



# Agilent U3606A Multimeter | DC Power Supply

## Data Sheet

The real two instruments in one box

### Features

- Two independent instruments in one box
- Nine basic measurements as well as 4-wire milliohm measurement and eight math functions
- Measurement speed: up to 37 readings/s
- Low error rate: up to 0.025% DCV accuracy
- 30-W dual-range power supply with remote sensing
- Excellent load regulation: up to 0.01%+3 mV
- OVP and OCP load protection
- Auto scan and ramp, and built-in 4.8 kHz square-wave generator
- USB-TMC488.2 and GPIB connectivity
- Kensington lock slot security



### Pick both

Digital multimeter (DMM) *and* power supply? Simultaneous *and* independent? Small *and* cost-effective? Get all this and more in the Agilent U3606A multimeter | DC power supply. This convenient new hybrid combines a 5½-digit DMM and 30-W dual-range supply in a single unit. Operating simultaneously and independently, the instruments provide efficient, affordable testing while saving space on the bench or in a rack.

### The 5.5-digit DMM

The 5.5-digit DMM includes nine essential multimeter capabilities as well as 4-wire milliohm measurement and eight built-in math functions. The DMM also provides a fast measurement speed of up to 37 readings/s, and a low error rate of up to 0.025% DCV accuracy.

### Physical security and seamless system integration

Instruments may be at risk of theft or misplacement when left unattended on the bench. With the hybrid multimeter's rear Kensington lock slot, you can secure your instrument and be assured that it is where you expect it to be for your continued testing the next day. The rackmountable U3606A also enables seamless integration into your system via popular GPIB and USB-TMC488.2 interfaces, programmable with standard SCPI commands.



**Agilent Technologies**

# The 30-W DC power supply

The 30-W DC power supply provides a dual-range output of 30 V/1 A and 8 V/3 A, with an excellent load regulation of up to 0.01%+3 mV. The power supply adds overvoltage and overcurrent load protection (OVP and OCP), a built-in square-wave generator, and auto scan and ramp for multi-level DC bias testing. Remote sensing capability further ensures accurate supply of power at load end.

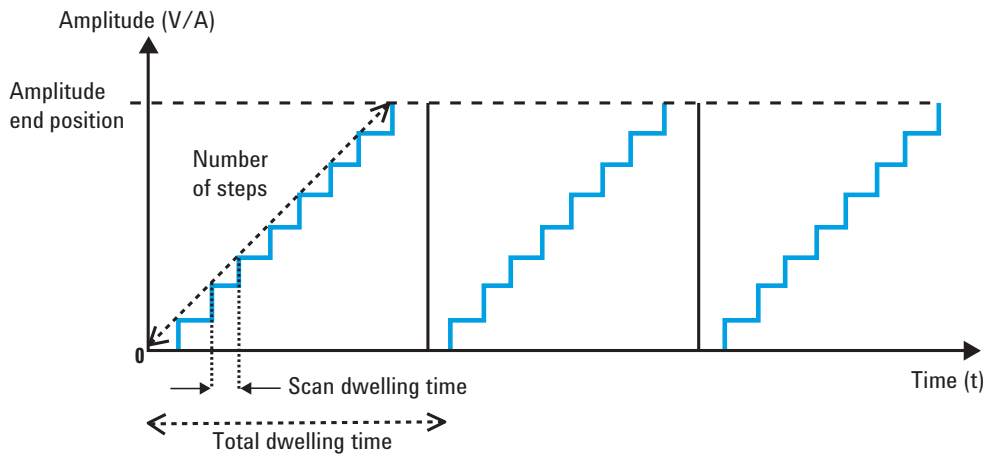
## Square-wave generator

Square-wave output is a unique function for many applications, such as pulse-width modulation (PWM) output, adjustable voltage control, and synchronous clock (baud rate generator). You can also use this function to check and calibrate flow-meter displays, counters, tachometers, oscilloscopes, frequency converters, frequency transmitters, and other frequency input devices. The U3606A's square-wave output provides selectable frequencies up to 4.8 kHz with variable duty cycles and amplitudes.

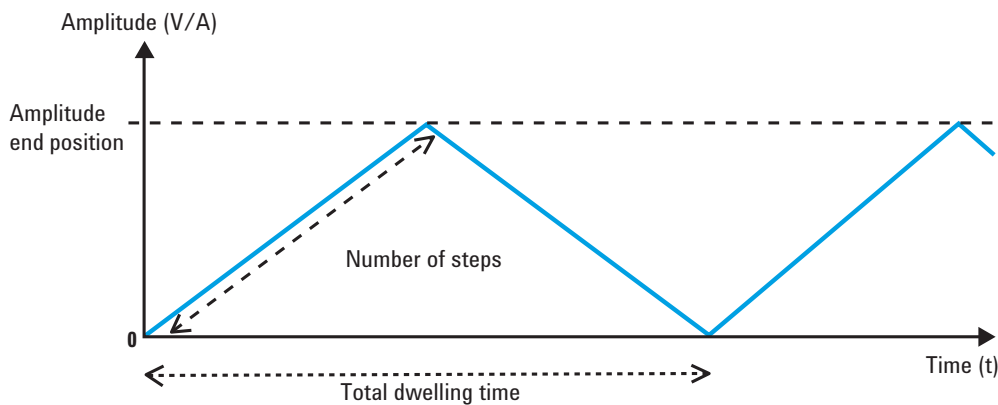
## Sweep functions

Sweep functions in the U3606A are auto ramp and scan outputs for low-speed multilevel DC bias tests, such as margin tests, power cycling tests and relay control. Both functions are conveniently configurable from the front panel to sweep up to 100 steps for scan and 10,000 steps for ramp, programmable to 105% of full scale.

