

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74LCX163245FT

## 16-Bit Dual Supply Bus Transceiver

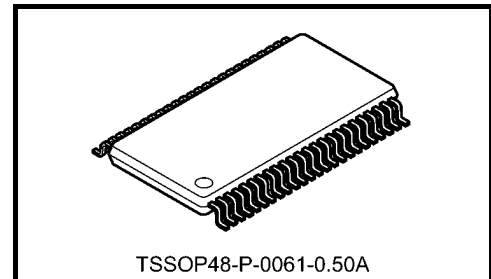
The TC74LCX163245FT is a dual supply, advanced high-speed CMOS 16-bit dual supply voltage interface bus transceiver fabricated with silicon gate CMOS technology.

Designed for use as an interface between a 3.3-V or a 2.5-V bus and a 5-V bus in mixed 3.3-V or 2.5-V/5-V supply systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation. It is intended for two-way asynchronous communication between data busses.

The direction of data transmission is determined by the level of the DIR input.

The enable input ( $\overline{OE}$ ) can be used to disable the device so that the busses are effectively isolated. The B-port interfaces with the 3.3-V or 2.5-V bus, the A-port with the 5 V bus.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

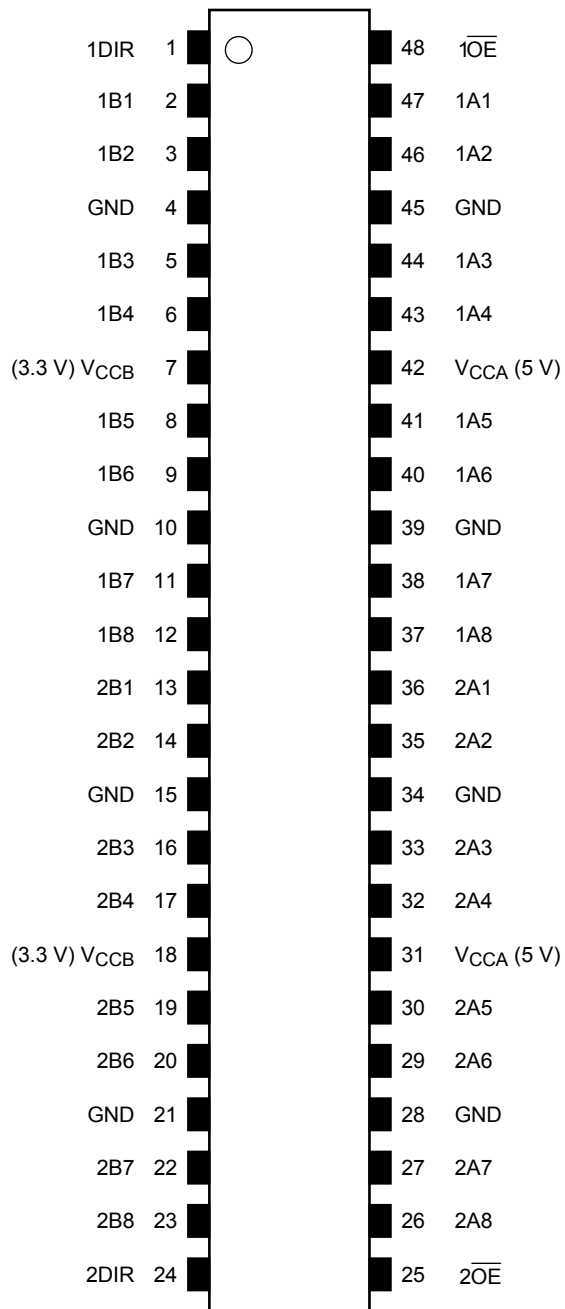
### Features (Note 1) (Note 2)

- Bidirectional interface between 3.3 V or 2.5 V buses and 5 V buses
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 7.0 \text{ ns (max)}$   
( $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V} / V_{CCA} = 5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ )
- Low power dissipation:  $I_{CC} = 80 \mu\text{A (max)}$  ( $T_a = -40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ )
- Symmetrical output impedance:  $I_{OUTB} = \pm 24 \text{ mA (min)}$   
 $I_{OUTA} = \pm 24 \text{ mA (min)}$   
( $V_{CCB} = 3.0 \text{ V} / V_{CCA} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ )
- Power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs
- Allows A port and  $V_{CCA}$  to float simultaneously in high state at  $\overline{OE}$  pin
- Latch-up performance:  $-500 \text{ mA}$
- ESD performance: Machine model  $> \pm 200 \text{ V}$  (Note 2)
- Package: TSSOP

