active low.

**Address= 8'h60**

SW PLL Control							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWPLL RST							SWPLL1

**SWPLL1:** set PLL1 input configuration from SWPLL1\_XX set, otherwise hard wired with chip default vale.

**SWPLL RST:** set 1, chip will enter a reset mode waiting for PLL stable in 1ms. After that, SW needs to re-program all register setting except PLL configuration.

**Address= 8'h61**

SW PLL Config							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWPLL1_OD					SWPLL1_OE	SWPLL1_PD	SWPLL1_BP

**SWPLL1\_BP:** PLL1\_BP SW program source.

**SWPLL1\_PD:** PLL1\_PD SW program source.

**SWPLL1\_OE:** PLL1\_OE SW program source.

**SWPLL1\_OD:** PLL1\_OD SW program source

**Address= 8'h62**

SWPLL1 M							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
8'h0							
SWPLL1_M[7:0]							

**SWPLL1\_M**: PLL1\_M SW program source.

**Address= 8'h63**

SWPLL1_N								
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit	
0	0	0	5'h0					
SWPLL1_M[8]			SWPLL1_N					

**SWPLL1\_N**: PLL1\_N SW program source

**Address= 8'h6F**

Fast Switch Control							
7-bit	6-bit	5-bit	4-bit	3-bit	2-bit	1-bit	0-bit
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
						OFSWOPT	OFSWSEL

**OFSWOPT**: When 1 and REG04[3]=1, Fast switch select signal is OFSWSEL (REG6F[0]). Otherwise, the fast switch select signal is PIN MPOUT(FID).

**OFSWSEL**: Fast switch select signal. Only valid when OFSWOPT = 1.

## Electrical Specifications

### Absolute Maximum Ratings Over Operating Free-Air Temperature Range

Supply voltage range: IOV <sub>DD</sub> to DGND .....	.....
DV <sub>DD</sub> to DGND .....	.....
PLL_AV <sub>DD</sub> to PLL_AGND .....	..
CH1_AV <sub>DD</sub> to CH1_AGND .....	.....
Digital input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> to DGND .....	.....
Input voltage range, XTAL1 to PLL_GND .....	.....
Analog input voltage range A <sub>I</sub> to CH1_AGND .....	.....
Digital Output voltage range, V <sub>O</sub> to DGND .....	.....
Operating free-air temperature, TA .....	.....

### Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
IODV <sub>DD</sub>	Digital I/O supply voltage	2.97	3.3	3.63	V
DV <sub>DD</sub>	Digital supply voltage	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
PLL_AV <sub>DD</sub>	Analog PLL supply voltage	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
CH1_AV <sub>DD</sub>	Analog core supply voltage	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
V <sub>I(P-P)</sub>	Analog input voltage (ac-coupling necessary)	0.25		1.0	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Digital input voltage high	2		5	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Digital input voltage low	-0.3		0.8	V
V <sub>IH_XTAL</sub>	XTAL input voltage high	0.7 PLL_AV <sub>DD</sub>			V
V <sub>IL_XTAL</sub>	XTAL input voltage low			0.3 PLL_AV <sub>DD</sub>	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current			2	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current			-2	mA
I <sub>OH_SCLK</sub>	SCLK high-level output current			4	mA
I <sub>OL_SCLK</sub>	SCLK low-level output current			-4	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	-40		125	°C

### Crystal Specifications

CRYSTAL SPECIFICATIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Frequency		27.0		MHz
Frequency tolerance		±100		ppm

### Electrical Characteristics

$V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,  $PLL\_AV_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,  $CH1\_AV_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,  $IOV_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$

For minimum/maximum values:  $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$ , and for typical values:  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