### Auto scan output



### Auto ramp output



# Take a closer look

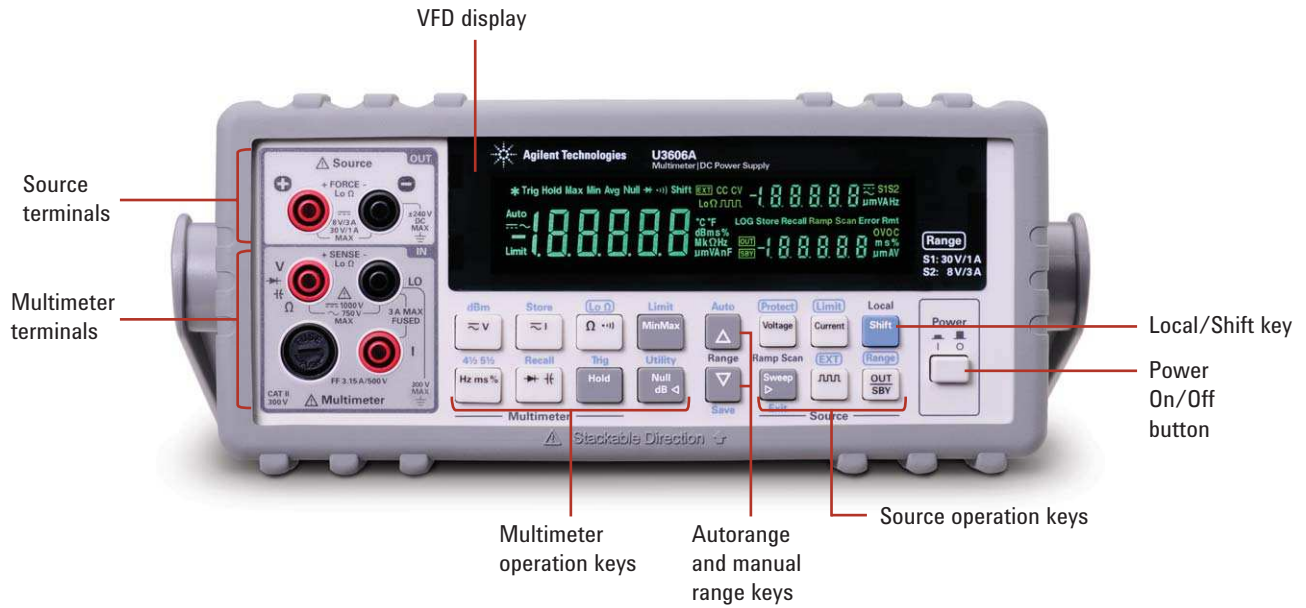


Figure 1. Front panel of the U3606A.

