



FPF1207 / FPF1208

IntelliMAX™ Advanced Load Switch

Features

- 1.2V to 4.0V Input Voltage Operating Range
- Typical R_{ON} : 50mΩ at $V_{IN}=3.3V$
77mΩ at $V_{IN}=1.8V$
150mΩ at $V_{IN}=1.2V$
- Slew Rate Control with t_R : 110μs
- Output Discharge Function on FPF1208
- Low <1.5μA Quiescent Current
- Extra Low <100nA Off Supply Current
- ESD Protected: Above 7000V HBM, 2000V CDM
- GPIO/CMOS-Compatible Enable Circuitry
- 4-Bump WLCSP 0.76mm x 0.76mm, 0.4mm Pitch

Description

The FPF1207/08 is an ultra-small integrated IntelliMAX™ load switch with integrated P-channel switch and analog control features. Integrated slew-rate control prevents inrush current and the resulting excessive voltage drop on power rail. The input voltage range operates from 1.2V to 4.0V to provide power-disconnect capability for post-regulated power rails in portable and consumer products. The low shut-off current of 1μA (maximum) allows power designs to meet standby and off-power drain specifications.

The FPF1207/08 is controlled by an active-HIGH logic input (ON pin) compatible with standard CMOS GPIO circuitry found on Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) and embedded processors. The FPF1207/08 is available in 0.76mm x 0.76mm 4-bump WLCSP.

Applications

- Mobile Devices and Smart Phones
- Portable Media Devices
- Ultra-Portable / Mobile Computing
- Advanced Notebook, UMPC, MID
- Portable Medical Devices
- GPS and Navigation Equipment

Ordering Information

Part Number	Top Marking	Switch (Typical) at 3.3V _{IN}	Output Discharge	ON Pin Activity	t_R	Package
FPF1207UCX	QG	50mΩ	NA	Active HIGH	110μs	4-Ball, Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package (WLCSP), 0.76 x 0.76mm, 0.4mm Pitch
FPF1208UCX	QH	50mΩ	65Ω	Active HIGH	110μs	

Application Diagram

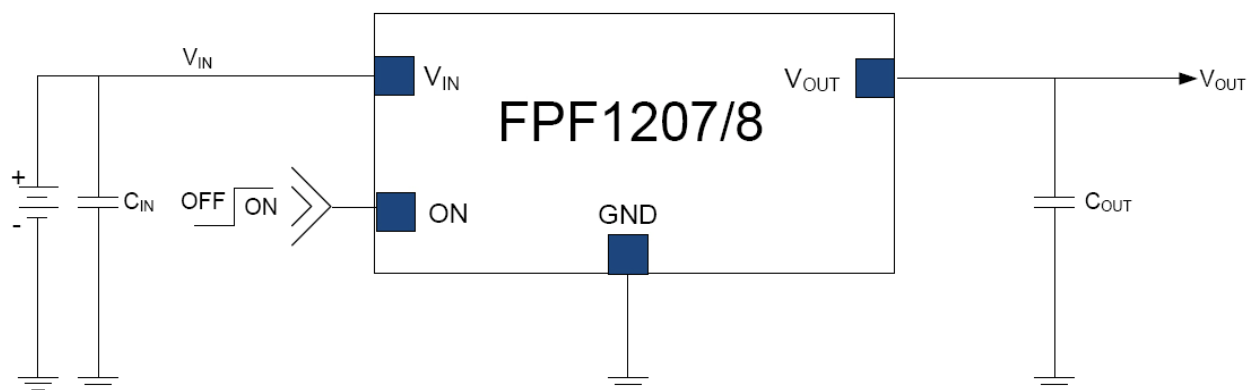


Figure 1. Typical Application

Notes:

1. $C_{IN}=1\mu\text{F}$, X5R, 0603 (for example, Murata GRM185R60J105KE26).
2. $C_{OUT}=1\mu\text{F}$, X5R, 0805 (for example, Murata GRM216R61A105KA01).

