# Energy Management Modular Smart Power Quality Analyzer Type WM3-96





- Display refresh time: 100 msec @ 50 Hz
- Harmonic distorsion analysis (FFT) up to 50th harmonic with both graph and numerical indication (of current and voltage)
- Harmonics source detection
- Optional RS232 + real time clock function with data logging of alarm and MIN/MAX events, monthly energy metering recording

- Class 0.5 (current/voltage)
- 32-bit µP-based modular smart power quality analyzer
- Graph display (128x64 dots)
- Front size: 96x96 mm
- Measurements of single phase and system variables: W, Wdmd, var, VA, VAdmd, PF, PFavg, V, A, An dmd (for all of them max. and min. values). Energies: kWh and kvarh on 4 quadrants.
- Neutral current measurement
- TRMS measurement of distorted waves (voltage/current)
- Current and voltage inputs with autoranging capability
- 4x4-dgt instantaneous variable read-out
- 4x9-dgt total energies read-out
- 4x6-dgt partial energies read-out
- 48 independent energy meters to be used as single, dual, multi-time energy management
- Degree of protection (front): IP 65
- Up to 4 optional alarm setpoints
- Up to 4 optional pulse outputs
- Up to 4 optional analogue outputs
- Optional serial RS 422/485 output
- Universal power supply: 18 to 60VAC/DC 90 to 260 VAC/DC
- MODBUS RTU, JBUS, (N2 METASYS protocols on request)

## Product Description

32-bit µP-based smart power quality analizer with a built-in configuration key-pad.

The housing is for panel mounting and ensures a degree of protection (front) of IP 65. The instrument is particularly indicated for those application where there is the need to control the power supply quality. The variables being displayed are more than 400.

# Ordering Key WM3-96AV53HXXXXXXXXX Range code

## System Power supply -Slot A Slot B Slot C Slot D **Options**

## Type Selection

#### Range code AV5: XX: 240/415 VAC -None A1: Single analogue output, 1/5 AAC 20mADC (standard) (max. 300 V (L-N)/ A2: 520 V (L-L) - 6 A)

(standard) AV7: 400/690VAC -1/5 AAC

(max. 480V (L-N) / 830 V (L-L) / 6 A<sup>(1)</sup>

#### **System**

3. One phase, threephase system 3 or 4 wires, balanced load) Three phase system (3 or 4 wires, unbalanced load)

## Power supply

18 to 60VAC/DC 1) H: 90 to 260VAC/DC

1)On request

#### Slot A (signal retransmission)

Single analogue output, ±5mADC

A3: Single analogue output, ±10mADC

Single analogue output, ±20mADC 1) Δ4: B1:

Dual analogue output, 20mADC (standard) Dual analogue output, ±5mADC <sup>1)</sup> **B2**:

Dual analogue output, ±10mADC 1) **B3**:

Dual analogue output, ±20mADC 1) **B4**: V1: Single analogue output,

10VDC (standard) Single analogue output, ±1VDC 1) V2:

V3: Single analogue output, ±5VDC 1)

Single analogue output, ±10VDC 1) V4: W1:

Dual analogue output, 10VDC (standard) W2: Dual analogue output,

W3: Dual analogue output, ±5VDC 1) Dual analogue output, ±10VDC 1)

## Slot B (signal retransmission)

XX:	None	
B1:	Dual analogue	
	20mADC (stand	
DO.	Dual analagua a	+ +

Dual analogue output, ±5mADC 1) Dual analogue output, ±10mADC 1) **B3**:

Dual analogue output, ±20mADC 1) B4:

W1: Dual analogue output, 10VDC (standard) W2: Dual analogue output, ±1VDC

Dual analogue output, W3: ±5VDC

Dual analogue output, ±10VDC <sup>1)</sup> Serial port, W4:

RS485 multidrop, bidirectional 1)

### Note:

Slot A + Slot B Max 4 analogue outputs

Slot C + Slot D max 4 digital outputs

## Slot C (alarm or pulse out)

XX:	None
, R1:	Single relay output,
	(AC1-8AAC, 250VAC) 1)
R2:	Dual relay output,
	(AC1-8AAC, 250VAC) 1)
01:	Single open collector
	output (30V/100mADC) 1)
02:	Dual open collector out-
	put (30V/100mADC) 1)
D1:	3 digital inputs 1)

#### Slot D (alarm or pulse out)

XX:	None
R2:	Dual relay output,
	(AC1-8AAC, 250VAC) 1)
02:	Dual open collector out
	put (30V/100mADC) 1)
04:	4 open collector out
	puts (30V/100mADC) 1)