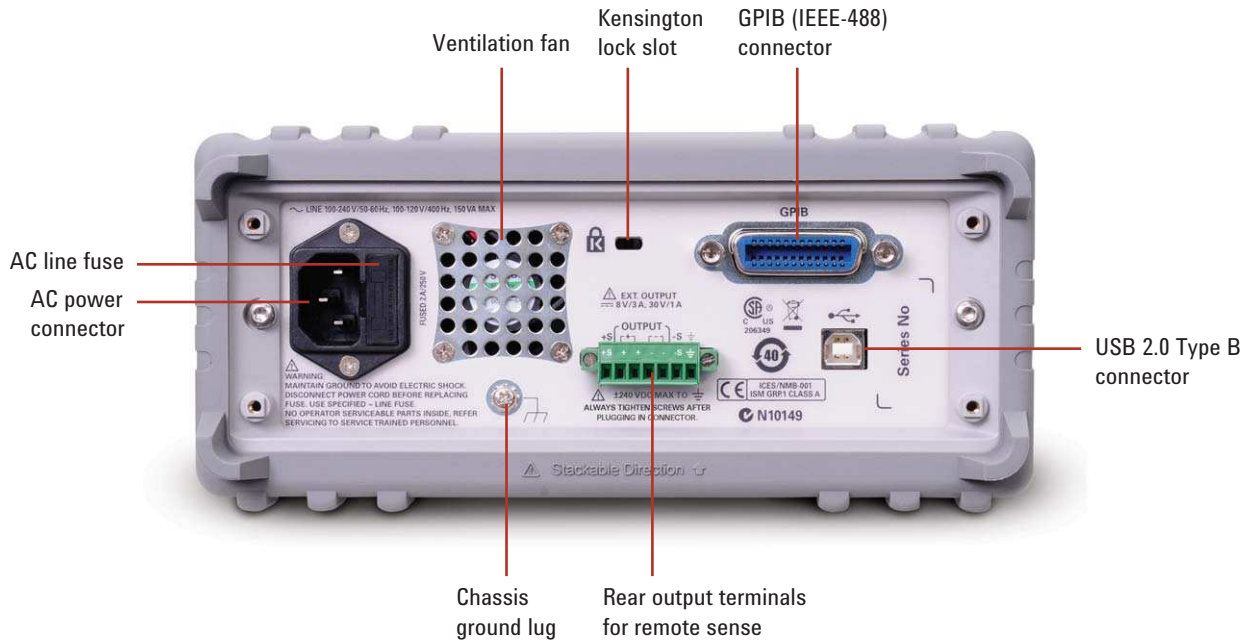


Figure 2. Rear panel of the U3606A.

# Digital multimeter specifications

## Specification assumptions:

- Specifications stated are after 60-minutes of warm-up and for 5½-digit resolution
- One-year calibration cycle, with calibration temperature of 18 °C to 20 °C
- Operating temperature: 18 °C to 28 °C (64.4 °F to 82.4 °F)
- Accuracy is expressed as ±(% of reading + % of range)
- Temperature coefficient: Add  $[0.1 \times (\text{the specified accuracy}) / \text{°C}]$  for 0 °C to 18 °C and 28 °C to 55 °C
- Relative humidity (RH) up to 80% at 30 °C, proportional to 50% for 30 °C to 55 °C

## DC specifications

Function	Range <sup>1</sup>	Test current or burden voltage	Accuracy ±(% of reading + % of range)			Temperature coefficient 0 °C to 18 °C 28 °C to 55 °C
			24 hours <sup>2</sup> 23 °C ± 1 °C	90 days 23 °C ± 5 °C	1 year 23 °C ± 5 °C	
DC voltage	100.000 mV	–	0.012 + 0.008	0.015 + 0.008	0.025 + 0.008	0.0015 + 0.0005
	1.00000 V	–	0.012 + 0.005	0.015 + 0.005	0.025 + 0.005	0.0010 + 0.0005
	10.0000 V	–	0.012 + 0.005	0.015 + 0.005	0.025 + 0.005	0.0020 + 0.0005
	100.000 V	–	0.012 + 0.005	0.015 + 0.005	0.025 + 0.005	0.0015 + 0.0005
	1000.00 V	–	0.012 + 0.005	0.015 + 0.005	0.025 + 0.005	0.0015 + 0.0005
DC current <sup>3</sup>	10.0000 mA	< 0.2 V	0.05 + 0.015	0.05 + 0.015	0.05 + 0.015	0.0060 + 0.0005
	100.000 mA	< 0.2 V	0.05 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0060 + 0.0005
	1.00000 A	< 0.3 V	0.05 + 0.007	0.05 + 0.007	0.15 + 0.007	0.0100 + 0.0005
	3.0000 A	< 0.7 V	0.05 + 0.007	0.05 + 0.007	0.15 + 0.007	0.0150 + 0.0010
Resistance <sup>4</sup>	100.000 Ω	0.83 mA	0.04 + 0.008	0.04 + 0.008	0.05 + 0.008	0.0050 + 0.0005
	1000.00 Ω	0.83 mA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
	10.0000 kΩ	100 μA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
	100.000 kΩ	10 μA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
	1.00000 MΩ	900 nA	0.05 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.06 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
	10.0000 MΩ	205 nA	0.20 + 0.005	0.20 + 0.005	0.25 + 0.005	0.0150 + 0.0005
	100.000 MΩ	205 nA    10 MΩ	1.60 + 0.005	1.60 + 0.005	2.00 + 0.005	0.1500 + 0.0005
Continuity	1.0000 kΩ	0.83 mA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
Diode <sup>5</sup>	1.0000 V	0.83 mA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
Capacitance <sup>6</sup>	1.000 nF	0.75 μA	–	–	2.0 + 0.8	0.02 + 0.001
	10.00 nF	0.75 μA	–	–	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	100.00 nF	8.3 μA	–	–	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	1.000 μF	83 μA	–	–	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	10.00 μF	83 μA	–	–	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	100.0 μF	83 μA	–	–	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	1000 μF	0.83 mA	–	–	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	10000 μF	0.83 mA	–	–	2.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001

1. 20% over-range on all ranges, except for 1000 V<sub>dc</sub> range.

2. Relative to calibration standards.

3. Any current measurement greater than 500 mA will have a temporary thermo-effect. If you wish to measure a lower current or offset current immediately after a high-current measurement, ensure that the U3606A has cooled down.

4. Specifications stated are for 2-wire resistance measurements using Null math operation. Without Null, add a 0.2 Ω error. To eliminate noise interference which may be induced by the test leads, a shielded test cable is recommended for resistances above 100 kΩ.

5. Specifications stated are for the voltage measured at the input terminals only. The test current (1 mA) is typical. Variation in the current source will create some variation in the voltage dropped across a diode junction.