Functional Block Diagram

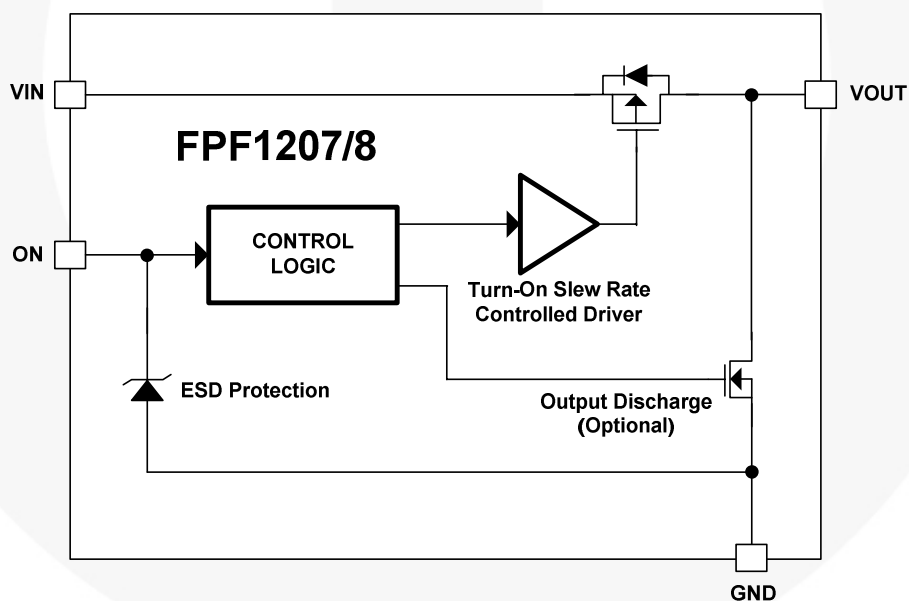


Figure 2. Functional Block Diagram (Output Discharge for FPF1208 Only)

Pin Configurations

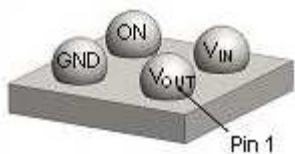


Figure 3. WLCSP Bumps Facing Up (Top View)



Figure 4. WLCSP Bumps Facing Down (Bottom View)

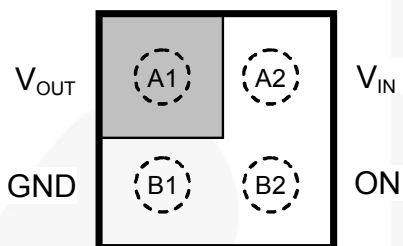


Figure 5. Pin Assignments (Top View)

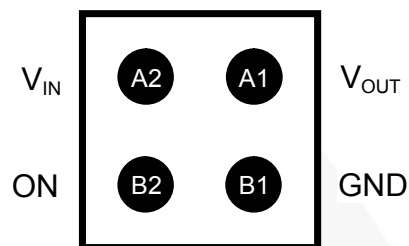


Figure 6. Pin Assignments (Bottom View)

Pin Definitions

Pin #	Name	Description
A1	V _{OUT}	Switch Output
A2	V _{IN}	Supply Input: Input to the power switch
B1	GND	Ground
B2	ON	ON/OFF control, active HIGH

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit
V_{IN}	V_{IN} , V_{OUT} , V_{ON} to GND		-0.3	4.2	V
I_{SW}	Maximum Continuous Switch Current			1.2	A
P_D	Power Dissipation at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.0	W
T_{STG}	Storage Junction Temperature		-65	+150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_A	Operating Temperature Range		-40	+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	1S2P with One Thermal Via		110	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
		1S2P without Thermal Via		95	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability ^(3,4)	Human Body Model, JESD22-A114	7		kV
		Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101	2		

Notes:

3. Measured using 2S2P JEDEC std. PCB.
4. Measured using 2S2P JEDEC PCB COLD PLATE Method.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V_{IN}	Supply Voltage	1.2	4.0	V
T_A	Ambient Operating Temperature	-40	+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, $V_{IN}=1.2$ to $4.0V$ and $T_A=-40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$. Typical values are at $V_{IN}=3.3V$ and $T_A=25^{\circ}C$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Basic Operation						
V_{IN}	Supply Voltage		1.2		4.0	V
$I_{Q(OFF)}$	Off Supply Current	$V_{ON}=GND$, $V_{OUT}=Open$, $V_{IN}=4V$			100	nA
$I_{SD(OFF)}$	Off Switch Current	$V_{ON}=GND$, $V_{OUT}=GND$			1	μA
I_Q	Quiescent Current	$I_{OUT}=0mA$			1.5	μA
R_{ON}	On Resistance	$V_{IN}=3.3V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		50	66	m Ω
		$V_{IN}=1.8V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		77	91	
		$V_{IN}=1.2V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		150	160	
		$V_{IN}=1.8V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=85^{\circ}C$			100	
R_{PD}	Output Discharge $R_{PULL\ DOWN}$	$V_{IN}=3.3V$, $V_{ON}=0V$, $I_{FORCE}=20mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, FPF1208		65	110	Ω
V_{IH}	On Input Logic HIGH Voltage	$V_{IN} < 1.5V$	0.9			V
		$V_{IN}=1.5V$ to $4.0V$	1.1			
V_{IL}	On Input Logic LOW Voltage	$V_{IN}=1.2V$ to $4.0V$			0.75	V
I_{ON}	On Input Leakage	$V_{ON}=V_{IN}$ or GND			1	μA
Dynamic Characteristics⁽⁵⁾						
t_{DON}	Turn-On Delay ⁽⁶⁾	$V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=10\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		110		μs
t_R	V_{OUT} Rise Time ⁽⁶⁾			110		
t_{ON}	Turn-On Time ⁽⁶⁾			220		
t_{DOFF}	Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁶⁾	$V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=10\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, FPF1207		7		μs
t_F	V_{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁶⁾			2		
t_{OFF}	Turn-Off Time ⁽⁶⁾			9		
t_{DOFF}	Turn-Off Delay	$V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=10\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, FPF1208		2.0		μs
t_F	V_{OUT} Fall Time			1.9		
t_{OFF}	Turn-Off Time			3.9		
t_{DOFF}	Turn-Off Delay	$V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=500\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, FPF1207		10		μs
t_F	V_{OUT} Fall Time			95		
t_{OFF}	Turn-Off Time ⁽⁶⁾			105		
t_{DOFF}	Turn-Off Delay	$V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=500\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, FPF1208 ⁽⁷⁾		7.0		μs
t_F	V_{OUT} Fall Time			10.5		
t_{OFF}	Turn-Off Time ⁽⁶⁾			17.5		

Notes:

- These parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization; not production tested.
- $t_{DON}/t_{DOFF}/t_R/t_F$ are defined in Figure 25.
- Output discharge path is enabled during device off.

