

# FDFMJ2P023Z

## Integrated P-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET and Schottky Diode –20V, –2.9A, 112mΩ

### Features

#### MOSFET

- Max  $r_{DS(on)}$  = 112mΩ at  $V_{GS} = -4.5V$ ,  $I_D = -2.9A$
- Max  $r_{DS(on)}$  = 160mΩ at  $V_{GS} = -2.5V$ ,  $I_D = -2.4A$
- Max  $r_{DS(on)}$  = 210mΩ at  $V_{GS} = -1.8V$ ,  $I_D = -2.1A$
- Max  $r_{DS(on)}$  = 300mΩ at  $V_{GS} = -1.5V$ ,  $I_D = -1.0A$
- Low gate charge, high power and current handline capability
- HBM ESD protection level > 1.5KV typical (Note 3)

#### Schottky

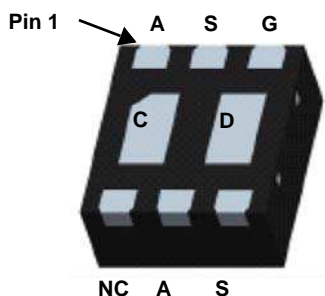
- $V_F < 400mV$  @ 100mA
- RoHS Compliant



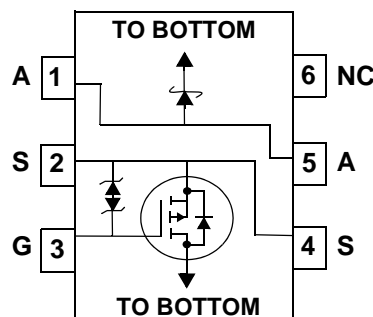
### General Description

This device is designed specifically as a single package solution for the battery charge switch in cellular handset and other ultra-portable applications. It features a MOSFET with low on-state resistance and an independently connected low forward voltage schottky diode for minimum conduction losses.

The SC-75 MicroFET package offers exceptional thermal performance for it's physical size and is well suited to linear mode applications.



SC-75 MicroFET



### MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain to Source Voltage	–20	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate to Source Voltage	±8	V
$I_D$	Drain Current -Continuous	(Note 1a) –2.9	A
	-Pulsed	–12	
$P_D$	Power Dissipation	(Note 1a) 1.4	W
	Power Dissipation	(Note 1b) 0.7	
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	–55 to +150	°C
$V_{RRM}$	Schottky Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	30	V
$I_O$	Schottky Average Forward Current	1	A

### Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	(Note 1a) 89	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	(Note 1b) 182	

### Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
.P23	FDFMJ2P023Z	SC-75 MicroFET	7"	8 mm	3000 units

**Electrical Characteristics**  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	-----	-----	-----	-------

**Off Characteristics**

$BV_{DSS}$	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	-20			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$ , referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		-13		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -16\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$			-1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate to Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 8\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$			$\pm 10$	$\mu\text{A}$

**On Characteristics**

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ , $I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$	-0.4	-0.7	-1.0	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$ , referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		2.3		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$r_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain to Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{V}$ , $I_D = -2.9\text{A}$		93	112	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = -2.5\text{V}$ , $I_D = -2.4\text{A}$		128	160	
		$V_{GS} = -1.8\text{V}$ , $I_D = -2.1\text{A}$		173	210	
		$V_{GS} = -1.5\text{V}$ , $I_D = -1.0\text{A}$		217	300	
		$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{V}$ , $I_D = -2.9\text{A}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		130	160	
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -5\text{V}$ , $I_D = -2.9\text{A}$		7		S

**Dynamic Characteristics**

$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = -10\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $f = 1\text{MHz}$		300	400	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			55	75	pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			45	70	pF

