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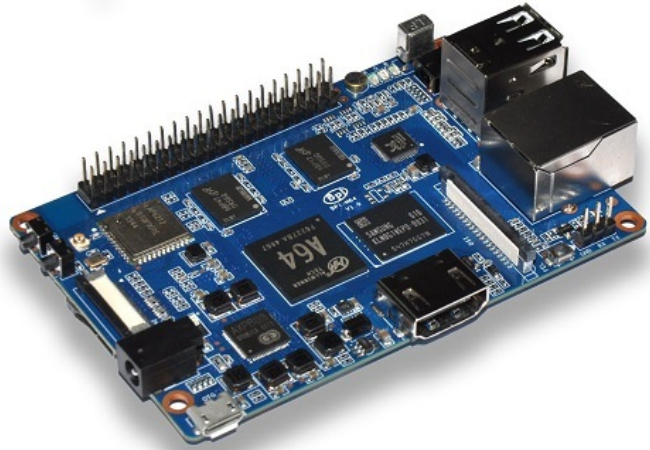
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About banana pi BPI-M64

Banana Pi BPI-M64

Quad-core 64-bit A53 SoC
2GB RAM 8GB eMMC
WiFi & BT4.0 on board
Gigabit LAN



Banana Pi BPI-M64 is the open source hardware platform, Banana Pi BPI-M64 is a quad-core 64 bit version of Banana Pi, use Allwinner A64 design, it support WIFI+BT on board.

Banana Pi BPI-M64 series run Android, Debian linux, Ubuntu linux, Raspbian image and other OS.

Banana Pi BPI-M64 hardware: 64 Bit Quad Core ARM Cortex A53 1.2 Ghz CPU, 2GB DDR3 SDRAM, 8G eMMC flash on board

Banana Pi BPI-M64 with Gigabit Ethernet port, It can run Android smoothly. The size of Banana Pi BPI-M64 same as Banana Pi BPI-M3, support 1080P 4K video, the GPIO header is pin-compatible with Raspberry Pi.

The new BPI-M64 is a tiny little computer with great big ambitions. The expandable single-board device runs either Linux or Android and features impressive specs that outshine comparable products by a substantial margin. Highlights include a 1.2GHz quad-core ARM processor, a Mali 400 MP2 GPU, 2G of DDR3 RAM, a microSDXC slot, 8G eMMC flash, WIFI&BT onboard and support for 4K ultra high-definition video.

More specs follow below.

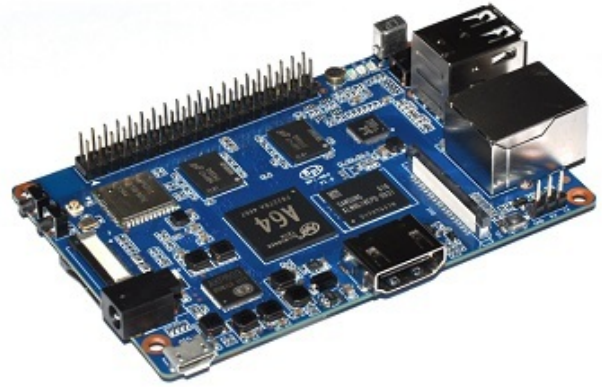
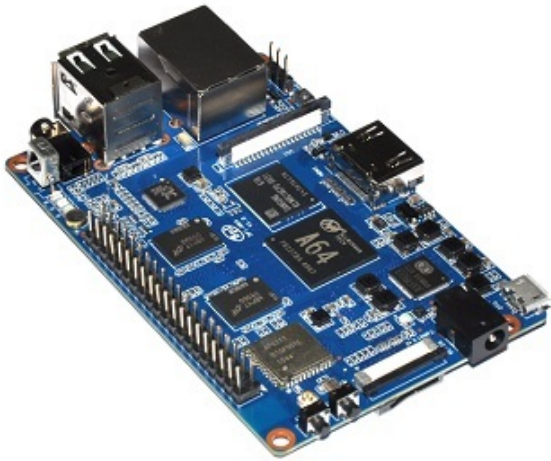
- 64 Bit Quad Core ARM Cortex A53 1.2 Ghz CPU
- Dual core Mali 400 MP2 GPU
- 2G DDR3 SDRAM
- MicroSD slot supports up to 256GB expansion
- 8G eMMC flash (option 16/32/64G)
- CSI camera interface and DSI display interface support
- 10/100/1000 Mb Ethernet port
- (3) USB 2.0 hosts and (1) USB otg port
- 4K high-definition video playback
- 4K x 2K HDMI port and multi-channel audio output
- WIFI&Bluetooth 4.0 with 802.11BGN onboard
- 3.5mm Stereo Output mini-jack with microphone support
- Built-in 3.7V Lithium Battery Charging Circuit
- Hardware security enables trustzone security system, Digital Rights Management (DRM), information encryption/decryption, secure boot, secure JTAG and secure efuse

forum: <http://www.banana-pi.org>

forum: <http://www.bananapi.com>

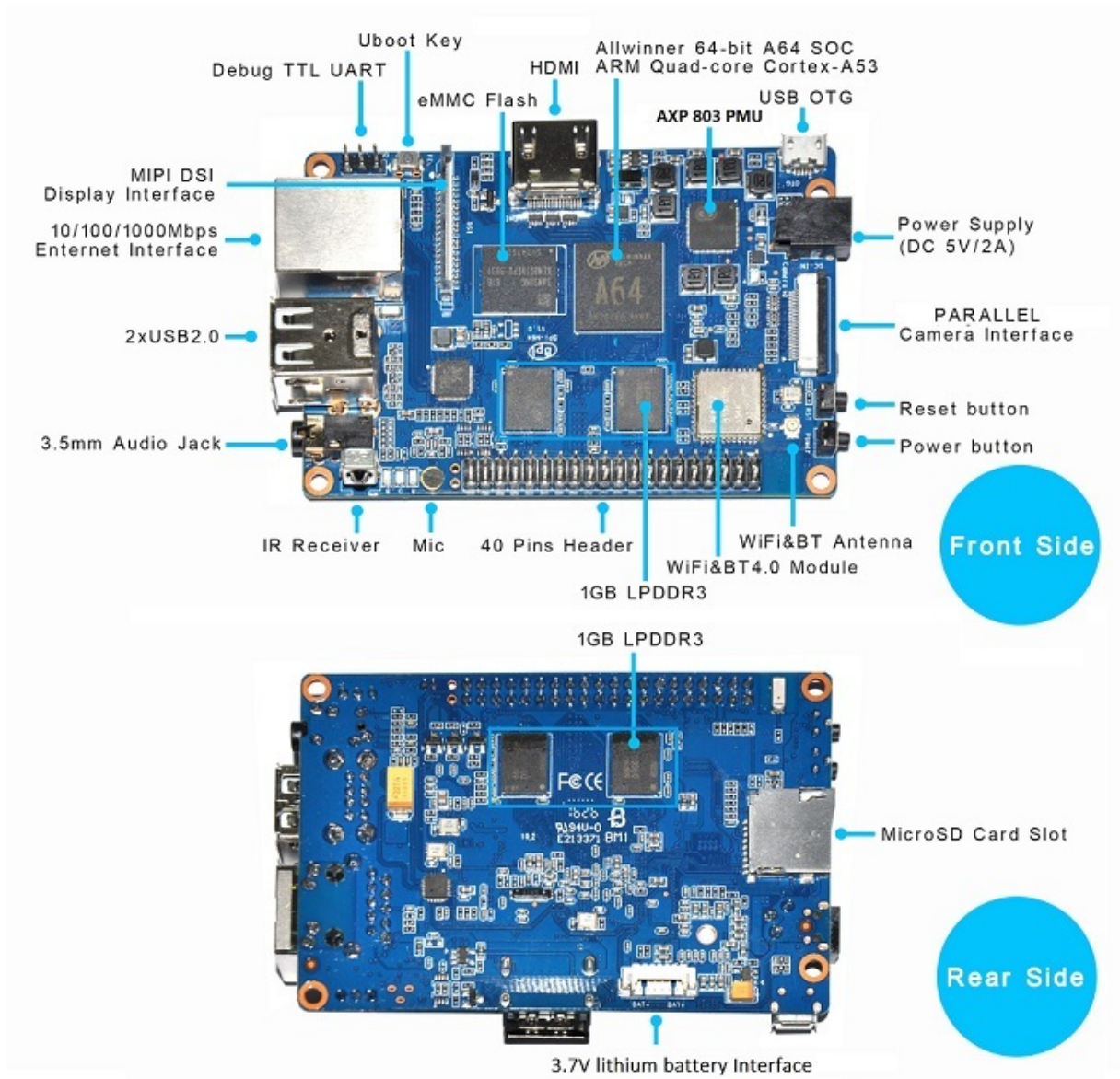
product: <http://www.banana-pi.com>

BPI-M64 hardware



Size is same as BPI-M3, so you can use BPI-M3 case for BPI-M64.

BPI-M64 hardware interface



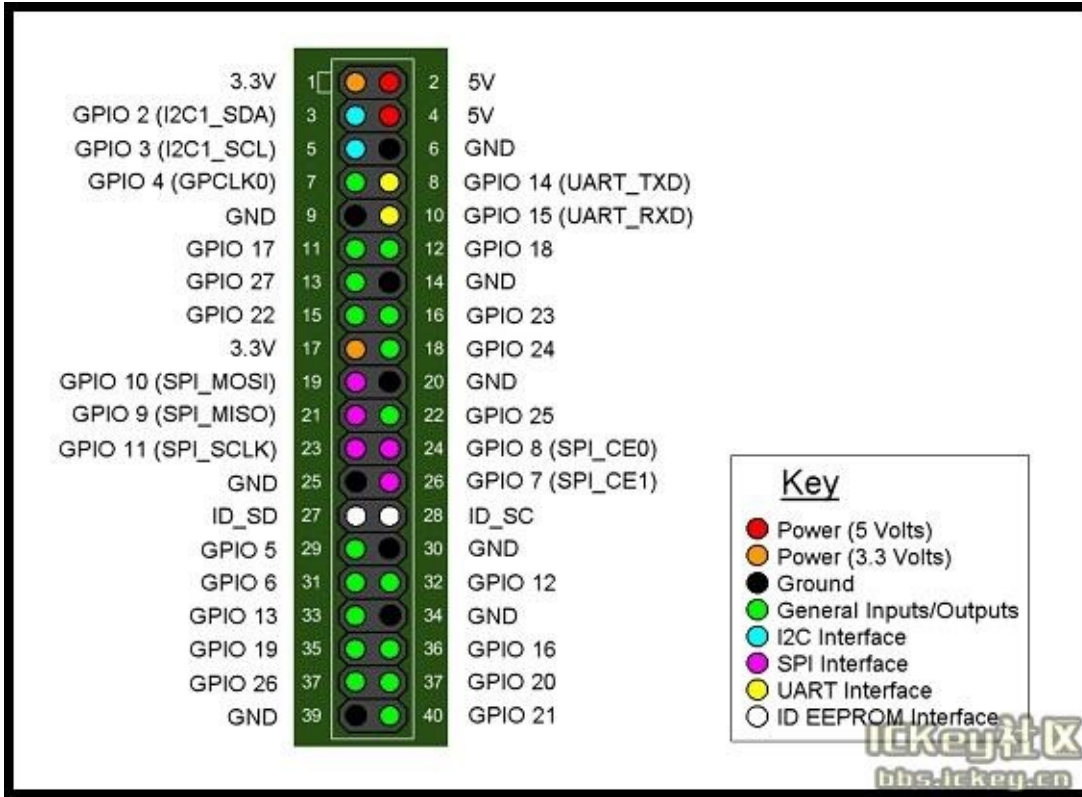
BPI-M64 hardware spec

Hardware Specification of Banana pi BPI-M64

| Soc | Allwinner A64 |
|------------------|---|
| CPU | 1.2 Ghz Quad-Core ARM Cortex A53 64-Bit Processor. It has 64 and 32 Bit execution states for scalable high performance power – including a NEON Multimedia processing engine. |
| GPU | dual-core MALI-400 MP2 and runs at 500MHz, capable of 1.1 Gpixel/s throughput. Graphics capabilities are slightly higher than the original Xbox's level of performance. The GPU provides OpenGL ES 2.0, hardware-accelerated OpenVG, 4Kx2Kp30 H.265 decode, and 1080p60 H.264 high-profile encode and decode. |
| SDRAM | 2GB DDR3 with 733MHz(shared with GPU) |
| Power | 5V @ 2A via DC power |
| GPIO | 40 Pins Header, 28×GPIO, some of which can be used for specific functions including UART, I2C, SPI, PWM, I2S. |
| On board Network | 10/100/1000Mbps Ethernet (Realtek RTL8211E/D) |
| Wifi Module | WiFi 802.11 b/g/n (AP 6212 module on board) |
| Bluetooth | BT4.0 |
| On board Storage | MicroSD (TF) card, eMMC 8G on board (option : 16/32/64G) |
| Display | Supports multi-channel HD display: HDMI 1.4 (Type A - full),MIPI Display Serial Interface (DSI) for raw LCD panels,1.4 HDMI resolutions from 4K x 2K HDMI port |
| Video | Multi-format FHD video decoding, including Mpeg1/2, Mpeg4, H.263, H.264, etc H.264 decode up to 1080P60,H.265 decode up to 4KP30 |
| Audio outputs | HDMI, analog audio (via 3.5 mm TRRS jack), I2S audio (also potentially for audio input) |
| Camera | A CSI input connector Camera:Supports 8-bit YUV422 CMOS sensor interface,Supports CCIR656 protocol for NTSC and PAL,Supports 5M pixel camera sensor ,Supports video capture solution up to 1080p@30fps |
| Audio input | On board microphone |
| USB | 3 USB 2.0 host, 1 USB 2.0 OTG |
| Buttons | Reset button, Power button, U-boot button |
| Leds | Power status Led and RJ45 Led |
| IR | on board IR receiver |
| DC Power | 5V/2A with DC port |
| battery | 3.7V lithium battery power support |
| Sizes | 92mm×60mm |
| Weight | 45g |

BPI-M64 GPIO Pin define

Banana Pi 40-pin GPIO:



Banana Pi has a 40-pin GPIO header that matches that of the Model B+ Raspberry Pi. Following is the Banana Pi GPIO Pinout:

| GPIO Pin Name | Default Function | Function2 : GPIO | Function3 |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-----------|
| CON2-P01 | VCC-3V3 | | |
| CON2-P02 | VCC-5V | | |
| CON2-P03 | TWI1-SDA | PH3 | |
| CON2-P04 | VCC-5V | | |
| CON2-P05 | TWI1-SCK | PH2 | |
| CON2-P06 | GND | | |
| CON2-P07 | PH6 | PH6 | |
| CON2-P08 | UART2-TX | PB0 | |
| CON2-P09 | GND | | |
| CON2-P10 | UART2-RX | PB1 | |
| CON2-P11 | PH7 | PH7 | |
| CON2-P12 | UART2-CTS | PB3 | |
| CON2-P13 | DMIC-CLK | PH10 | |
| CON2-P14 | GND | | |
| CON2-P15 | DMIC-DIN | PH11 | |

| | | | |
|----------|-----------|------|----------|
| CON2-P16 | UART2-RTS | PB2 | |
| CON2-P17 | VCC-3V3 | | |
| CON2-P18 | PD4 | PD4 | |
| CON2-P19 | SPI1-MOSI | PD2 | UART4-TX |
| CON2-P20 | GND | | |
| CON2-P21 | SPI1-MISO | PD3 | UART4-RX |
| CON2-P22 | PC0 | PC0 | |
| CON2-P23 | SPI1-CLK | PD1 | UART3-RX |
| CON2-P24 | SPI1-CS | PD0 | UART3-TX |
| CON2-P25 | GND | | |
| CON2-P26 | PC2 | PC2 | |
| CON2-P27 | PC4 | PC4 | |
| CON2-P28 | PC3 | PC3 | |
| CON2-P29 | PC7 | PC7 | |
| CON2-P30 | GND | | |
| CON2-P31 | PCM0-BCLK | PB5 | |
| CON2-P32 | PCM0-DIN | PB7 | |
| CON2-P33 | PCM0-SYNC | PB4 | |
| CON2-P34 | GND | | |
| CON2-P35 | PCM0-DOUT | PB6 | |
| CON2-P36 | PL9 | PL9 | |
| CON2-P37 | PL12 | PL12 | |
| CON2-P38 | PL7 | PL7 | |
| CON2-P39 | GND | | |
| CON2-P40 | PL8 | PL8 | |

CSI Camera Connector specification:

The CSI Camera Connector is a 40-pin FPC connector which can connect external camera module with proper signal pin mappings. The pin definitions of the CSI interface are shown as below. This is marked on the Banana Pi board as "Camera".

| CSI Pin Name | Default Function | Function2 : GPIO |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| CN5-P01 | NC | |
| CN5-P02 | GND | |
| CN5-P03 | CSI0-SDA | PE13 |
| CN5-P04 | CSI0-AVDD | |
| CN5-P05 | CSI0-SCK | PE12 |
| CN5-P06 | CSI0-Reset | PE16 |
| CN5-P07 | CSI0-VSYNC | PE3 |
| CN5-P08 | CSI0-PWDN | PE17 |
| CN5-P09 | CSI0-HSYNC | PE2 |
| CN5-P10 | CSI0-DVDD | |
| CN5-P11 | CSI0-DOVDD | |
| CN5-P12 | CSI0-D7 | PE11 |
| CN5-P13 | CSI0-MCLK | PE1 |
| CN5-P14 | CSI0-D6 | PE10 |
| CN5-P15 | GND | |
| CN5-P16 | CSI0-D5 | PE9 |
| CN5-P17 | CSI0-PCLK | PE0 |
| CN5-P18 | CSI0-D4 | PE8 |
| CN5-P19 | CSI0-D0 | PE4 |
| CN5-P20 | CSI0-D3 | PE7 |
| CN5-P21 | CSI0-D1 | PE5 |
| CN5-P22 | CSI0-D2 | PE6 |
| CN5-P23 | GND | |
| CN5-P24 | CSI0-AFVCC | |

Display specification :

MIPI DSI (Display Serial Interface)

The display Connector is a 40-pin FPC connector which can connect external LCD panel (MIPI DSI) and touch screen (I2C) module as well. The pin definitions of this connector are shown as below. This is marked on the Banana Pi board as "DSI".

| DSI Pin Name | Default Function | Function2 : GPIO |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| CN6-P01 | VCC | |
| CN6-P02 | IPSOUT | |
| CN6-P03 | VCC | |
| CN6-P04 | IPSOUT | |
| CN6-P05 | GND | |
| CN6-P06 | IPSOUT | |
| CN6-P07 | GND | |

| | | |
|---------|------------|------|
| CN6-P08 | IPSOUT | |
| CN6-P09 | NC | |
| CN6-P10 | GND | |
| CN6-P11 | NC | |
| CN6-P12 | DSI-D0N | |
| CN6-P13 | NC | |
| CN6-P14 | DSI-D0P | |
| CN6-P15 | NC | |
| CN6-P16 | GND | |
| CN6-P17 | TWI0-SDA | PH1 |
| CN6-P18 | DSI-D1N | |
| CN6-P19 | TWI0-SCK | PH0 |
| CN6-P20 | DSI-D1P | |
| CN6-P21 | CTP-INT | PH4 |
| CN6-P22 | GND | |
| CN6-P23 | CTP-RST | PH8 |
| CN6-P24 | DSI-CKN | |
| CN6-P25 | GND | |
| CN6-P26 | DSI-CKP | |
| CN6-P27 | LCD-BL-EN | PD5 |
| CN6-P28 | GND | |
| CN6-P29 | LCD-RST | PD6 |
| CN6-P30 | DSI-D2N | |
| CN6-P31 | LCD-PWR-EN | PD7 |
| CN6-P32 | DSI-D2P | |
| CN6-P33 | GND | |
| CN6-P34 | GND | |
| CN6-P35 | LCD-PWM | PL10 |
| CN6-P36 | DSI-D3N | |
| CN6-P37 | GND | |
| CN6-P38 | DSI-D3P | |
| CN6-P39 | NC | |
| CN6-P40 | GND | |

UART specification:

The header CON4 is the UART interface. For developers of Banana Pi, this is an easy way to get the UART console output to check the system status and log message.

| CON2 Pin Name | Default Function | GPIO |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| CON2 P03 | UART0-TXD | PB8 |
| CON2 P02 | UART0-RXD | PB9 |
| CON2 P01 | GND | |

BPI-M64 micro SD card slot

BPI-M64 have support a micro SD card slot. you can burn image to micro SD card ,and can burn image to SD card , use it boot BPI-M64 same as raspberry pi.