Typical Performance Characteristics

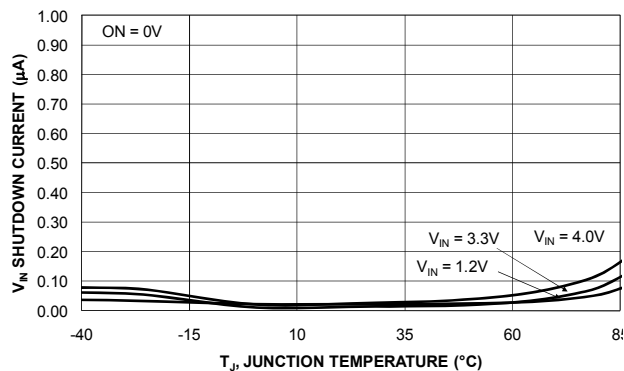


Figure 7. Shutdown Current vs. Temperature

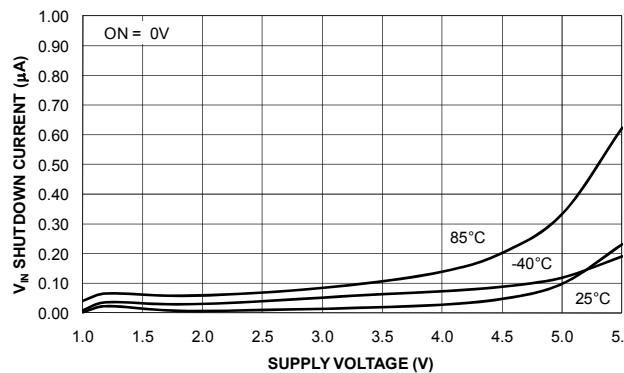


Figure 8. Shutdown Current vs. Supply Voltage

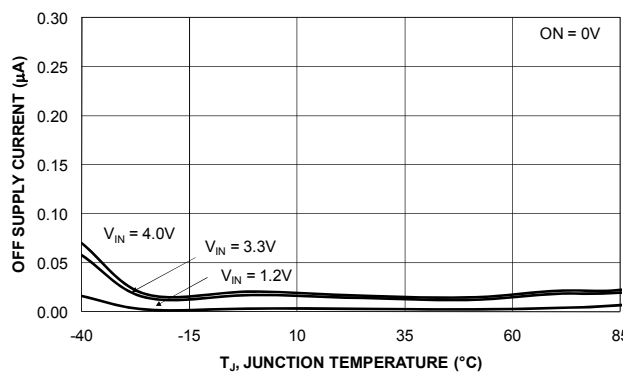


Figure 9. Off Supply Current vs. Temperature
(FPF1207, V_{OUT} Floating)

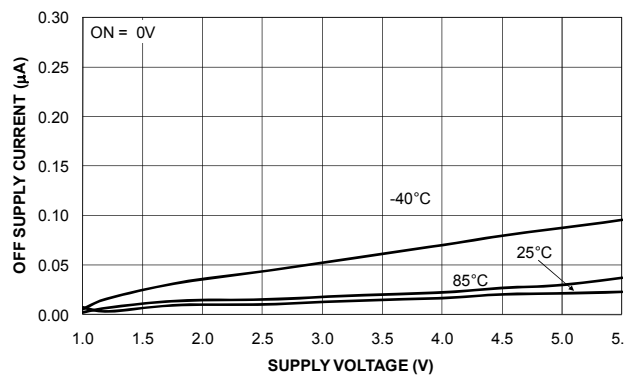


Figure 10. Off Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage
(FPF1207, V_{OUT} Floating)

