Current Transducer LT 2005-S/SP15

I_{PN} = 2000 A

For the electronic measurement of currents : DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

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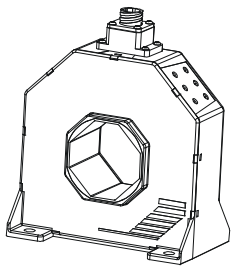


Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal current rms		2000		A
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range @ ± 24 V		0 .. ± 3500		A
R_M	Measuring resistance		$R_{M\,min}$	$R_{M\,max}$	
	with ± 24 V	@ ± 2000 A_{max}	5	26	Ω
		@ ± 3500 A_{max}	5	5	Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal current rms		400		mA
K_N	Conversion ratio		1 : 5000		
V_C	Supply voltage (± 10 %)		± 24		V
I_C	Current consumption (± 1)		28(@±24 V) + I_S		mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy @ I_{PN}, T_A = 25°C		± 0.3		%
ε_L	Linearity error		< 0.1		%
			Typ	Max	
I_O	Offset current @ I_P = 0, T_A = 25°C			± 0.8	mA
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current @ I_P = 0 and specified R_M, after an overload of 3 x I_{PN}			± 0.4	mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_O	-25°C .. + 70°C	± 0.2	± 0.4	mA
t_r	Response time [1] to 90 % of I_{PN} step		< 1		µs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed		> 50		A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)		DC .. 100		kHz

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	- 25 .. + 70	°C
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	- 40 .. + 85	°C
R_S	Secondary coil resistance @ T_A = 70°C	25	Ω
m	Mass	2	kg
	Standards	EN 50155: 1995	

Note: [1] With a di/dt of 100 A/µs.

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- I_{PM} = 0 .. ± 3500 A
- K_N = 1 : 5000
- V_C = ± 24 (± 10 %) V
- V_d = 10 kV [2]
- T_A = - 25°C .. + 70°C
- Shield between primary and secondary
- Connection to secondary circuit on AMP CPC 11/4
- Hall cell at 90°
- VRT Burn-in.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- Single or three phases inverter
- Propulsion and braking chopper
- Propulsion converter
- Auxiliary converter
- Battery charger.

Application domain

- Traction.

Current transducer LT 2005-S/SP15

Isolation characteristics

V_d	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	10 [2)]	kV
		1 [3)]	kV
		Min	
dCp	Creepage distance	41	mm
dCl	Clearance distance	41	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (Group IIIa)	225	

Notes: [2)] Between primary and secondary + shield
[3)] Between shield and secondary.

Safety

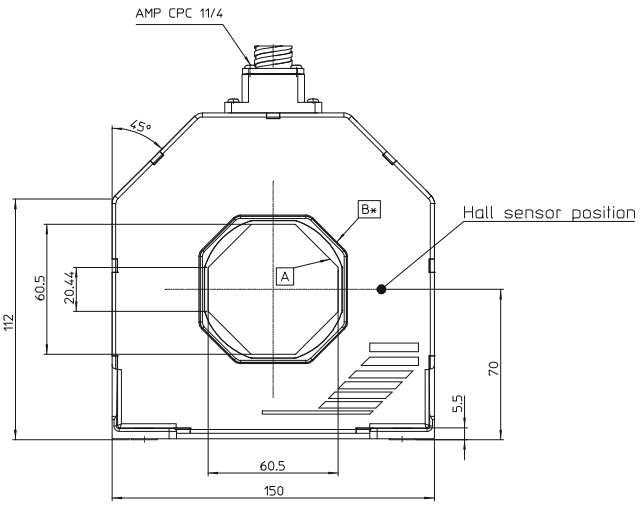
This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.

Caution, risk of electrical shock

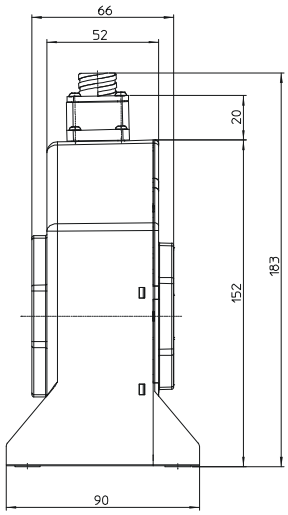
When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.
This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.
Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

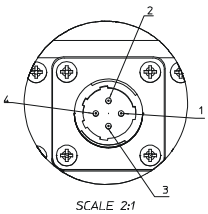
Dimensions LT 2005-S/SP15 (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)

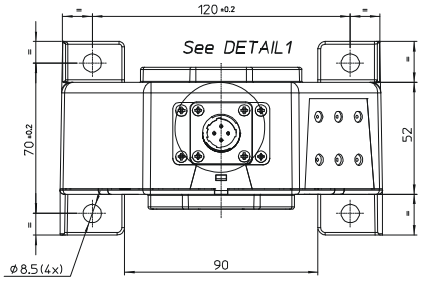
Front view



Left view

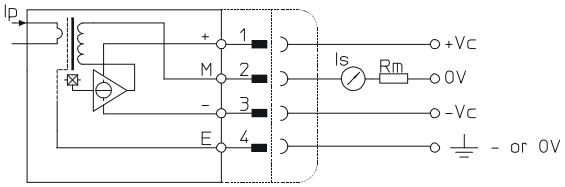






Top view

Connection



Rep.	Clearance dCl	Creepage dCp
A-B	41 mm	41 mm

* = Internal shield on primary hole

Mechanical characteristics

• General tolerance	± 0.5 mm
• Fastening fastening	4 holes ∅ 8.5 mm
	4 M8 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque	10 Nm or 7.38 Lb. -Ft.
• Primary through-hole	
For bar	60.5 x 20.5 mm
Or	∅ 56 mm max
• Connection of secondary	AMP CPC 11/4

Remarks

- I_S is positive when I_P flows in the direction of the arrow
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.