#### **Options**

X: S: None Serial RS232 + RTC N: With N2 Metasys protocol options: S+N



# Input Specifications

Number of inputs		Magnetic field	≤ 0.5%RDG, @ 400 A/m
Current	2 (system: single phase)	Temperature drift	≤200ppm/°C
Voltago	6 (system: 3-phase)	Sampling rate	6400 samples/s @ 50Hz
Voltage Digital	2 (system: single phase 4 (system: 3-phase) 3 free of voltage contacts for Wdmd, VAdmd, An dmd, PFavg synchronization Reading voltage/current: 17.5 to 25VDC/<8mA	Display	Graph LCD, 128x64pixel, back-lighted. Selectable read-out for the instantaneous variables: 4x4-dgt or 4x3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> -dgt Total Energies: 4x9-dgt; Partial: 4x6-dgt
<b>Accuracy</b> (display, RS232, RS485) Current (A <sub>L1</sub> , A <sub>L2</sub> , A <sub>L3</sub> )	In: 5A, If.s.: 6A, start-up I: 15mA ±0.5% RDG (0.2 to1.2 In) ±5mA (0.02 to 0.2 In)	Max. and min. indication	Max. 9999 (999,999,999), Min9999 (–999,999,999)
Current (A <sub>n</sub> )	±1% RDG (0.2 to 1.2 ln)	Measurements	Current, voltage, power,
,	@ 40 to 100 Hz		energy, harmonic distortion
Voltage AV5 range:	±0.5% RDG (48 to 300 V <sub>L-N</sub> ) ±1% RDG (84 to 519 V <sub>L-L</sub> )		(see "Display pages" table). TRMS measurement of a distorted wave (voltage/current).
AV7 range:	±0.5% RDG (80 to 480 V <sub>L-N</sub> ) ±1% RDG (139 to 830 V <sub>L-L</sub> ) includes also: frequency, power supply		Coupling type: Direct Crest factor: ≤3 (max. 15Ap/500Vp (V L-N) or 15Ap/800Vp (V L-N)
Frequency	and output load influences ±0.1% RDG (40 to 440 Hz)	Ranges (impedances)	
Active power	10.170 1100 (40 to 440 112)	AV5	58/100 V (>500 kΩ) -
(@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	±0.5% (RDG + FS) (PF 0.5 L/C, 0.1 to 1.2 ln, AV5 range) or ±1% RDG (PF 0.5 L/C, 0.1 to 1.2 ln, AV5 range)		1 AAC ( $\leq$ 0.3 VA) 58/100 V (>500 kΩ) - 5 AAC ( $\leq$ 0.3 VA) 240/415 V (>500 kΩ) -
Reactive power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	±0.5% (RDG + FS) (PF 0.5 L/C, 0.1 to 1.2 In, AV5 range) or ±1% RDG (PF 0.5 L/C, 0.1 to 1.2 In, AV5 range)	AV7	1 AAC ( $\leq$ 0.3 VA) 240/415 V ( $>$ 500 kΩ) - 5 AAC ( $\leq$ 0.3 VA) 100/170 V (( $>$ 500 kΩ) 1 AAC ( $\leq$ 0.3 VA) 100/170 V ( $>$ 500 kΩ) -
Apparent power (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)  Energies	±0.5% (RDG + FS) (0.1 to 1.2 ln, AV5 range) or ±1% RDG (0.1 to 1.2 ln, AV5 range)		5 AAC (≤ 0.3 VA) 400/690 V (>500 kΩ) - 1 AAC (≤ 0.3 VA) 400/690 V (>500 kΩ) - 5 AAC (≤ 0.3 VA)
(@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	Active: class 1 according to	Frequency range	40 to 440 Hz
Harmonic distorsion (@ 25°C ± 5°C, R.H. ≤ 60%)	EN61036 Reactive: class 2 according to EN61268 lb: 5A, lmax: 6A 0.1lb: 500mA Start up current: 20mA Un: 240V (AV5), 400V (AV7) 1% FS (FS: 100%) phase: ±2°; lmin: 0.1Arms; lmax: 15Ap; Umin: 50Vrms;	Over-load protection Continuous: voltage/current  For 1 s     AV5     AV7  Keypad	AV5: 300 V <sub>LN</sub> /520 V <sub>LL</sub> /6A AV7: 480 V <sub>LN</sub> /830 V <sub>LL</sub> /6A 600 V <sub>LN</sub> /1040 V <sub>LL</sub> /120A 960 V <sub>LN</sub> /1660 V <sub>LL</sub> /120A 4 keys: "S" for enter programming phase and password confir-
Additional errors	Umax: 500Vp Sampling frequency 6400 samples/s @ 50Hz		mation, "UP" and "DOWN" for value programming/function selection, page scrolling "F" for special functions
Humidity Input frequency	≤ 0.3%RDG, 60% to 90% R.H. ≤ 0.4%RDG, 62 to 400 Hz		

# **Output Specifications**

Analogue outputs (on request)		
Number of outputs	Up to 4 (on request)	0 to ±10 mADC,
Accuracy	±0.2% FS	0 to ±5 mADC
, 10001.000	(@ 25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	0 to 10 VDC,
Range	0 to 20 mADC.	0 to ±10 VDC
range	0 to ±20 mADC	0 to ±5 VDC
	U IU ±20 MADC	0 to ±1 VDC



