

Part Number: L-7113SF7C

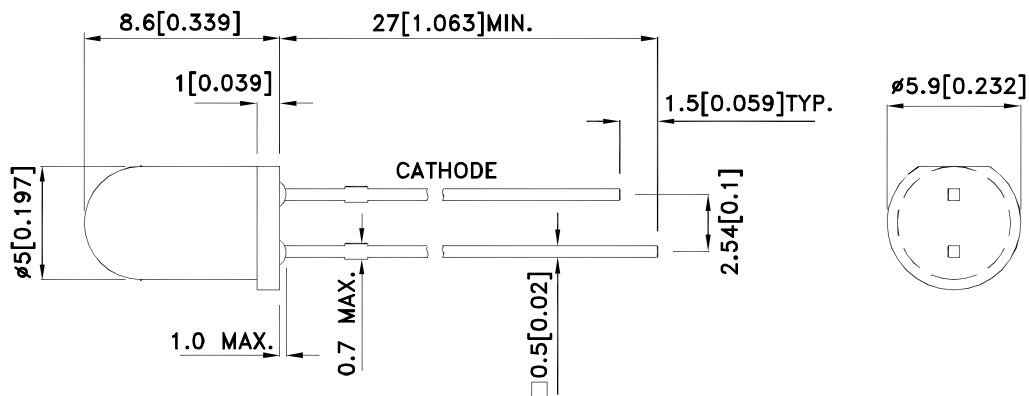
### Features

- Mechanically and spectrally matched to the phototransistor.
- RoHS compliant.

### Description

SF7 Made with Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Infrared Emitting diodes.

### Package Dimensions



#### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25 (0.01)$  unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.



## Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Po (mW/sr) [2] @ 20mA *50mA		Viewing Angle [1]
			Min.	Typ.	2θ1/2
L-7113SF7C	SF7 (GaAIAs)	Water Clear	15	40	20°
			*50	*100	

Notes:

1. θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
2. \* Luminous intensity with asterisk is measured at 50mA; Radiant Intensity/ luminous flux: +/-15%.

## Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	P/N	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Forward Voltage [1]	SF7	V <sub>F</sub>	1.4	1.6	V	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Reverse Current	SF7	I <sub>R</sub>		10	μA	V <sub>R</sub> = 5V
Capacitance	SF7	C	30		pF	V <sub>F</sub> =0V;f=1MHz
Peak Spectral Wavelength	SF7	λ <sub>P</sub>	850		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
Spectral Bandwidth	SF7	Δλ1/2	50		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA

Note:

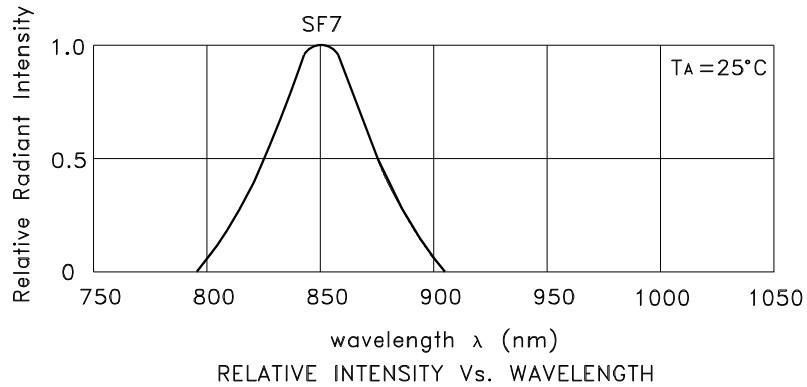
1. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

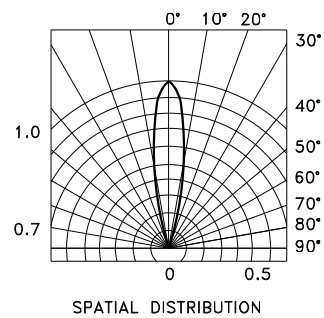
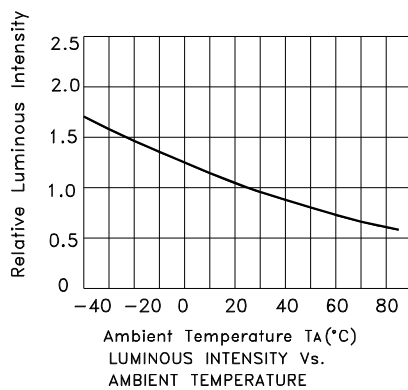
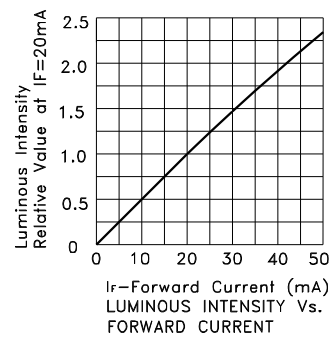
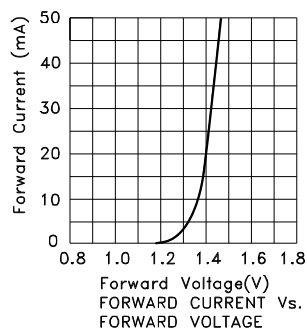
Parameter	Symbol	SF7	Units
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	80	mW
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	50	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	i <sub>FS</sub>	1	A
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40 To +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 To +85	°C
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds		
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds		

Notes:

1. 1/100 Duty Cycle, 10μs Pulse Width.
2. 2mm below package base.
3. 5mm below package base.