### DC Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS (see NOTE 1)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{DD(I/O\_D)}$ Digital I/O supply current	Color bar input		4.8		mA
$I_{DD(D)}$ Digital core supply current	Color bar input		50.7		mA
$I_{DD(PLL\_A)}$ Analog PLL supply current	Color bar input		5.9		mA
$I_{DD(CH1\_A)}$ Analog PLL supply current	Color bar input		26.1		mA
$P_{TOT}$ Total power dissipation, normal mode	Color bar input		165	205	mW
$P_{DOWN}$ Total power dissipation, power-down mode	Color bar input			5	mW

$C_i$	Input capacitance	By design	8	pF
$V_{OH}$	Output voltage high	$I_{OH} = 2 \text{ mA}$	$0.8 IOV_{DD}$	V
$V_{OL}$	Output voltage low	$I_{OL} = -2 \text{ mA}$	$0.2 IOV_{DD}$	V
$V_{OH\_SCLK}$	SCLK output voltage high	$I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$	$2.3$	V
$V_{OL\_SCLK}$	SCLK output voltage low	$I_{OL} = -2 \text{ mA}$	$0.6$	V
$I_{IH}$	High-level input current	$V_i = V_{IH}$	$\pm 50$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$	Low-level input current	$V_i = V_{IL}$	$\pm 50$	$\mu\text{A}$

NOTE 1: Measured with a load of 15 pf.

### Analog Processing and A/D Converters

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$Z_i$	Input impedance, analog video inputs	By design	500			$k\Omega$
$C_i$	Input capacitance, analog video inputs	By design		10		pF
$V_{i(pp)}$	Input voltage range *	$C_{coupling} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$	0.25		1	V
$\Delta G$	Gain control range			12		dB
DNL	DC differential non-linearity	A/D only		$\pm 2$		LSB

INL	DC integral non-linearity	A/D only	±3	LSB
Fr	Frequency response	6 MHz	-0.9 -3	dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	6 MHz, 1.0 V <sub>p-p</sub>	50	dB
NS	Noise spectrum	50% flat field	50	dB
DP	Differential phase		1.5	°
DG	Differential gain		0.5%	

\* The 0.75-V maximum applies to the sync-chroma amplitude, not sync-white. The recommended termination resistors are 37.4 Ω.

## Timing

### Clocks, Video Data, Sync timing

Data Format : CCIR656 output					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
PIXCLK High pulse duration	$t_{hw}$	18.5			ns
PIXCLK Low pulse duration	$t_{lw}$	18.5			ns
CCIR656 data out setup time	$t_{su}$	18.5			ns
CCIR656 data out hold time	$t_h$	18.5			ns

Output:CCIR656

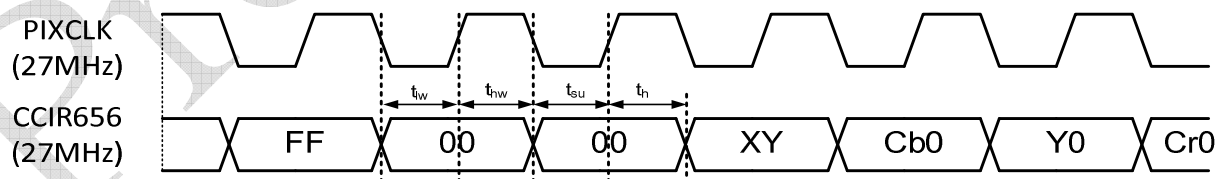
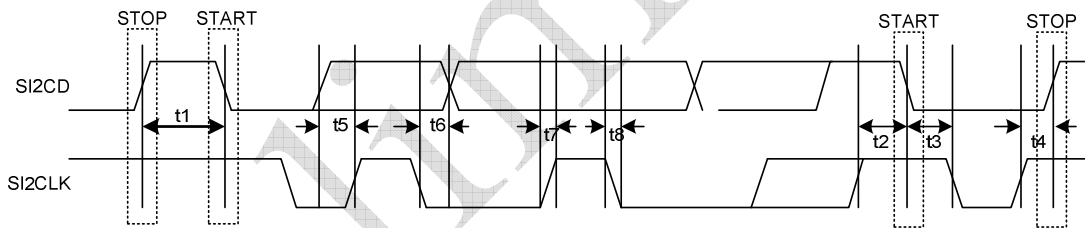