# Output Specifications (cont.)

Scaling factor	Programmable within the whole range of retransmission; it allows the retransmission management of all values from:  0 to 20 mADC, 0 to ±20 mADC 0 to ±10 mADC, 0 to ±5 mADC 0 to 10 VDC, 0 to ±10 VDC 0 to ±5 VDC	Connections Data format  Baud-rate Protocol Other data  Digital outputs (on request)	3 wires, max. distance 15m, 1-start bit, 8-data bit, no parity, 1-stop bit 9600 bauds MODBUS (JBUS) as for RS422/485  Up to 4 outputs (combination of alarms and pulse outputs) The working of the outputs: pulse or alarm or both of them is fully programmable
Variables to be retransmitted	0 to ±1 VDC All (see table"List of the variables		and is independent from the chosen output module. Out-
Response time	that can be connected to:") ≤ 200 ms typical		puts remotely controlled by the serial communication port
Ripple  Temperature drift Load: 20 mA output ±20 mA output ±10 mA output ± 5 mA output	(filter excluded, FFT excluded 3 1/2 dgt indication) $\leq$ 1% according to IEC 60688-1 and EN 60688-1 200 ppm/°C $\leq$ 600 $\Omega$ $\leq$ 550 $\Omega$ $\leq$ 1100 $\Omega$ $\leq$ 2200 $\Omega$	Pulse outputs (on request) Number of outputs Type	Up to 4, independent From 1 to 1000 programmable pulses for K-M-G Wh, K-M-G varh, open collector (NPN transistor) V <sub>ON</sub> 1.2 VDC/ max. 100 mA V <sub>OFF</sub> 30 VDC max. Outputs connectable to total
10 V output ±10 V output	$\geq$ 10 k $\Omega$ $\geq$ 10 k $\Omega$	Pulse duration	and partial energy meters 220 ms (ON), ≥ 220 ms (OFF)
± 5 V output ± 1 V output Insulation	$\geq$ 10 kΩ $\geq$ 10 kΩ $\geq$ 10 kΩ By means of optocouplers, 4000V <sub>RMS</sub> output to	Insulation	According to DIN43864 By means of optocouplers, 4000 V <sub>rms</sub> output to measuring input, 4000V <sub>rms</sub> output to supply input.
	measuring input 4000V <sub>RMS</sub> output to supply input	Note	The outputs can be either open collector type or relay
RS422/RS485 output (on request)	Multidrop bidirectional (static and		type (for this latter one see the characteristics men- tioned in the ALARMS).
Connections	dynamic variables) 4 wires, max. distance 1200m, termination directly on the module	Alarms outputs (on request) Number of setpoints Alarm type	Up to 4, independent Up alarm, down alarm, up alarm with latch, down alarm
Addresses Protocol	1 to 255, selectable by key-pad MODBUS RTU /JBUS, (N2 METASYS on request)	Variables to be controlled	with latch, phase assymetry, phase loss, neutral loss All (see table"List of the variables
Data (bidirectional)  Dynamic (reading only)	All display variables (see also the table, "List of the variables	Setpoint adjustment Hysteresis	that can be connected to:") 0 to 100% of the electrical scale 0 to 100% of the electrical scale
Static (writing only)	that can be connected to") All configuration parameters, reset of energy, activation of digital output Stored energy (EEPROM) max, 999,999,999 kWh/kyarh	On-time delay Relay status Output type	0 to 255 s Selectable, Normally de- energized, normally energized Relay, SPDT AC 1-8A, 250VAC
Data format	1-start bit, 8-data bit, no parity/even parity, odd parity, 1 stop bit		DC 12-5A, 24VDC AC 15-2.5A, 250VAC DC 13-2.5A, 24VDC
Baud-rate	1200, 2400, 4800 and 9600 selectable bauds	Min. response time	≤ 150 ms, filter excluded, FFT excluded,
Insulation	By means of optocouplers, 4000 V <sub>RMS</sub> output to measuring inputs 4000 V <sub>RMS</sub> output to	Insulation	setpoint on-time delay: "0s" 4000 V <sub>RMS</sub> output to measuring input, 4000V <sub>RMS</sub> output to supply input
RS232 output (on request)	supply input  Bidirectional (static and dynamic variables)	Note	The outputs can be either relay type or open collector type (for this latter one, see the characteristics mentioned in the PULSE OUTPUTS).



## **Software Functions**

Password  1st level	Numeric code of max. 3 digits; 2 protection levels of the programming data Password "0", no protection	Filter action	Display, alarm, analogue and serial outputs (fundamental variables: V, A, W and their derived ones)
2nd level	Password from 1 to 499, all data are protected	Event logging	Only with RS232 + RTC module. The alarms max/min
Transformer ratio	For CT up to 30000 A, For VT up to 600 kV		values will be stored with time (hh:mm:ss) and date
Scaling factor			(dd:mm:yy) references
Operating mode	Electrical scale: compression/		Max. capacity: 480 events
Electrical range	expansion of the input scale to be connected to up to 4 analogue outputs.  Programmable within the	Page Variables	Max. 4/page, one freely prog. page + 26 variable pages + according to the kind of period selection: up to 12
	whole measuring range		energy meter pages.
Filter Filter operating range Filtering coefficient	0 to 99.9% of the input electrical scale 1 to 255	Display language	English, Italian, French, German, Spanish