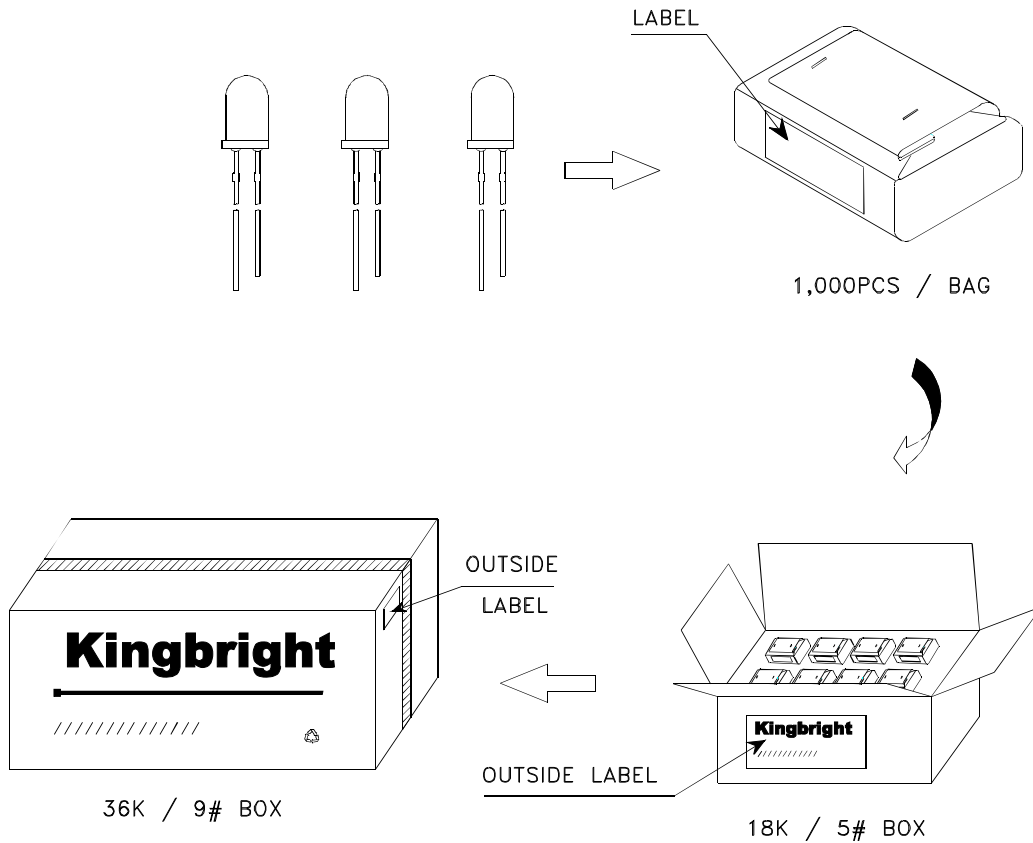



## L-7113SF7C



**PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS**

**L-7113SF7C**



<h1>Kingbright</h1>	
P/NO: L-7113xxx	
QTY: 1,000 pcs	Q.C. <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">Q C XX XX XXXX PASSED</span>
S/N: XXXX	
CODE: XXX	
LOT NO:	
 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
RoHS Compliant	

## LED MOUNTING METHOD

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures.

(Fig. 1)