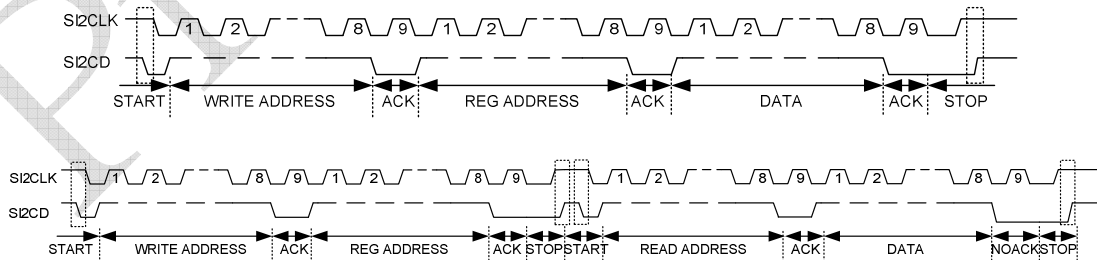
Figure 3-2 . Clocks, CCIR656 Output Data Timing

**I<sup>2</sup>C Host Port Timing**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>1</sub> Bus free time between STOP and START		1.3			μs
t <sub>2</sub> Setup time for a (repeated) START condition		0.6			μs
t <sub>3</sub> Hold time (repeated) START condition		0.6			μs
t <sub>4</sub> Setup time for STOP condition		0.6			μs
t <sub>5</sub> Data setup time		200			ns
t <sub>6</sub> Data hold time		0		50	ns
t <sub>7</sub> Rise time I2CD and I2CLK signal		250			ns
t <sub>8</sub> Fall time I2CD and I2CLK signal			250		ns
C <sub>b</sub> Capacitive load for each bus line				120	pF
f <sub>I2C</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C clock frequency				400	kHz

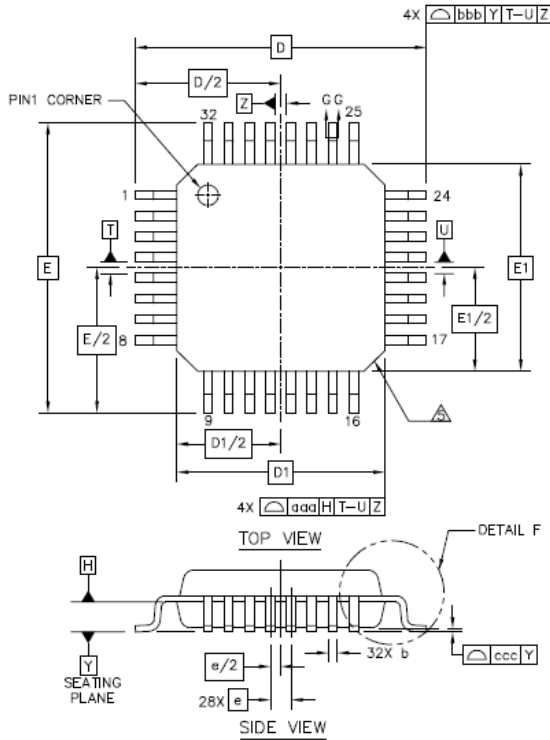


	Write Address	Read Address
SIAD = 0	B8	B9
SIAD = 1	BA	BB



## Packaging

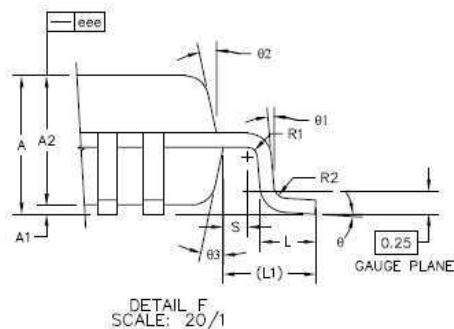
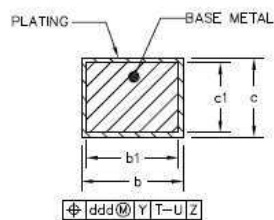
### (1) 32 PIN LQFP