# Supply Specifications

AC/DC voltage	90 to 260VAC/DC (standard), 18 to 60VAC/DC (on request),	Power consumption	≤ 30VA/12W (90to 260V) ≤ 20VA/12W (18 to 60V)
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# **General Specifications**

Operating temperature	0 to +50°C (32 to 122°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing)	Product requirements	Energy measurements: EN61036, EN61268. DIN43864
Storage temperature	-10 to +60°C (14 to 140°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing)	Pulse output: Approvals	CE, UL, CSA
Insulation reference voltage	300 V <sub>RMS</sub> to ground (AV5 input)		,
Insulation	4000 V <sub>RMS</sub> between all inputs/outputs to ground	Connector	Screw-type, max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> wires x 2
Dielectric strength	4000 V <sub>RMS</sub> for 1 minute	Housing	
Noise rejection CMRR	100 dB, 48 to 62 Hz	Dimensions Material	96x96x140 mm ABS, self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
EMC	EN 50081-2, EN 50082-2	Degree of protection	Front: IP65, NEMA4x, NEMA12
Other standards Safety requirements: Product requirements:	IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1 IEC 60688-1, EN 60688-1	Weight	Approx. 600 g (packing included)

# CARLO GAVAZZI

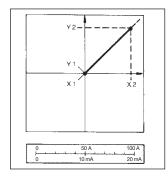
## **Function Description**

#### Input and output scaling capability

Working of the analogue outputs (y) versus input variables (x)

#### Figure A

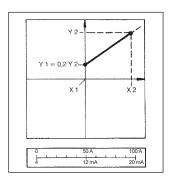
The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. The output quantity is proportional to the measured quantity.



#### Figure D

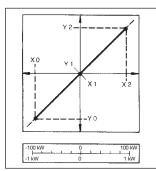
The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. With the measured quantity being zero, the output quantity already has the value Y1 = 0.2 Y2.

Live zero output.



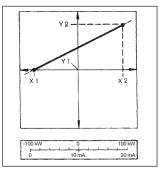
#### Figure B

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity changes simultaneously. The output quantity is proportional to the measured quantity.



#### Figure E

The sign of the measured quantity changes but that of the output quantity remains the same. The output quantity steadily increases from value X1 to value X2 of the measured quantity.



#### Figure C

The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. On the range X0...X1, the output quantity is zero. The range X1...X2 is delineated on the entire output range Y0 = Y1...Y2 and thus presented in strongly expanded form.

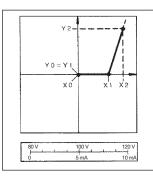
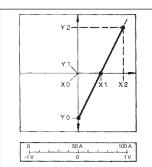


Figure F

The sign of the measured quantity remains the same, that of the output quantity changes as the measured quantity leaves range X0...X1 and passes to range X1...X2 and vice versa.



## **Mode of Operation**

#### Waveform of the signals that can be measured

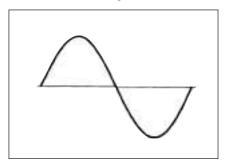


Figure G Sine wave, undistorted

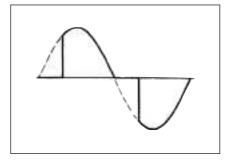


Figure H Sine wave, indented

Fundamental content 10...100% Harmonic content 0...90% Frequency spectrum 3rd to 50th harmonic

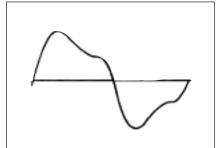


Figure I Sine wave, distorted

Fundamental content 70...90% Harmonic content 10...30% Frequency spectrum 3rd to 50th harmonic



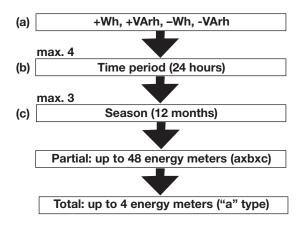
## Harmonic distortion analysis

Analysis principle Harmonic measurement	FFT		wires the angle cannot be measured.
Current Voltage	Up to 50th harmonic Up to 50th harmonic	Harmonic details	For every THD page it is possible to see the harmonic order.
Type of harmonics	THD (VL1) THD odd (VL1) THD even (VL1) and also for the other phases: L2, L3. THD (IL1) THD odd (IL1) THD even (IL1) and also for the other phases: L2, L3.	Display pages	The harmonics content is displayed as a graph showing the whole harmonic spectrum. The information is given also as numerical information: THD in % / RMS value THD odd in % / RMS value THD even in % / RMS value single harmonic in % / RMS
Harmonic phase angle	The instrument measures the angle between the single harmonic of "V" and the single harmonic of "I" of the same order. According to the value of the electrical angle, it is possible to know if the distortion is absorbed or generated. Note: if the system has 3	Others	The harmonic distortion can be measured in 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire systems. Tw: 0.02