Note:

- support 8G 16G 32G 64G
- please choose class 10 TF card for banana pi.

BPI-M64 GigE LAN

Banana PI BPI-M64 with one Gigabit ethernet port,use RTL8211E chip on board.same as BPI-M3

BPI-M64 eMMC flash

BPI-M64 have support 8G eMMC flash on board by defaults.

also can support 4-64G eMMC for option:

test 64G eMMC flash on BPI-M3, same way can rework on BPI-M64

<http://forum.banana-pi.org/t/replace-the-on-board-8g-emmc-with-64g-emmc-including-some-test-results/1432>

So, you can burn your image to eMMC flash and boot from eMMC flash.

How to burn Android image to eMMC

please read this book :

2.2.1 How to burn android image to eMMC

How to burn Linux image to eMMC

please read this book:

2.3.1 How to burn linux image to eMMC

Note:

the first boot is from microSD card. if you want to boot from eMMC flash ,please remove microSD card from BPI-M64 microSD card slots.

BPI-M64 WIFI interface

BPI-M64 support AP6212 wifi module on board. it support 802.11/b/g/n wifi & BT4.0

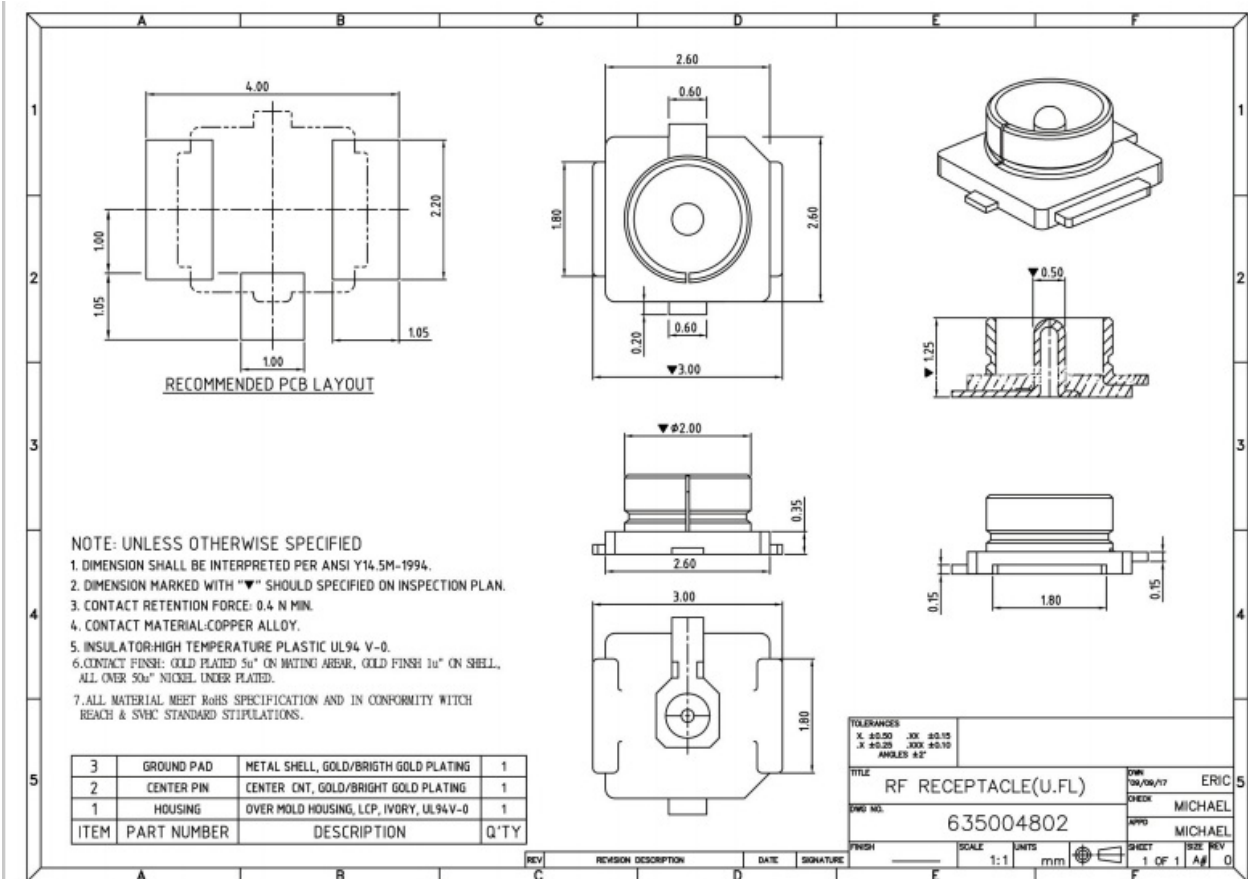
BPI-M64 wifi antenna slot

banana pi BPI-M64 have support ap6212 wifi&BT module onboard

BPI-M64 have wifi antenna on board

if you want use a extend antenna for bpi-M64, you can add by yourself.

wifi extend antenna slot:



BPI-M64 bluetooth interface

BPI-M64 have AP6212 WiFi&Bluetooth on board. it support bluetooth function by defaults.

BPI-M64 HDMI interfact

BPI-M64 has a standard HDMI 1.4 interface. so We can use HDMI-to-HDMI cable to connect BPI-M64 to the display monitor that has HDMI interface.



But If the display monitor doesn't have HDMI interface,only VGA or DVI port. We should use HDMI-to-VGA or HDMI-to-DVI cable to connect the BPI-M64 to the display monitor.



Note: if the HDMI-to-VGA/DVI cable is a bad quality cable,it will go wrong on the monitor display. please choose a good quality cable for BPI-M64

BPI-M64 CSI camera interface

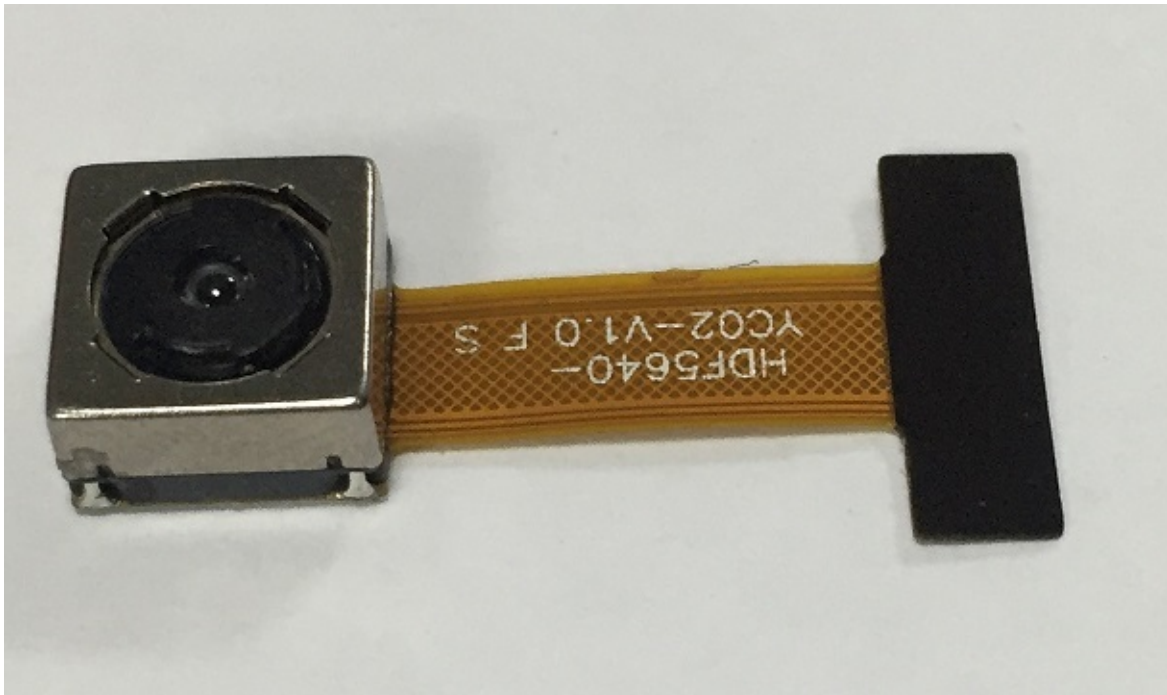
connect external camera module with proper signal pin mappings. The pin definitions of the CSI interface are shown as below. This is marked on the Banana Pi board as "CSI".

CSI pin define:

please see: BPI-M64 GPIO pine define

BPI-M64 CSI camera accessories

note: for BPI-M64 , camera is same as BPI-M2+, it support OV5640 module, not need extend board. you just can direct use OV5640 modue on CSI interface.



OV5640 driver:

This is my modified OV5640 driver for the CMOS camera that incorporates many image resolutions and/or image quality. You can take advantage of a higher FPS, Image Quality (Preview or Capture) or Window size, choosing the one that best fit your needs.

This is expected to work with reasonable quality for AW platform (32 bit and 64 bit).

Working window sizes and expected FPS (preview mode)

- QSXGA: 2592x1936 (7.5 FPS)
- QXGA: 2048x1536 (7.5 FPS)
- 1080P: 1920x1080 (7.5 FPS, 15 FPS)
- UXGA: 1600x1200 (7.5 FPS, 15 FPS)
- UXGA: 1280x960 (7.5 FPS, 15 FPS)
- 720P: 1280x720 (7.5 FPS, 15 FPS)
- XGA: 1024x768 (7.5 FPS, 15 FPS)
- SVGA: 800x600 (15 FPS, 30 FPS)
- VGA: 640x480 (15 FPS, 30 FPS)
- QVGA: 320x240 (30 FPS)
- QCIF: 176x144 (30 FPS with some artifacts)

The OV5640 has been updated to work on M64 (<https://github.com/avafinger/ov5640/tree/A64>)

from Alex of camera developer., thank Alex do this cool work.

BPI-M64 3.5 mm TRRS jack Audio interface

BPI-M64 support 3.5 mm TRRS jack Audio interface on board.

BPI-M64 Audio microphone interface

BPI-M64 support Audio microphone interface on board.

BPI-M64 IR interface

BPI-M64 support IR interface on board. you can use it as remote control.

BPI-M64 USB interface

BPI-M64 have two USB 2.0 interface on board.so you can connect Keyboard,mouse, USB camera and ... on BPI-M64

it also support another USB port ,but not with standard USB port. need use it with PIN.

so you can use total 3 USB port on board.

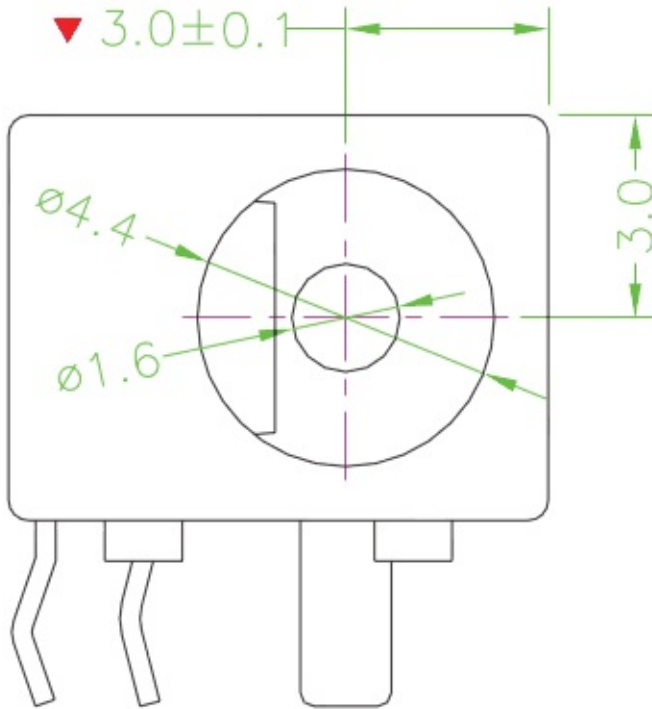
BPI-M64 OTG interface

banana pi BPI-M64 have 1 OTG port on board.

BPI-M64 DC Power interface

BPI-M64 power with DC port (default)

adapter same as BPI-M3



BPI-M64 power with microUSB power (option)

BPI-M64 3.7V lithium battery interface



you can use this interfact connect 3.7V lithium battery.

SCH:



battery interface spec:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnSmVuVDhQc0NLdG8/view?usp=sharing>

BPI-M2 Ultra test 3.7V lithium battery interface with Ubuntu linux

Lithium battery discharge



BPI-M64 DXF and 3D design

Banana Pi BPI-M64 DXF file download:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnajlEY0xsdjNxY3c/view?usp=sharing>

BPI-M64 software

banana pi BPI-M64 support Android 5.1.1 android 6.0 and linux

we will update more image on our website .

if any user have build yourself image ,please share it.

BPI-M64 Quick Start

Step 1: Get what you need

First time to enjoy your Banana Pi, you need at least the accessories in the table below.

| No. | Item | Minimum recommended specification & notes |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | MicroSD card | SD card is optional. If need to boot form SD card, Minimum size 8GB, class 10 (the class indicates how fast the card is). We recommend using branded SD cards as they are more reliable. |
| 2 | avHDMI(Full sized) to HDMI / DVI lead | HDMI to HDMI lead (for HD TVs and monitors with HDMI input).OR HDMI to DVI lead (for monitors with DVI input). |
| 3 | Keyboard and mouse | Any standard USB keyboard and mouse should work. keyboards or mice that take a lot of power from the USB ports, however, may need a powered USB hub. This may include some wireless devices. |
| 4 | Ethernet cable | Networking is optional, although it makes updating and getting new software for your Banana Pi much easier. |
| 5 | 5V/2A DC power adapter | A good quality, DC Power supply that can provide at least 5V/2A is essential.OTG also can power the board, but it is not recommended. |
| 6 | Audio lead (Optional) | You can choose a 3.5mm jack audio led to connect to audio port to get stereo audio. |
| 7 | Mobile Hard disk (Optional) | You can choose to connect a mobile hard disk to USB port to store more files. |

Base you need below:

**Step 2: Download the relevant Image file:**

Please visit our webmaster: www.banana-pi.org to download image, banana pi all image can be download form this web.

Step3: Prepare your SD card for the Banana Pi

In order to enjoy your Banana Pi BPI-M64, you will need to install an Operating System (OS) onto an SD card or eMMC Flash. Instructions below will teach you how to write an OS image to your SD card or eMMC Flash under Windows and Linux.

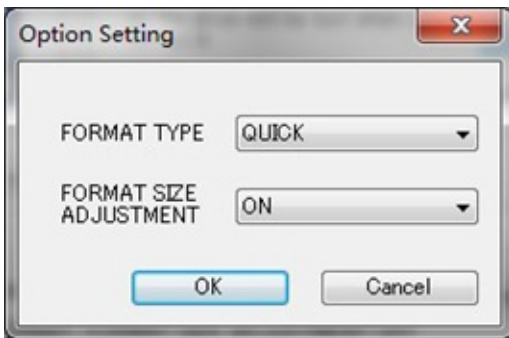
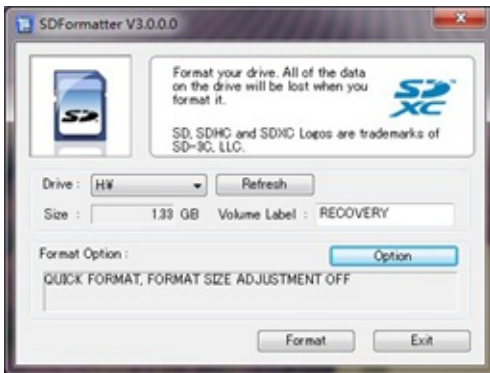
- 1.Insert your SD card into your computer. The size of SD should be larger than the OS image size, generally 8GB or greater.
- 2.Format the SD card.

Format your SD under Windows os :

Download the a SD card format tool such as SD Formatter from https://www.sdcard.org/downloads/formatter_4/eula_windows/

*Unzip the download file and run the setup.exe to install the tool on your machine.

*In the "Options" menu, set "FORMAT TYPE" option to QUICK, "FORMAT SIZE ADJUSTMENT" option to "ON".



*Check that the SD card you inserted matches the one selected by the Tool.

*Click the "Format" button.

Format your SD under Linux os :

*Run `fdisk -l` command to check the SD card node.

*Run `sudo fdisk /dev/sdx` command to delete all partition of SD card.

*Run `mkfs -t vfat /dev/sdx` command to format the entire SD card as FAT. (x should be replaced according to your SD card node)

3,Download the OS image from Download district(<http://www.banana-pi.org>)

4.Unzip the download file to get the OS image.

Windows: Right click on the file and choose "Extract all".

Linux: Run `unzip [downloaded filename]` command.

5.Write the image file to the SD card.