6. Specifications stated are for open test lead measurements with film capacitor or better, using Null math operation.

## Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

### Low-resistance specifications

Range	Test current	Accuracy $\pm$ (% of reading + % of range) <sup>1</sup>
		1 year (23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C)
100 m $\Omega$	1.0000 A	0.25 + 0.05
1000 m $\Omega$	0.1000 A	0.25 + 0.03
10 $\Omega$	0.1000 A	0.25 + 0.03

1. Four-wire measurement method is used. Test current is sent from the FORCE terminals and resistance is measured at the SENSE terminals.

### AC specifications

Function	Range <sup>1</sup>	Frequency range	Accuracy $\pm$ (% of reading + % of range)			Temperature coefficient 0 °C to 18 °C 28 °C to 55 °C
			24 hours <sup>2</sup> 23 °C $\pm$ 1 °C	90 days 23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C	1 year 23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C	
True rms AC voltage <sup>3</sup>	100.000 mV to 750.00 V <sup>4</sup>	20 Hz to 45 Hz	0.60 + 0.1	0.60 + 0.1	1.00 + 0.1 <sup>5</sup>	0.02 + 0.02
		45 Hz to 10 kHz	0.16 + 0.1	0.16 + 0.1	0.20 + 0.1	0.02 + 0.02
		10 kHz to 30 kHz	0.80 + 0.1	0.80 + 0.1	1.00 + 0.1 <sup>6</sup>	0.02 + 0.02
		30 kHz to 100 kHz <sup>7</sup>	3.00 + 0.2	3.00 + 0.2	3.00 + 0.2 <sup>8,9</sup>	0.05 + 0.02
True rms AC current	10.0000 mA to 3.0000 A <sup>10</sup>	20 Hz to 45 Hz	0.80 + 0.1	0.80 + 0.1	1.50 + 0.1	0.02 + 0.02
		45 Hz to 1 kHz	0.40 + 0.1	0.40 + 0.1	0.50 + 0.1	0.02 + 0.02
		1 kHz to 10 kHz <sup>11</sup>	2.00 + 0.2	2.00 + 0.2	2.00 + 0.2	0.02 + 0.02

1. 20% over-range on all ranges, except for 750 V<sub>ac</sub> range.

2. Relative to calibration standards.

3. Specifications stated are for input signals greater than 5% of range.

4. Available ranges: 100.000 mV, 1.00000 V, 10.0000 V, 100.000 V, 750.00 V.

5. For 750 V range accuracy is specified for input less than 200 V<sub>rms</sub>.

6. For 100 mV range, the 10 kHz to 30 kHz accuracy is 1.5 + 0.3.

7. Additional error 0.003% of full scale per kHz to be added when signal input changes less than 10% of range.

8. For 100 mV range, the 30 kHz to 100 kHz accuracy is 5 + 0.3.

9. For 750 V range accuracy is specified for input less than 300 V<sub>rms</sub>.

10. Available ranges: 10.0000 mA, 100.000 mA, 1.00000 A, 3.0000 A.

11. For 1 A and 3 A ranges, the accuracy is specified for frequencies less than 5 kHz.

## Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

### Frequency specifications

Function	Input range	Frequency range: minimum input frequency = 1 Hz	Accuracy	Temperature
			$\pm$ (% of reading + % of range) 1 year (23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C)	coefficient 0 °C to 18 °C 28 °C to 55 °C
Frequency	Voltage: 100 mV to 750 V <sup>1</sup>	< 2 Hz	0.18 + 0.003	0.005
		< 20 Hz	0.04 + 0.003	0.005
		20 Hz to 100 kHz	0.02 + 0.003	0.005
		100 kHz to 300 kHz	0.02 + 0.003	0.005
	Current: 10 mA to 3 A	< 2 Hz	0.18 + 0.003	0.005
		< 20 Hz	0.04 + 0.003	0.005
		20 Hz to 10 kHz	0.02 + 0.003	0.005

Input range <sup>2</sup>	Minimum frequency sensitivity for voltage measurement (RMS sine wave)		
	20 Hz to 100 kHz	100 kHz to 300 kHz	300 kHz to 1 MHz
100 mV	50 mV	50 mV	0.5 V
1.0 V	100 mV	120 mV	0.5 V
10 V	1 V	1.2 V	–
100 V	10 V	12 V	–
750 V	100 V	–	–

Input range	Minimum frequency sensitivity for current measurement (RMS sine wave)
	20 Hz to 100 kHz
10 mA	1 mA
100 mA	10 mA
1 A	100 mA
3 A	300 mA

1. For 100 mV and 1 V ranges, the measurable frequency is up to 1 MHz at 0.5 V input signal.

2. Maximum input for the specified accuracy = 10 x range or 1000 V<sub>dc</sub>.

All frequency counters are susceptible to errors when measuring low-voltage, low-frequency signals. Shielding inputs from external noise pickup is critical for minimizing measurement errors.