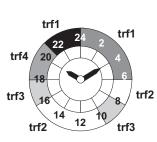
## Energy time period management

Time periods	Selectable: single time, dual time and multi-time
Single time Number of energy meters	Total: 4 (9-digit) (no partial meters)
<b>Dual time</b> Number of energy meters Time periods	Total: 4 (9-digit) Partial: 8 (6-digit) 2, programmable within 24 hours
Multi time Number of energy meters Time periods Time seasons	Total: 4 (9-digit) Partial: 48 (6-digit) 4, programmable within 24 hours 3, programmable within 12 months
Pulse outputs	Connectable to total and partial energy meters (Single time, dual time, multi time periods)
Energy metering recording	Energy consumption story, recording of energy metering by months, oldest data: 2 months before current month. Recording of total and partial energy metering

#### Management concept (multi-time)



## **Example of Multi-time energy metering**



		WINT	ER	
	trf	start	end	
	1	00:00	06:00	ΚIJ
	2	06:00	08:00	
	3	08:00	10:00	
	TAR	IFF	1	
		WINT	ER	
f2	trf	WINTE start	R end	
f2	trf 2			
f2		start	end	
f2	2	start 10:00	end 16:00	
f2	2	start 10:00 16:00	end 16:00 18:00	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \



## Display pages

Variables that can be displayed in case of a three-phase system, 4-wire connection.

No	1st variable	2nd variable	3rd variable	4th variable	Note	
	Selectable	Selectable	Selectable	Selectable		
1	V L1	V L2	V L3	V L-N sys	Sys = $\Sigma$	
2	V L1-2	V L2-3	V L3-1	V L-L sys	Sys = Σ	
3	A L1	A L2	A L3	A n		
4	W L1	W L2	W L3	W sys	Sys = $\Sigma$	
5	var L1	var L2	var L3	var sys	Sys = Σ	
6	VA L1	VA L2	VA L3	VA sys	Sys = Σ	
7	PF L1	PF L2	PF L3	PF sys		
8	V L1	A L1	PF L1	W L1		
9	V L2	A L2	PF L2	W L2		
10	V L3	A L3	PF L3	W L3		
11	V L-L sys	PF sys	var sys	W sys	Sys = $\Sigma$	
12	An	PF sys	Hz	W sys	Sys = Σ	
13	A n dmd	VA dmd	PF avg	W dmd	dmd=demand, avg=average	
14	(MAX1)	(MAX2)	(MAX3)	(MAX4)	The MAX value can be one of the	
15	(MAX5)	(MAX6)	(MAX7)	(MAX8)	above mentioned (No. 1 to No. 13)	
16	(MAX9)	(MAX10)	(MAX11)	(MAX12)	_	
17	(MIN1)	(MIN2)	(MIN3)	(MIN4)	The MIN value can be one of the	
18	(MIN5)	(MIN6)	(MIN7)	(MIN8)	above mentioned (No. 1 to No. 13)	
19	Histogram FFT V1 (THD, TADo, THDe, Single harmonic)			Only if analysis V1-A1 is activated		
20	Histogram FFT A1 (THD, TADo, THDe, Single harmonic)			Only if analysis V1-A1 is activated		
21	Histogram FFT V2 (THD, TADo, THDe, Single harmonic)			Only if analysis V2-A2 is activated		
22	Histogram FFT A2 (THD, TADo, THDe, Single harmonic)			Only if analysis V2-A2 is activated		
23	Histogram FFT V3 (THD, TADo, THDe, Single harmonic)			Only if analysis V3-A3 is activated		
24	Histogram FFT A3 (THD, TADo, THDe, Single harmonic)			Only if analysis V3-A3 is activated		
25	KWh + TOT	KWh – TOT	Kvar+ TOT	Kvar-TOT		
26	KWh+	KWh-	Kvar+	Kvar-	Partial energy meters	

#### **Used Calculation Formulas**

# Formulas being used for single-phase measurements

Instantaneous effective voltage

$$V_{1N} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_{1N})_{i}^{2}}$$

Instantaneous active power

$$W_1 = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_{1N})_i \cdot (A_1)_i$$

Instantaneous power factor

$$\cos \phi_1 = \frac{W_1}{VA_1}$$

Instantaneous effective current

$$A_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\Pi} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (A_1)_i^2}$$

Instantaneous apparent power

$$VA_1 = V_{1N} \cdot A_1$$

Instantaneous reactive power

$$VAr_1 = \sqrt{(VA_1)^2 - (W_1)^2}$$

#### Formulas being used for 3-phase measurements

Equivalent three-phase voltage

$$V_{\Sigma} = \frac{V_{12} + V_{23} + V_{31}}{3}$$

Three-phase reactive power

$$VAr_{\Sigma} = (VAr_1 + VAr_2 + VAr_3)$$

Neutral current

$$An = \overline{A_{L1}} + \overline{A_{L2}} + \overline{A_{L3}}$$

Three-phase active power

$$W_r = W_1 + W_2 + W_3$$

Three-phase apparent power

$$VA_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{W_{\Sigma}^2 + VAr_{\Sigma}^2}$$

Equivalent three-phase power factor

$$\cos \phi_{\Sigma} = \frac{W_{\Sigma}}{VA_{\Sigma}}$$

Total harmonic distortion

$$THD_{i} = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{n,n\neq 1}}^{2}}{T_{i,i}}$$