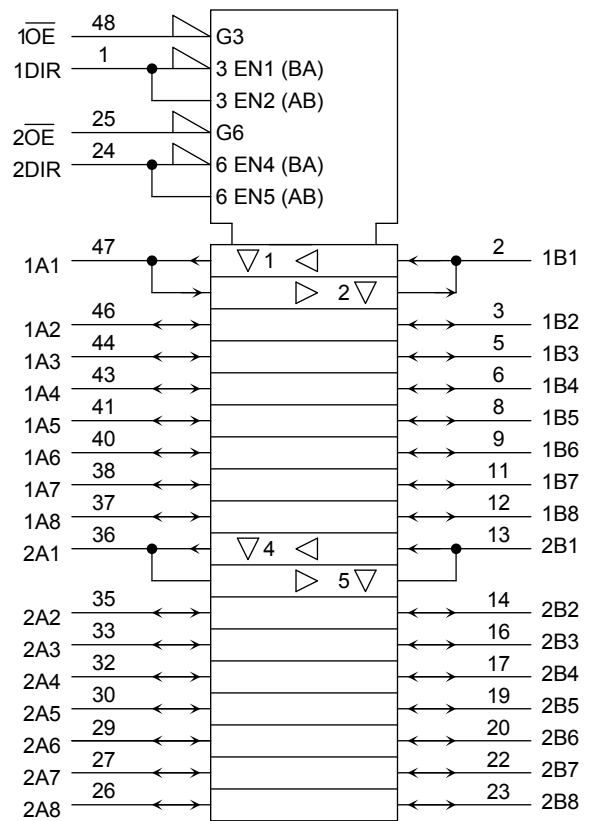
Note 1: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result. All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

Note 2: This device is electrostatic sensitivity (human body model  $> 1 \text{ kV}$ ). Please handle with caution.

## Pin Assignment (top view)



## IEC Logic Symbol



## Truth Table

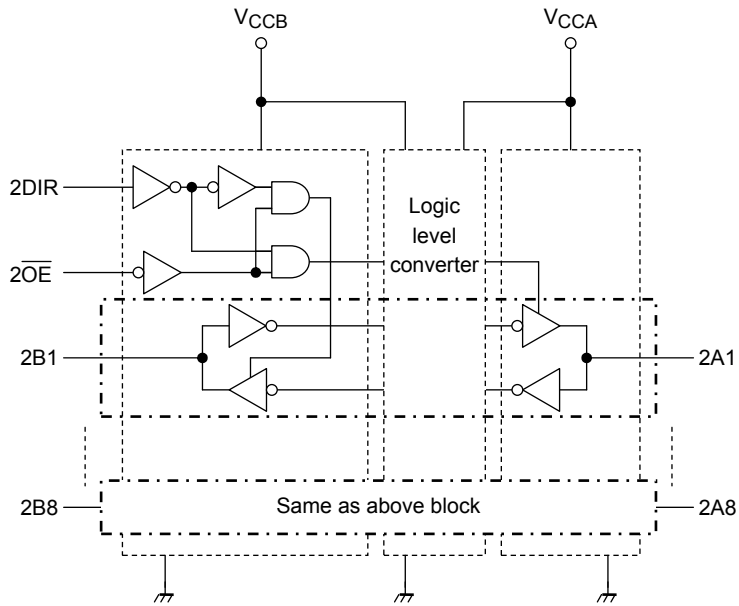
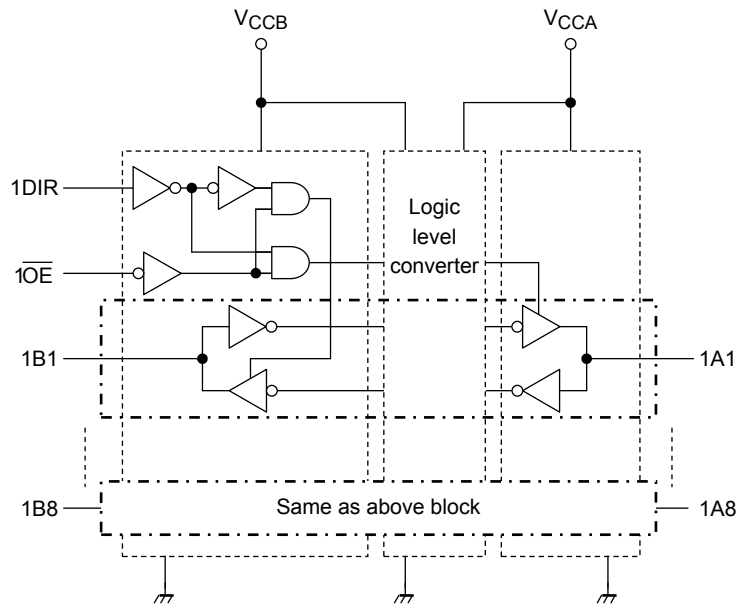
Inputs		Function		Outputs
$\overline{1OE}$	1DIR	Bus 1A1-1A8	Bus 1B1-1B8	
L	L	Output	Input	A = B
L	H	Input	Output	B = A
H	X	Z		Z

