

**SG -206**

The SG -206 photointerrupter high -performance standard type, combines high -output GaAs IRED with high sensitive phototransistor.

**FEATURES**

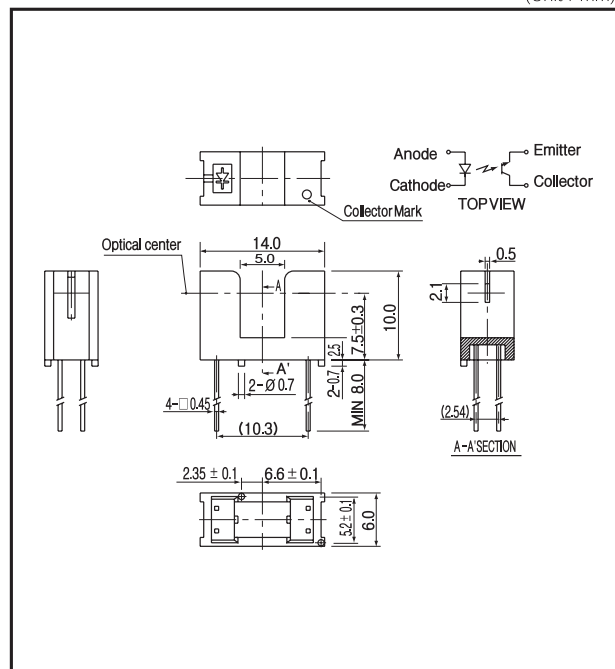
- High performance
- High -speed response
- 5mm gap.
- Widely applicable

**APPLI CATIONS**

- Tape -end sensors
- Timing sensors
- Edge sensors
- Copiers

**DI MENS IONS**

(Unit : mm)



**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Input	Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	100	mW
	Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
	Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	60	mA
	Pulse forward current <sup>*1</sup>	I <sub>FP</sub>	1	A
Output	Collector power dissipation	P <sub>C</sub>	100	mW
	Collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	40	mA
	C -E voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	30	V
	E -C voltage	V <sub>ECO</sub>	5	V
Operating temp.	T <sub>opr.</sub>	-20~+85	°C	
Storage temp.	T <sub>stg.</sub>	-30~+85	°C	
Soldering temp. <sup>*2</sup>	T <sub>sol.</sub>	240	°C	

\*1. t<sub>w</sub> ≤ 100μsec.period : T=10msec.

\*2. For MAX. 5 seconds at the position of 2mm from the package

**ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

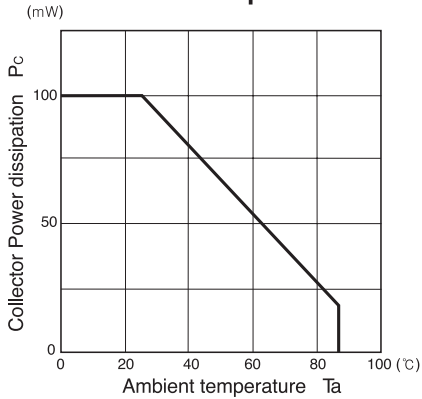
(Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit.
Input	Forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> =30mA		1.2	1.5	V
	Reverse current	V <sub>R</sub> =5V			10	μA
	Capacitance	V=0, f=1KHz		25		pF
	Peak wavelength			940		nm
Output	Collector dark current	V <sub>CE</sub> =10V			0.1	μA
Light current		V <sub>CE</sub> =5V, I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	0.5			mA
C -E saturation voltage		I <sub>F</sub> =30mA, I <sub>C</sub> =0.1mA			0.4	V
Switching speeds	Rise time	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>F</sub> =2mA		5		μsec.
	Fall time	R <sub>L</sub> =100Ω		5		μsec.

