

## Description

SL71051 is a highly integrated solution for SMPS applications requiring CV (constant voltage) and CC (constant current) mode. SL71051 integrates one voltage reference, two operational amplifiers (with ORed outputs-common collectors), and a current sensing circuit. The voltage reference combined with one operational amplifier makes it an ideal voltage controller, and the other low voltage reference combined with the other operational amplifier makes it an ideal current limiter for output low side current sensing. the current threshold is fixed, and precise. the only external components are :

- a resistor bridge to be connected to the output of the power supply (adapter, battery charger) to set the voltage regulation by dividing the desired output voltage to match the internal voltage reference value.
- a sense resistor having a value and allowable dissipation power which need to be chosen according to the internal voltage threshold.
- optional compensation components (R and C). SL71051, housed in one of the smallest package available, is ideal for space shrink applications such as adapters and battery chargers.

## Features

- Constant voltage & constant current control
- Wide input voltage range (2.5V to 12V)
- Precision internal voltage reference (1.21V  $\pm$  1.0%)
- Low external component count
- Current sink output stage
- Easy compensation
- Low ac mains voltage rejection

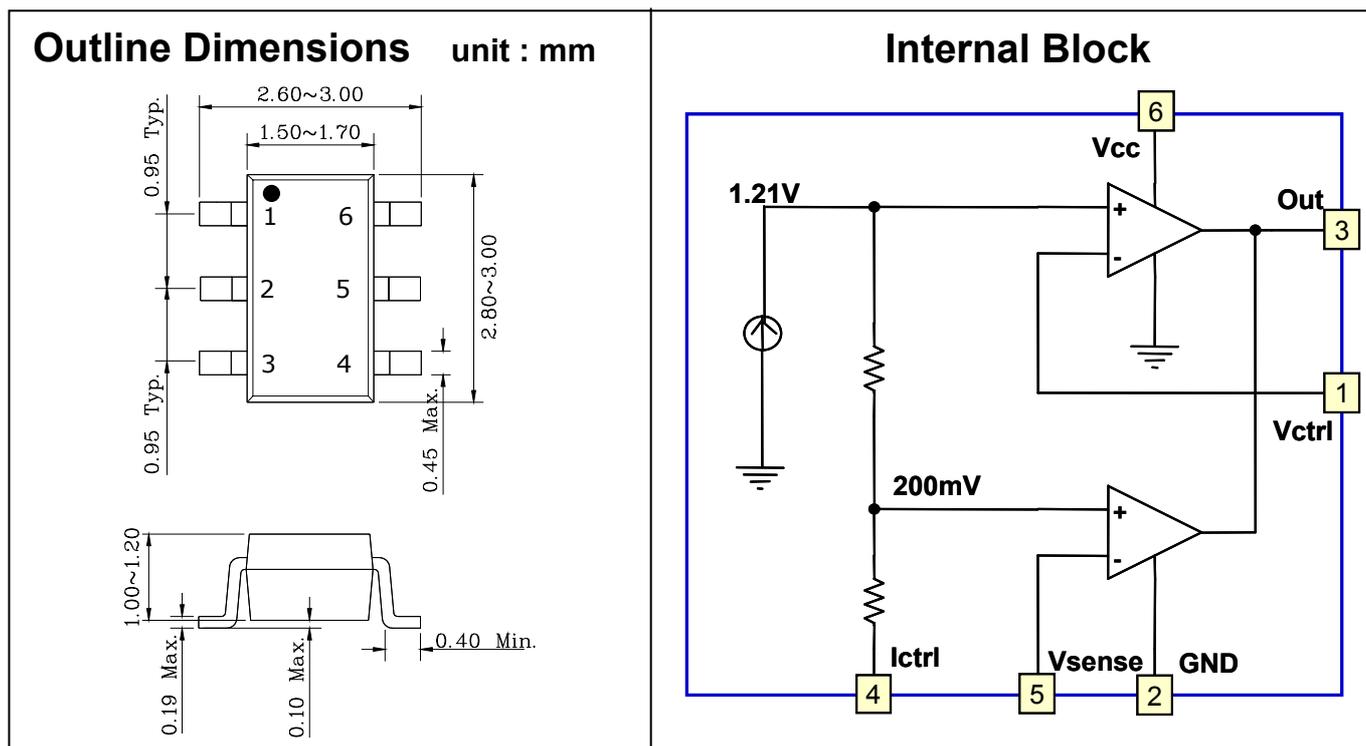
## Applications

- Adapters
- Battery chargers

## Ordering Information

Type NO.	Marking	Package Code
SL71051	701	SOT - 26

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## Pin Description

Name	Pin No.	Type	Function
Vctrl	1	Analog Input	Input Pin of the Voltage Control Loop
Gnd	2	Power Supply	Ground Line. 0V Reference For All Voltages
Out	3	Current Sink Output	Output Pin. Sinking Current Only
Ictrl	4	Analog Input	Input Pin of the Current Control Loop
Vsense	5	Analog Input	Input Pin of the Current Control Loop
V <sub>CC</sub>	6	Power Supply	DC Supply Line