**Switching Characteristics**

$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = -10\text{V}$ , $I_D = -2.9\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = -4.5\text{V}$ , $R_{GEN} = 6\Omega$		5	10	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time			4	10	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			23	37	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time			12	22	ns
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DD} = -5\text{V}$ , $I_D = -2.9\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = -4.5\text{V}$		4.6	6.5	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate to Source Charge			0.6		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge			1.0		nC

**Drain-Source Diode Characteristics**

$I_S$	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current			-1.1		A
$V_{SD}$	Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_S = -1.1\text{A}$		-0.9	-1.2	V
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = -2.9\text{A}$ , $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		28	45	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge			15	27	nC

**Electrical Characteristics**  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	-----	-----	-----	-------

**Schottky Diode Characteristics**

$V_R$	Reverse Voltage	$I_R = 100\text{mA}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	30		V
$I_R$	Reverse Leakage	$V_R = 10\text{V}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.39	$\mu\text{A}$
			$T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$		0.04	$\text{mA}$
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.4	$\text{mA}$
$I_R$	Reverse Leakage	$V_R = 20\text{V}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.86	$\mu\text{A}$
			$T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$		0.06	$\text{mA}$
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.62	$\text{mA}$
$V_F$	Forward Voltage	$I_F = 100\text{mA}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		380	$\text{mV}$
			$T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$		300	$\text{mV}$
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		250	$\text{mV}$
$V_F$	Forward Voltage	$I_F = 1\text{A}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		570	$\text{mV}$
			$T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$		540	$\text{mV}$
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		530	$\text{mV}$

**Notes:**

1.  $R_{\theta JA}$  is determined with the device mounted on a 1 in<sup>2</sup> pad 2 oz copper pad on a 1.5 x 1.5 in. board of FR-4 material.  $R_{\theta JC}$  is guaranteed by design while  $R_{\theta CA}$  is determined by the user's board design.



a.  $89^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a 1 in<sup>2</sup> pad of 2 oz copper



b.  $182^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty cycle < 2.0%.  
 3. The diode connected between the gate and source serves only as protection against ESD. No gate overvoltage rating is implied.

## Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

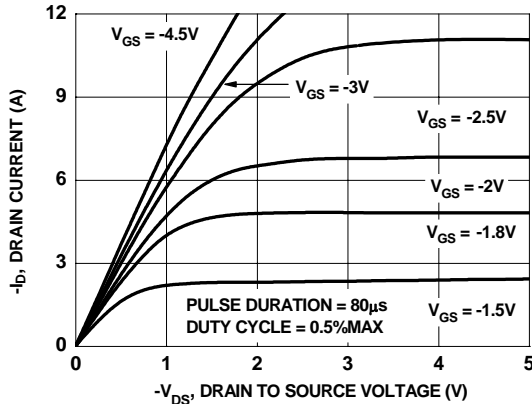


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

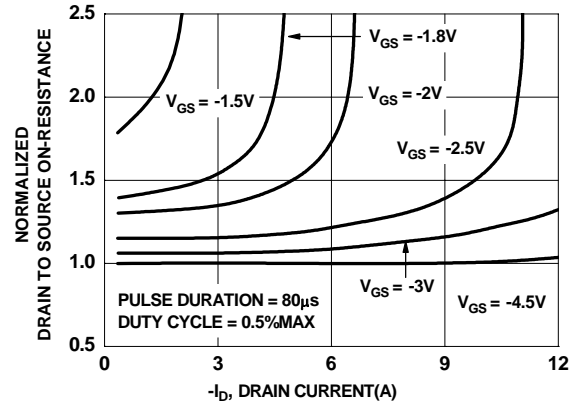


Figure 2. Normalized On-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

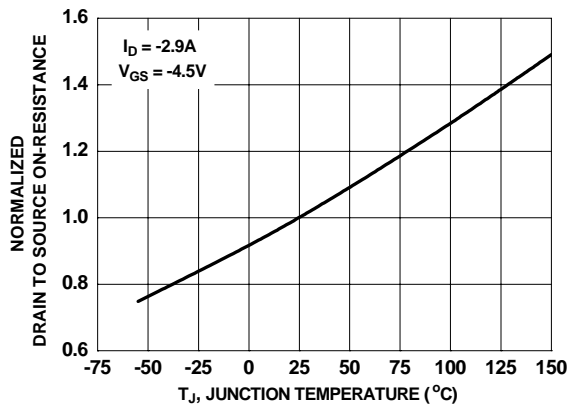


Figure 3. Normalized On-Resistance vs Junction Temperature

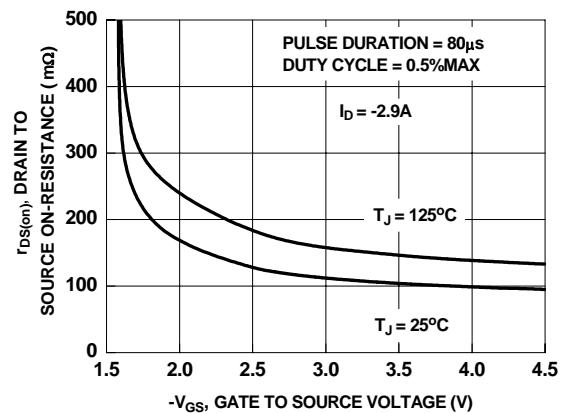


Figure 4. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

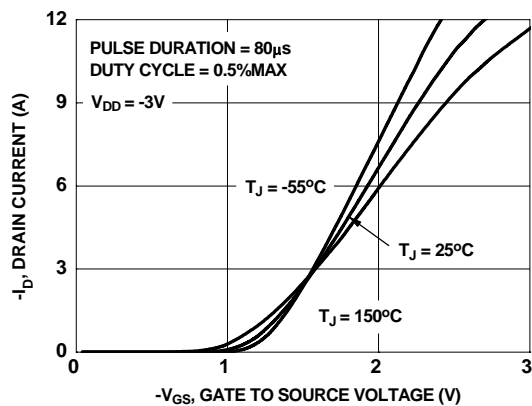


