

Current Transducer LT 2005-T/SP2

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).





Electrical data

I _{PN}	Primary nominal current rms Primary current, measuring range @ ± 24 V		2000 0 ± 3000		A A
$\mathbf{R}_{\scriptscriptstyle{M}}$	Measuring resistance	е	\mathbf{R}_{Mmini}	R _{M max}	i
	with ± 15 V	@ ± 2000 A _{maxi}	0	9	Ω
		@ ± 2500 A maxi	0	4	Ω
	with ± 24 V	@ ± 2000 A maxi	5	26	Ω
		@ ± 3000 A maxi	5	12	Ω
I _{SN}	Secondary nominal of	current rms	500		mΑ
K _N	Conversion ratio		1:400	0	
V _C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)		± 15	24	V
I _C	Current consumption (± 1)		28 (@ ±	24V) + I	_s mA
0					-

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

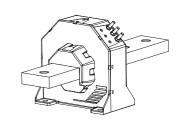
$\mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{\epsilon}_{L}}$	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25$ °C Linearity error	± 0.4 < 0.1	% %
I _О I _{ОМ}	Offset current @ $\mathbf{I}_p = 0$, $\mathbf{T}_A = 25^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ Magnetic offset current @ $\mathbf{I}_p = 0$ and specified \mathbf{R} after an overload of 3 × Temperature variation of \mathbf{I}_0 - $40^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 2 - $25^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ +7	IVI	Maxi ± 1.00 mA ± 0.40 mA ± 0.80 mA ± 0.50 mA
t _r di/dt BW	Response time ¹⁾ to 90 % of I _{PN} step di/dt accurately followed Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	< 1 > 50 DC 1	μs Α/μs 00 kHz

General data

\mathbf{T}_{A}	Ambient operating temperature	- 40 + 70	°C	
$T_{\rm s}$	Ambient storage temperature	- 45 + 85	°C	
\mathbf{R}_{s}	Secondary coil resistance @ T _A = 70 ℃	17	Ω	
m	Mass	5.5	kg	
	Standards	EN 50155: 19	EN 50155: 1995	

Note: 1) With a di/dt of 100 A/µs.

$I_{DN} = 2000 A$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- $\mathbf{K}_{N} = 1:4000$
- V_d = 12 k V
- \mathbf{T}_{Δ} = -40°C .. + 70°C
- Special primary bar.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- Single or three phases inverter
- Propulsion and braking chopper
- Propulsion converter
- Auxiliary converter
- Battery charger.

Application domain

• Traction.



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Isolation characteristics			
\mathbf{V}_{d}	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	12	kV
		Mini	
dCp	Creepage distance	89	m m
dCl	Clearance distance	73	m m
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (Group IIIa)	225	

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

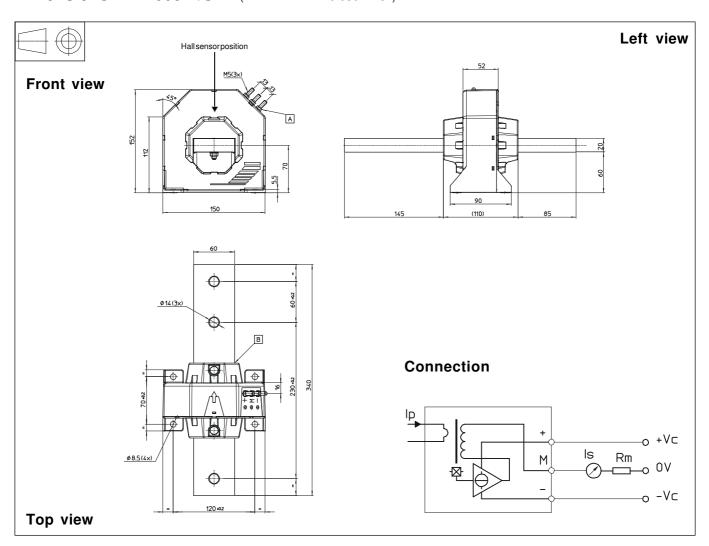
This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LT 2005-T/SP2 (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

• General tolerance ± 0.5 mm

• Transducer fastening 4 holes ∅ 8.5 mm

4 M8 steel screws

Recommended fastening torque 10 Nm or 7.38 Lb - Ft

by the primary bar

• Connection of primary 3 holes Ø 14 mm

3 M12 steel screws

Recommended fastening torque 24.50 Nm or 18.15 Lb - Ft

Connection of secondary
 Recommended fastening torque
 M5 threaded studs
 2.2 Nm or 1.62 Lb - Ft

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.