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	14	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>d</sub> *	500	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T <sub>opr</sub>	0 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to 150	°C

\* Mount on a glass epoxy circuit board of 30x30mm Pad dimension of 50mm<sup>2</sup>

## Operating Conditions

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.5 to 12	V

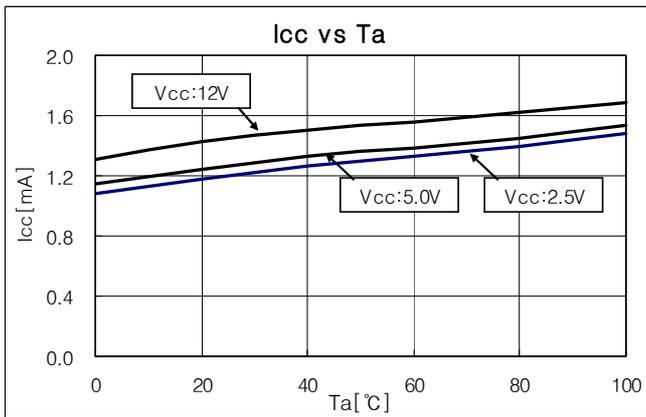
## Electrical Characteristics

$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$  (unless otherwise specified)

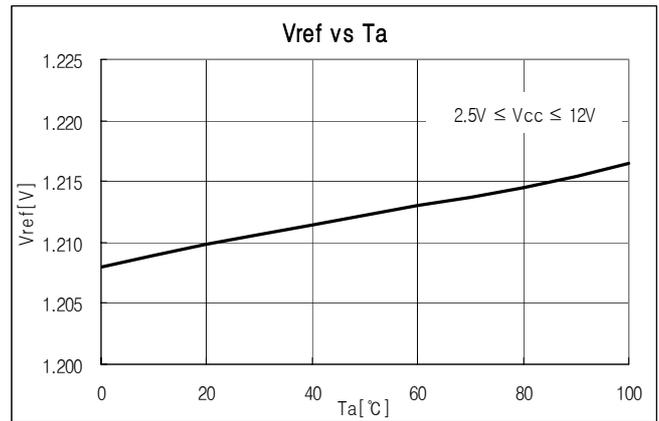
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>[Total Current Consumption]</b>						
Total Supply Current – not taking the output sinking current into account	$I_{CC}$	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.2	2	mA
		$0 < T_a < 85^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.5	-	
<b>[Voltage Control Loop]</b>						
Transconductance Gain (Vctrl). Sink Current Only <sup>1)</sup>	$G_{mv}$	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1	3.5	-	mA/mV
		$0 < T_a < 85^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.5	-	
Voltage Control Loop Reference <sup>2)</sup>	$V_{ref}$	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.198	1.210	1.222	V
		$0 < T_a < 85^\circ\text{C}$	1.186	1.210	1.234	
Input Bias Current (Vctrl)	$I_{ibv}$	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	50	-	nA
		$0 < T_a < 85^\circ\text{C}$	-	100	-	
<b>[Current Control Loop]</b>						
Transconductance Gain (Ictrl). sink Current Only <sup>3)</sup>	$G_{mi}$	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.5	7.0	-	mA/mV
		$0 < T_a < 85^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-	
Current Control Loop Reference <sup>4)</sup>	$V_{sense}$	$I_{out} = 2.5\text{ mA}, T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	196	200	204	mV
		$0 < T_a < 85^\circ\text{C}$	192	-	208	
Current out of pin ICTRL at -200mV	$I_{ibi}$	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	25	-	$\mu\text{A}$
		$0 < T_a < 85^\circ\text{C}$	-	30	-	
<b>[Output Stage]</b>						
Low output Voltage at 10mA Sinking current	$V_{ol}$	-	-	200	-	mV
Output Short Circuit Current. Output to $V_{CC}$ . Sink Current Only	$I_{os}$	-	-	35	70	mA

- 1) If the voltage on VCTRL (the negative input of the amplifier) is higher than the positive amplifier input ( $V_{ref} = 1.210\text{V}$ ), and it is increased by 1mV, the sinking current at the output OUT will be increased by 3.5mA.
- 2) The internal voltage reference is set at 1.210V (bandgap reference). The voltage control loop precision takes into account the cumulative effects of the internal voltage reference deviation as well as the input offset voltage of the trans-conductance operational amplifier. The internal voltage reference is fixed by bandgap, and trimmed to 0.5% accuracy at room temperature.
- 3) When the positive input at ICTRL is lower than -200mV, and the voltage is decreased by 1mV, the sinking current at the output OUT will be increased by 7mA.
- 4) The internal current sense threshold is set to -200mV. The current control loop precision takes into account the cumulative effects of the internal voltage reference deviation as well as the input offset voltage of the trans-conduction operational amplifier.