Harmonic values:

THDi-THD of parameter T at phase i

Tn,i - value of parameter T at the n'th harmonic of phase i

## **Energy metering**

$$kWh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} P_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n_1}^{n_2} P_{n_i}$$

$$k \operatorname{Varh}_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} Q_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n_1}^{n_2} Q_{n,i}$$

 $kWh_i$  = total consumed active energy at phase i

kVArh<sub>i</sub> = total consumed reactive energy at phase i

P<sub>i</sub>(t) = total RMS active power at phase i of time t

Q<sub>i</sub>(t) = total RMS reactive power at phase i of time t

 $t_1$   $t_2$  = starting and ending time points of consumption recording

 $P_{n,i}$  = total RMS active power at phase i of discrete time n

 $Q_{n,i}$  = total RMS reactive power at phase i of discrete time n

 $\Delta t$  = time interval between two successive power consumptions

n1, n2 = starting and ending discrete time points of consumption recording



## List of the variables that can be connected to:

- max/min variable detection;
- analogue outputs;
- alarm outputs.

No	Variable	1-phase Sys.	3-ph. + N Bal. Sys.	3-ph. + N Unbal. Sys.	3-ph. Bal. Sys.	3-ph. Unbal. Sys.	Note
1	V L1	0	Х	Х	0	О	
2	V L2	0	х	Х	0	0	
3	V L3	0	Х	Х	0	0	
4	V L-N sys	0	Х	Х	0	0	Sys = $\Sigma$
5	V L1-2	X	х	Х	Х	х	
6	V L2-3	0	Х	X	Х	Х	
7	V L3-1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	
8	V L-L sys	0	Х	X	Х	X	Sys = $\Sigma$
9	A L1	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	
10	A L2	0	X	X	Х	Х	
11	A L3	0	Х	X	Х	Х	
12	An	0	X	X	0	0	Neutral current
13	W L1	X	Х	X	0	0	
14	W L2	0	Х	X	0	0	
15	W L3	0	Х	X	0	0	
16	W sys	0	Х	X	X	Х	Sys = $\Sigma$
17	var L1	X	Х	X	0	0	
18	var L2	0	Х	Х	0	0	
19	var L3	0	Х	Х	0	0	
20	var sys	0	Х	X	X	Х	Sys = $\Sigma$
21	VA L1	X	Х	Х	0	0	
22	VA L2	0	Х	Х	0	0	
23	VA L3	0	Х	Х	0	0	
24	VA sys	0	Х	X	X	Х	Sys = $\Sigma$
25	PF L1	X	Х	Х	0	0	
26	PF L2	0	Х	Х	0	0	
27	PF L3	0	Х	Х	0	0	
28	PF sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = $\Sigma$
29	Hz	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	
30	THD V1	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V1-A1 is activated
31	THDo V1	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V1-A1 is activated
32	THDe V1	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V1-A1 is activated
33	THD V2	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V2-A2 is activated
34	THDo V2	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V2-A2 is activated
35	THDe V2	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V2-A2 is activated
36	THD V3	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V3-A3 is activated
37	THDo V3	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V3-A3 is activated
38	THDe V3	0	Х	X	X	Х	if FFT V3-A3 is activated
39	THD A1	X	Х	Х	X	Х	if FFT V1-A1 is activated
40	THDo A1	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V1-A1 is activated
41	THDe A1	X	Х	X	X	Х	if FFT V1-A1 is activated
42	THD A2	0	Х	X	X	Х	if FFT V2-A2 is activated
43	THDo A2	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V2-A2 is activated
44	THDe A2	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	if FFT V2-A2 is activated
45	THD A3	0	Х	Х	X	Х	if FFT V3-A3 is activated
46	THDo A3	0	Х	Х	X	Х	if FFT V3-A3 is activated
47	THDe A3	0	Х	Х	X	Х	if FFT V3-A3 is activated
48	A n dmd	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Integration time programmable from 1 to 30 minutes
49	VA dmd	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Integration time prog. from 1 to 30 min.
50	PF avg	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Integration time prog. from 1 to 30 min.
51	W dmd	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Integration time prog. from 1 to 30 min.
52	ASY	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Integration time prog. from 1 to 30 min.

Note: (x) stands for an "available" variable, (o) stands for a "not-available" variable.