### Duty cycle and pulse width specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy at full scale
Duty cycle	100.000% <sup>1</sup>	0.001%	0.3% + 0.2% per kHz
Pulse width	199.999 ms <sup>2</sup>	0.001 ms	Duty cycle/frequency
	1999.99 ms <sup>2</sup>	0.01 ms	Duty cycle/frequency

1. The range is from  $\{10 \mu\text{s} \times \text{frequency} \times 100\%\} \sim \{[1 - (10 \mu\text{s} \times \text{frequency})] \times 100\%\}$ . For example, a 1 kHz signal can be measured from 1% ~ 99%.

2. The positive or negative pulse width must be greater than 10  $\mu\text{s}$ . The range of the pulse width is determined by the frequency of the signal.

## Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

### Measurement speeds (typical)

Function	Rate	Reading speed <sup>1</sup> (readings/second)	Reading speed over USB <sup>2</sup> (readings/second)	Reading speed over GPIB <sup>3</sup> (readings/second)
DC voltage (10 V)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	17	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	31	32
DC current (1 A)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	17	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	37	36
AC voltage (10 V at 1 kHz)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	17	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	31	32
AC current (1 A at 1 kHz)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	16	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	37	37
Resistance (100 kΩ)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	17	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	27	31
Capacitance (10 μF)	Slow/Fast (3½ digits)	5	4.4	4.6
Frequency (voltage path at 10 V, 1 kHz)	Slow (5½ digits)	9	2.7	2.7
	Fast (4½ digits)	9	2.7	2.7
Frequency (current path at 10 V, 1 kHz)	Slow (5½ digit)	9	2.7	2.7
	Fast (4½ digit)	9	2.7	2.7

1. Reading rate of the A/D converter.

2. Number of measurements per second that can be read through USB using SCPI "READ?" command.

3. Number of measurements per second that can be read through GPIB using SCPI "READ?" command.

### Supplementary specifications

DC voltage	
Measurement method	Sigma Delta A-to-D converter
Maximum input voltage	1000 V <sub>dc</sub> on all ranges
Input impedance	10 MΩ ± 2% range (typical) in parallel with capacitance < 120 pF
Input protection	1000 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, < 0.3 A short circuit
Response time	Approximately 0.15 s when the displayed reading reaches 99.9% DC value of the tested input signal at the same range

DC current	
Measurement method	Sigma Delta A-to-D converter
Maximum input current	10 mA to 3.0 A DC
Burden voltage and shunt resistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt; 0.2 V, 10 Ω for 10 mA range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.2 V, 1 Ω for 100 mA range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.3 V, 0.1 Ω for 1 A range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.7 V, 0.01 Ω for 3 A range</li> </ul>
Input protection	Protected with 3.15 A/500 V, FF fuse
Response time	Approximately 0.15 s when the displayed reading reaches 99.9% DC value of the tested input signal at the same range

# Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

## Supplementary specifications

AC voltage	
Measurement method	AC coupled true rms
Maximum input voltage	$750 V_{\text{rms}}/1200 V_{\text{peak}}/3 \times 10^7$ V-Hz of product
Input impedance	$1 \text{ M}\Omega \pm 2\%$ range (typical) in parallel with capacitance $< 120 \text{ pF}$
Input protection	$750 V_{\text{rms}}$ on all ranges
Crest factor	For $< 5:1$ errors included. Limited by the peak input and 100 kHz bandwidth. Maximum 3.0 at full scale.
Peak input	300% of range. Limited by maximum input.
Response time	Approximately 2.5 s when the displayed reading reaches 99.9% AC rms value of the tested input signal at the same range.
Overload ranging	Will select higher range if peak input overload is detected during auto range. Overload is reported in manual ranging.

AC current	
Measurement method	AC coupled true rms
Maximum input current	10 mA to 3.0 A DC or AC rms
Burden voltage and shunt resistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><math>&lt; 0.2 \text{ V}</math>, <math>10 \text{ }\Omega</math> for 10 mA range</li><li><math>&lt; 0.2 \text{ V}</math>, <math>1 \text{ }\Omega</math> for 100 mA range</li><li><math>&lt; 0.3 \text{ V}</math>, <math>0.1 \text{ }\Omega</math> for 1 A range</li><li><math>&lt; 0.7 \text{ V}</math>, <math>0.01 \text{ }\Omega</math> for 3 A range</li></ul>
Input protection	Protected with 3.15 A/500 V, FF fuse
Crest factor	For $< 5:1$ errors included. Limited by the peak input and 100 kHz bandwidth. Maximum 3.0 at full scale.
Peak input	300% of range. Limited by maximum input.
Response time	Approximately 2.5 s when the displayed reading reaches 99.9% AC rms value of the tested input signal at the same range.