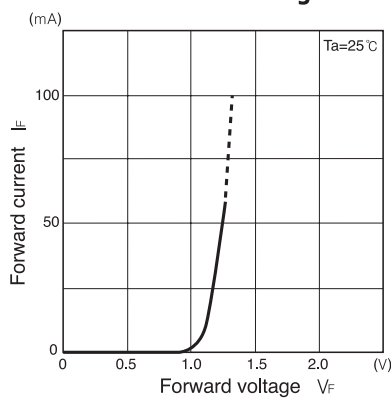
Photo interrupters(Transmissive)

**SG - 206**

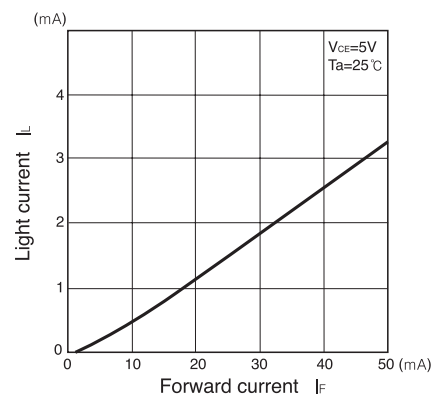
**Collector power dissipation Vs. Ambient temperature**



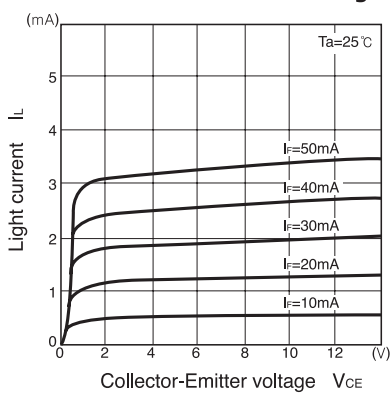
**Forward current Vs. Forward voltage**



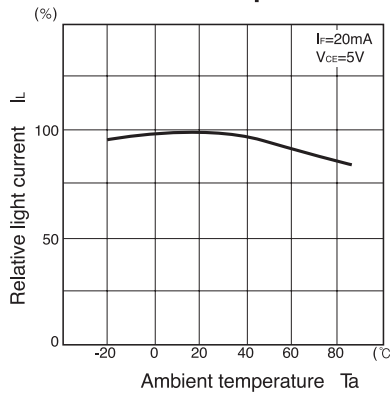
**Light current Vs. Forward current**



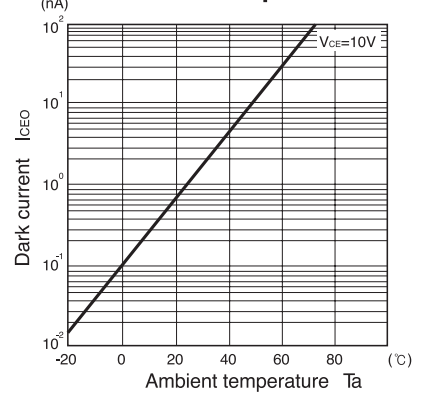
**Light current Vs. Collector-Emitter voltage**



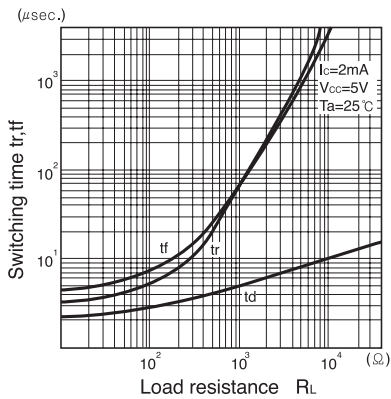
**Relative light current Vs. Ambient temperature**



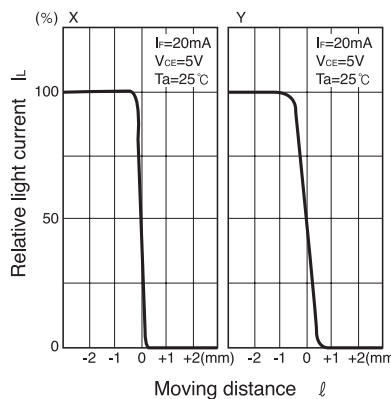
**Dark current Vs. Ambient temperature**



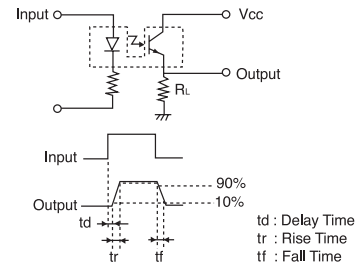
**Switching time Vs. Load resistance**



**Relative light current Vs. Moving distance**



**Switching time measurement circuit**



**Method of measuring position characteristic**