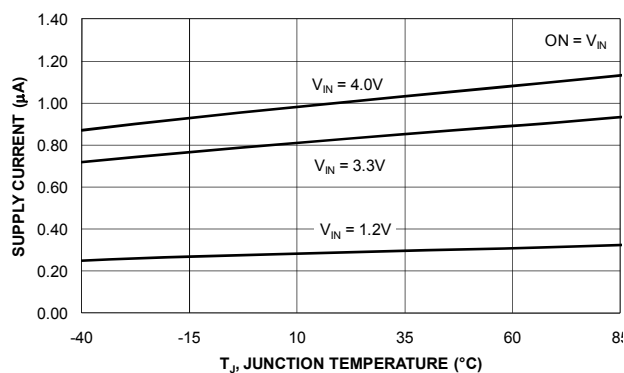


Figure 11. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature

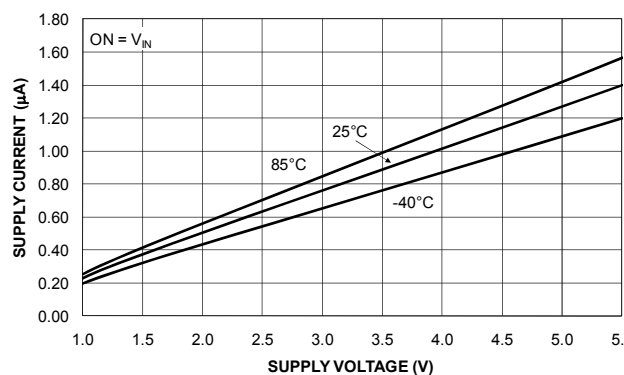


Figure 12. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

Typical Performance Characteristics

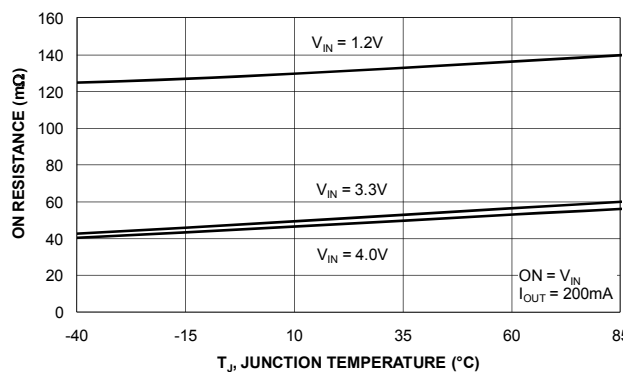


Figure 13. R_{ON} vs. Temperature

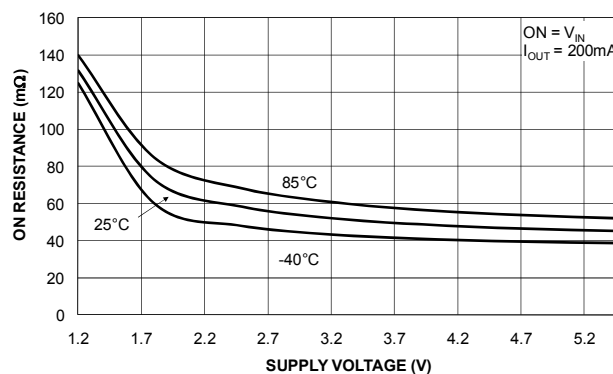


Figure 14. R_{ON} vs. Supply Voltage

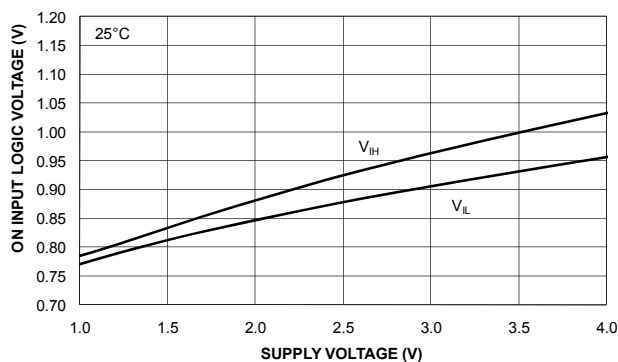


Figure 15. ON-Pin Threshold vs. V_{IN}

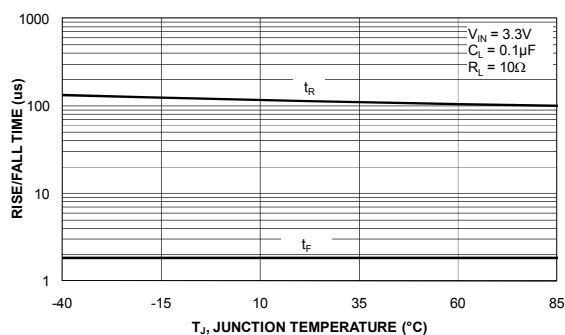


Figure 16. V_{OUT} Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature at $R_L=10\Omega$

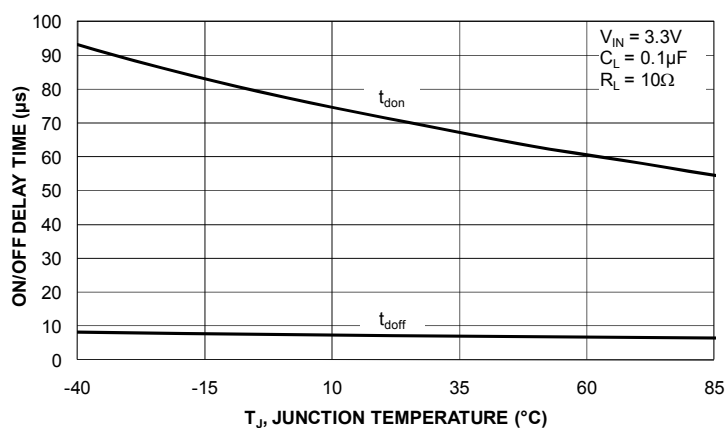


Figure 17. V_{OUT} Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Temperature at $R_L=10\Omega$

