

## **Current Transducer HOP 2000-SB/SP1**

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).









# $I_{PN} = 2000 A$



## **Electrical data**

I <sub>PN</sub>	Primary nominal current rms	2000	Α
I <sub>PM</sub>	Primary current, measuring range	± 3000	Α
<b>V</b> <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage (Analog)	± 4	V
R,	Load resistance	> 10	kΩ
<b>V</b> _C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)	± 12 15	V
I <sub>c</sub>	Current consumption (max)	20	mA

## **Accuracy - Dynamic performance data**

X	Accuracy <sup>1)</sup> @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , @ ± 12 15 V (± 5 %)	≤ ± 2		%
$\mathcal{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	Linearity error	≤ ± 1		%
		Тур	Max	
$\mathbf{V}_{OE}$	Electrical offset voltage @ $I_P = 0$ , $T_A = 25$ °C	± 10	± 20	mV
<b>V</b> <sub>OM</sub>	Magnetic offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$ and specified $R_M$ ,			
	after an overload of 3 x I <sub>PN</sub>	± 10	± 20	mV
$V_{\text{OT}}$	Temperature variation of <b>V</b> <sub>o</sub> - 10°C + 70°C	± 15	± 30	mV
$TCE_{G}$	Thermal drift of the gain, $T_A = -10 + 70$ °C	± 15	± 30	mV
t,	Response time to 90 % of I <sub>PN</sub> step	< 10		μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	50		A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC 4	4	kHz

## **General data**

T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient operating temperature	- 10 + 70	°C
T <sub>s</sub>	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 + 85	°C
m	Mass	820	g
	Standard	EN 50178	

#### **Features**

- Open loop Hall effect transducer
- Busbar mounting or panel mounting
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

## **Advantages**

- · Low power consumption
- · Split core easy for mounting
- High isolation between the primary and the secondary circuits
- Through-hole, no insertion losses.

## **Applications**

- Power supplies for TELECOM (monitoring and measuring)
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Chooper
- Electrical chemistry
- Battery supplied applications
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS).

## **Application domain**

Industrial.

Note: 1) Execludes the electrical offset.



## **Current Transducer HOP 2000-SB/SP1**

Isc	plation characteristics		
<b>V</b> <sub>d</sub>	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3	kV
$\mathbf{V}_{d}$ $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{w}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	> 6	kV
V <sub>e</sub>	Partial discharge extinction voltage rms	> 1.5	kV
10	O	Min	
dCp	Creepage distance 1)	21	mm
dCl	Clearance distance 2)	15.9	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group IIIa)	250	

## **Applications examples**

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCl, $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{\mathrm{w}}$	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	1000 V	1000 V
Reinforced isolation	500 V	500 V

Notes: 1) On housing from pin to primary hole.

## **Safety**



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

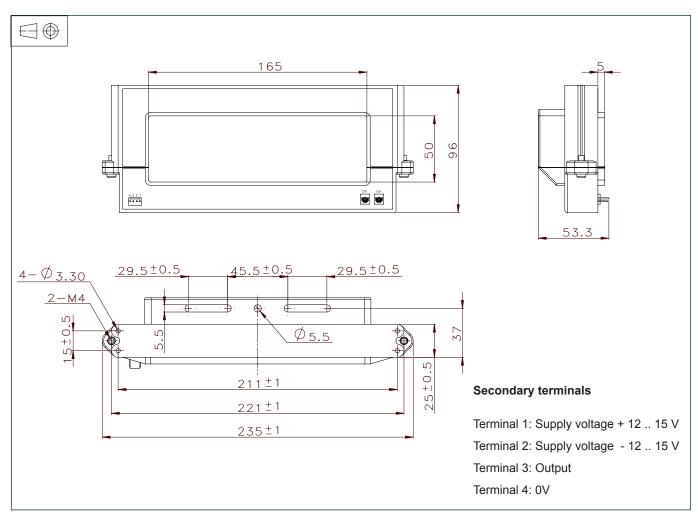
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup>On housing from pin to primary hole.



## Dimensions HOP 2000-SB/SP1 (in mm.)



### **Mechanical characteristics**

General tolerance ± 1 mm
 Primary aperture 165 x 50 mm
 Busbar fastening 1 hole Ø 5.5 mm and 2 slots 5.5 x 29.5 mm

Panel mounting 4 holes Ø 3.3 mm
Distance between holes axes 15 x 211 mm
For panel mounting, use M4 screws (not supplied) with appropriate length to panel's thickness, and recommended fastening torque 0.8Nm ±20%

Connection of secondary
 MOLEX 5045-04/AG

## **Remarks**

- $\mathbf{V}_{\text{OUT}}$  is positive when  $\mathbf{I}_{\text{P}}$  flows in the direction of the arrow.
- The return busbar and primary conductor elbow must be located at least at 2.5 x window length more far away from the transducer case.
- Temperature of the primary busbar cannot exceed 90°C.
- Dynamic performances are best with a primary busbar completely filling the primary aperture.