## The available modules

# The possible module combinations

Туре	N. of	Ordering	
3,60	channels	code	
WM3-96 base		AD 1016H	
WM3-96 N2 METASYS base		AD 1016HN2	
AV5.3 measuring inputs		AQ 1018	
AV7.3 measuring inputs		AQ 1019	
18-60VAC/DC power supply		AP1021	
90-260VAC/DC power supply		AP1020	
20mADC analogue output	1	AO1050	
10VDC analogue output	1	AO1051	
±5mADC analogue output	1	AO1052	
±10mADC analogue output	1	AO1053	
±20mADC analogue output	1	AO1054	
±1VDC analogue output	1	AO1055	
±5VDC analogue output	1	AO1056	
±10VDC analogue output	1	AO1057	
20mADC analogue output	2	AO1026	
10VDC analogue output	2	AO1027	
±5mADC analogue output	2 2	AO1028	
±10mADC analogue output		AO1029	
±20mADC analogue output	2 2	AO1030	
±1VDC analogue output	2	AO1031	
±5VDC analogue output	2	AO1032	
±10VDC analogue output	2	AO1033	
RS485 output	1	AR1034	
Relay output	1	AO1058	
Relay output	2	AO1035	
Open collector output	1	AO1059	
Open collector output	2	AO1036	
Open collector output	4	AO1037	
Digital inputs	3	AQ1038	
RS232 output + RTC (1)	1	AR1039	

Basic unit	Slot A	Slot B	Slot C	Slot D
Single analogue output	•			
Dual analogue output	•	•		
RS485 input/output		•		
Single relay output (*)			•	
Single open collector out (*)			•	
Dual relay output (*)			•	•
Dual open coll. out (*)			•	•
4 open coll. output (*)				•
3 digital inputs			•	
Basic unit	Slot E			
RS232 input/output + RTC	•			
4 open coll. output (*) 3 digital inputs Basic unit		Slo	• t E	•

(\*) alarm or pulse

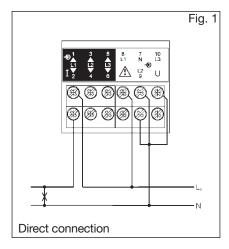


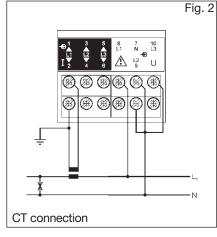
N2-Open Metasys protocol full compatibility (available on request).

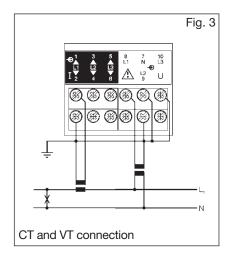
(1) The RS232 communication port works as alternative of the RS485 module.

## **Wiring Diagrams**

## Single phase input connections



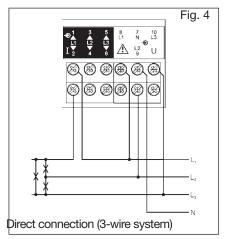


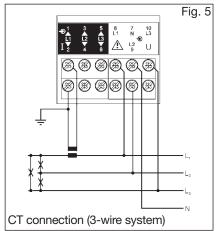


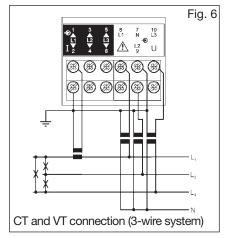


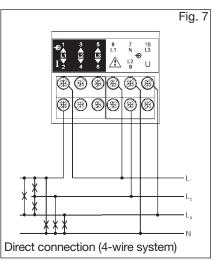
## Wiring Diagrams (cont.)

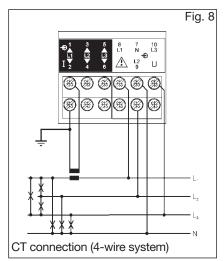
## Three-phase wire input connections - Balanced loads

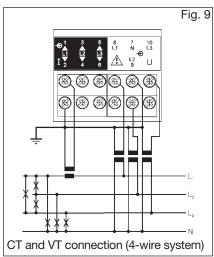




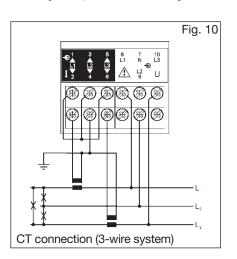


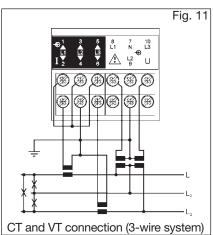




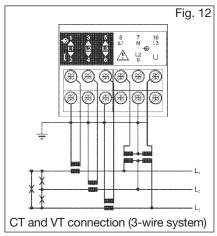


## Three-phase, 3-wire ARON input connections - Unbalanced loads





Three-phase, 3-wire input connections - Unbalanced loads

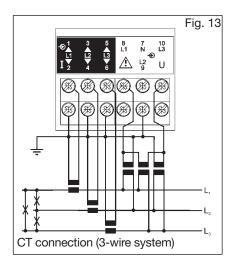


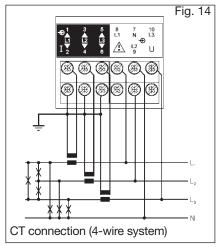


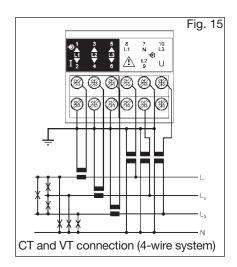
## Wiring Diagrams (cont.)