Typical Performance Characteristics

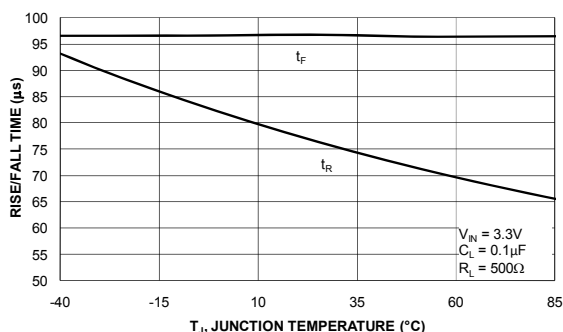


Figure 18. V_{OUT} Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature at $R_L=500\Omega$

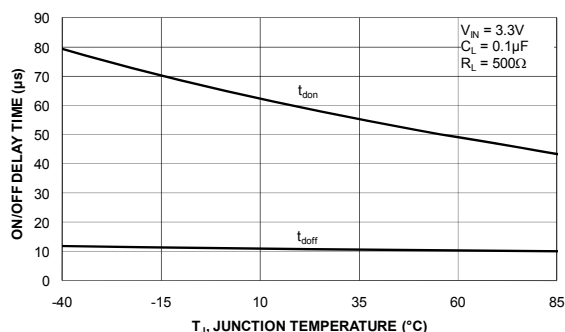


Figure 19. V_{OUT} Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Temperature at $R_L=500\Omega$

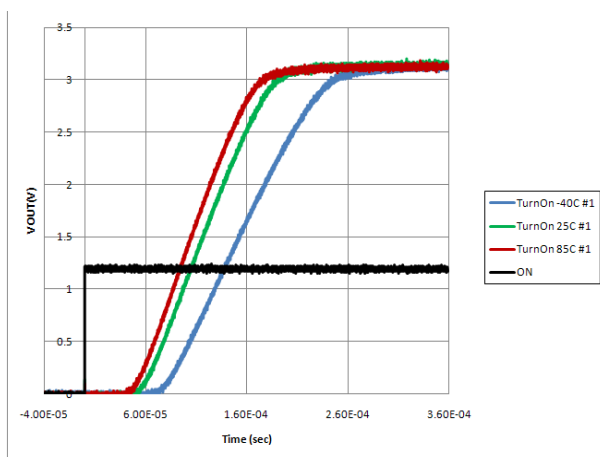


Figure 20. Turn-On Response ($V_{IN}=3.3V$, $C_{IN}=1\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F$, $R_L=10\Omega$)

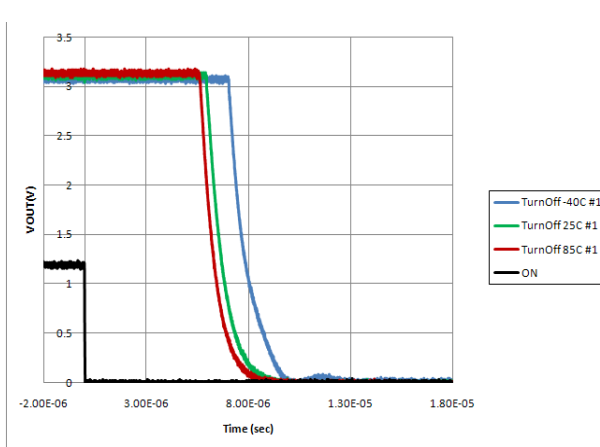


Figure 21. Turn-Off Response ($V_{IN}=3.3V$, $C_{IN}=1\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F$, $R_L=10\Omega$)