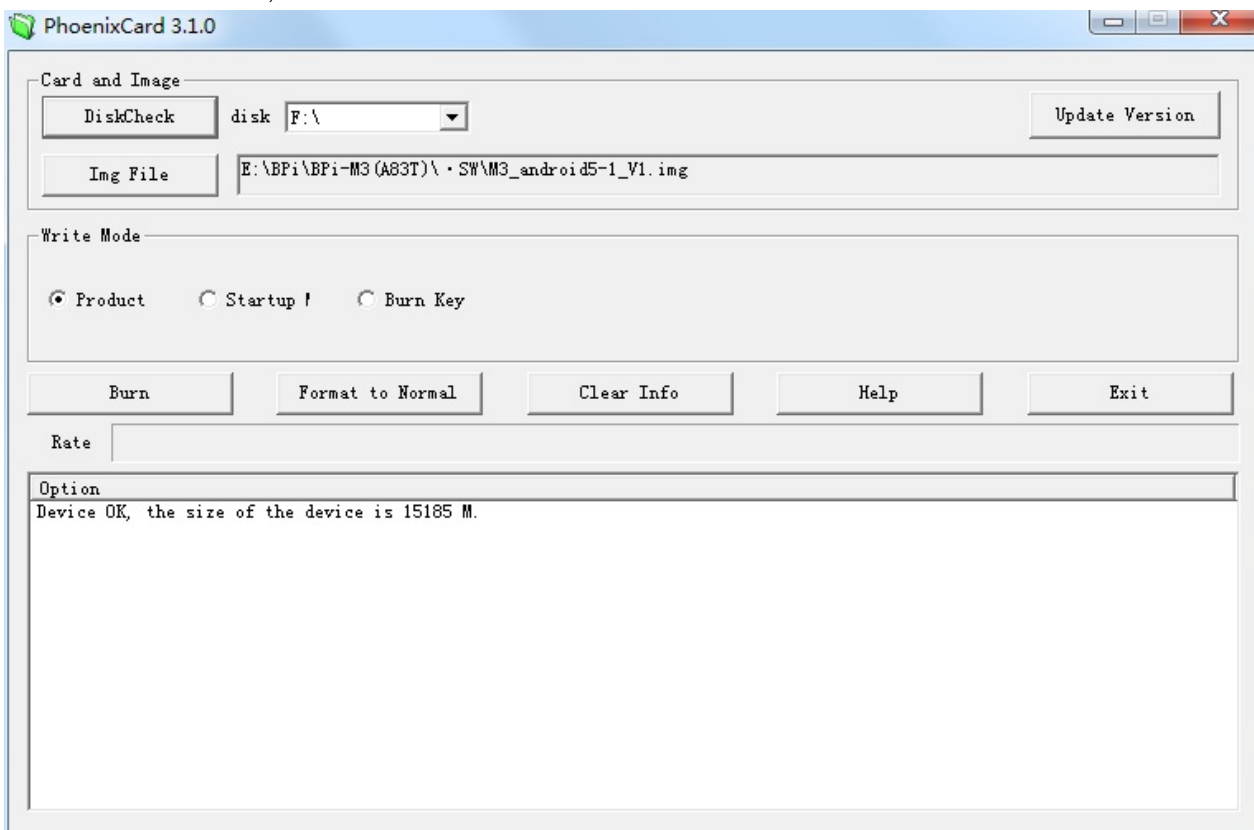
Android image

5.1 You need to use Phoenix Card to make the SD card. Download the Phoenix Card from

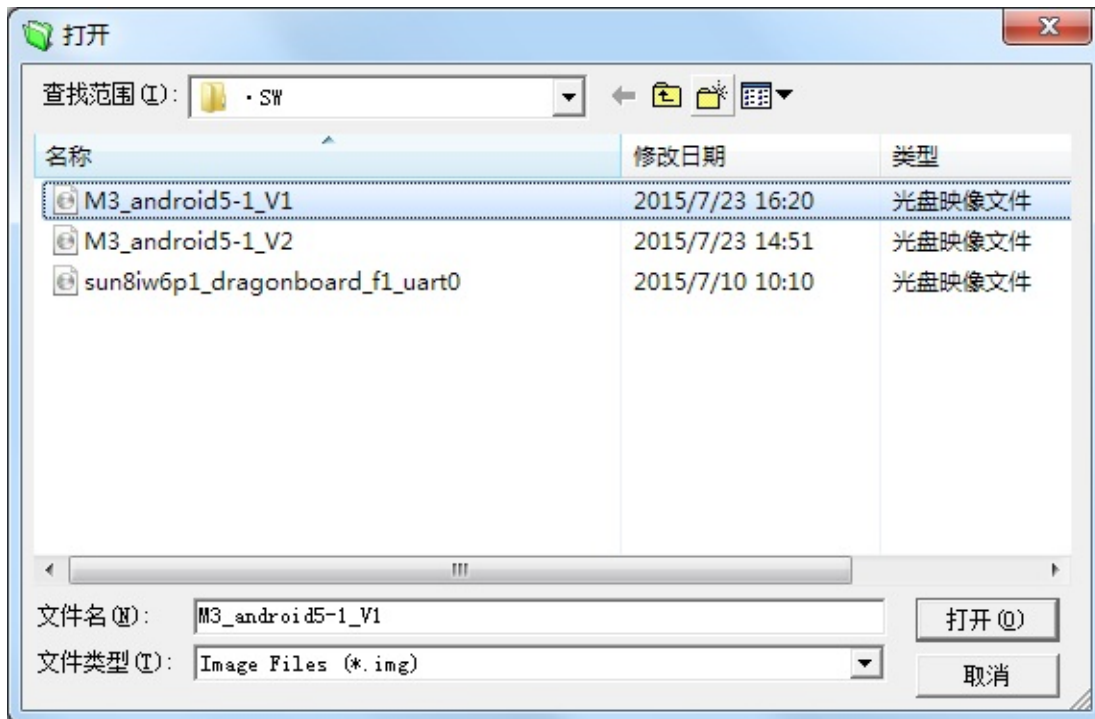
<https://drive.google.com/open?>

[id=0BzoTh3Vdt47ff11d0RuWXhUVzdYdjFjaHEtMINQWVFTRMlxcC1OQnczSTV6OGRZWGpINU0](https://drive.google.com/open?id=0BzoTh3Vdt47ff11d0RuWXhUVzdYdjFjaHEtMINQWVFTRMlxcC1OQnczSTV6OGRZWGpINU0)

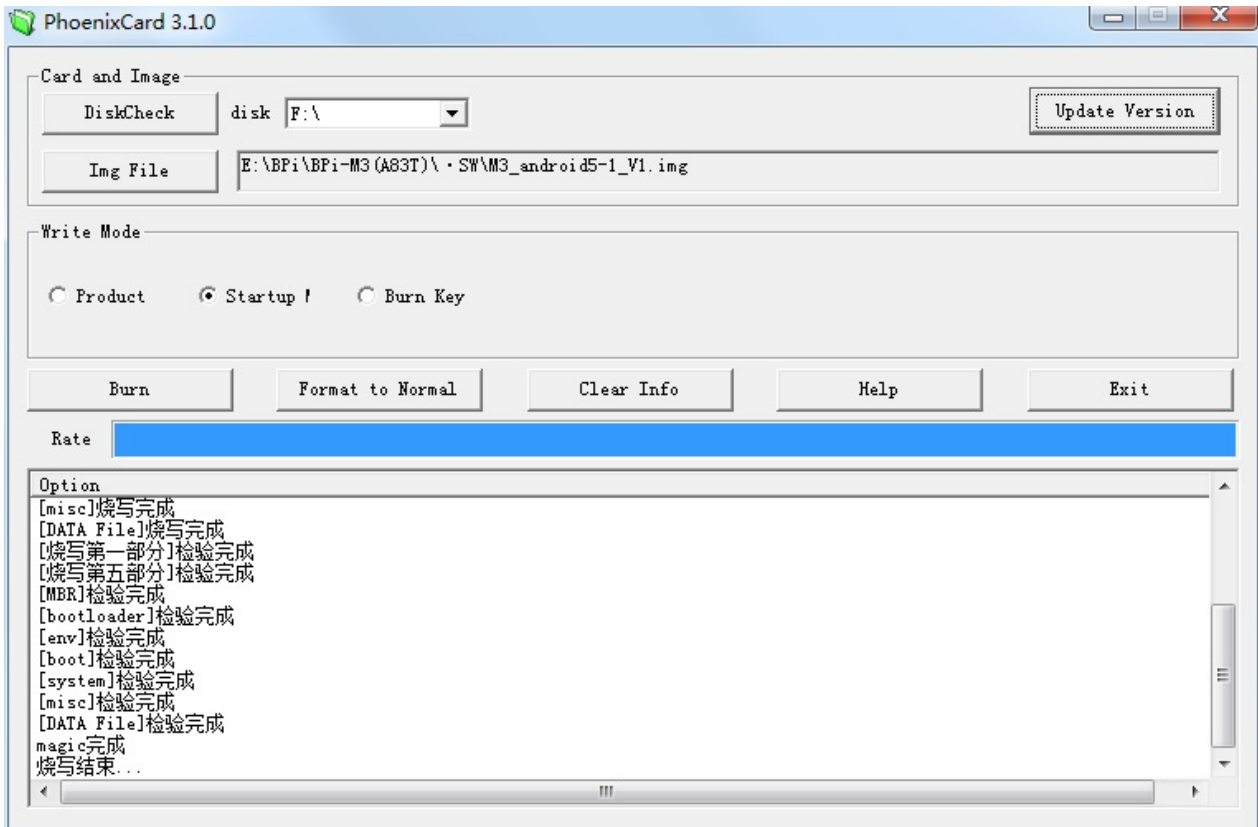
5.2 Run PhoenixCard.exe, Press “Disk Check” and select disk of SD Card.



5.3 Press “Image File” and Select system.img.



5.4 Press “Burn” to start upgrading, Upgraded complete, Press “Exit”.



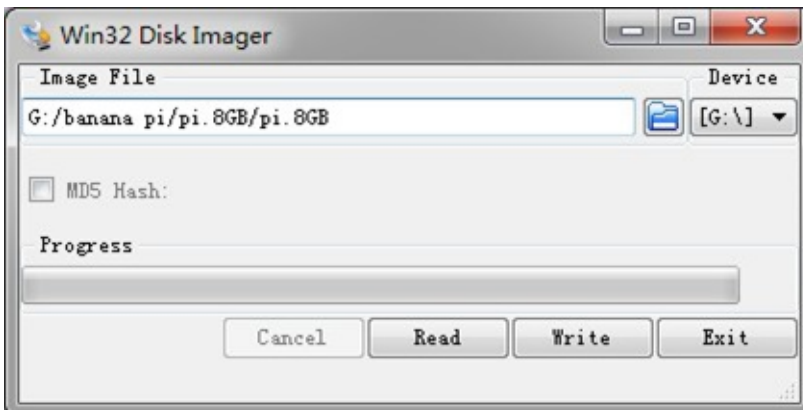
Linux image:

5.6 burn Linux image under Windows os:

*Download a tool that can write image to SD card, such as Win32 Diskimager from:

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/win32diskimager/files/Archive/>

*Open the unzipped image file



*Click Write button. Wait patiently to successfully complete writing.

5.7 burn Linux image under Linux os:

*Run fdisk -l command to check the SD card node.

*Run dd if=[imagename] of=/dev/sdx command to write image file to SD card. Wait patiently to successfully complete writing.

Step4: Set up your Banana Pi BPI-M64

According to the set up diagram below, you can easily set up your Banana Pi.

1. Insert the written-image SD card that to the SD card spot on the left side edge of the underside of the board.

2. On the bottom "edge" in the middle of the board is the HDMI Type A (Full sized) port. Just connect any HDMI cable from the board to your TV or HDMI Monitor.
3. Plug a USB keyboard and mouse into the USB slots located on the right edge.
4. Just under the USB ports on the right edge is the Ethernet connector for anyone who wants to plug the Banana Pi into a wired network.
5. Finally, at the very left of the bottom edge is the USB power connector. Plug in a regulated power supply that is rated at 5V \pm 5% / 2000mA (or 2A). Any number bigger than 700 mA will also work. Avoid using the smaller chargers used for small GSM phones, as these are often unregulated, even if they claim "5V 1A", they may do "5V" and may do "1A", but not at the same time!

If all goes well, the Banana Pi will boot in a few minutes. The screen will display the OS GUI.



Linux software

Linux image for BPI-M64

BPI-M64 new image:edu-ubuntu-mate-1604-preview-bpi-m64.img 2016-07-19

2016-07-19-edu-ubuntu-mate-1604-preview-bpi-m64.img.zip



1. based on ubuntu 16.04 mate from bpi-m3-mate (<http://opensource.ntpc.edu.tw/>)
2. BPI-M64 kernel 3.10.101
3. username & password: pi/bananapi , root/bananapi
4. support HDMI
5. support eMMC
6. support GMAC
7. support bpi-bootset cmd can switch to (bpi-m64 & bpi-m3 & bpi-m2 & bpi-m2p & bpi-m1-m1p-r1)
8. support boot.scr (boot.cmd) to fatload dtb & Image & Initrd
9. kernel 3.10.101 (based on armbian's build), thanks for armbian (<http://www.armbian.com>)
10. github from <https://github.com/igorpecovnik/lib> by armbian's work
11. special thanks for Simon Eisenmann's work (<https://github.com/longsleep>)
12. special thanks for linux-sunxi's work (<https://linux-sunxi.org>)
13. thanks for pine64.org's work (<http://wiki.pine64.org>)
14. support nodejs
15. support node-red
16. included many apps for edu
17. support scratch 2 online with scratchx
18. special thanks to the team of <http://opensource.ntpc.edu.tw/>

info: need >= 16GB SD and not use for eMMC(8GB)

Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B_YnvHgh2rwjSTQ5V2ItMXIEeVE/view?usp=sharing

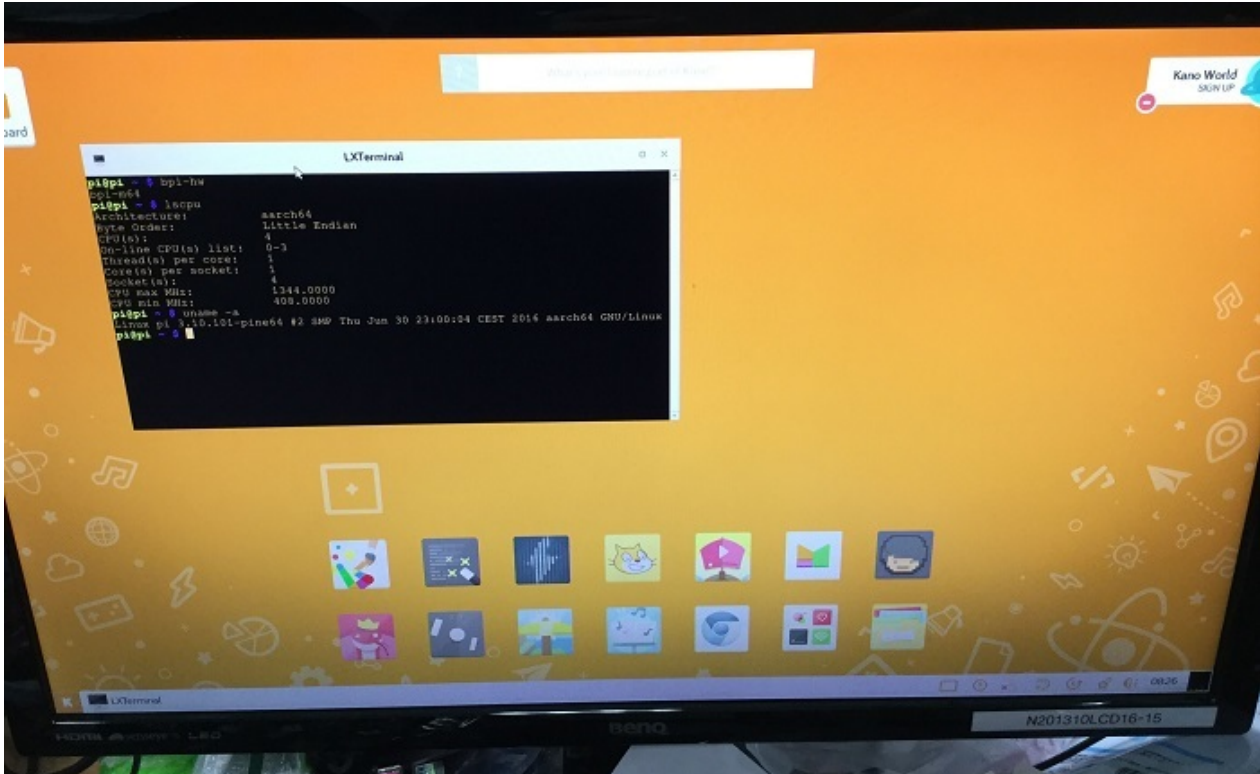
MD5: e7cf0c03baa2e7d6c49e4744ed4d1095

discuss on forum:

<http://forum.banana-pi.org/t/bpi-m64-new-image-edu-ubuntu-mate-1604-preview-bpi-m64-img-2016-07-19/2044>

BPI-M64 new image: Kanux-Beta-3.3.0-preview-bpi-m64.img 2016-07-15

2016-07-15-Kanux-Beta-3.3.0-preview-bpi-m64.img.zip



1. based on KANO OS Beta 3.3.0 (support rpi3 rpi2 rpi1)
2. BPI-M64 kernel 3.10.101
3. username & password: pi/bananapi , root/bananapi
4. support HDMI
5. support eMMC
6. support GMAC
7. support bpi-bootsel cmd can switch to (bpi-m64 & bpi-m3 & bpi-m2 & bpi-m2p & bpi-m1-m1p-r1)
8. support boot.scr (boot.cmd) to fatload dtb & Image & Initrd
9. kernel 3.10.101 (based on armbian's build), thanks for armbian (<http://www.armbian.com>)
10. github from <https://github.com/igorpecovnik/lib> by armbian's work
11. special thanks for Simon Eisenmann's work (<https://github.com/longsleep>)
12. special thanks for linux-sunxi's work (<https://linux-sunxi.org>)
13. thanks for pine64.org's work (<http://wiki.pine64.org>)
14. thanks for Kano Developers's work(<http://developers.kano.me/downloads/>)
15. thanks for raspberry.org's work

Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B_YnvHgh2rwjYzNWWER4a3h4LWs/view?usp=sharing

MD5: 6b7e0eadb85459b3e3a6ef1f9ec36a08

BPI-M64 new image : raspbian-jessie-bpi-m64.img 2016-

07-13

2016-07-13-raspbian-jessie-bpi-m64.img.zip

1. based on RASPBIAN JESSIE 2016-05-27(support rpi3 rpi2 rpi1)
2. BPI-M64 kernel 3.10.101
3. username & password: pi/bananapi , root/bananapi
4. support HDMI
5. support eMMC
6. support GMAC
7. support bpi-bootset cmd can switch to (bpi-m64 & bpi-m3 & bpi-m2 & bpi-m2p & bpi-m1-m1p-r1)
8. support boot.scr (boot.cmd) to fatload dtb & Image & Initrd
9. kernel 3.10.101 (based on armbian's build), thanks for armbian (<http://www.armbian.com>)
10. github from <https://github.com/igorpecovnik/lib> by armbian's work
11. special thanks for Simon Eisenmann's work (<https://github.com/longsleep>)
12. special thanks for linux-sunxi's work (<https://linux-sunxi.org>)
13. thanks for raspberry.org's work(<https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/raspbian>)
14. thanks for pine64.org's work (<http://wiki.pine64.org>)

Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B_YnvHgh2rwb3VqQTczVDBFSnM/view?usp=sharing

MD5: 9be9064dd74c5faad98aed75e7cd39b6

2016-07-12-raspbian-lite-preview-bpi-m64.img.zip

```

Raspbian GNU/Linux 8 bpi-lot-ros-al tty1
bpi-lot-ros-al login: pi
Password:
Last login: Mon Jul 11 20:20:24 CST 2016 on tty1
Linux bpi-lot-ros-al 3.10.101-pine64 #2 SMP Thu Jun 30 23:00:04 CEST 2016 aarch64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
pi@bpi-lot-ros-al:~$ bpi-hw
bpi-m64
pi@bpi-lot-ros-al:~$ lscpu
architecture:      aarch64
Byte Order:        Little Endian
CPU(s):            4
On-line CPU(s) list: 0-3
Thread(s) per core: 1
Core(s) per socket: 1
Socket(s):         4
CPU max MHz:      1344.0000
CPU min MHz:      488.0000
pi@bpi-lot-ros-al:~$ uname -a
Linux bpi-lot-ros-al 3.10.101-pine64 #2 SMP Thu Jun 30 23:00:04 CEST 2016 aarch64 GNU/Linux
pi@bpi-lot-ros-al:~$ df -h
Filesystem      1K-blocks    Used Available Use% Mounted on
/dev/mmcblk0p2 1656992 1356552 199004 82% /
udev            983620      0    983620  0% /dev
tmpfs           203712      4520    199192  3% /run
tmpfs           1018552     0    1018552  0% /dev/shm
tmpfs           5120       4    5116    1% /run/lock
tmpfs           1018552     0    1018552  0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/mmcblk0p1 251868    212876  40992  82% /boot
pi@bpi-lot-ros-al:~$ ifconfig eth0
eth0      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 36:c9:e3:f1:b5:05
          inet addr:192.168.43.26  Bcast:192.168.43.255  Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::34c9:e3ff:fe13:b095/64  Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Metric:1
          RX packets:49  errors:0  dropped:0  overruns:0  frame:0
          TX packets:72  errors:0  dropped:0  overruns:0  carrier:0
          collisions:0  txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:4818 (4.7 KiB)  TX bytes:9091 (8.8 KiB)
          Interrupt:114

pi@bpi-lot-ros-al:~$

```

1. based on RASPBIAN JESSIE LITE 2016-05-27(support rpi3 rpi2 rpi1)
2. BPI-M64 kernel 3.10.101
3. username & password: pi/bananapi , root/bananapi
4. support HDMI
5. support eMMC
6. support GMAC
7. support bpi-bootSEL cmd can switch to (bpi-m64 & bpi-m3 & bpi-m2 & bpi-m2p & bpi-m1-m1p-r1)
8. support boot.scr (boot.cmd) to fatload dtb & Image & Initrd
9. kernel 3.10.101 (based on armbian's build), thanks for armbian (<http://www.armbian.com>)
10. github from <https://github.com/igorpecovnik/lib> by armbian's work
11. special thanks for Simon Eisenmann's work (<https://github.com/longsleep>)
12. special thanks for linux-sunxi's work (<https://linux-sunxi.org>)
13. thanks for raspberry.org's work(<https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/raspbian>)
14. thanks for pine64.org's work (<http://wiki.pine64.org>)

Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B_YnvHgh2rwjNmQwUi1Ia2RuRkk/view?usp=sharing

MD5: 9e063b9bb7373f09c918f1516dd5b759

Android software

[BPI-M64] New image: Android 6.0 (Vserion:V2) 2017-1-4



HDMI-Version

Google Drive:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B_YnvHgh2rwjcGVfMXF1TGptRVk

Baidu Cloud:

<https://pan.baidu.com/s/1eS3KmOy>

MD5: 7149885efd591985315d5c309f870fdc

LCD-Version

Google Drive:

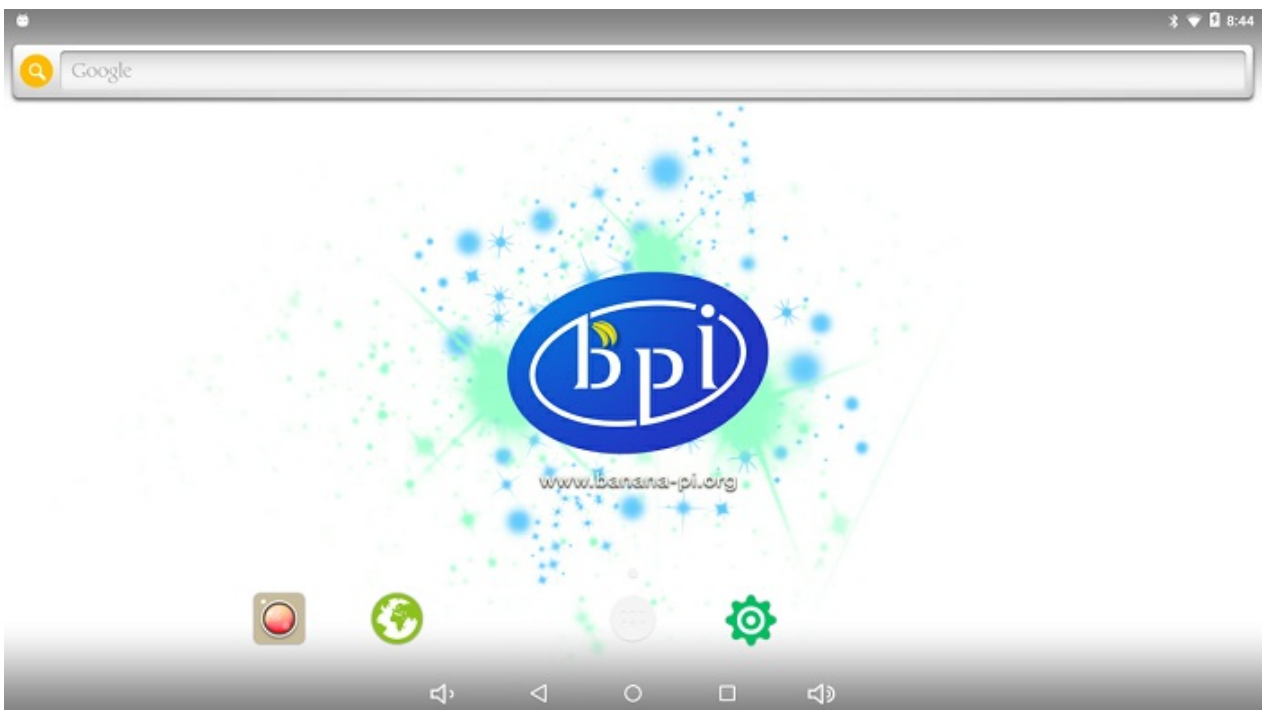
Baidu Cloud:

MD5:

Release Note:

1. Android 6.0 optimized
2. Installed Google Service

[BPI-M64] New image: Android 6.0 (Vserion:V1) 2016-9-19



HDMI-Version

Google Drive:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B_YnvHgh2rwc3ktSmIldnhITmc/view

Baidu Cloud:

<https://pan.baidu.com/s/1nvTIEN3>

MD5: acb8bbe57e133906021d27d24f9f7bf8

LCD-Version

Google Drive:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B_YnvHgh2rwjaVpFUlc0RHM5ajg/view

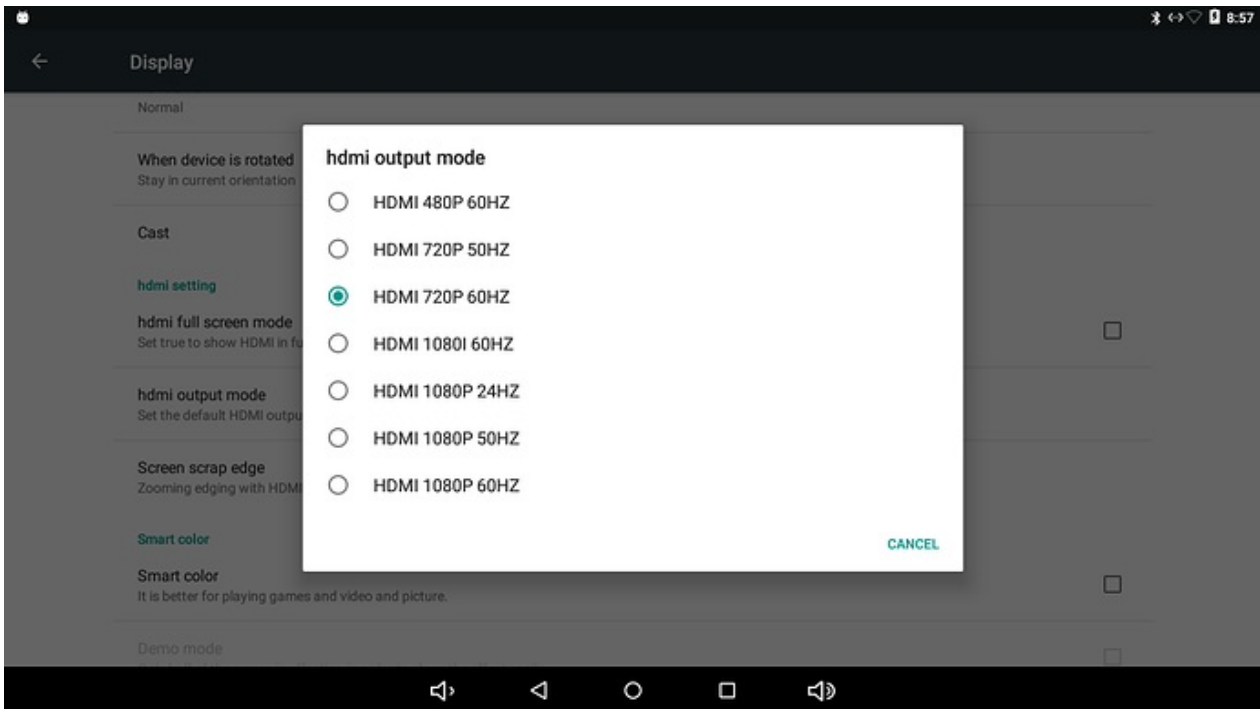
Baidu Cloud:

<http://pan.baidu.com/s/1kV4QI3h>

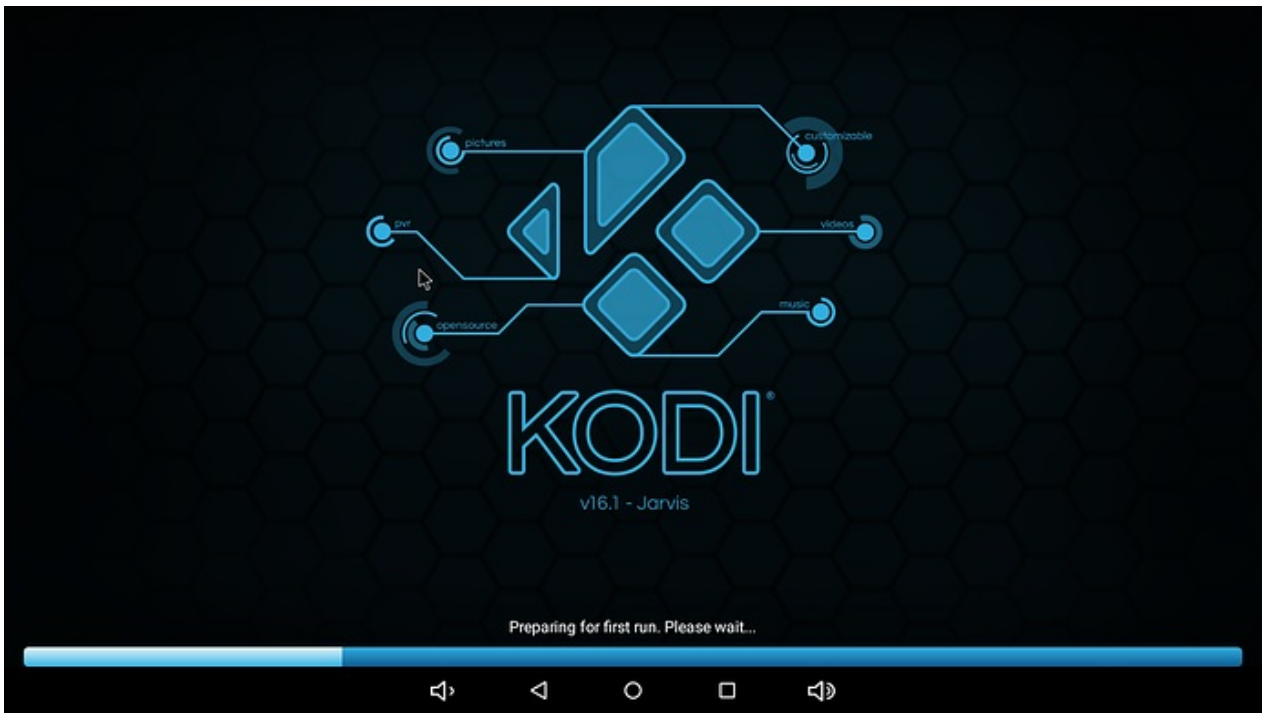
MD5: f084f0ff4c0e85e919de10f1e3efa07a

Release Note:

1. WIFI-Hotspot feature supported
2. Muti-Resolution feature supported (HDMI version only)
3. USB Camera (Uvcvideo supported)
4. Static IP feature supported
5. GMAC supported
6. WIFI 802.11 b/g/n supported
7. Bluetooth 4.0 supported
8. Preinstall Kodi V16.1 APP
9. Android root feature supported
10. GPIO control feature supported



Support KODI



online video memo:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8LvugoctvBY>

How to Install GApps to Android 6 on eMMC from Ubuntu

Video demo on youtube:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2KCDws9CzWY>

Prerequisite:

1. you must have already done the "How to Flash Android to eMMC from Ubuntu" <http://forum.banana-pi.org/t/how-to-flash-android-to-emmc-from-ubuntu/2477/2>
2. you must be able to boot into Android 6 on your BPI-M64 already.

Download: I have prepared a set of open gapps easy for you to push to the /system folder

<https://pan.baidu.com/s/1slkytYl>

google driver:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B_YnvHgh2rwjOEdDWGpSdy1xSDQ

Install:

1. make sure your BPI-M64 is power connected and also USB OTG connected to your PC.
2. double check if your usb is connected by typing:

```
adb devices
```

3. if it shows one long unique id number under the List of devices means you are connected and ready to go.
4. type the following:

```
adb root
adb remount
adb shell "rm -rf system/priv-app/PackageInstaller"
```

5. unzip the gapps.tar.gz file you have just downloaded.
6. cd gapps
7. inside gapps folder, you should see only 1 system folder, then type:

```
adb push system /
adb shell "pm grant com.google.android.gms android.permission.ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION"
adb shell "pm grant com.google.android.gms android.permission.ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION"
adb shell "pm grant com.google.android.setupwizard android.permission.READ_PHONE_STATE"
adb shell "pm grant com.google.android.setupwizard android.permission.READ_CONTACTS"
adb reboot
```

after reboot, ignore any "unfortunately ... has stopped" message if got any... and please don't rush to open the apps yet, else it will cache the error and make things more complicated.

Fix Errors via Settings:

1. go to Settings->Apps
2. go into all the newly installed google apps, and go into the permissions, allow all of it that it suggest you to enable.
3. double check if any google apps that you miss adding the permissions.
4. reboot again by typing:

```
adb reboot
```

5. done!

if you didn't listen and rushed to open apps before fixing the permissions, you will have to go to Settings->Apps->top right corner menu choose "Reset app preferences", then reboot, and then go fix the permissions first, then reboot, then it should be ok.

How to test GPIO pins on Android

To test GPIO on Android with your newly acquired BPI-M64

Prepare the test LED by following the pic below:



Red connect to PB0 (pin 8)

Black connect to GND (pin 6)

then...

- 1 , connect the microUSB OTG cable to your PC.
- 2 , power up and wait till it boot into the Android Welcome screen.
- 3 , make sure you are connected and have proper full access to the device by following the adb commands below:

```
adb devices
adb root
adb remount
adb shell
```

- 4 , after inside the shell type the following and press enter:

```
setenforce 0
```

- 5 , connect the LED like in the picture. always connect the GND(black) first,



- 6 , type the following and enter, the LED will power on and light up:

```
echo 1 > /sys/class/gpio_sw/PB0/data
```

- 7 , to power off

```
echo 0 > /sys/class/gpio_sw/PB0/data
```

BPI-M64 Android 6.0.1 source code



google driver link:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B_YnvHgh2rwjaVVMsi1xU1ZOY2c

thank taili share this code.

Banana pi BPI-M64 Win10 IoT

banana pi BPI-M64 IOT certifying pass by Microsoft:windows 10 iot core

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure documentation page for IoT Hub tested configurations. The page has a dark header with the Microsoft Azure logo and navigation links. A search bar is visible on the left. The main content area displays a list of IoT devices and their supported configurations.

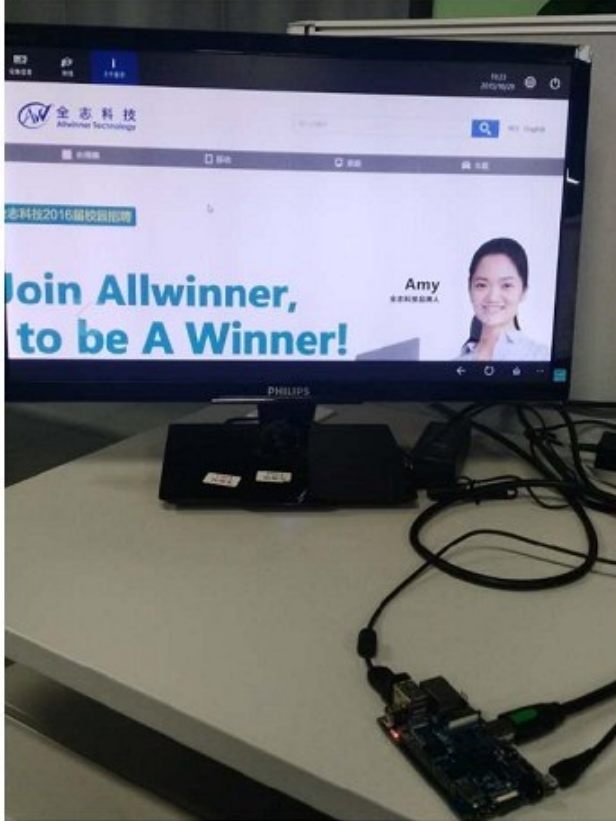
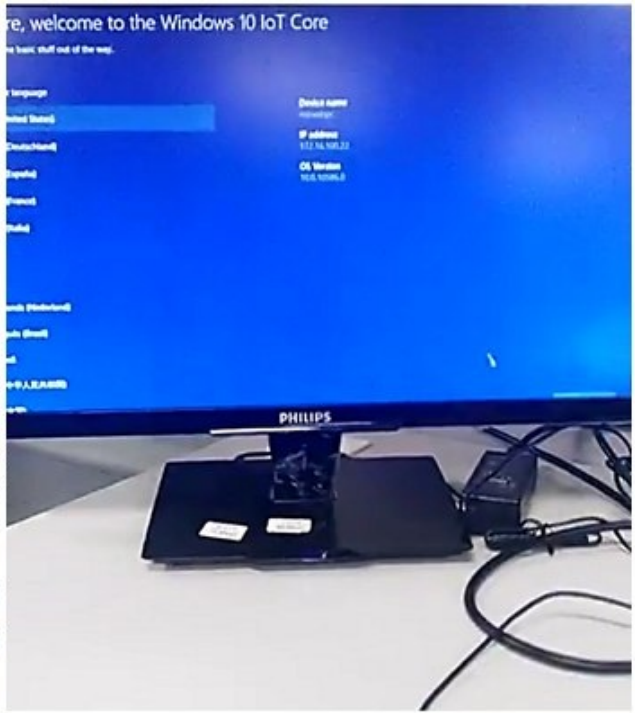
| Device | OS | Language | Action |
|--|---------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| Alleantia IoT SCADA SERVER | Ubuntu | Java | Get started |
| Allwinner Technology Banana Pi BPI-M64 | Windows 10 IoT Core | C# | Get started |
| Allwinner Technology Pine64 | Windows 10 IoT Core | C# | Get started |
| Amplified FATBOX G3 | OpenWRT Linux | C | Get started |
| Arbor IEC-3300 | Windows 10 | C# | Get started |
| Arduino MKR1000 | Arduino IDE | Arduino, C | Get started |
| Arduino Zero | Arduino IDE | Arduino, C | Get started |

link: <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/iot-hub-tested-configurations/>

get start:

https://github.com/Azure/azure-iot-sdks/blob/master/doc/get_started/windows10-iot-core-banana-pi-bpi-m64-csharp.md

test on BPI-M64



discuss on forum:

<http://forum.banana-pi.org/t/banana-pi-bpi-m64-iot-certifying-pass-by-microsoft-windows-10-iot-core/2090>

Win 10 IoT image

BPI-M64 new image :BPI-M64_Win10IoTCore_beta0.2 2017-1-13

<http://pan.baidu.com/s/1c2ce100>

BPI-M64 new image :BPI-M64_Win10IoTCore10586_beta0.1

download link:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B_YnvHgh2rwjODJOSS1TdkRvcEk

baidu link:

<http://pan.baidu.com/s/1dEQyGgD>

MD5: 1c09118cd45bf0c3b61d1846710a3649

Win 10 IoT Source code on github

Windows 10 IoT Core for BPI-M64 Release Note

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) is a specification that defines a software interface between an operating system and platform firmware. UEFI replaces the Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) firmware interface originally present in all IBM PC-compatible personal computers

AllWinner UEFI Firmware Release Notes

This document describes how to build AllWinner UEFI Firmware and bring a AllWinner dev board up with it. The AllWinner UEFI Firmware, as the major boot system for AllWinner-Windows platform, is based on the EDK2 framework which is open-source and with some AllWinner platform software packages injected.

Features of this version:

This version can only support two boards based on AllWinner A64 platform which is Pine64 and Banana Pi M64; Need to build and pack the firmware via a Linux shell; At present, it can only bring up Windows 10 IoT Core. About UEFI and EDK2 open source project, please refer to links below:

<https://github.com/Leeway213/WinIoTBoot4>

<https://github.com/Leeway213/Win10-IoT-for-A64-Release-Notes/blob/master/20160809/BPI-M64/ReleaseNotes.md>

UEFI Images:

<https://github.com/Leeway213/Win10-IoT-for-A64-Release-Notes/tree/master/UEFIImage>

BPI-M64 Reference documents

Main features of Allwinner A64 includes:

64-bit Cortex-A53 architecture Supports H.265/H.264 video decoding in hardware, and supports HDMI 4K display Supports various DDR memory types, making the BOM cost more competitive Supports eMMC 5.0 for better IO performance and enhanced data throughput capacity Allwinner's exclusive patented SmartColor display technology, delivering more vivid and eye-pleasing visual experience Supports the latest Trusted Firmware security architecture from ARM

As the first design house in China that have distributed Android 5.0 Lollipop to its tablet lineup, Allwinner Technology will keep the momentum and release Android 5.0 to Allwinner A64 when it comes out. It's also worthy of notice that the Linux kernel that Allwinner A64's based on upgrades to the latest 3.10 version, perfectly matching with the 64-bit architecture and Android 5.0 operating system.