Resistance	
Measurement method	Two-wire, open-circuit voltage limited to $< 5 \text{ V}$
Open circuit voltage	$< +5.0 V_{\text{dc}}$
Input protection	$1000 V_{\text{rms}}$ on all ranges, $< 0.3 \text{ A}$ short circuit
Response time	Approximately 0.15 seconds for $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ and ranges below $1 \text{ M}\Omega$

Low-resistance	
Measurement method	Four-wire; test current is sent from the FORCE terminals and resistance measured at the SENSE terminals.
Input protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>FORCE terminals: 3.15 A/250 V</li><li>SENSE terminals: <math>1000 V_{\text{rms}}</math> on all ranges, <math>&lt; 0.3 \text{ A}</math> short circuit</li></ul>

Continuity	
Measurement method	$0.83 \text{ mA} \pm 0.2\%$ constant current source
Open circuit voltage	$< +5.0 V_{\text{dc}}$
Audible tone	Continuous beeping when reading is less than the threshold resistance of $10 \text{ }\Omega$ at $1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ range
Input protection	$1000 V_{\text{rms}}$ on all ranges, $< 0.3 \text{ A}$ short circuit



# Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

## Supplementary specifications

Diode	
Measurement method	0.83 mA $\pm$ 0.2% constant current source
Open circuit voltage	< +5.0 V <sub>dc</sub>
Audible tone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Continuous beeping when level is below +50 mV DC</li><li>• Single tone for normal forward-biased diode or semiconductor junction where 0.3 V <math>\leq</math> reading <math>\leq</math> 0.8 V</li></ul>
Input protection	1000 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, < 0.3 A short circuit

Capacitance	
Measurement method	Computed from constant current source charge time, typical 0.2 V to 1.4 V <sub>ac</sub> signal level
Maximum voltage at full scale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• For 1 nF to 10 <math>\mu</math>F range: &lt; 1.5 V</li><li>• For 100 <math>\mu</math>F to 10000 <math>\mu</math>F: 0.33 V</li></ul>
Input protection	1000 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, < 0.3 A short circuit
Response time	Approximately 1 s for 100 $\mu$ F and ranges below 100 $\mu$ F
Charge and discharge voltage	5 V <sub>pp</sub> (approximately from +3 V to -2 V)

Frequency	
Measurement method	Reciprocal counting technique
Signal level	0.2 V to 1.4 V
Input protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Voltage path: 1000 V<sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, &lt; 0.3 A short circuit</li><li>• Current path: Protected with 3.15 A/500 V, FF fuse</li></ul>

Maximum display counts (excluding frequency)	
5½ digits	120,000
4½ digits	12,000

Noise rejection	
Common mode rejection ratio (CMRR) for 1 k $\Omega$ unbalanced in LO lead	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• DC: 140 dB</li><li>• AC: 70 dB</li></ul>
Normal mode rejection ratio (NMRR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 60 Hz <math>\pm</math> 0.1%: 5½ digits: 65 dB, 4½ digits: 0 dB</li><li>• 50 Hz <math>\pm</math> 0.1%: 5½ digits: 55 dB, 4½ digits: 0 dB</li></ul>

# Power supply specifications

## Specification assumptions:

- Specifications stated are after 60-minutes of warm-up with no load
- Operating temperature: 18 °C to 28 °C (64.4 °F to 82.4 °F)
- Accuracy is expressed as  $\pm$ (% of output + offset) at 23 °C  $\pm$  5 °C
- Temperature coefficient: Add  $[0.1 \times (\text{the specified accuracy}) / \text{°C}]$  for 0 °C to 18 °C and 28 °C to 55 °C
- Relative humidity (RH) up to 80% at 30 °C, proportional to 50% for 30 °C to 55 °C

## DC power supply specifications

Output ratings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Range S1: 0 V to 30 V, 0 A to 1 A</li> <li>• Range S2: 0 V to 8 V, 0 A to 3 A</li> </ul>
Programming accuracy 1 year (@ 23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C), $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0.05% + 5 mV</li> <li>• 0.15% + 3 mA</li> </ul>
Readback accuracy 1 year over GPIB and USB or front panel with respect to actual output (@ 23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C), $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0.05% + 5 mV</li> <li>• 0.15% + 3 mA</li> </ul>
Ripple and noise With outputs ungrounded, or with either output terminal grounded, 20 Hz to 1 MHz <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>&lt; 2 \text{ mV}_{\text{rms}}^1</math>; <math>&lt; 30 \text{ mV}_{\text{pp}}</math></li> <li>• <math>&lt; 1 \text{ mA}_{\text{rms}}</math></li> </ul>
Front terminal load regulation $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>&lt; 3 \text{ mV}^1</math></li> <li>• <math>&lt; 0.03\% + 0.3 \text{ mA}</math></li> </ul>
Rear terminal load regulation $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>&lt; 0.01\% + 3 \text{ mV}</math></li> <li>• <math>&lt; 0.03\% + 0.3 \text{ mA}</math></li> </ul>
Line regulation	Voltage: 3 mV Current: 1.5 mA
Programming resolution	1 mV, 0.1 mA
Readback resolution	1 mV, 0.1 mA
Front panel resolution	1 mV, 0.1 mA
Transient response time	Less than 450 ms for output to recover to within 50 mV following a change in output current from full load to half load or vice versa
Command processing time	Average time for output voltage to begin to change after receipt of digital data when instrument is connected directly to the USB or GPIB is less than 100 ms
Overvoltage protection (for CC mode)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accuracy: 0.5% + 0.5 V</li> <li>• Activation time<sup>2</sup>: <math>&lt; 2 \text{ ms}</math></li> </ul>
Overcurrent protection (for CV mode)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accuracy: 0.5% + 0.05 A</li> <li>• Activation time<sup>2</sup>: <math>&lt; 2 \text{ ms}</math></li> </ul>