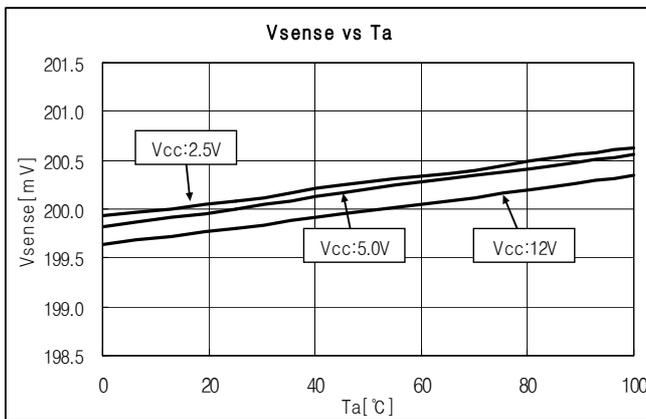
**Fig.1 Supply current vs Ambient Temperature**



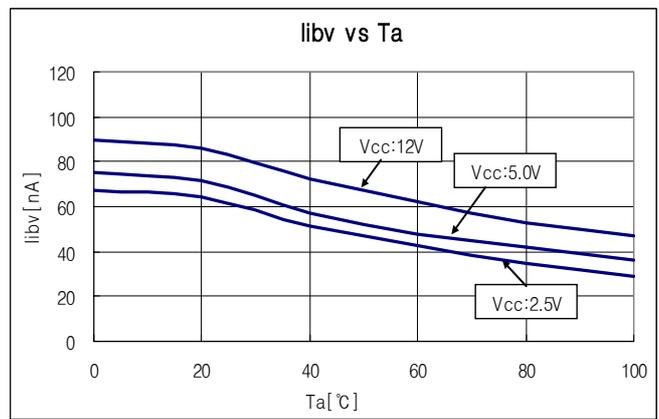
**Fig.2 Vref vs Ambient Temperature**



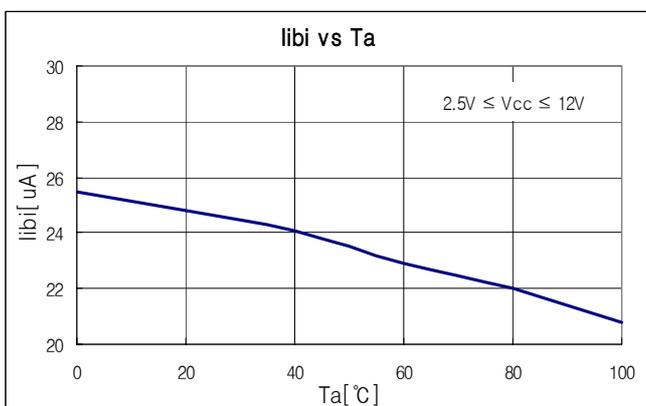
**Fig.3 Vsense vs Ambient Temperature**



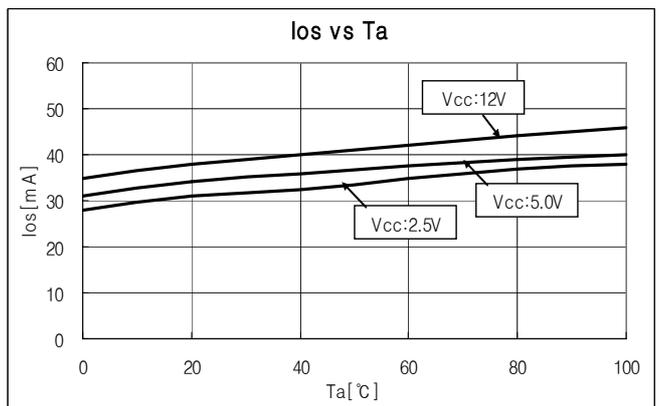
**Fig.4 Vsense pin input bias current vs Ambient Temperature**



**Fig.5 Ictrl pin input bias current vs Ambient Temperature**



**Fig.6 Output Short circuit current vs Ambient Temperature**



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