More details about Allwinner A64 are to be disclosed in the near future.

more about this chip, please see allwinner website:

<http://www.allwinnertech.com/plus/view.php?aid=527>

A64 chip documents

Allwinner A64 chip datasheet:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnSW9lQnZ0d1RoVW8/view?usp=sharing>

Allwinner A64 user's manual (720 pages)

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnNHk4dkFJZEdqYXc/view?usp=sharing>

A64 chip linux-sunxi wiki

The A64 is basically an Allwinner H3 with the Cortex-A7 cores replaced with Cortex-A53 cores (ARM64 architecture). They share most of the memory map, clocks, interrupts and also uses the same IP blocks. Differences between the H3 and the A64 seem to be: The H3 has three USB host controllers, whereas the A64 has only one. Both SoCs have an additional USB-OTG controller, which is assumed to be used as normal host controller as well. The H3 DRAM controller supports up to 2GB of RAM, the A64 supports up to 3 GB. Despite being a 64-bit chip, this makes the SoC entirely 32-bit on the physical side. The H3 supports 5 UARTs, the A64 has 6 of them. The MMC controller has been updated to support faster transfer modes. The MMC clocks have changed on the way, now the MMC controller itself provides support for the output and sample phase.

<http://linux-sunxi.org/A64>

BPI-M64 linux-sunxi wiki

https://linux-sunxi.org/Banana_Pi_M64

BPI-M64 quality guarantee

All the products Banana pi release go through strictly controlled process from developing,testing,manufacturing to certification.

We put quality first, users can mass produce their products using our boards directly, we've been dedicating to providing the most cost performance products.

BPI-M64 BT4.0 Lab test

Anritsu BlueTest2 Test Report

Test Set Serial Number: 6K00006250
EUT Bluetooth Address: 983B16000000

Date: 2016/8/18
Time: 11:05:40

Overall Result: PASS

TRN/CA/01/C (Output Power)

Packet Length Tested: DHS

| Hopping ON | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Average Power | 9.22 dBm | 9.63 dBm | 8.74 dBm | |
| Max Power | 9.26 dBm | 9.65 dBm | 8.76 dBm | < 20.00 dBm |
| Min Power | 9.21 dBm | 9.62 dBm | 8.72 dBm | > -6.00 dBm |
| Peak Power | 9.49 dBm | 9.93 dBm | 9.03 dBm | < 23.00 dBm |
| Total Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Packets Tested | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

TRN/CA/03/C (Power Control)

Packet Length Tested: DHI

| Hopping OFF | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Max Power | 9.20 dB | 9.60 dB | 8.80 dB | |
| Min Power | -21.10 dB | -21.40 dB | -23.40 dB | |
| Max Power Step | 5.20 dB | 5.30 dB | 5.60 dB | <= 8.00 dB |
| Min Power Step | 3.80 dB | 3.90 dB | 3.90 dB | >= 2.00 dB |
| Total Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Packets Tested | 14 | 14 | 14 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

TRN/CA/08/C (Initial Carrier)

Packet Length Tested: DHI

| Hopping ON | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Average Offset | 8.5 kHz | 7.9 kHz | 4.7 kHz | |
| Max Offset | 13.2 kHz | 12.2 kHz | 13.1 kHz | <= 75 kHz |
| Min Offset | 4.5 kHz | 4.6 kHz | -1.0 kHz | <= 75 kHz |
| Total Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Packets Tested | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

TRN/CA/09/C (Carrier Drift)

Hopping On - Low Channel

| | DH1 | DH3 | DH5 | Limits |
|----------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Drift Rate / 50µs | 6.24 kHz | -6.30 kHz | -7.35 kHz | +/- 20 kHz |
| Max Drift | 6 kHz | -11 kHz | 9 kHz | DH1: +/- 25kHz |
| Average Drift | 1 kHz | 1 kHz | 2 kHz | DH3: +/- 40kHz |
| Total Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH5: +/- 40kHz |
| Total Packets Tested | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| Overall Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

Hopping On - Med Channel

| | DH1 | DH3 | DH5 | Limits |
|----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------------|
| Drift Rate / 50µs | -5.46 kHz | 5.92 kHz | -6.81 kHz | +/- 20 kHz |
| Max Drift | 12 kHz | 11 kHz | 8 kHz | DH1: +/- 25kHz |
| Average Drift | 2 kHz | 0 kHz | 2 kHz | DH3: +/- 40kHz |
| Total Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH5: +/- 40kHz |
| Total Packets Tested | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| Overall Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

Hopping On - High Channel

| | DH1 | DH3 | DH5 | Limits |
|----------------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------|
| Drift Rate / 50µs | 6.30 kHz | -7.22 kHz | 6.17 kHz | +/- 20 kHz |
| Max Drift | 9 kHz | 11 kHz | 11 kHz | DH1: +/- 25kHz |
| Average Drift | 3 kHz | 0 kHz | 5 kHz | DH3: +/- 40kHz |
| Total Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH5: +/- 40kHz |
| Total Packets Tested | 10 | 10 | 10 | |
| Overall Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

TRN/CA/07/C (Modulation Characteristic)

Packet Length Tested: DHS

| Hopping OFF | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|
| 'F1avg' | 158.6 kHz | 160.6 kHz | 159.8 kHz | 140kHz < F1 < 175kHz |
| 'F1max' | 167.0 kHz | 167.8 kHz | 167.4 kHz | |
| F1 Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 'F2avg' | 159.6 kHz | 159.2 kHz | 159.7 kHz | |
| 'F2max' | 143.1 kHz | 143.4 kHz | 142.8 kHz | >= 115 kHz |
| 'F2max' Pass Rate | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | |
| F1/F2 Ratio | 1.00 | 0.98 | 0.99 | >= 0.8 |
| Total Packets Tested | 20 | 20 | 20 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

RCV/CA/01/C (Single Sensitivity)

Power Level: -87 dBm, Dirty Tx Status: ON

| Hopping ON | Any | Limits |
|----------------------|------------|---------------|
| Overall BER | 0.03% | <= 0.1% |
| Overall FER | 2.1% | <= 100% |
| Packets Sent | 7408 | |
| Total Packets Tested | 7383 | |
| Bit Errors | 441 | |
| Total Packets Failed | 162 | |
| CRC Errors | 136 | |
| Length Errors | 1 | |
| Lost Packets | 25 | |
| Result | Pass | |

| Hopping OFF | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|----------------------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| Overall BER | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | <= 0.1% |
| Overall FER | 0.28% | 0.62% | 0.09% | <= 100% |
| Packets Sent | 7408 | 7408 | 7408 | |
| Total Packets Tested | 7394 | 7377 | 7403 | |
| Bit Errors | 6 | 12 | 2 | |
| Total Packets Failed | 21 | 46 | 7 | |
| CRC Errors | 7 | 15 | 2 | |
| Length Errors | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lost Packets | 14 | 31 | 5 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

RCV/CA/02/C (Multi Slot Sensitivity)

Power Level: -84 dBm, Dirty Tx Status: ON, Packet Length Tested: DHS

| Hopping ON | Any | Limits |
|----------------------|------------|---------------|
| Overall BER | 0.09% | <= 0.1% |
| Overall FER | 6.78% | <= 100% |
| Packets Sent | 590 | |
| Total Packets Tested | 506 | |
| Bit Errors | 1439 | |
| Total Packets Failed | 40 | |
| CRC Errors | 35 | |
| Length Errors | 1 | |
| Lost Packets | 4 | |
| Result | Pass | |

| Hopping OFF | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|----------------------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| Overall BER | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | <= 0.1% |
| Overall FER | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | <= 100% |
| Packets Sent | 590 | 590 | 590 | |
| Total Packets Tested | 590 | 590 | 590 | |
| Bit Errors | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| CRC Errors | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Length Errors | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lost Packets | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

RCV/CA/06/C (Max Input Level)

Power Level: -40dBm

| | <u>Low</u> | <u>Med</u> | <u>High</u> | <u>Limits</u> |
|----------------------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Overall BER | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | <= 0.1% |
| Overall FER | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | <= 100% |
| Packets Sent | 7408 | 7408 | 7408 | |
| Total Packets Tested | 7408 | 7408 | 7408 | |
| Bit Errors | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Packets Failed | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| CRC Errors | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Length Errors | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lost Packets | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

TRN/CA/10/C (RDR Relative Transmit Power)

2Mbps Packet Length: 2-DH5, 3Mbps Packet Length: 3-DH5

2Mbps/sec

| | <u>Low</u> | <u>EUT Max</u> | <u>High</u> | <u>Limits</u> |
|----------------|------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Max difference | 0.20 dB | 0.19 dB | 0.14 dB | Max: 1.00 dB |
| Min difference | 0.18 dB | 0.16 dB | 0.12 dB | Min: -4.00 dB |
| Avg difference | 0.19 dB | 0.17 dB | 0.13 dB | |
| GFSK Max | 5.87 dBm | 6.16 dBm | 5.33 dBm | |
| GFSK Min | 5.84 dBm | 6.13 dBm | 5.29 dBm | |
| GFSK Avg | 5.86 dBm | 6.15 dBm | 5.31 dBm | |
| GFSK Pk | 6.04 dBm | 6.36 dBm | 5.53 dBm | |
| DPSK Max | 6.06 dBm | 6.33 dBm | 5.44 dBm | |
| DPSK Min | 6.03 dBm | 6.30 dBm | 5.42 dBm | |
| DPSK Avg | 6.04 dBm | 6.32 dBm | 5.43 dBm | |
| DPSK Pk | 6.71 dBm | 6.91 dBm | 7.93 dBm | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

2Mbps/sec

| | <u>Low</u> | <u>EUT Min</u> | <u>High</u> | <u>Limits</u> |
|----------------|------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Max difference | 0.27 dB | 0.30 dB | 0.31 dB | Max: 1.00 dB |
| Min difference | 0.25 dB | 0.27 dB | 0.28 dB | Min: -4.00 dB |
| Avg difference | 0.26 dB | 0.28 dB | 0.30 dB | |
| GFSK Max | -25.98 dBm | -27.25 dBm | -29.40 dBm | |
| GFSK Min | -26.00 dBm | -27.28 dBm | -29.44 dBm | |
| GFSK Avg | -25.98 dBm | -27.26 dBm | -29.41 dBm | |
| GFSK Pk | -25.75 dBm | -26.98 dBm | -29.12 dBm | |
| DPSK Max | -25.72 dBm | -26.97 dBm | -29.11 dBm | |
| DPSK Min | -25.75 dBm | -27.00 dBm | -29.14 dBm | |
| DPSK Avg | -25.73 dBm | -26.98 dBm | -29.12 dBm | |
| DPSK Pk | -22.96 dBm | -24.20 dBm | -26.25 dBm | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

3Mbps/sec

| | <u>Low</u> | <u>EUT Max</u> | <u>High</u> | <u>Limits</u> |
|----------------|------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Max difference | 0.21 dB | 0.19 dB | 0.14 dB | Max: 1.00 dB |
| Min difference | 0.18 dB | 0.15 dB | 0.11 dB | Min: -4.00 dB |
| Avg difference | 0.20 dB | 0.17 dB | 0.13 dB | |
| GFSK Max | 5.90 dBm | 6.28 dBm | 5.33 dBm | |
| GFSK Min | 5.85 dBm | 6.13 dBm | 5.30 dBm | |
| GFSK Avg | 5.88 dBm | 6.18 dBm | 5.32 dBm | |
| GFSK Pk | 6.07 dBm | 6.48 dBm | 5.54 dBm | |
| DPSK Max | 6.09 dBm | 6.44 dBm | 5.46 dBm | |
| DPSK Min | 6.04 dBm | 6.30 dBm | 5.42 dBm | |
| DPSK Avg | 6.07 dBm | 6.35 dBm | 5.44 dBm | |
| DPSK Pk | 6.78 dBm | 9.06 dBm | 7.98 dBm | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

2 3Mbps/sec

| | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|----------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Max difference | 0.27 dB | 0.29 dB | 0.31 dB | Max: 1.00 dB |
| Min difference | 0.24 dB | 0.28 dB | 0.29 dB | Min: -4.00 dB |
| Avg difference | 0.26 dB | 0.28 dB | 0.30 dB | |
| GPSK Max | -25.96 dBm | -27.24 dBm | -29.39 dBm | |
| GPSK Min | -25.99 dBm | -27.27 dBm | -29.42 dBm | |
| GPSK Avg | -25.97 dBm | -27.25 dBm | -29.41 dBm | |
| GPSK Fk | -25.75 dBm | -26.98 dBm | -29.10 dBm | |
| DPSK Max | -25.70 dBm | -26.96 dBm | -29.10 dBm | |
| DPSK Min | -25.75 dBm | -26.99 dBm | -29.13 dBm | |
| DPSK Avg | -25.71 dBm | -26.97 dBm | -29.11 dBm | |
| DPSK Fk | -22.85 dBm | -24.02 dBm | -26.14 dBm | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

3 TRM/CA/11/C (EFR Carrier Frequency Stability and Modulation Accuracy)

2Mbps Packet Length: 2-DHS, 3Mbps Packet Length: 3-DHS

| | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|----------|--|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Initial Frequency Error | 11.1 kHz | 9.1 kHz | 7.2 kHz | -75 kHz < ω _i < 75 kHz |
| Frequency Error | -2 kHz | 1.2 kHz | -1.2 kHz | -10 kHz < ω ₀ < 10 kHz |
| Block Frequency Error | 11 kHz | 9.2 kHz | 7.9 kHz | -75 kHz < ω _i + ω ₀ < 75 kHz |
| RMS DEVM | 0.054 | 0.055 | 0.059 | <= 0.2 (2Mbps) |
| Peak DEVM | 0.148 | 0.138 | 0.157 | <= 0.35 (2Mbps) |
| 99% DEVM | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | % Symbols <= 0.3 (2Mbps) |
| Average RMS DEVM | 0.043 | 0.044 | 0.044 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

3Mbps/sec

| | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|---------|--|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Initial Frequency Error | 11 kHz | 8.9 kHz | 7.1 kHz | -75 kHz < ω _i < 75 kHz |
| Frequency Error | -1.6 kHz | -1 kHz | 1.4 kHz | -10 kHz < ω ₀ < 10 kHz |
| Block Frequency Error | 11.1 kHz | 9.3 kHz | 8 kHz | -75 kHz < ω _i + ω ₀ < 75 kHz |
| RMS DEVM | 0.051 | 0.052 | 0.053 | <= 0.13 (3Mbps) |
| Peak DEVM | 0.142 | 0.124 | 0.151 | <= 0.25 (3Mbps) |
| 99% DEVM | 100.00% | 100.00% | 100.00% | % Symbols <= 0.2 (3Mbps) |
| Average RMS DEVM | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.040 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

4 TRM/CA/12/C (EFR Differential Phase Encoding)

2Mbps Packet Length: 2-DH1, 3Mbps Packet Length: 3-DH1

| | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|------------------|------|-----|------|--------|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Packets Received | 100 | n/a | n/a | |
| Packets in Error | 0 | n/a | n/a | |
| Percentage | 100% | n/a | n/a | 99 % |
| CRC FERs | 0 | n/a | n/a | |
| Length FERs | 0 | n/a | n/a | |
| Lost Pkt FERs | 0 | n/a | n/a | |
| Result | Pass | n/a | n/a | |

3Mbps/sec

| | Low | Med | High | Limits |
|------------------|------|-----|------|--------|
| Hopping OFF | | | | |
| Packets Received | 100 | n/a | n/a | |
| Packets in Error | 0 | n/a | n/a | |
| Percentage | 100% | n/a | n/a | 99 % |
| CRC FERs | 0 | n/a | n/a | |
| Length FERs | 0 | n/a | n/a | |
| Lost Pkt FERs | 0 | n/a | n/a | |
| Result | Pass | n/a | n/a | |

RCV/CA/07/C (EDR Sensitivity)

Power Level: -84 dBm, Dirty Tx Status: ON, 2Mbps Packet Length: 2-DHS, 3Mbps Packet Length: 3-DHS

| | <u>2Mbps/sec</u> | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Hopping OFF | Low | Med | High | Limits |
| Overall BER | 0.00E+000 | 0.00E+000 | 0.00E+000 | 7.0E-005 |
| Bits in error | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.0E-004 |
| Packets sent | 300 | 300 | 300 | |
| Packets in error | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| CPC FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Length FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lost Pkt FERs | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Packets received | 300 | 300 | 299 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

| | <u>3Mbps/sec</u> | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Hopping OFF | Low | Med | High | Limits |
| Overall BER | 1.75E-006 | 2.91E-006 | 5.83E-007 | 7.0E-005 |
| Bits in error | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1.0E-004 |
| Packets sent | 210 | 210 | 210 | |
| Packets in error | 3 | 4 | 2 | |
| CPC FERs | 3 | 4 | 2 | |
| Length FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lost Pkt FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Packets received | 210 | 210 | 210 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

RCV/CA/10/C (EDR Maximum Input Power)

Power Level: -20 dBm, 2Mbps Packet Length: 2-DHS, 3Mbps Packet Length: 3-DHS

| | <u>2Mbps/sec</u> | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Hopping OFF | Low | Med | High | Limits |
| Overall BER | 0.00E+000 | 0.00E+000 | 0.00E+000 | 1.00E-003 |
| Bits in error | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Packets sent | 295 | 295 | 295 | |
| Packets in error | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| CPC FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Length FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lost Pkt FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Packets received | 295 | 295 | 295 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

| | <u>3Mbps/sec</u> | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Hopping OFF | Low | Med | High | Limits |
| Overall BER | 0.00E+000 | 0.00E+000 | 0.00E+000 | 1.00E-003 |
| Bits in error | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Packets sent | 196 | 196 | 196 | |
| Packets in error | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| CPC FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Length FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lost Pkt FERs | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Packets received | 196 | 196 | 196 | |
| Result | Pass | Pass | Pass | |