Three-phase three-wire input connections Unbalanced load

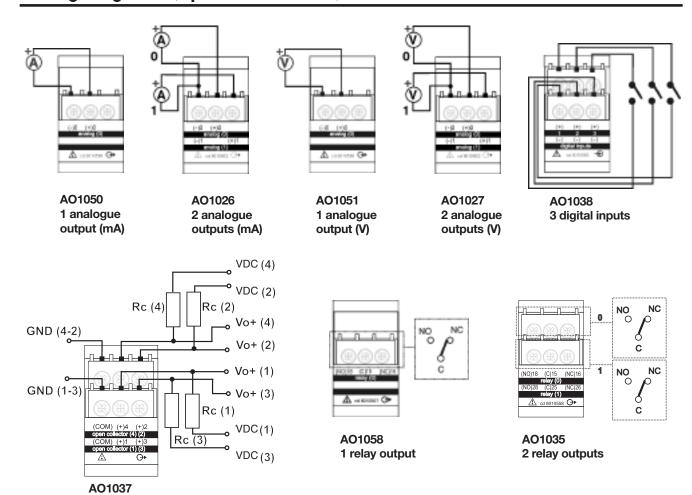
## Three-phase four-wire input connections - Unbalanced load







## Wiring diagrams (optional modules)

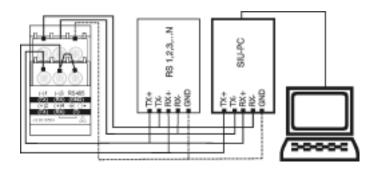


4 open collector outputs: The load resistance (Rc) must be designed so that the closed contact current is lower than 100mA; the VDC voltage must be lower than or equal to 30V.

VDC: power supply voltage output. Vo+: positive output contact (open collector transistor). GND: ground output contact (open collector transistor).

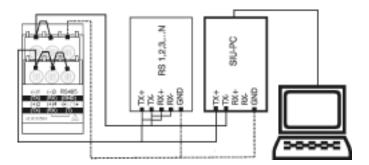


## Wiring diagrams (optional modules, cont.)



**RS422/485 4-wires connection:** additional devices provided with RS422/485 (that is RS 1, 2, 3...N) are connected in parallel.

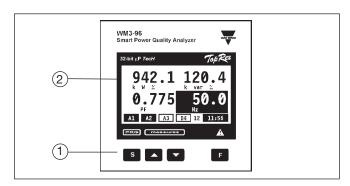
The termination of the serial output is carried out only on the last instrument of the network, by means of a jumper between (Rx+) and (T).



**RS422/485 2-wires connection:** additional devices provided with RS422/485 (that is RS 1, 2, 3...N) are connected in parallel.

The termination of the serial output is carried out only on the last instrument of the network, by means of a jumper between (Rx+) and (T).

## Front Panel Description



# - for value pr

- for value programming/function selection, page scrolling
- "F" for special functions

#### 2. Display

Istantaneous measurements:

- 4-digit (maximum read-out 9999) Energies:
- 9-digit (maximum read-out 99999999).

Alphanumeric indication by means of LCD display for:

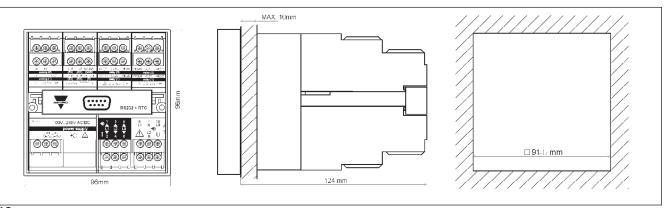
- Displaying the configuration parameters
- All the measured variables.

#### 1. Key-pad

Set-up and programming procedures are easily controlled by the 4 pushbuttons.

- "S" for enter programming phase and password confirmation,

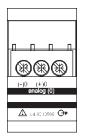
## **Dimensions**





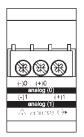
## Terminal boards

## Single analogue output modules



AO1050 (20mADC) AO1051 (10VDC) AO1052 (±5mADC) AO1053 (±10mADC) AO1054 (±20mADC) AO1055 (±1VDC) AO1056 (±5VDC) AO1057 (±10VDC)

#### **Dual analogue outputs**

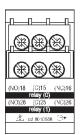


AO1026 (20mADC) AO1027 (10VDC) AO1028 (±5mADC) AO1029 (±10mADC) AO1030 (±20mADC) AO1031 (±1VDC) AO1032 (±5VDC) AO1033 (±10VDC)

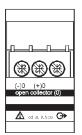
#### Digital output modules



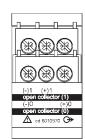
AO1058 Single relay output



AO1035 Dual relay output

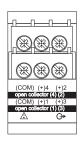


AO1059 Single open collector output

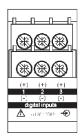


AO1036 Dual open collector output

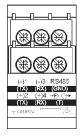
## Other input/output modules



AO1037 4 open collector outputs



AQ1038 3 Digital inputs

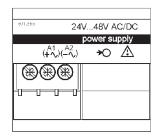


**AR1034** RS485 port

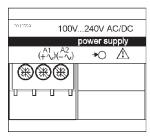


AR1039 RS232 port + RTC

#### Power supply modules



AP1021 18-60VAC/DC power supply



AP1020 90-260 VAC/DC power supply