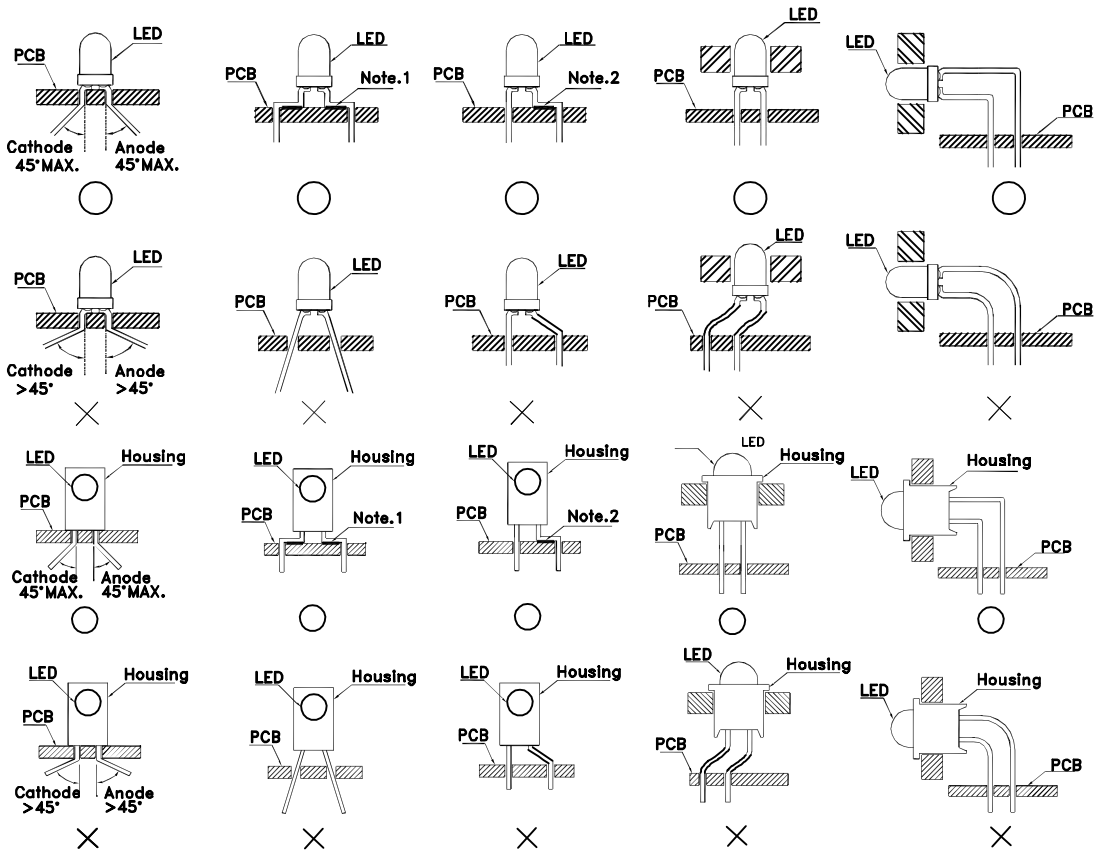


Fig.1

“O” Correct mounting method “X” Incorrect mounting method  
 Note 1-2 : Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit.  
 (Fig. 2)

3. Use stand-offs (Fig. 3) or spacers (Fig. 4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.

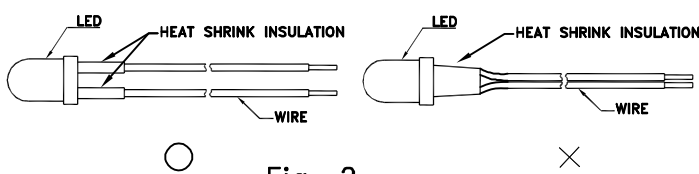


Fig. 2

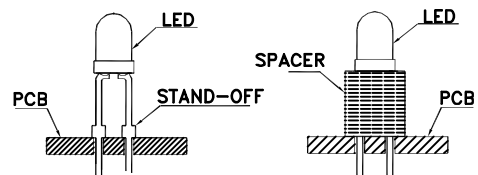
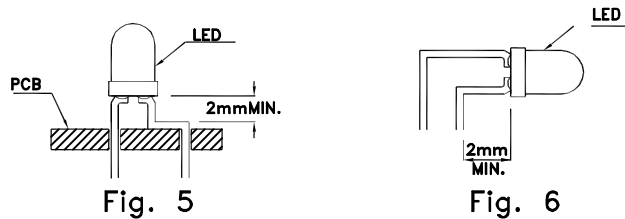


Fig. 3

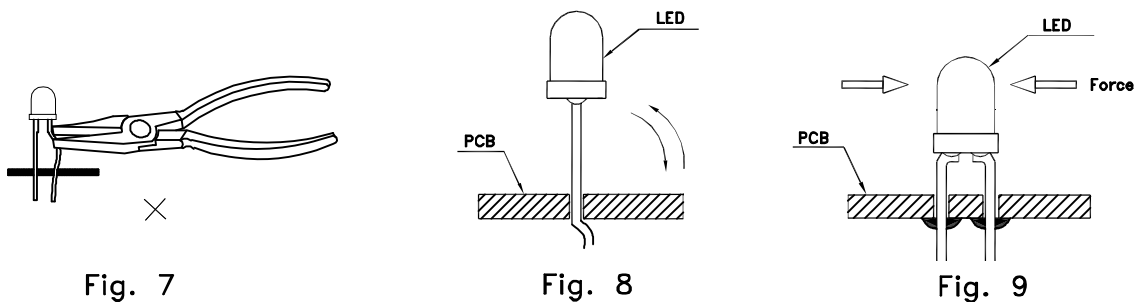
Fig. 4

## LEAD FORMING PROCEDURES

1. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)



2. Lead forming or bending must be performed before soldering, never during or after Soldering.
3. Do not stress the LED lens during lead-forming in order to fractures in the lens epoxy and damage the internal structures.
4. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)
5. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 8)
6. After soldering or other high-temperature assembly, allow the LED to cool down to 50°C before applying outside force (Fig. 9). In general, avoid placing excess force on the LED to avoid damage. For any questions please consult with Kingbright representative for proper handling procedures.



7. No stress shall be applied on the LED during soldering to prevent damage.