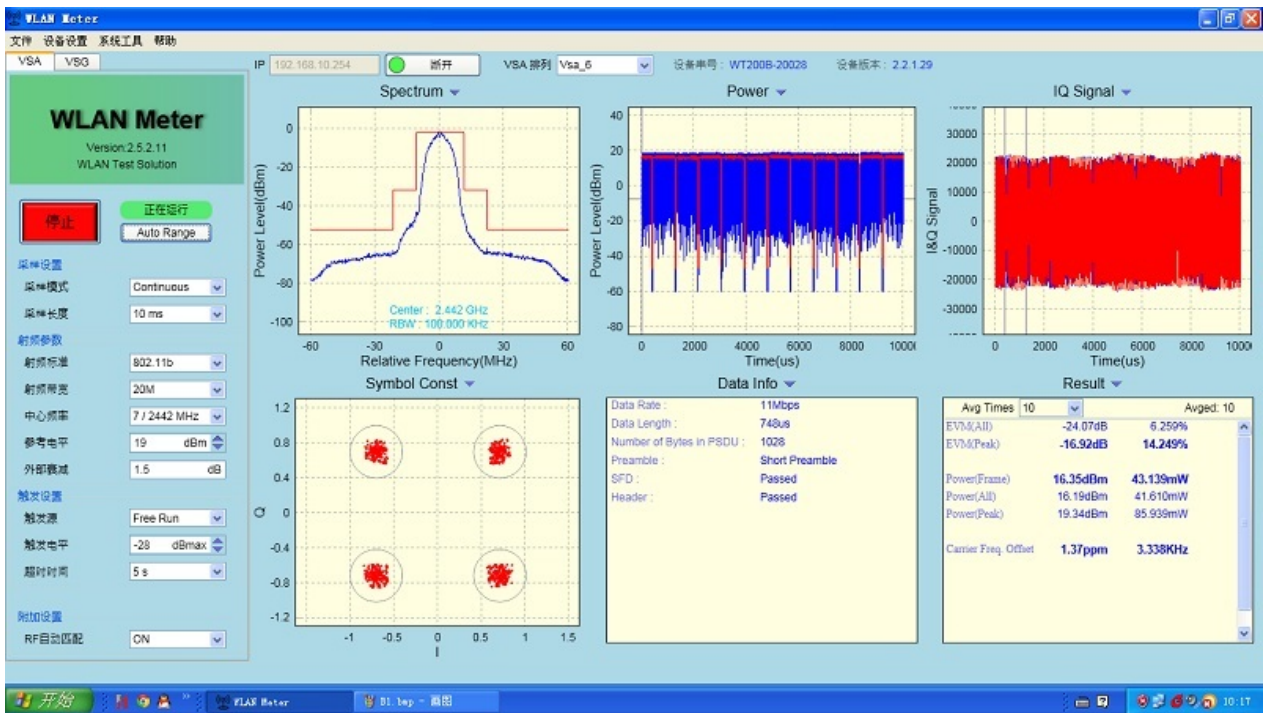
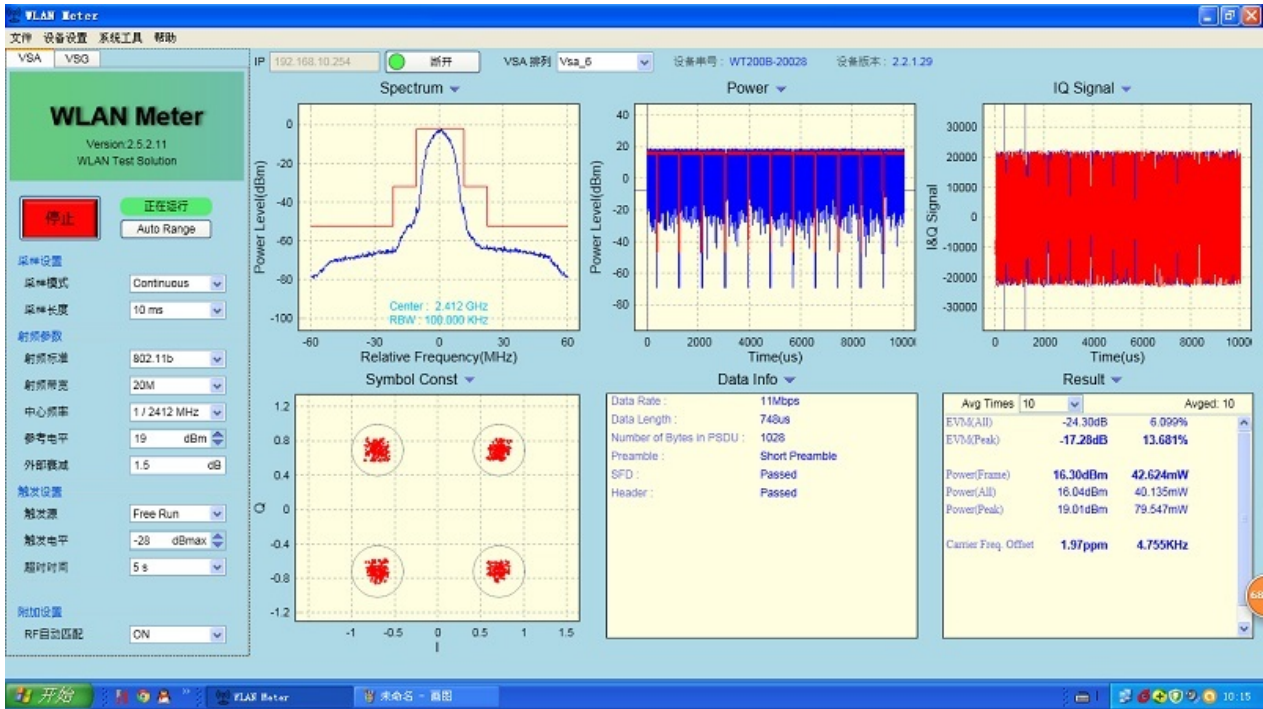
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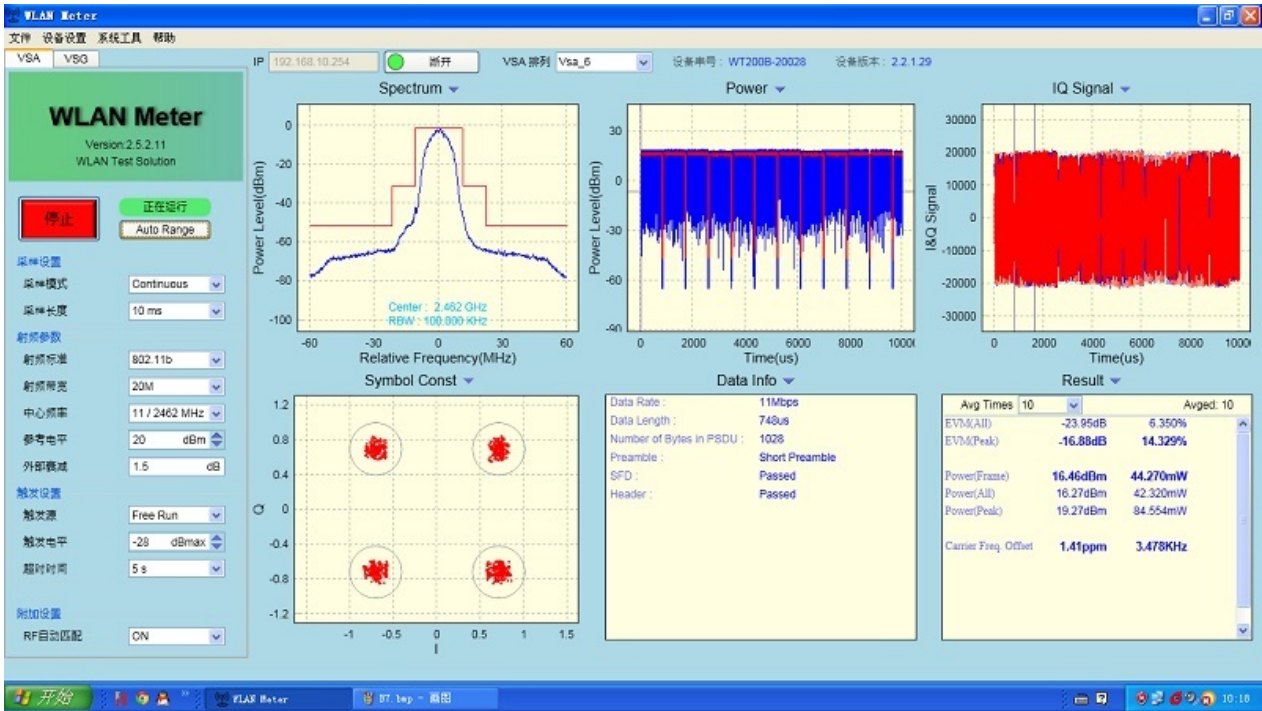
BPI-M64 WIFI Lab test

Date: 2016/8/22

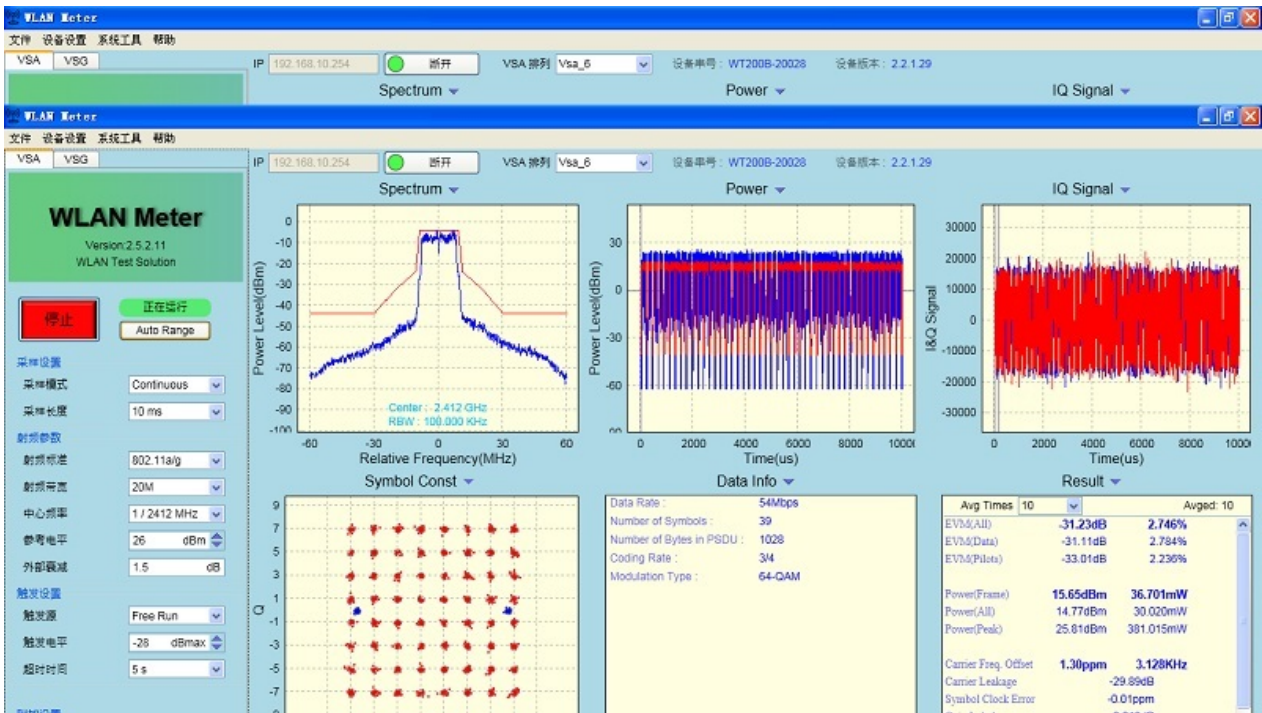
Overall Result: **PASS**

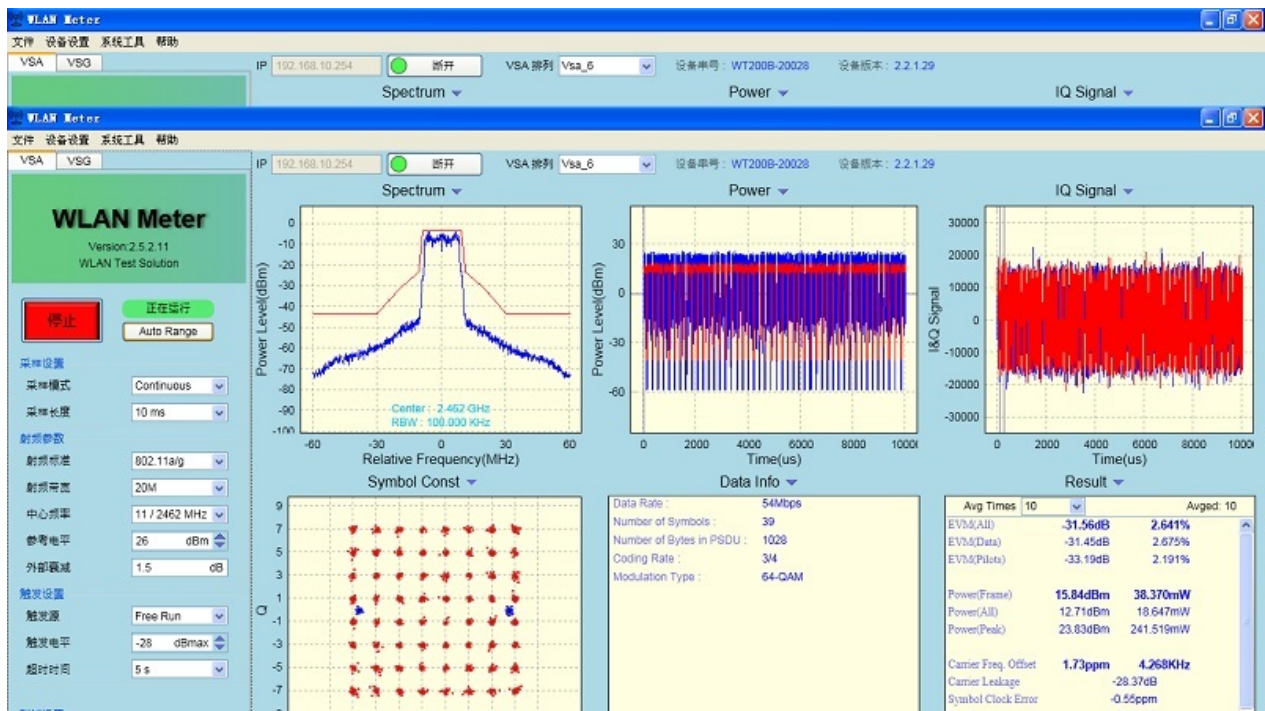
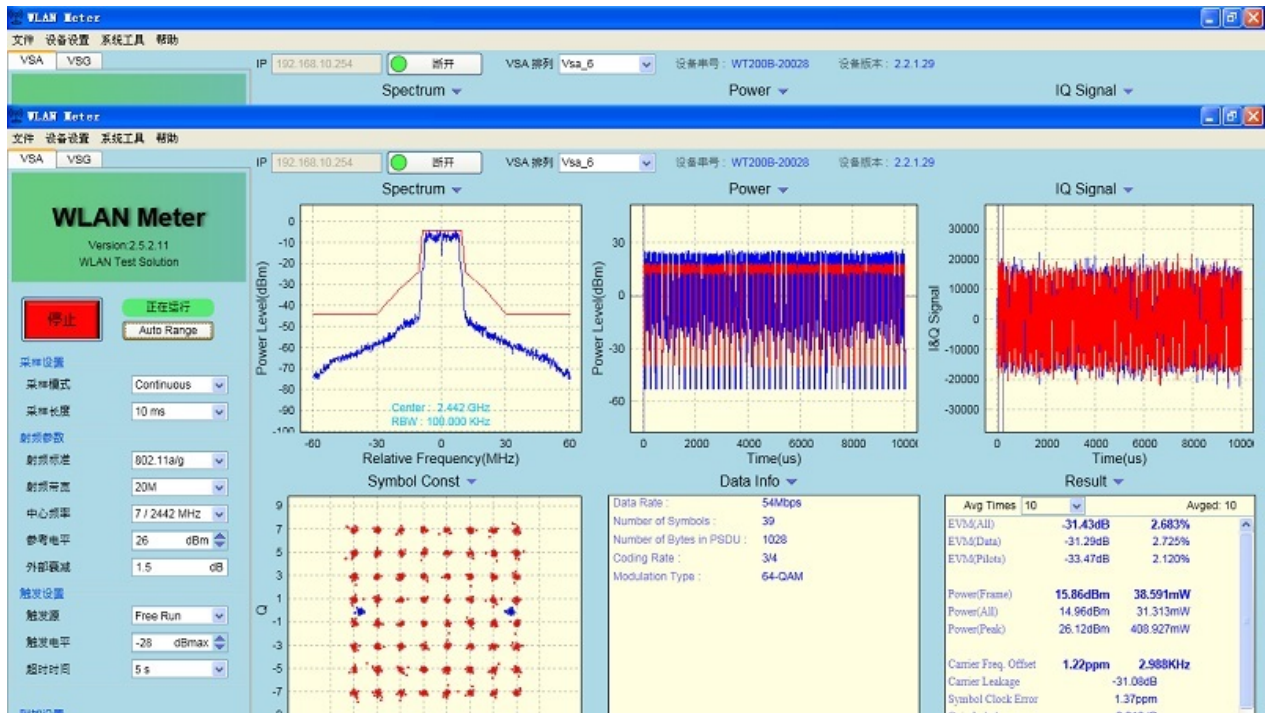
AP 6212 wifi 802.11 B test report



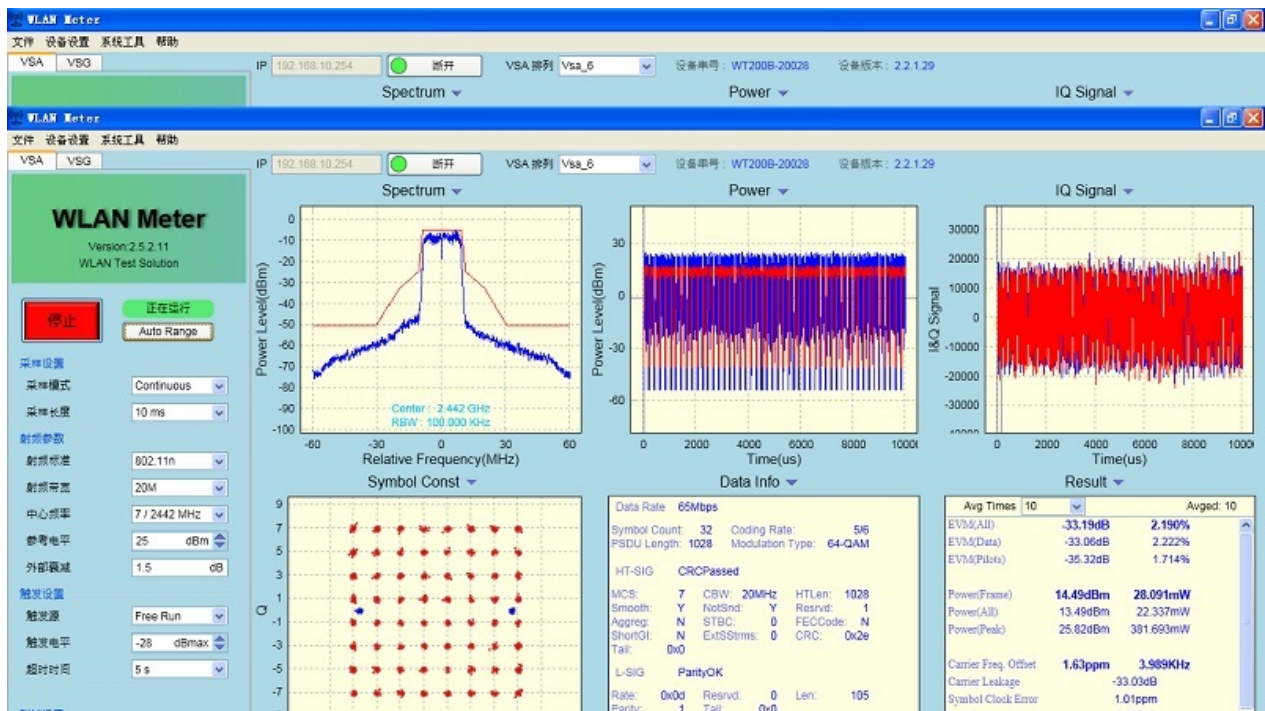
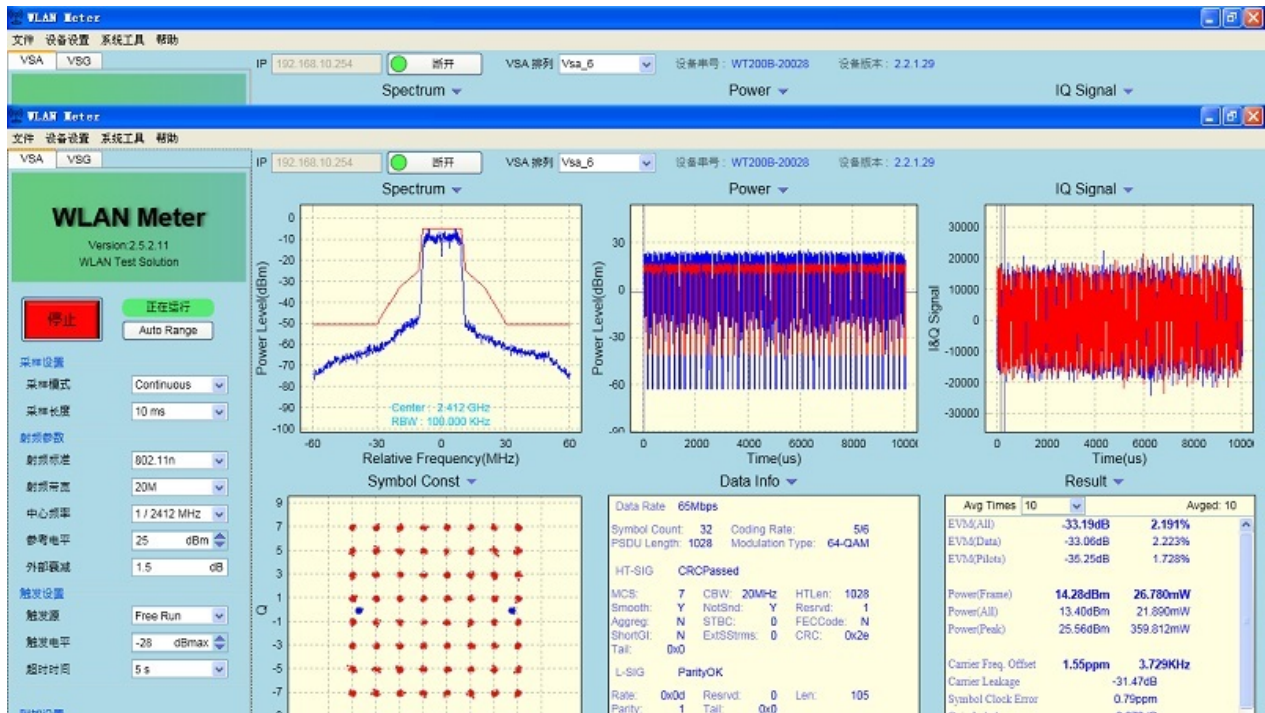