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

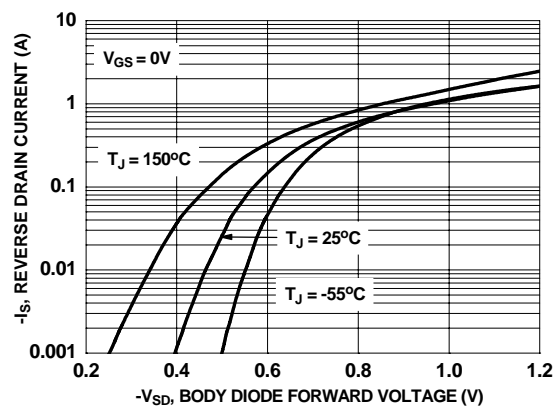


Figure 6. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

# Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

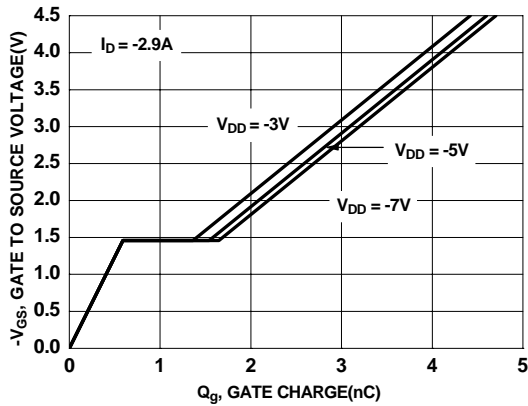


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

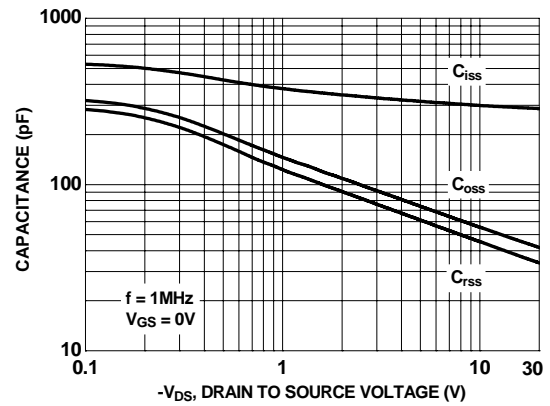


Figure 8. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

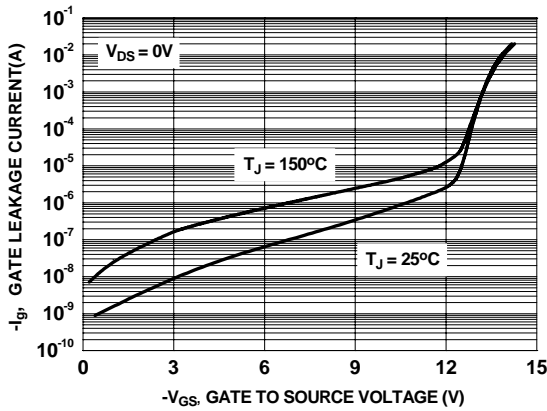


Figure 9. Gate Leakage Current vs Gate to Source Voltage

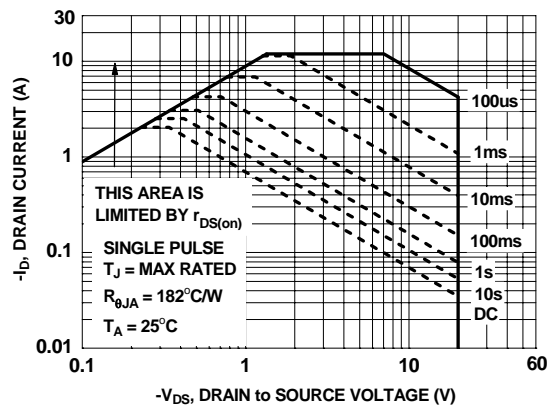