Inputs		Function		Outputs
$\overline{2OE}$	2DIR	Bus 2A1-2A8	Bus 2B1-2B8	
L	L	Output	Input	A = B
L	H	Input	Output	B = A
H	X	Z		Z

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

**Block Diagram**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage (Note 2)	$V_{CCB}$	-0.5 to 7.0	V
	$V_{CCA}$	-0.5 to 7.0	
DC input voltage (DIR, $\overline{OE}$ )	$V_{IN}$	-0.5 to 7.0	V
DC bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/OB}$	-0.5 to 7.0 (Note 3)	V
		-0.5 to $V_{CCB} + 0.5$ (Note 4)	
	$V_{I/OA}$	-0.5 to 7.0 (Note 3)	
		-0.5 to $V_{CCA} + 0.5$ (Note 4)	
Input diode current	$I_{IK}$	-50	mA
Output diode current	$I_{I/OK}$	$\pm 50$ (Note 5)	mA
DC output current	$I_{OUTB}$	$\pm 50$	mA
	$I_{OUTA}$	$\pm 50$	
DC $V_{CC}$ /ground current per supply pin	$I_{CCB}$	$\pm 100$	mA
	$I_{CCA}$	$\pm 100$	
Power dissipation	$P_D$	400	mW
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: Don't supply a voltage to  $V_{CCA}$  terminal when  $V_{CCB}$  is in the off-state.

Note 3: Output in OFF state

Note 4: High or low state.  $I_{OUT}$  absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 5:  $V_{OUT} < \text{GND}$ ,  $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

## Operating Ranges (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage (Note 2)	$V_{CCB}$	2.3 to 3.6	V
	$V_{CCA}$	4.5 to 5.5	
Input voltage (DIR, $\overline{OE}$ )	$V_{IN}$	0 to 5.5	V
Bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/OB}$	0 to 5.5 (Note 3)	V
		0 to $V_{CCB}$ (Note 4)	
	$V_{I/OA}$	0 to 5.5 (Note 3)	
		0 to $V_{CCA}$ (Note 4)	
Output current	$I_{OUTB}$	$\pm 24$ (Note 5)	mA
		$\pm 8$ (Note 6)	
	$I_{OUTA}$	$\pm 24$ (Note 7)	
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 8)	ns/V

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either  $V_{CC}$  or GND. Please connect both bus inputs and the bus outputs with  $V_{CC}$  or GND when the I/O of the bus terminal changes by the function. In this case, please note that the output is not short-circuited.

Note 2: Don't use in  $V_{CCB} > V_{CCA}$ .

Note 3: Output in OFF state

Note 4: High or low state

Note 5:  $V_{CCB} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V

Note 6:  $V_{CCB} = 2.3$  to  $2.7$  V

Note 7:  $V_{CCA} = 4.5$  to  $5.5$  V

Note 8:  $V_{INB} = 0.8$  to  $2.0$  V,  $V_{CCB} = 3.0$  V  
 $V_{INA} = 0.8$  to  $2.0$  V,  $V_{CCA} = 5.0$  V