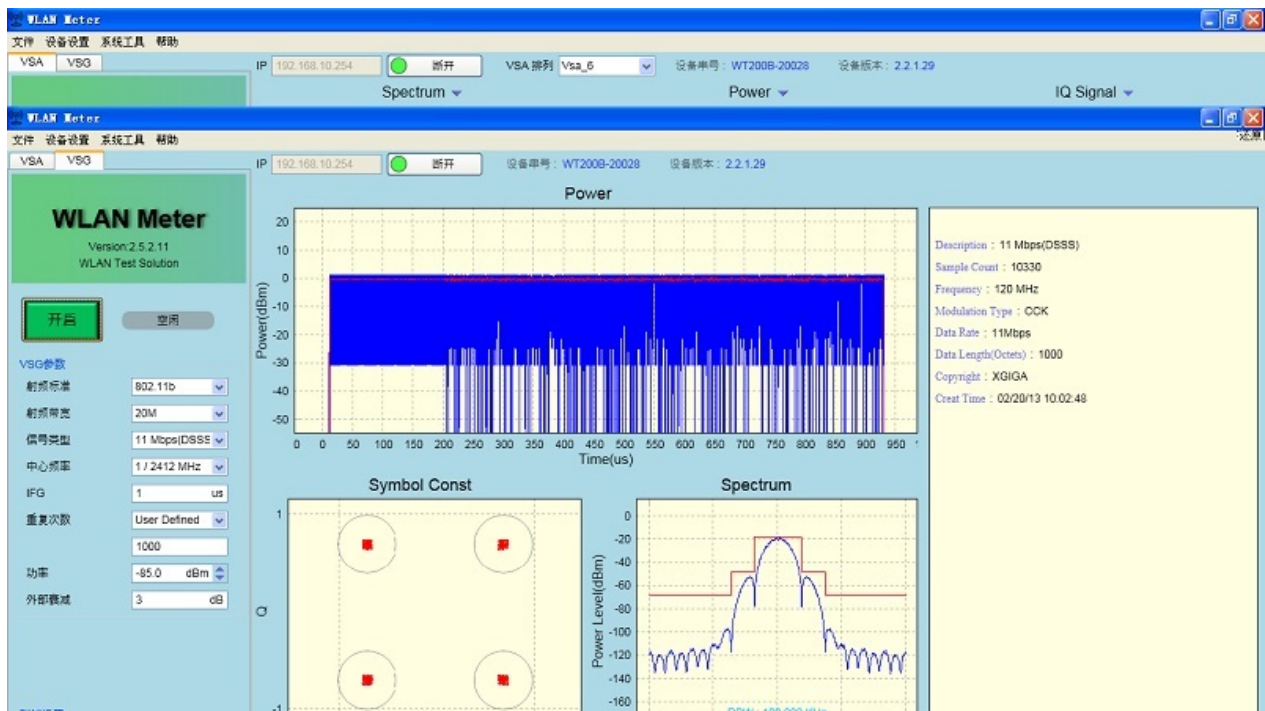
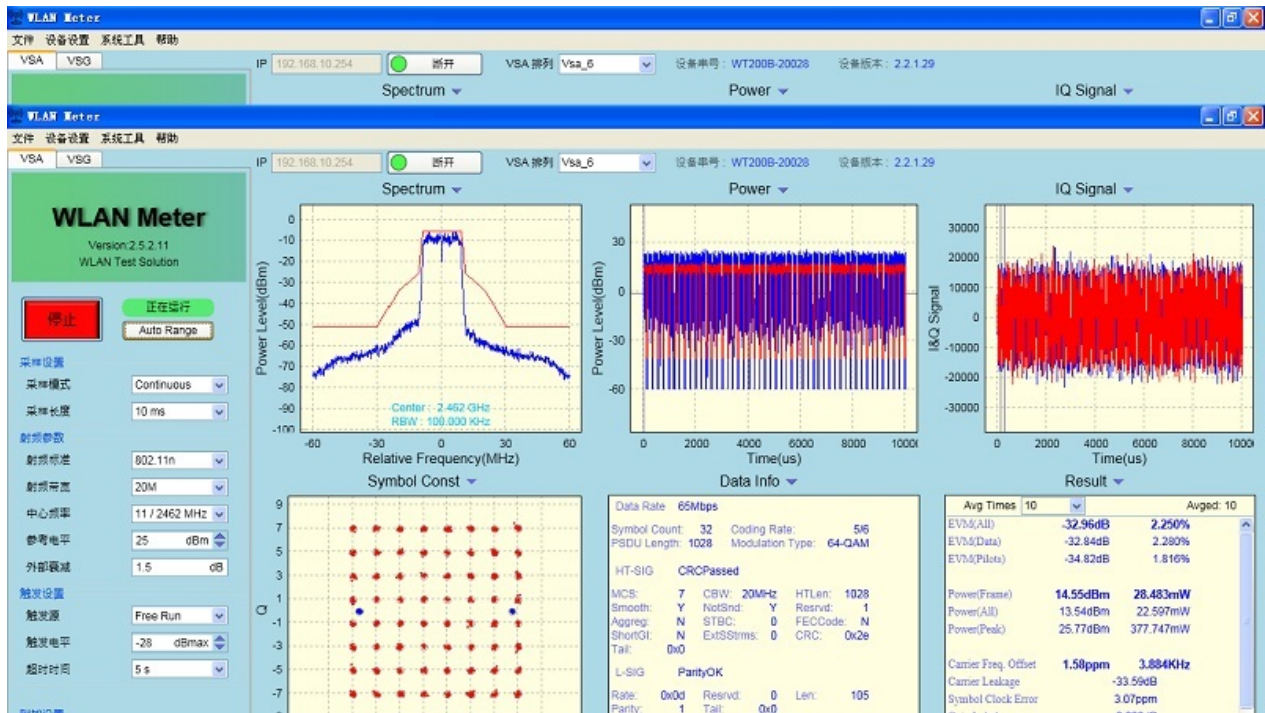
AP 6212 wifi 802.11 G test report

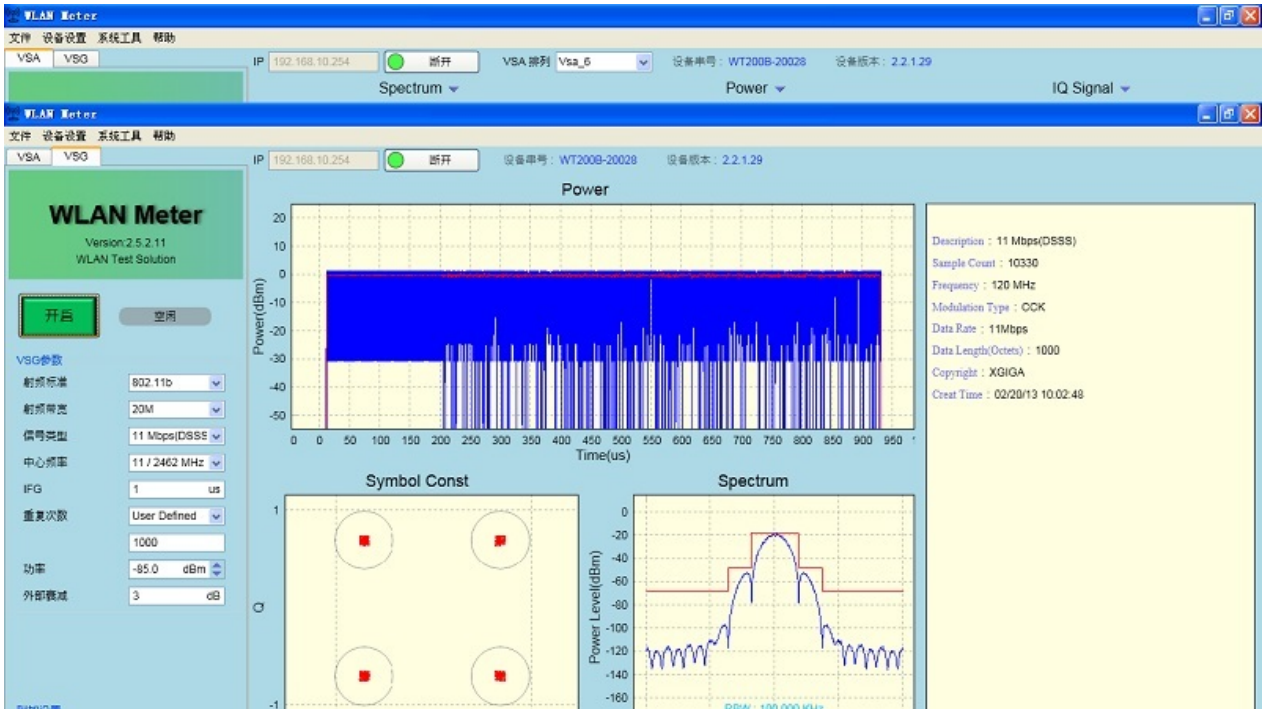
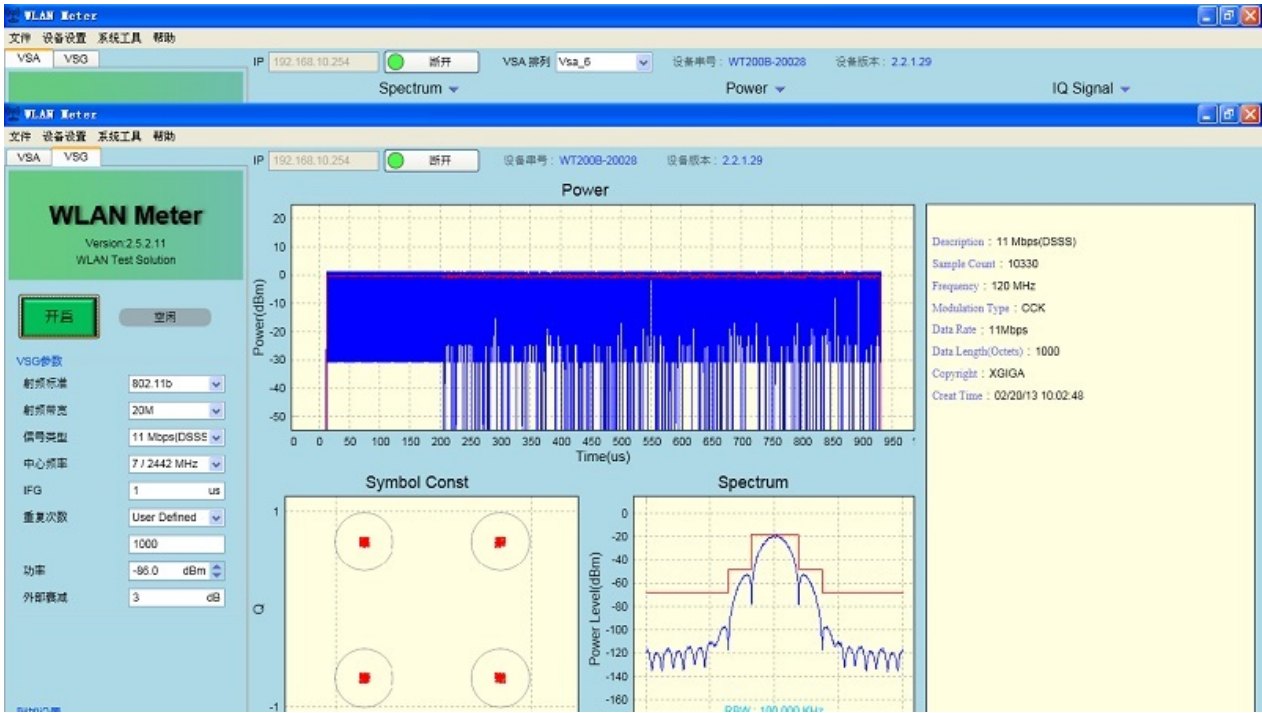


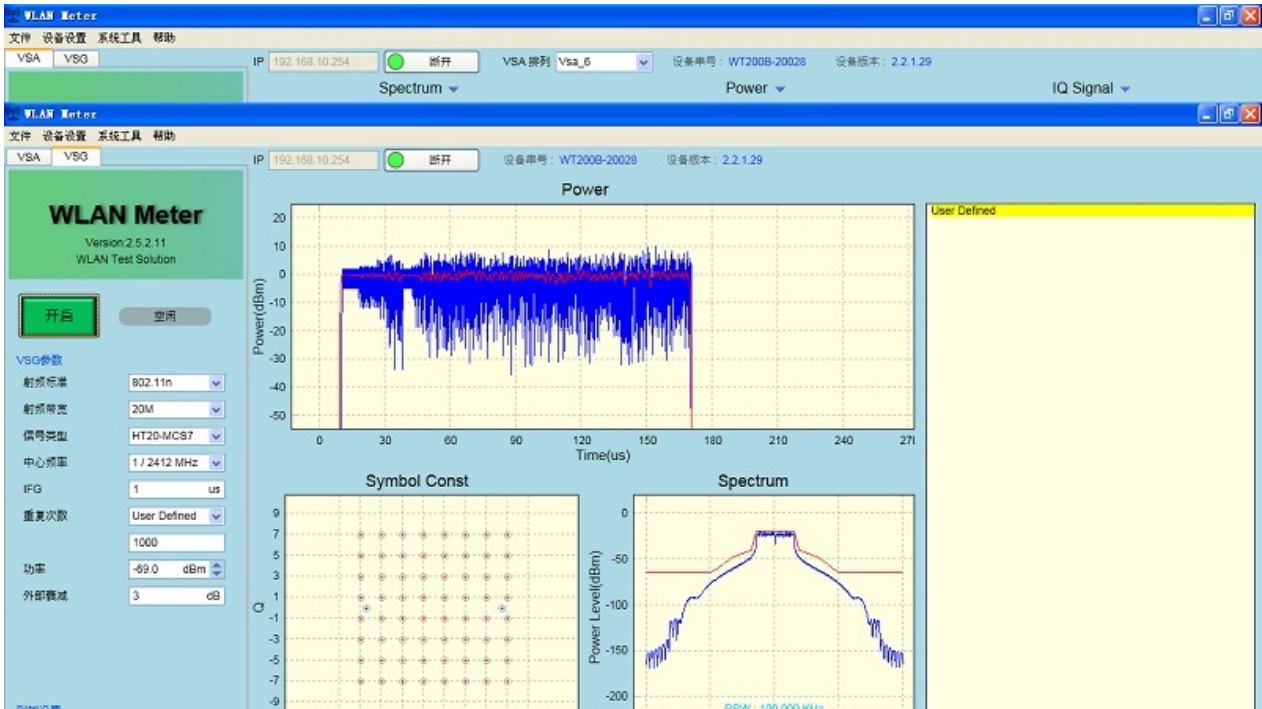
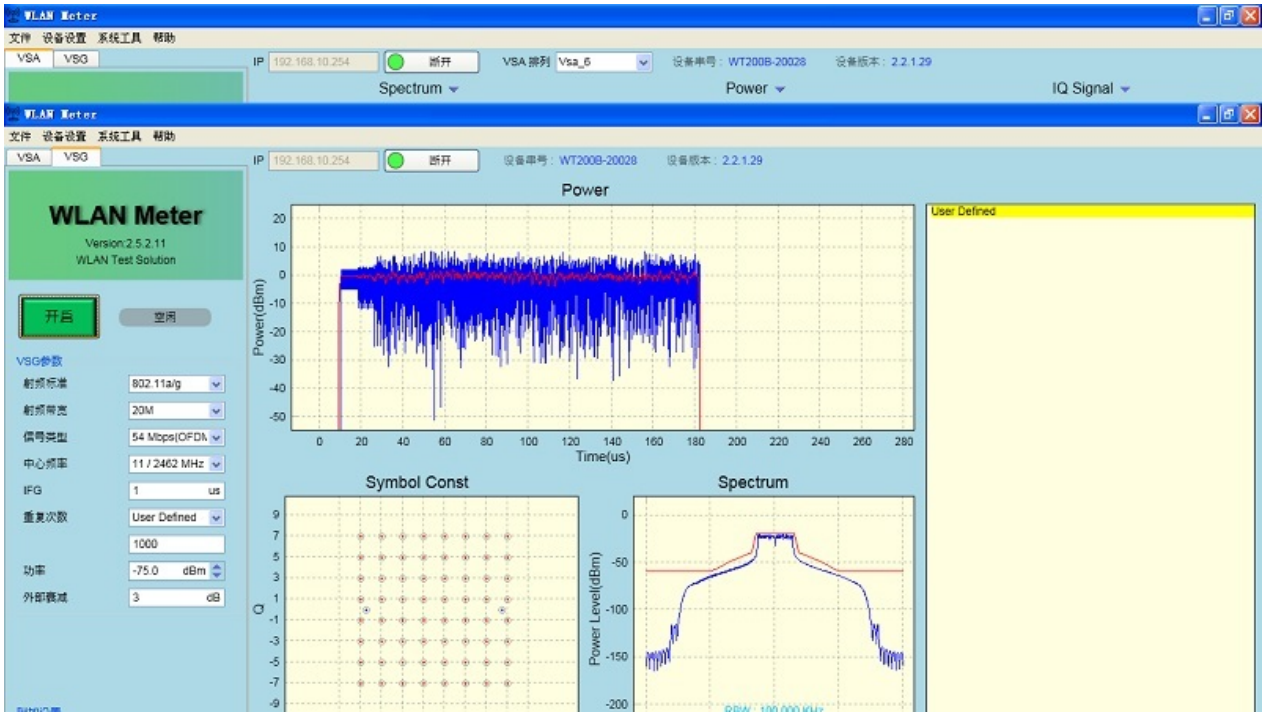


AP 6212 wifi 802.11 N test report



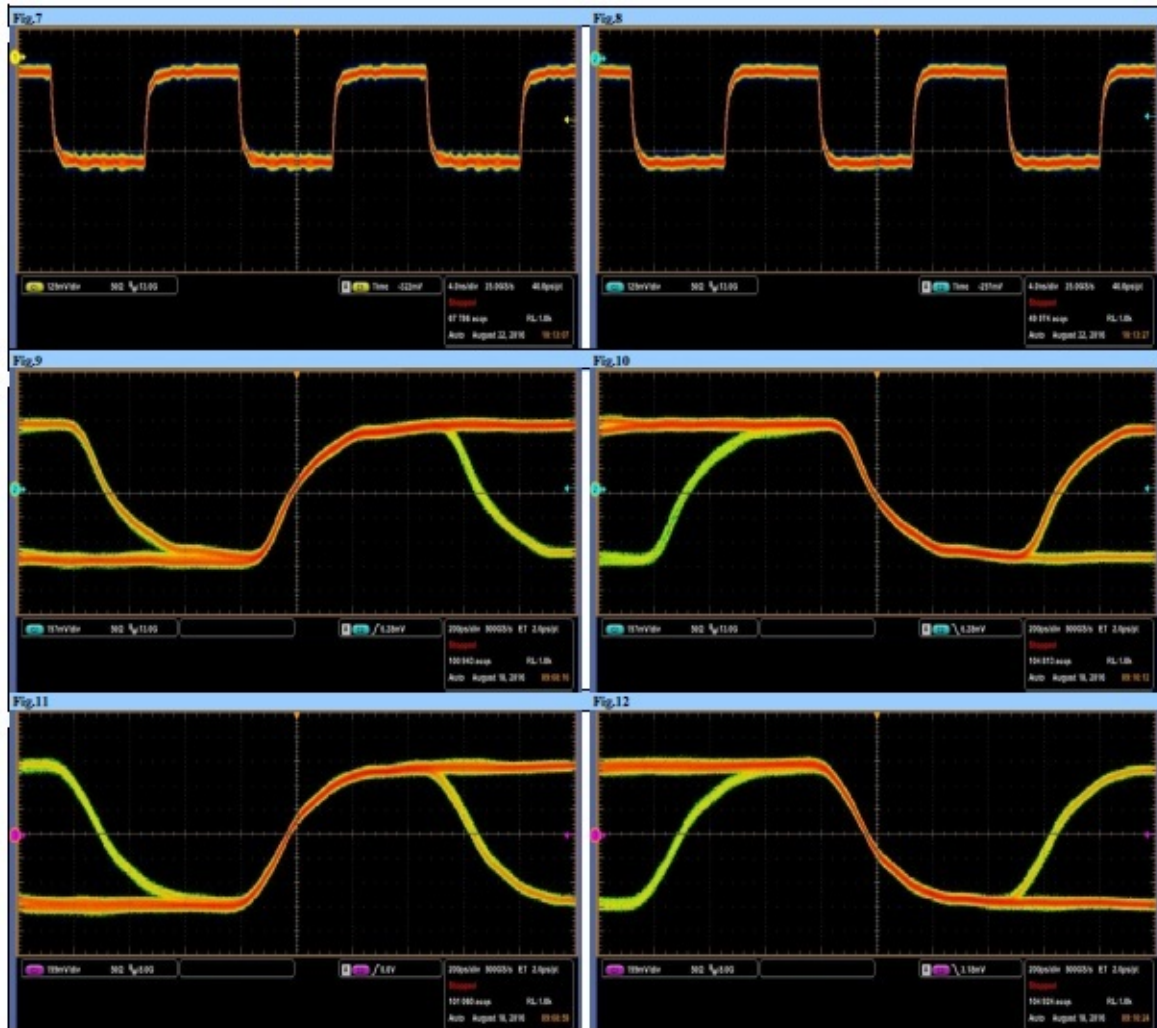






BPI-M64 validation test report

Banana Pi BPI-M64 have finished all validation test, all test pass, test report please download from below link:



- WIFI&BT validation test

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnRFJaT1R1bURVNW8/view?usp=sharing>

- BPI-M64_EVT-USB2.0-SI_TR_Ver.A_20160818 validation test

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2Kfnb3RHTDNaVoyZFE/view?usp=sharing>

- BPI-M64_EVT-HDMI(720p)_SI_TR_20160822 validation test

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnOEZJZ1pvdEo3ZVk/view?usp=sharing>

- BPI-M64_EVT-HDMI(1080p)_SI_TR_20160822 validation test

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnQ0xoUnRZRzdGeTg/view?usp=sharing>

- BPI-M64_DVT-DDR3(SKhynix)-SI_TR_Ver.A_20160905 validation test

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnR2FsREF0V1NJQXM/view?usp=sharing>

- BPI-M64_DVT-DDR3(NANYA)-SI_TR_Ver.A_20160901 validation test

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnYUpIT0RDRTIVTzQ/view?usp=sharing>

all test report download link on google driver:

<https://drive.google.com/folderview?id=0B4PAo2nW2KfnV2RZdDVOcTVkOW8&usp=sharing>







BPI-M64 CE FCC RoHS Certification

BPI-M64 CE Certification

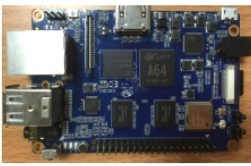

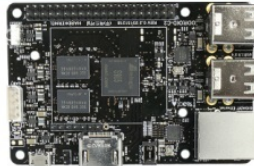

BPI-M64 FCC Certification

BPI-M64 RoHS Certification

All Banana Pi SBC Comparison

| Banana Pi BPI-M1 | Banana Pi BPI-M1+ | Banana Pi BPI-M2+ | Banana Pi BPI-M2 | Banana Pi BPI-M3 | Banana Pi BPI-M64 | |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  | |
| A20 32 Bit Cortex™-A7 Dual-Core | | H3 32 Bit Cortex™-A7 Quad-Core | | A31S 32 Bit Cortex™-A7 Quad-Core | A83T 32 Bit Cortex™-A7 Octa-Core | |
| ARM® Mali400MP2 Complies with OpenGL ES 2.0/1.1 | | | | | | |
| 1GB DDR3 (shared with GPU) | | | 2GB LPDDR3 (shared with GPU) | | | |
| SD (Max. 32GB)/MMC card slot SATA 2.0 port via SOC | MicroSD (TF) card / MMC card slot SATA 2.0 port via SOC | MicroSD (TF) card, eMMC 8GB | MicroSD (TF) card / MMC card slot | MicroSD (TF) card, eMMC 8GB SATA 2.0 port via USB | MicroSD (TF) card, eMMC 8GB | |
| 10/100/1000 Ethernet | | | | | | |
| N/A | 802.11b/g/n | 802.11b/g/n & BT4.0 | 802.11b/g/n | 802.11b/g/n & BT4.0 | | |
| HDMI, CVBS, LVDS/RGB | | HDMI | HDMI, LVDS/RGB | HDMI, MIPI Display Serial Interface (DSI) | | |
| Parallel 8-bit camera interface | | | | | | |
| HDMI 1.4 transmitter with HDCP LVDS/Sync RGB/CPU LCD Interface up to 1920x1200 Video decoding speed up to 1080p@60fps Video encoding H.264 HP up to 1080p@30fps | | Support H.265 decode by 4K@30fps. HDMI 1.4 1080p@60fps Support H.264 video encoding up to 1080p@30fps | HDMI 1.4 1080p@60fps LVDS/RGB/CUP LCD Interface 1280x800 Decoding up to 1920x1080@60fps Video encoding H.264 HP: speed up 1920x1080@30fps | Support 4-lane MIPI DSI up to 1920x1200@60Hz HDMI 1.4 output with HDCP 1.2 Support LVDS up to 1366x768@60Hz HEVC/H.265 decoder(SW), Main profile, 1080p@30fps H.264 video encoding up to 1080p@60fps, 720p@120fps | Multi-format FHD video decoding, including Mpeg1/2, Mpeg4, H.263, H.264, etc H.264 decode up to 1080P60, H.265 decode up to 4KP30 | |
| 3.5 mm Jack and HDMI | | HDMI | | | | |
| 26-PIN: GPIO, UART, I²C bus, SPI bus with two chip selects, CAN bus, PWM, +3.3 V, +5 V, ground | 40-PIN: GPIO, UART, I²C bus, I²S bus, SPI bus with two chip selects, CAN bus, PWM, +3.3 V, +5 V, ground | 40-PIN: PWM, GPIO, UART, I²C bus, I²S bus, SPI bus, +3.3v, +5v, ground. | | | | |
| 5 volt via MicroUSB and/or MicroUSB (OTG) | | 5 volt via DC In and/or MicroUSB (OTG) | | | | |
| 2 USB ports, 1 OTG microUSB port | | | 4 USB 2.0 ports, 1 OTG microUSB port | | 2 USB 2.0 ports, 1 OTG microUSB port | |
| Reset button, Power button, Uboot button | | | | | | |
| Power LED (red), R45 LED (blue), user define LED (green) | | Power LED (red, Can be defined by user) | User define LED (red/power, blue, green) | | | |
| IR reciever | | | | | | |
| 92 mm x 60mm | | 65 x 65mm | | 92 mm x 60mm | | |
| 20 mm x 80mm x 105mm | | | | | | |
| 60g | | 48g | | 60g | | |
| Android 4.4 and Linux etc. OS | | | | Android 6.0 & Linux OS | | |

BPI-M64 vs RPI 3 vs Odroid vs Pine64

| | Banana pi BPI-M64 | Raspberry Pi 3 | ODROID-C2 | Pine A64 Plus |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| Photo |  |  |  |  |
| Processor | Allwinner A64 64bit quad core Cortex A53 processor @ 1.2 GHz | Broadcom BCM2837 quad core Cortex A53 processor @ 1.2 GHz(4x ~2760 DMIPS) | Amlogic S905 quad core Cortex A53 processor @ 2.0 GHz(4x ~4600 DMIPS) | Allwinner A64 quad core Cortex A53 processor @ 1.2 GHz |
| GPU | ARM Mali-400MP2 | VideoCore IV @ 300/400 MHz | Penta core (3+2) ARM Mali-450 | ARM Mali-400MP2 |
| Video Decoding | H.265/HEVC @ up to 4K @ 30 fps, H.264, VP8, AVS/AVS+ & MPEG1/2 @ 1080p60, VC1 and MJPEG up to 1080p @ 30 fps | 1080p30 for H.264, MPEG2* and VC1* 1080p video encoding (H.264) * Extra licenses required | 8-/10-bit H.265 up to 4K @ 60fps, H.264 up to 4K @ 30 fps, H.263, VC1, Mpeg1/2, AVS, Realvideo up to 1080p60 | H.265/HEVC @ up to 4K @ 30 fps, H.264, VP8, AVS/AVS+ & MPEG1/2 @ 1080p60, VC1 and MJPEG up to 1080p @ 30 fps |
| Video Encoding | H.264 up to 1080p@60fps | Full HD H.264 video encoding | H.264 up to 1080p@60fps | H.264 up to 1080p@60fps |
| RAM | 2GB DDR3 | 1GB LPDDR2 | 2GB DDR3 | 1 or 2GB DDR3 |
| Storage | micro SD card slot & eMMC 8GB | micro SD card slot, non EMMC 8GB | micro SD card slot, non EMMC 8GB | micro SD card slot, non EMMC 8GB |
| Ethernet | Gigabit Ethernet | 10/100M Ethernet via USB bridge | Gigabit Ethernet | Gigabit Ethernet |
| Wireless Connectivity | WiFi 802.11 b/g/n (2.4GHz) and BT 4.0 LE | WiFi 802.11 b/g/n (2.4GHz) and BT 4.1 LE | Non WiFi, BT | optional WiFi 802.11 b/g/n & BT |
| USB | 2x USB 2.0 host ports 1x micro USB, OTG port | 4x USB 2.0 host ports 1x micro USB port | 4x USB 2.0 host ports 1 x micro USB OTG port | 2x USB 2.0 host ports 1x micro USB port |
| Disply | MPI DSI | MPI DSI | Non DSI | MPI DSI |
| Camera | MPI CSI | MPI CSI | Non CSI | MPI CSI |
| Video | HDM 1.4 with CEC and 3.5mm composite | HDMI 1.4 with CEC and 3.5mm composite | HDMI 2.0 with CEC | HDMI 1.4 |
| Audio | HDMI and 3.5mm audio jack | HDMI and 3.5 mm audio jack (Shared with composite video) | HDMI, non 3.5mm audio jack | HDMI and 3.5mm audio jack |
| GPIO | 40-PIN: PWM,GPIO,UART,PC bus,I ² S bus,SPI bus,+3.3v,+5v,ground. | 40-pin header with 26 –GPIOs, 1x UART (debugging), 1x SPI, 2x I ² C, PCW/2S, 2x PWM | 40-pin header with GPIO, I ² C, UART, PWM, 1-wire, and ADC | 40-pin Raspberry Pi 2 compatible header with up to 27x GPIOs, 1x I ² C, 1x SPI, 1x UART. |
| Button | Reset button, Power button, Uboot button | Non Reset, Pow er and Uboot button | Non Reset, Pow er and Uboot button | Non Reset, Pow er and Uboot button |
| LED | User define LED (red/power, blue, green) | LED (red/power & green) | LED (pow er & status) | |
| Dimensions | 90 x 62 mm | 85 x 56 mm | 85 x 56mm | 127mm x 79mm |
| Linux Support | Official: Ubuntu 16.04 64-bit with Kernel 3.10 (No sure about GPU and VPU support) | Official: Raspbian with recent Linux 4.x kernel. 32-bit user space only (currently) | Official: Ubuntu 16.04 32-bit and 64-bit images with Linux 3.14 kernel Amlogic S905 Mainline Linux support in progress (but likely preliminary) | Official: Ubuntu 16.04 64-bit with Kernel 3.10 (No sure about GPU and VPU support) Mainline support in progress. |
| Android Support | Android 5.1 | No | Android 5.1 | Android 5.1 |
| Windows 10 IoT | No | Yes | No | No |

Reference documents

A64 Linux-sunxi wiki

about allwinner A83T chip,please reference this link:

<http://linux-sunxi.org/A83T>

all about allwinner chip :

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Allwinner_Technology

allwinner A64 chip documents

Allwinner A64 Datasheet V1.1

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnSW9IQnZ0d1RoVW8/view?usp=sharing>

Allwinner A64 user Manual V1.1

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B4PAo2nW2KfnNHk4dkFJZEdqYXc/view?usp=sharing>

Linux mainlining effort

The purpose of this page is to try and define sub-goals and milestones for the mainlining effort, containing goals and sub-goals with milestones for adding Allwinner support in the upstream mainline Linux Kernel.

It is very important to note that this is intended as a rough set of minimal goals - it is not meant to collide with the huge effort of rewriting major drivers!

more ,please see link:

http://linux-sunxi.org/Linux_mainlining_effort

Some document about allwinner A64 chip

Some document about allwinner A64 chip . BPI-M64 use allwinner A64 chip design

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
|  AW_1689_DEVICE_TREE&SYS_CONFIG配置规范.pdf | 2015-08-10 12:49 117K |
|  AXP803 Datasheet V1.0.pdf | 2015-08-10 12:49 1.7M |
|  Allwinner Axx SDRAM Support List-V1.08 20150611.pdf | 2015-08-10 12:49 176K |
|  Allwinner NAND flash support list v1.71 20150615(1).pdf | 2015-08-10 12:49 269K |
|  Allwinner NAND flash support list v1.71 20150615.pdf | 2015-08-10 12:49 216K |
|  Allwinner A64 User Manual V1.1.pdf | 2015-08-10 12:49 7.4M |
|  Allwinner eMMC-tSD-fSD support list 20150612.pdf | 2015-08-10 12:49 169K |
|  AndroidModify V104 20120228.rar | 2015-12-01 04:34 12M |
|  Animation 00158.png | 2015-07-28 12:53 27K |
|  Image | 2016-05-11 16:27 9.9M |
|  a64-olinuxino.dtb | 2016-10-13 16:00 67K |
|  a64-olinuxino.dts | 2016-11-01 08:51 123K |
|  a64-olinuxino lcd.dtb | 2016-09-16 11:38 67K |
|  a64-olinuxino lcd.dts | 2016-09-16 11:38 124K |
|  a64.dts | 2016-04-08 11:34 83K |
|  a64 3G Dongle Support List.pdf | 2015-08-10 12:49 246K |
|  a64 defconfig | 2016-11-01 08:53 85K |
|  a64 now dts | 2016-10-11 09:42 83K |

more please see below link:

<http://bundie.neterra.net:8080/a64/>

All banana pi product

- **banana pi BPI-M1 allwinner A20 dual core single board computer**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-m1/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI-M1+(BPI-M1+ plus) allwinner A20 dual core single board computer**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-m1-bpi-m1-plus-/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI-M2 allwinner A31s quad core single board computer**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-m2/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI-M2+ (BPI-M2 Plus) allwinner H3 quad cord single board computer**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-m2-/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI-M2 Ultra allwinner R40 quad core single board computer**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-m2-ultra/content/>
- **Banana pi BPI-M3 allwinner A83T (R58 H8) octa-core single board computer**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-m3/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI-M64 allwinner A64 64 bit single board computer**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-m64/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI-R1 allwinner A20 dual core smart router board**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-r1/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI-D1 open source IP camera board**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-d1/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI-G1 open source IoT development board**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-g1/content/en/>
- **banana pi BPI Accessories**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-accessories/content/en/>
- **BPI Open debugger burn development tool board**
gitbook online datasheet:<https://bananapi.gitbooks.io/bpi-open-debugger-burn-board/content/en/>

BPI 4.0 customized Server

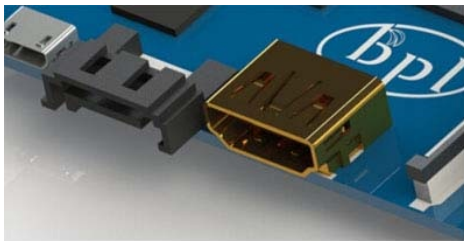
Having been doing R&D in embeded systems for more than 12 years. Our experienced teams are able to help you to carry out your dream. Whether you want to customize banana pi or want to design a computer from scratch, we got you covered. Also, our modern ISO factory spans over 10,000 square meters can help you mass manufacture products to hit the market

Our factory:Sinovoip In order to meet the companys development needs, and further production capacity and product quality. Sources Communication shareholders decided to invest in new plant to build their own, the new factory site is located in manholes and covers an area of more than 10000 square meters,equipped with full range of production equipment and high quality technical management personnel . We have complete SMT production lines, plug-ins production line, assembly line, production line testing.

- your Idea, we will help you optimize and design.
- your Design, we will help you bring it to live.
- your Product, we will help you mass produce it.

Customize Pi

If you want to tailor your Banana pi to your specific use or to minimize the cost for mass production purpose, you are coming the right place. We provide the customization service of banana pi such as remove/add headers or connectors,change component layout,add/remove components,change interfaces etc.



add/remove headers or connectors



add peripheral converter



2GB

AP6212

LPFlash

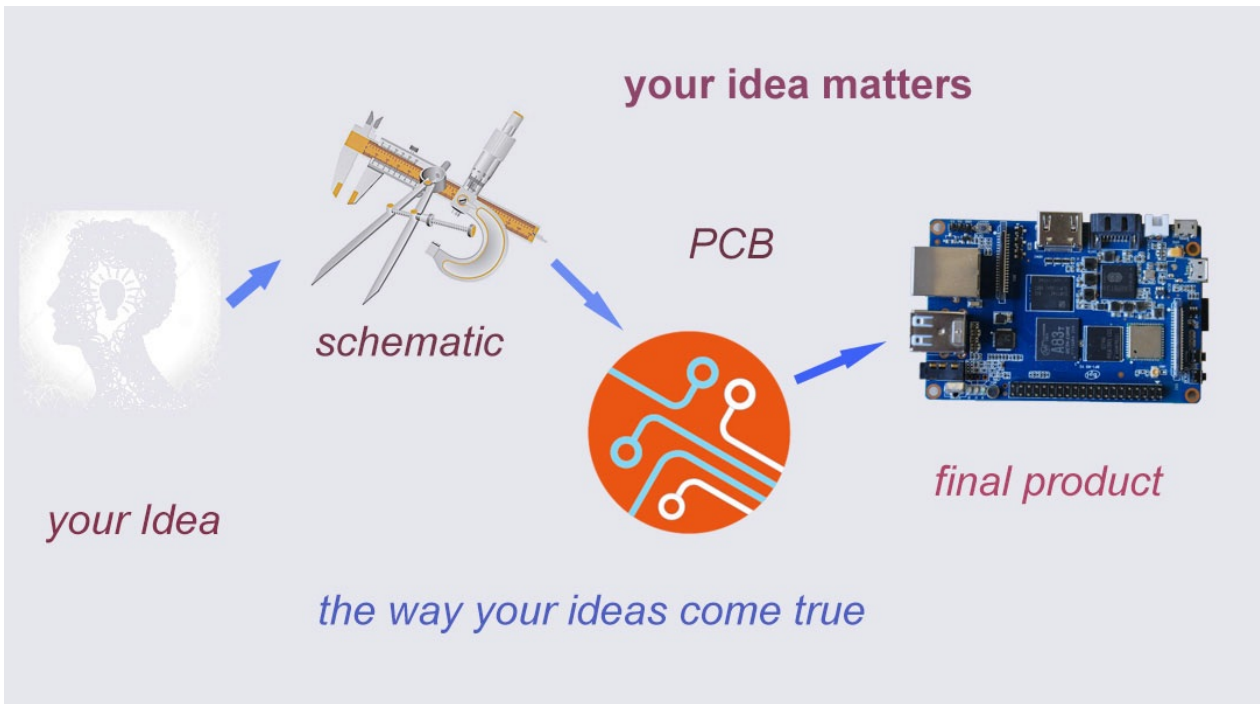
add/remove components



change headers

Start from scratch (ODM)

An idea flashes through your mind in your dreams or a solution bearing in your mind for a long time, which you think would turn out to be great gadget to hit the market, but you are worrying about how to start and realize it without R&D and manufacturing, now that's no longer a trouble to you. Taking advantage of our expertise,we provide full ODM service for you. We let you have your sample products from scratch within 45 days. Don't wait,come to realize your dreams.



Have a prototype (OEM)

You are an expert, you designed a wonderful device that most people would want to have it, you knew it quite well that your success is just around the corner. The only last step is to produce it, but without manufacturing capability..., no problem, let us carry you through. Our 13 years of SCM experience and mass manufacturing facilities enable you free from quality issue, delivery...