1. Contacts and leads resistance may contribute an additional error of 6 mV/A (typical).

2. Average time for the detection of OVP or OCP condition.

3. Refer to U3606A User's and Service Guide (U3606-90013); CV noise effect measurement on page 166.

## Power supply specifications (continued)

### Sweep specifications

Function		Range	Amplitude <sup>1</sup>	Step	Dwelling time
Scan	Constant voltage	S1 (30 V/1 A) S2 (8 V/3 A)	0 to 31.500 V 0 to 8.4000 V	1 step to 100 steps	1 s to 99 s
	Constant current	S1 (30 V/1 A) S2 (8 V/3 A)	0 to 1.0500 A 0 to 3.1500 A	1 step to 100 steps	1 s to 99 s
Ramp	Constant voltage	S1 (30 V/1 A) S2 (8 V/3 A)	0 to 31.500 V 0 to 8.4000 V	1 step to 10,000 steps	300 ms/step (typical)
	Constant current	S1 (30 V/1 A) S2 (8 V/3 A)	0 to 1.0500 A 0 to 3.1500 A	1 step to 10,000 steps	300 ms/step (typical)

1. Amplitude start position is fixed at 0 (V or A) by default.

### Square-wave output specifications

Parameter	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Frequency	0.5, 2, 5, 6, 10, 15, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 75, 80, 100, 120, 150, 200, 240, 300, 400, 480, 600, 800, 1200, 1600, 2400, 4800 Hz	0.01 Hz	0.005% + 1 count
Duty cycle	0.39% to 99.60%	0.39% <sup>1</sup>	0.4% <sup>1,2</sup>
Pulse width	1/frequency	Range/256	Duty cycle/frequency <sup>1,3</sup>
Amplitude	S1 (30 V/1 A)	1 mV	0.2 V
	S2 (8 V/3 A)	1 mV	0.2 V

1. Specification applies when the positive or negative pulse width is greater than 50  $\mu$ s.

2. For frequency signals greater than 100 Hz, an additional 0.1% per 100 Hz is to be added.

$$\text{Accuracy} = 0.4\% + \left( \frac{\text{frequency}}{100} - 1 \right) \times 0.1\%$$

3. The accuracy of pulse width could also be calculated as  $[0.4\% + (\text{frequency}/100 - 1) \times 0.1\%]/\text{frequency}$ .

Rise/fall time is less than 25  $\mu$ s. Specifications are based on a resistive load.

### Supplementary specifications

Output programming range			
Range	Output programming	OV/OC	OVP/OCP
S1	0 V to 31.500 V/0 A to 1.05 A	31.500 V/1.05 A	33.000 V/1.1 A
S2	0 V to 8.4 V/0 A to 3.15 A	8.4 V/3.15 A	8.8 V/3.3 A

Remote sensing capability	
Range S1 (30 V/1 A)	Up to a 0.75-volt drop per load lead
Range S2 (8 V/3 A)	Up to a 0.5-volt drop per load lead

Temperature coefficient: $\pm$ (% of output + offset)/ $^{\circ}$ C for 0 $^{\circ}$ C to 18 $^{\circ}$ C and 28 $^{\circ}$ C to 55 $^{\circ}$ C	
Voltage	0.005% + 0.5 mV/ $^{\circ}$ C
Current	0.02% + 1 mA/ $^{\circ}$ C

Voltage programming speed (excludes command processing time)	
Up	300 ms (full load and no load)
Down	400 ms (full load and no load)

## General characteristics

Power supply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Universal 100 V<sub>ac</sub> to 240 V<sub>ac</sub> ±10%</li> <li>• AC line frequency 45 Hz to 66 Hz (360 Hz to 440 Hz for 100/120 V operation)</li> </ul>
Power consumption	150 VA maximum
Current Input Fuse	3.15 A, 500 V FF fuse (on front panel)
Display	Highly visible vacuum-fluorescent display (VFD)
Operating environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Operating temperature from 0 °C to +55 °C</li> <li>• Relative humidity up to 80% at 30 °C RH (non-condensing)</li> <li>• Altitude up to 2000 meters</li> <li>• Pollution degree 2</li> <li>• For indoor use only</li> </ul>
Storage compliance	–40 °C to 70 °C
Safety compliance	Certified with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61010-1:2001/EN61010-1:2001 (2nd Edition)</li> <li>• Canada: CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-04</li> <li>• USA: ANSI/UL 61010-1:2004</li> </ul>
EMC compliance	Certified with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC61326-1:2005 / EN61326-1:2006</li> <li>• CISPR 11:2003 / EN55011:2007 (Group 1 Class A)</li> <li>• Canada: ICES/NMB-001:2004</li> <li>• Australia/New Zealand: AS/NZS CISPR11:2004</li> </ul>
Shock and vibration	Tested to IEC/EN 60068-2
Remote interface	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GPIB IEEE-488</li> <li>• Full Speed USB 2.0 (Type B)</li> <li>• USBTMC 488.2 Class device</li> <li>• USB-CDC</li> </ul>
Programming language	Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI)
Measurement category	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CAT II, 300 V</li> <li>• CAT I, 1000 V<sub>dc</sub>, 750 V<sub>ac</sub> rms</li> <li>• 2500 V<sub>pk</sub> transient over voltages</li> </ul>
Dimensions (H × W × D)	105 × 255 × 329 mm (with rubber bumpers) 87 × 215 × 312 mm (without rubber bumpers)
Weight	3.775 kg (with rubber bumpers) 3.535 kg (without rubber bumpers)
Warranty	One year
Calibration cycle	One year
Warm-up time	60 minutes