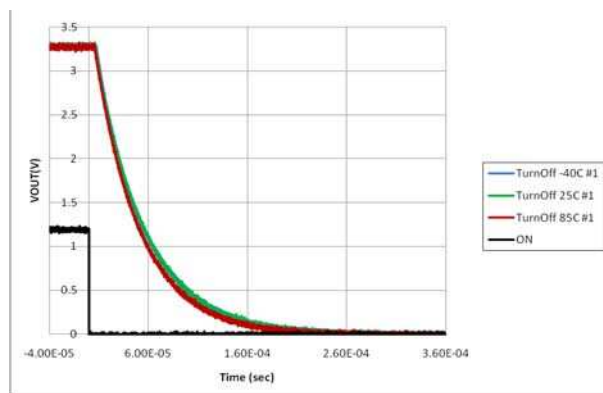


Figure 22. Turn-Off Response (FPF1207 = No Output Pull-Down Resistor) ($V_{IN}=3.3V$, $C_{IN}=1\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F$, $R_L=500\Omega$)

Typical Performance Characteristics

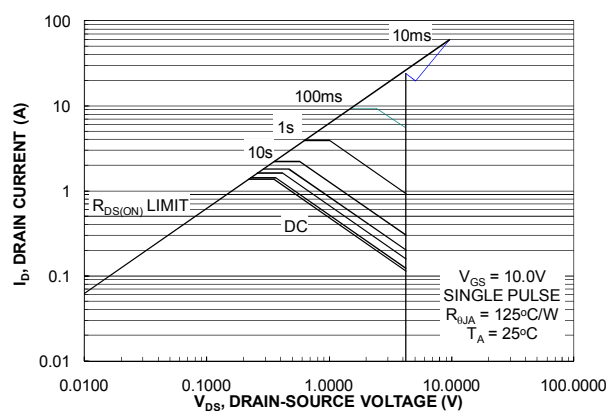


Figure 23. I_{SW} vs. V_{DS} -- SOA of FPF1207

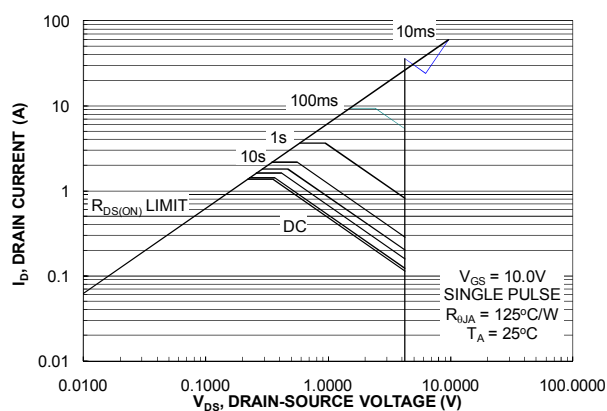


Figure 24. I_{SW} vs. V_{DS} -- SOA of FPF1208

Timing Diagram

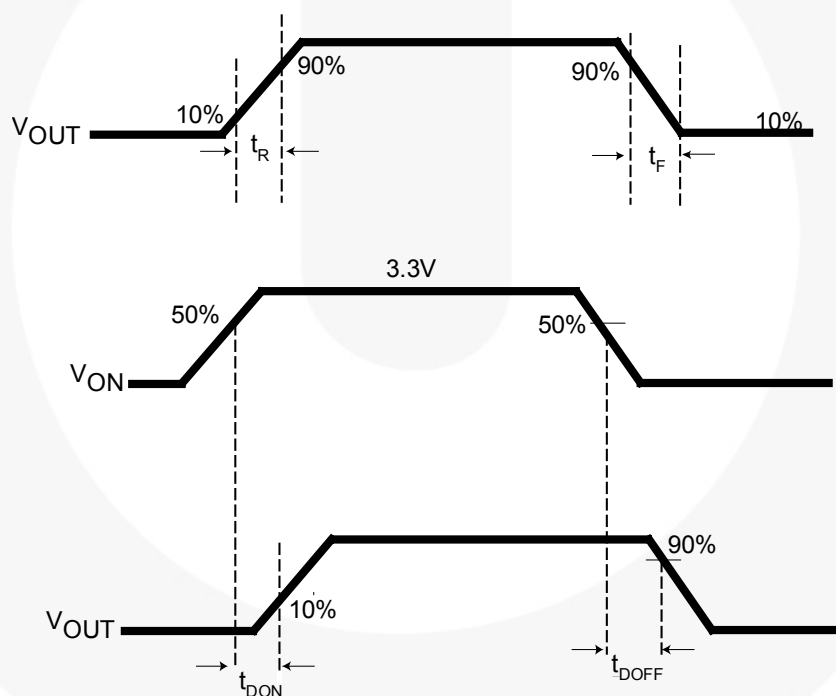


Figure 25. Timing Diagram

Notes:

8. $t_{ON} = t_R + t_{DON}$.
9. $t_{OFF} = t_F + t_{DOFF}$.

Operation and Application Description

The FPF1207 and FPF1208 are low- R_{ON} P-channel load switches with controlled turn-on. The core of each device is a 50m Ω P-channel MOSFET and controller capable of functioning over a wide input operating range of 1.2-4.0V. The ON pin, an active HIGH GIOP/CMOS-compatible input, controls the state of the switch.

The FPF1208 contains a 65 Ω on-chip load resistor for quick output discharge when the switch is turned off.

Input Capacitor

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient inrush current when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor or short-circuit, a capacitor must be placed between the V_{IN} and GND pins. A 1 μ F ceramic capacitor, C_{IN} , placed close to the pins is usually sufficient. Higher-value C_{IN} can be used to reduce the voltage drop in higher-current applications.