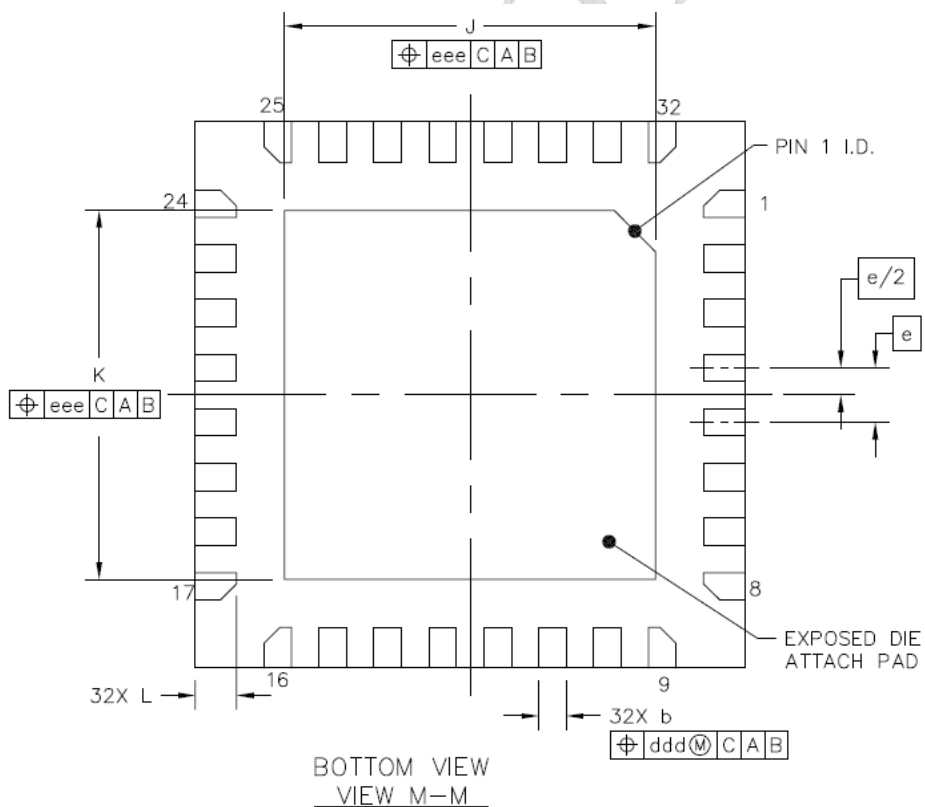
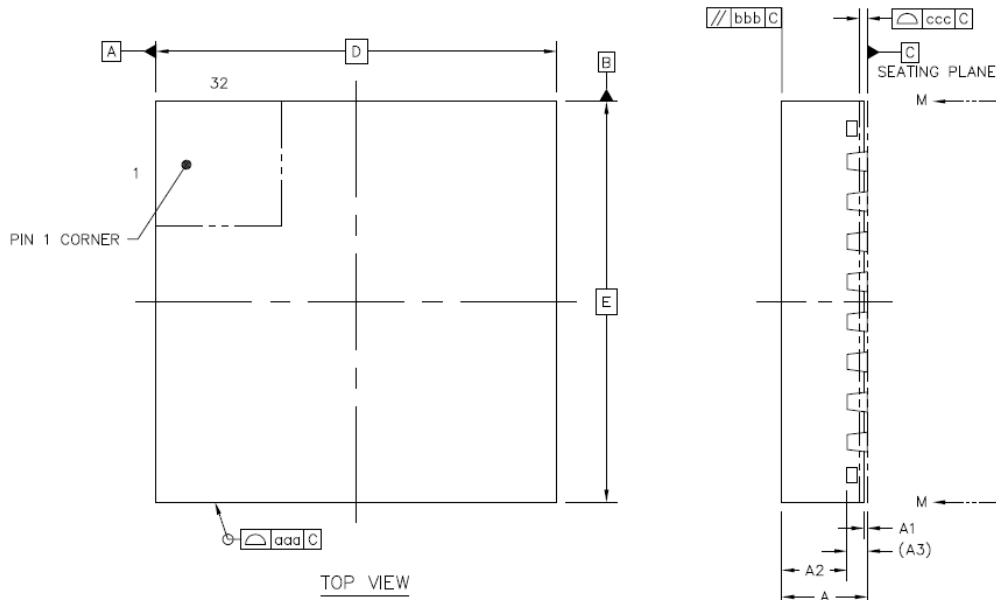
	SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
TOTAL THICKNESS	A	----	----	1.6
STAND OFF	A1	0.05	----	0.15
MOLD THICKNESS	A2	1.35	----	1.45
LEAD WIDTH(PLATING)	b	0.18	----	0.27
LEAD WIDTH	b1	0.17	----	0.23
L/F THICKNESS(PLATING)	c	0.1	----	0.2
L/F THICKNESS	c1	0.09	----	0.16
	X	D	7 BSC	
	Y	E	7 BSC	
BODY SIZE	X	D1	5 BSC	
	Y	E1	5 BSC	
LEAD PITCH	e		0.5 BSC	
	L	0.45	----	0.75
FOOTPRINT	L1		1 REF	
	$\theta$	0°	----	7°
	$\theta 1$	0°	----	----
	$\theta 2$	11°	----	13°
	$\theta 3$	11°	----	13°
	R1	0.08	----	----
	R2	0.08	----	0.2
	S	0.2	----	----
PACKAGE EDGE TOLERANCE	ddd			0.2
LEAD EDGE TOLERANCE	bbb			0.2
COPLANARITY	ccc			0.08
LEAD OFFSET	ddd			0.08
MOLD FLATNESS	eee			0.05