Figure 10. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

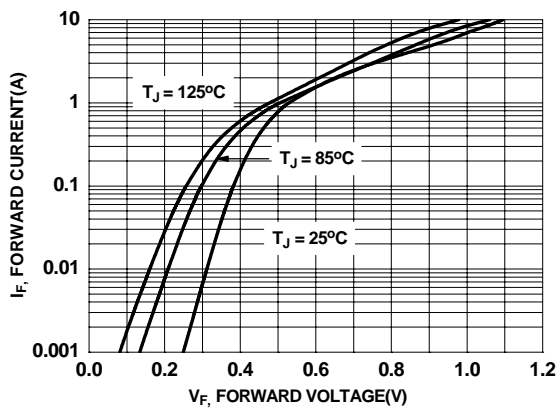


Figure 11. Schottky Diode Forward Voltage

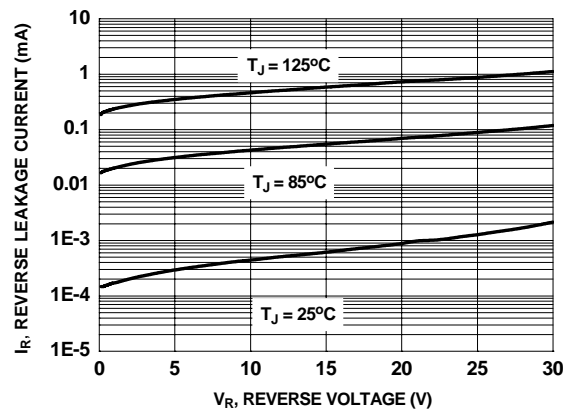


Figure 12. Schottky Diode Reverse Current

# Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

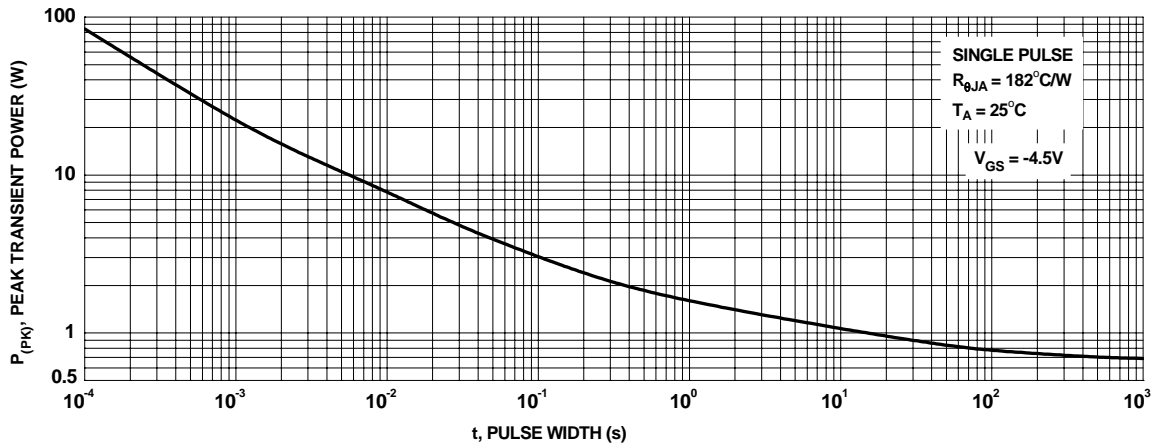


Figure 13. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

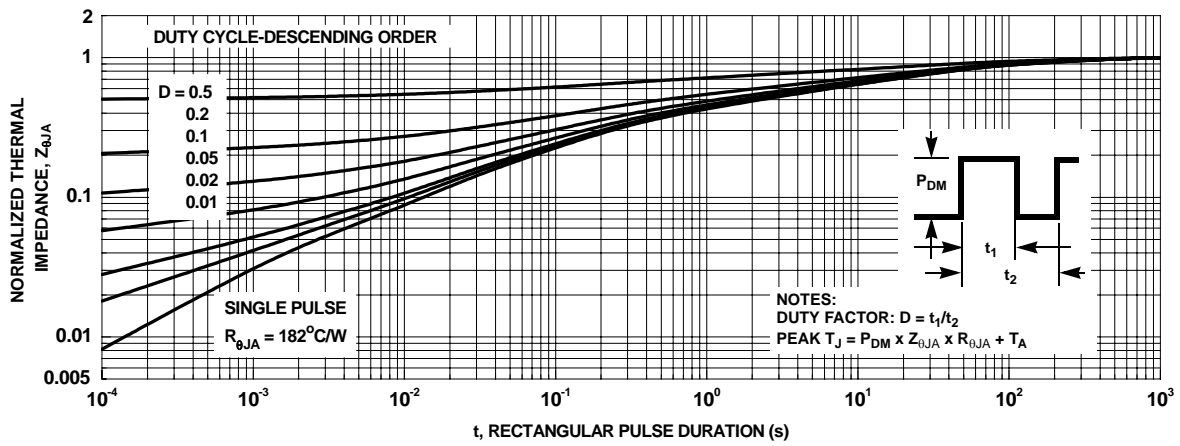
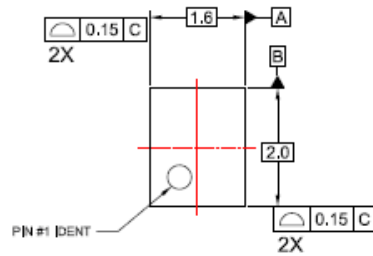
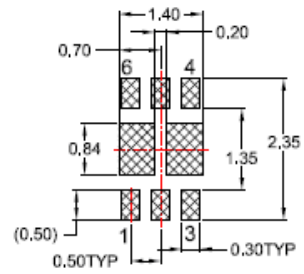