Output Capacitor

A 0.1 μ F capacitor, C_{OUT} , should be placed between the V_{OUT} and GND pins. This capacitor prevents parasitic

board inductance from forcing V_{OUT} below GND when the switch is on. C_{IN} greater than C_{OUT} is highly recommended. C_{OUT} greater than C_{IN} can cause V_{OUT} to exceed V_{IN} when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from V_{OUT} to V_{IN} .

Board Layout

For best performance, all traces should be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors should be placed close to the device to minimize the effect that parasitic trace inductance may have on normal and short-circuit operation. Using wide traces or large copper planes for all pins (V_{IN} , V_{OUT} , ON, and GND) helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case ambient thermal impedance. However, the V_{OUT} pin of FPF1208 should not connect directly the battery source due to the discharge mechanism of the load switch.

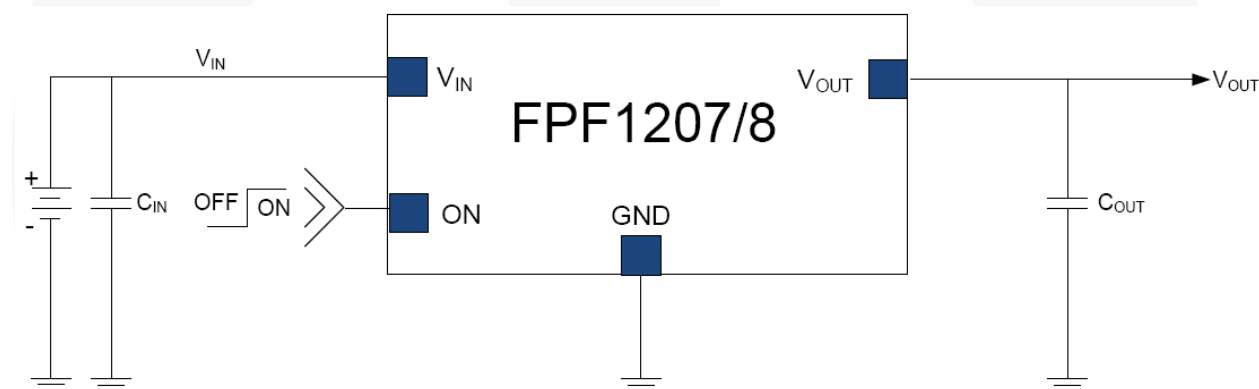


Figure 26. Typical Application

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