# Ordering information

## Standard shipped items

- Quick Start Guide
- Product Reference CD
- Agilent IO Library Suite
- Certificate of Calibration
- U8201A Combo Test Lead Kit
- USB 2.0 High-Speed Type-A to Type-B cable
- AC power cord

## Warranty options

- R-51B-001-3C Extended warranty from one year to three years
- R-51B-001-5C Extended warranty from one year to five years

## I/O connectivity options

For control via GPIB interface

- 82350B/82351A PCI/PCle high-performance GPIB interface card
- 82357B USB/GPIB converter
- E5810A LAN/GPIB gateway
- 10833D/A/B/C/F/G GPIB cables
- 10834A GPIB-to-GPIB adapter

For control via USB interface

- E5813A networked 5-port USB hub

## Optional accessories



*U8201A Combo Test Lead Kit*



*U3606A-1CM Rack Mount Kit*



*U8202A Electronic Test Lead Kit (for DMM function)*



*34133A Precision Electronic Test Leads (for DMM function)*



*34330A Current Shunt (30 A) (for DMM function)*



*34136A 40 kV high-voltage probe (for DMM function)*



*11059A Kelvin Probe Set and 11062A Kelvin Clip Set (for DMM function)*



*E3600A-100 Test Lead Kit (for DC power supply function)*



### Agilent Email Updates

[www.agilent.com/find/emailupdates](http://www.agilent.com/find/emailupdates)

Get the latest information on the products and applications you select.



[www.axistandard.org](http://www.axistandard.org)

AdvancedTCA® Extensions for Instrumentation and Test (AXIe) is an open standard that extends the AdvancedTCA® for general purpose and semiconductor test. Agilent is a founding member of the AXIe consortium.



[www.lxistandard.org](http://www.lxistandard.org)

LAN eXtensions for Instruments puts the power of Ethernet and the Web inside your test systems. Agilent is a founding member of the LXI consortium.



<http://www.pxisa.org>

PCI eXtensions for Instrumentation (PXI) modular instrumentation delivers a rugged, PC-based high-performance measurement and automation system.

### Agilent Channel Partners

[www.agilent.com/find/channelpartners](http://www.agilent.com/find/channelpartners)

Get the best of both worlds: Agilent's measurement expertise and product breadth, combined with channel partner convenience.



Agilent Advantage Services is committed to your success throughout your equipment's lifetime. We share measurement and service expertise to help you create the products that change our world. To keep you competitive, we continually invest in tools and processes that speed up calibration and repair, reduce your cost of ownership, and move us ahead of your development curve.

[www.agilent.com/find/advantageservices](http://www.agilent.com/find/advantageservices)



[www.agilent.com/quality](http://www.agilent.com/quality)

[www.agilent.com](http://www.agilent.com)

[www.agilent.com/find/hybrid-multimeter](http://www.agilent.com/find/hybrid-multimeter)

For more information on Agilent Technologies' products, applications or services, please contact your local Agilent office. The complete list is available at:

[www.agilent.com/find/contactus](http://www.agilent.com/find/contactus)

#### Americas

Canada	(877) 894 4414
Brazil	(11) 4197 3500
Mexico	01800 5064 800
United States	(800) 829 4444

#### Asia Pacific

Australia	1 800 629 485
China	800 810 0189
Hong Kong	800 938 693
India	1 800 112 929
Japan	0120 (421) 345
Korea	080 769 0800
Malaysia	1 800 888 848
Singapore	1 800 375 8100
Taiwan	0800 047 866
Other AP Countries	(65) 375 8100

#### Europe & Middle East

Belgium	32 (0) 2 404 93 40
Denmark	45 70 13 15 15
Finland	358 (0) 10 855 2100
France	0825 010 700*
	*0.125 €/minute
Germany	49 (0) 7031 464 6333
Ireland	1890 924 204
Israel	972-3-9288-504/544
Italy	39 02 92 60 8484
Netherlands	31 (0) 20 547 2111
Spain	34 (91) 631 3300
Sweden	0200-88 22 55
United Kingdom	44 (0) 118 9276201

For other unlisted Countries:

[www.agilent.com/find/contactus](http://www.agilent.com/find/contactus)

Revised: October 14, 2010

Product specifications and descriptions in this document subject to change without notice.

© Agilent Technologies, Inc. 2011  
Printed in USA, April 4, 2011  
5990-3971EN



Agilent Technologies