## Electrical Characteristics

### DC Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CCB</sub> (V)	V <sub>CCA</sub> (V)	Ta = -40 to 85°C		Unit	
					Min	Max		
"H" level input voltage	V <sub>IHB</sub>	DIR, $\overline{OE}$ , Bn	2.5 ± 0.2	5.0 ± 0.5	1.7	—	V	
			3.3 ± 0.3	5.0 ± 0.5	2.0	—		
	V <sub>IHA</sub>	An	2.3 to 3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	2.0	—		
"L" level input voltage	V <sub>ILB</sub>	DIR, $\overline{OE}$ , Bn	2.5 ± 0.2	5.0 ± 0.5	—	0.7	V	
			3.3 ± 0.3	5.0 ± 0.5	—	0.8		
	V <sub>ILA</sub>	An	2.3 to 3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	—	0.8		
"H" level output voltage	V <sub>OHB</sub>	V <sub>INA</sub> = V <sub>IHA</sub> or V <sub>ILA</sub> V <sub>INB</sub> = V <sub>IHB</sub> or V <sub>ILB</sub>	I <sub>OHB</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	V <sub>CCB</sub> - 0.2	—	V
			I <sub>OHB</sub> = -24 mA	3.0	5.0 ± 0.5	2.2	—	
			I <sub>OHB</sub> = -8 mA	2.3	5.0 ± 0.5	1.8	—	
	V <sub>OHA</sub>		I <sub>OHA</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	V <sub>CCA</sub> - 0.2	—	
			I <sub>OHA</sub> = -24 mA	2.3 to 3.6	4.5	3.8	—	
"L" level output voltage	V <sub>OLB</sub>	V <sub>INA</sub> = V <sub>IHA</sub> or V <sub>ILA</sub> V <sub>INB</sub> = V <sub>IHB</sub> or V <sub>ILB</sub>	I <sub>OLB</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 to 3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	—	0.2	V
			I <sub>OLB</sub> = 24 mA	3.0	5.0 ± 0.5	—	0.55	
			I <sub>OLB</sub> = 8 mA	2.3	5.0 ± 0.5	—	0.6	
	V <sub>OLA</sub>		I <sub>OLA</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 to 3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	—	0.2	
			I <sub>OLA</sub> = 24 mA	2.3 to 3.6	4.5	—	0.44	
3-state output off-state current	I <sub>OZB</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IHB</sub> or V <sub>ILB</sub> V <sub>I/OB</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> or GND	2.3 to 3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	—	±5.0	μA	
	I <sub>OZA</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IHB</sub> or V <sub>ILB</sub> V <sub>I/OA</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND	2.3 to 3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	—	±5.0		
Input leakage current	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> (DIR, $\overline{OE}$ ) = V <sub>CCB</sub> or GND	3.6	5.5	—	±5.0	μA	
Power off leakage current	I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>INA</sub> /V <sub>INB</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V	0	0	—	10	μA	
Quiescent supply current	I <sub>CCB1</sub>	V <sub>I/OA</sub> = Open, V <sub>CCA</sub> = Open V <sub>INB</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> or GND $\overline{OE}$ = V <sub>CCB</sub> , DIR = GND	3.6	Open	—	50	μA	
	I <sub>CCB2</sub>	V <sub>INA</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND V <sub>INB</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> or GND	3.6	5.5	—	50		
	I <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>INA</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND V <sub>INB</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> or GND	3.6	5.5	—	80		
	I <sub>CCTB</sub>	V <sub>INB</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> - 0.6 V per input	3.6	5.0 ± 0.5	—	500		
	I <sub>CCTA</sub>	V <sub>INA</sub> = 3.4 V per input	2.3 to 3.6	5.5	—	2.0	mA	

## AC Characteristics (input: $t_r = t_f = 2.5 \text{ ns}$ , $R_L = 500 \Omega$ )

$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	CL (pF)	$V_{CCA}$ (V)	Ta = -40 to 85°C		Unit				
					Min	Max					
Propagation delay time (Bn → An)	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$	Input: Bn Output: An (DIR = "L")	50	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0	6.0	ns				
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE}$ → An)	$t_{pZL}$ $t_{pZH}$							50	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0	9.0
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE}$ → An)	$t_{pLZ}$ $t_{pHZ}$										
Propagation delay time (An → Bn)	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$	Input: An Output: Bn (DIR = "H")	50	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0	7.0	ns				
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE}$ → Bn)	$t_{pZL}$ $t_{pZH}$							50	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0	9.0
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE}$ → Bn)	$t_{pLZ}$ $t_{pHZ}$										
Output to output skew	$t_{osLH}$ $t_{osHL}$	(Note)	50	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	—	1.0	ns				

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.  
 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$

$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	CL (pF)	$V_{CCA}$ (V)	Ta = -40 to 85°C		Unit				
					Min	Max					
Propagation delay time (Bn → An)	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$	Input: Bn Output: An (DIR = "L")	50	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0	8.0	ns				
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE}$ → An)	$t_{pZL}$ $t_{pZH}$							50	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0	12.0
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE}$ → An)	$t_{pLZ}$ $t_{pHZ}$										
Propagation delay time (An → Bn)	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$	Input: An Output: Bn (DIR = "H")	30	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0	9.0	ns				
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE}$ → Bn)	$t_{pZL}$ $t_{pZH}$							30	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0	12.0
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE}$ → Bn)	$t_{pLZ}$ $t_{pHZ}$										
Output to output skew	$t_{osLH}$ $t_{osHL}$	(Note)	30 or 50	$5.0 \pm 0.5$	—	1.0	ns				

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.  
 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$

## Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

V<sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5, 3.3 V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	V <sub>CCA</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	—	DIR, $\overline{OE}$	5.0	7	pF
Output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	—	An, Bn	5.0	8	pF
Power dissipation capacitance (Note)	C <sub>PDA</sub>	—	A ⇒ B (DIR = "H")	5.0	20	pF
			B ⇒ A (DIR = "L")	5.0	66	
	C <sub>PDB</sub>	—	A ⇒ B (DIR = "H")	5.0	34	
			B ⇒ A (DIR = "L")	5.0	4	

Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

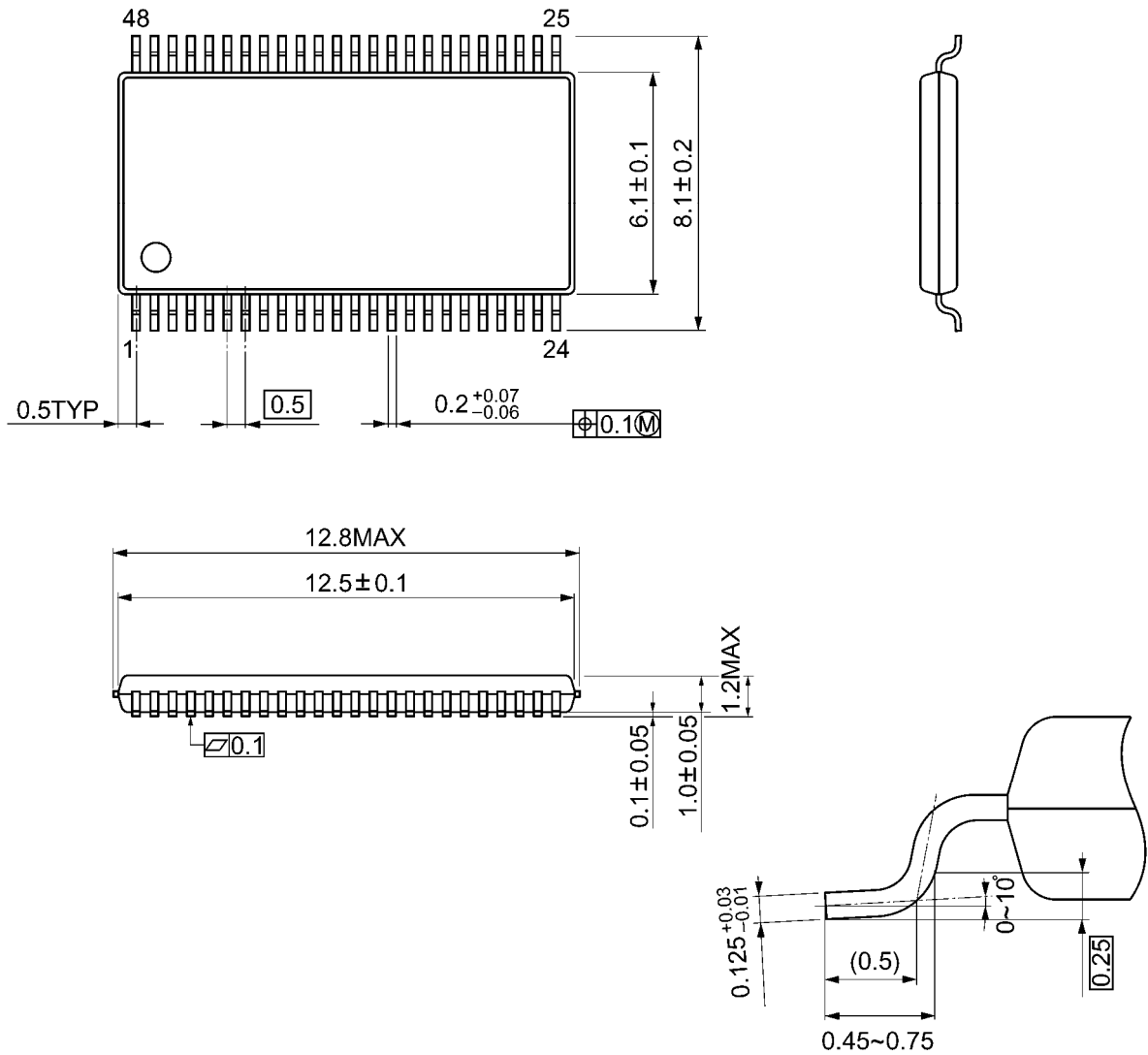
Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC(opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC} / 16 \text{ (per bit)}$$

**Package Dimensions**

TSSOP48-P-0061-0.50A

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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