**NOTES**

- DATUM T, U, AND Z TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
- DIMENSIONS D AND E TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE DATUM Y.
- DIMENSIONS D1 AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS 0.25 PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS D1 AND E1 DO INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH AND ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE DATUM H.
- DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAM BAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAM BAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED THE MAXIMUM b DIMENSION BY MORE THAN 0.08 mm. DAM BAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND AN ADJACENT LEAD IS 0.07 mm.



(2) 32 PIN QFN



**32 PIN QFN**

	SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	
TOTAL THICKNESS	A	0.8	0.85	0.9	
STAND OFF	A1	0	0.035	0.05	
MOLD THICKNESS	A2	---	0.65	0.67	
L/F THICKNESS	A3	0.203 REF			
LEAD WIDTH	b	0.15	0.2	0.25	
BODY SIZE	X	D 4 BSC			
	Y	E 4 BSC			
LEAD PITCH	e	0.4 BSC			
EP SIZE	X	J	2.6	2.7	2.8
	Y	K	2.6	2.7	2.8
LEAD LENGTH	L	0.25	0.3	0.35	
PACKAGE EDGE TOLERANCE	aaa	0.1			
MOLD FLATNESS	bbb	0.1			
COPLANARITY	ccc	0.08			
LEAD OFFSET	ddd	0.1			
EXPOSED PAD OFFSET	eee	0.1			



# DM5900

## 702H 1 Channel NTSC/PAL Decoder with fast switch function

### Ordering Information

Part Number	Pin Count	Package
DM5900EP	32	LQFP (Pb-Free and Halogen-Free)

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