Figure 14. Transient Thermal Response Curve

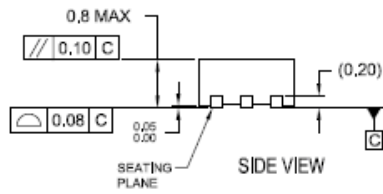
## Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout



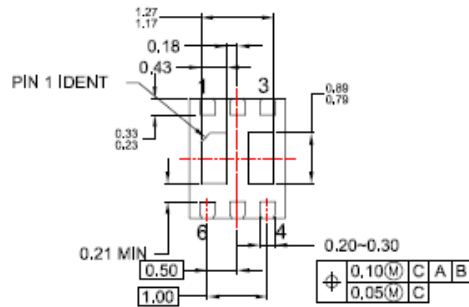
TOP VIEW



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



SIDE VIEW




BOTTOM VIEW



## TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks and service marks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACE <sup>®</sup>	Green FPS <sup>™</sup>	Power247 <sup>®</sup>	SuperSOT <sup>™</sup> -8
Build it Now <sup>™</sup>	Green FPS <sup>™</sup> e-Series <sup>™</sup>	POWEREDGE <sup>®</sup>	SyncFET <sup>™</sup>
CorePLUS <sup>™</sup>	GTO <sup>™</sup>	Power-SPM <sup>™</sup>	The Power Franchise <sup>®</sup>
CROSSVOLT <sup>™</sup>	i-Lo <sup>™</sup>	PowerTrench <sup>®</sup>	the <b>power</b> franchise
CTL <sup>™</sup>	IntelliMAX <sup>™</sup>	Programmable Active Droop <sup>™</sup>	TinyBoost <sup>™</sup>
Current Transfer Logic <sup>™</sup>	ISOPLANAR <sup>™</sup>	QFET <sup>®</sup>	TinyBuck <sup>™</sup>
EcoSPARK <sup>®</sup>	MegaBuck <sup>™</sup>	QST <sup>™</sup>	TinyLogic <sup>®</sup>
<b>F</b> <sup>®</sup>	MICROCOUPLER <sup>™</sup>	QT Optoelectronics <sup>™</sup>	TINYOPTO <sup>™</sup>
Fairchild <sup>®</sup>	MicroFET <sup>™</sup>	Quiet Series <sup>™</sup>	TinyPower <sup>™</sup>
Fairchild Semiconductor <sup>®</sup>	MicroPak <sup>™</sup>	RapidConfigure <sup>™</sup>	TinyPWM <sup>™</sup>
FACT Quiet Series <sup>™</sup>	MillerDrive <sup>™</sup>	SMART START <sup>™</sup>	TinyWire <sup>™</sup>
FACT <sup>®</sup>	Motion-SPM <sup>™</sup>	SPM <sup>®</sup>	µSerDes <sup>™</sup>
FAST <sup>®</sup>	OPTOLOGIC <sup>®</sup>	STEALTH <sup>™</sup>	UHC <sup>®</sup>
FastvCore <sup>™</sup>	OPTOPLANAR <sup>®</sup>	SuperFET <sup>™</sup>	UniFET <sup>™</sup>
FPS <sup>™</sup>	 <sup>®</sup>	SuperSOT <sup>™</sup> -3	VCX <sup>™</sup>
FRFET <sup>®</sup>	PDP-SPM <sup>™</sup>	SuperSOT <sup>™</sup> -6	
Global Power Resource <sup>SM</sup>	Power220 <sup>®</sup>		

## DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION, OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THESE SPECIFICATIONS DO NOT EXPAND THE TERMS OF FAIRCHILD'S WORLDWIDE TERMS AND CONDITIONS, SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTY THEREIN, WHICH COVERS THESE PRODUCTS.

## LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

## PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

### Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

Rev. I31